"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and probably tomorrow; little change in temperature.
Temperature yesterday—Max. 77, min. 65.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXXII....No. 23,939. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, AUGUST 10, 1923. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Els. where

GERMAN REDS BUSY INSPIRING STRIKES IN NATIONAL CRISIS

Municipal Electric Power Workers Quit—Printers Go Out Today.

WORKERS PRESS REICHSTAG

Meanwhile Cuno's Declaration Draws Fire as Not Meeting Need of Hour.

BERLIN STORES ON STRIKE

Food and Tobacco Shops Stay Open, but Stocks In Latter Are Very Low.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Aug. 9.—Following yesterday's Communist disorder in the Reichstag there was increased activity of Communists throughout Greater Berlin today. The Communists set to work systematically to exploit the opportunity offered by the serious food situation, due to the fall of the mark.

Communist and radical delegations from many industrial plants called at the Reichstag during the day and were received by Socialist and Communist leaders.

In numerous plants Communist groups agitated for a strike. The bulk of the workers of the huge Siemens Electric Works gathered in front of the executive office building and after political speeches by the leaders a deputation was sent to the Reichstag, where it was received by Herr von Siemens. Among the workers' demands was the immediate payment of a high cost-of-living bonus of 15,000,000 marks, likewise a new Government. Herr Siemens promised to take up the matter of the emergency grant with the Association of Metal Works owners. Then the deputation called on the Chancellor and told him their troubles. The workers of the Siemens plant, a good-sized city in itself, are still maintaining order.

In Hamburg the big shipyards of Blohm & Voss locked out all the workers and closed down the yards because of alleged Communist activities.

City Power Plant Men Strike.

As a result of the Communist activities, combined with the cost of living, "passive resistance" started today in the municipal electric light and power works. As a result parts of Berlin are without current tonight. What light and power there is comes over a long-distance power line from Golpa.

The printers have again voted to strike by more than two-thirds majority. The strike begins at 7 o'clock tomorrow morning on all the Berlin papers except the Workers' Press, the Socialist Vorwaerts, and the Communist Rote Fahne. Whether the strike will be extended to the Reichsbank's printing presses will be decided tomorrow. The Reichsbank pleaded to the printers that it was already in a bad way as little money had been printed in the past few days as a result of the unrest among the printers.

The financial and business world waited in intense suspense all day as the printers took their strike vote. Their leaders turned down the arbitration award of 3,200,000 marks for the current week and demanded 20 gold marks per week, equivalent to $5. The employers refused the gold mark wage down hard, hence the strike vote.

Many private printing establishments will be brought to a stop by the strike. This may help solve the problem of bringing an end to the output of paper money, which is worrying the Cuno Government, but there is general agreement that a general cessation at present will be very serious.

The paper money shortage is getting more acute daily despite the fact that new 10,000,000-mark notes have made a sparing appearance in circulation. Beginning tomorrow the Reichsbank will reduce the money ration to banks 50 per cent.

Paper money was virtually unobtainable in the city today except from premium bootleggers.

The cause of this shortage was told by Herr Helfferich, former finance minister, in the taxation committee today. His explanation was as follows: Before the war Germany had a normal circulation of 6,000,000,000 gold marks. Before the Ruhr invasion Germany's paper circulation was worth 667,000,000 gold marks. Today Germany's paper circulation of 50,000,000,000 has shrunk to 40,000,000 gold marks.

Strange Scenes at the Reichsbank.

It was this money shortage that produced the strange scenes at the Reichsbank, reminiscent of the bread line. Shabby men, youth, women and girls were slowly passing in and out with knapsacks, carpet bags, gunnysacks, baskets, old valises, wrapping paper and parcels.

In the entrance hall many weary of waiting for money, were lying on the marble floor. Some were smoking, some were sleeping, all were waiting. The inner hall, where paying tellers functioned with painful slowness at six windows in a horseshoe counter, contained at least twenty-four closely compressed waiting lines. Paying tellers were paying out only one thousand mark notes, worth one-fiftieth of one cent. One man who cashed a check for the equivalent of one dollar, carried off a package two feet long.

In the face of all the Red activities, Berlin seemed to be on a holiday today because of the closing of practically all

Continued on Page Seven.

The World's Greatest Love Letters.
"Thou art my tall lithe-limbed Lord; thou art the sweat of the ultimate syllable of my vigil." Hear Sarah Bernhardt in one of her inimitable love letters to Victorien Sardou, her "perfect lover." These wonderful letters, the world's greatest—have just been released for publication and will appear in the Daily and Sunday New York American starting next Sunday. Avoid disappointment—order Sunday American in advance.—Adv.

Powers Plan to Send Fleet To Curb Chinese Navy Rebels

PARIS, Aug. 9 (Associated Press).—A naval demonstration in Chinese waters by the European Powers, it was learned today, is under consideration owing to anarchical conditions in the Chinese navy.

The French Department of Marine is preparing to send two cruisers, one of them being the armored cruiser Jules Ferry, if the demonstration is decided on.

GIRL DEAD, 13 HURT IN ODD BUS CRASH

Vehicle Carrying New Yorkers Hits Concrete Mixer and Victims Are Scalded.

WERE ON OUTING IN NYACK

Attending an Anniversary of The Christian Herald's Children's Home.

Special to The New York Times.

NYACK, N. Y., Aug. 9.—One young woman was scalded to death, two more are dying, and eleven others, all employes of The Christian Herald of New York, were injured here tonight in one of the strangest automobile accidents of recent years, when a sightseeing bus in which they had driven from New York collided with a concrete mixer. All the injured were enveloped in clouds of steam when the impact burst a pipe on the mixer, and before they could be dragged away were so badly burned that it is feared the death list will number three before morning.

The dead girl was Miss Jean Reda, 18 years old, of 768 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn. Her body was taken to the Nyack Hospital, where the seriously injured were hurried in ambulances and passing automobiles.

The Injured.

All but one of the injured were burned. They were:

AT NYACK HOSPITAL.
ARZT, LOUISE, 99 Corona Av., Queens.
BENEDICT, KATE S., 1,337 Clinton Av., Bronx.
BEEKMAN, Mrs. H. V., 266 West 121st St.
EHRENBERG, EMILY, 435 West 47th St.
EPSTEIN, RUTH, 815 East 5th St.
JOHNSON, LILY, 1,669 Avenue A.
McBRIDE, ELLA, 830 Quincy St., Brooklyn.
SIENER, GOLDIE, 64 East 112 St.
TOWNSEND, JESSIE G., 255 West 33d St.; may die.
YOUNGER, MERCEDES, 502 Convent Avenue; may die.
AT CHRISTIAN HERALD HOME.
CARLSON, IDA, shock; address not learned.
IRWIN, Miss, 2,676 Decatur Av., Bronx.
TRACHT, Miss, 50 Neyins St., Brooklyn.

The bus was loaded with women who had spent the day here visiting the Christian Herald's children's home in Upper Nyack, which was celebrating the thirtieth anniversary of its founding. The festivities, to which little children enjoying a two weeks' vacation had added their gayety, had passed off happily, and the visitors were on the way back to their New York homes when disaster befell them.

The journey had been made in two buses. One of them had passed the concrete mixer safely, about a half-mile from the home on Highland Avenue, a State road which is under repair, so that only half the roadway is passable. The driver of the second bus, seeing the first safely negotiate the narrow passage, thought he, too, could slip by. Instead the big lumbering car sideswiped the heavy mixer, ripping away the main steam supply line from the boiler to the engine.

The crippled bus, locked fast in the heavy, immovable mixer, came to an instant stop so that those of its passengers on the side of the road machine were exposed to the full force of the scalding vapor that hissed in great clouds from the broken pipe.

In all, about forty women and girls were in the bus. The jar of the collision threw them into a tangled heap, making it all the more difficult for those wrapped in the burning clouds to extricate themselves. Broken glass and splintered timbers added to their difficulties, and for a moment there was the wildest confusion, as bus and mixer were blotted from view, and only the screams and groans of the injured told those nearby that something terrible had happened.

After that first instant, there was a wild scramble to escape, the passengers tumbling out, shrieking and yelling. Some, oblivious of their own hurts, plunged back into the steam to save others from the death that awaited them if they were allowed to lie where they had fallen. A few fainted, and some, too badly hurt to assist in the

Continued on Page Three.

DEBTS CUT ESTATE OF W. ROCKEFELLER TO $67,647,660

Transfer Tax Report Shows Financier Had $102,584,438 at Time of Death.

ALL GOES TO CHILDREN

Owed $30,402,247 in Addition to $1,084,462 Debts to Sons, Percy A. and William G.

LITTLE LIFE INSURANCE

Two Daughters Get Equal Shares and Will Divide That of Brother Who Died Recently.

The transfer tax report in the estate of William Rockefeller, brother of John D. Rockefeller, was filed yesterday, showing that while he had a gross estate of $102,584,438, the net estate was reduced to $67,649,660. This was due to debts of $30,432,247, commissions of $1,688,927 to executors, funeral expenses of $23,603 and administration expenses of $2,800,000. The Rockefeller estate will pay $16,000,000 inheritance taxes to the Federal Government and to New York and other States in which he had taxable property. The bulk of the tax goes to the United States Government.

The largest debts of the estate were owed to a Stock Exchange firm and to banks, trust companies and other corporations, including the following: Jesup & Lamont, $7,846,532; Chase National Bank, $6,331,069; Central Union Trust Company, $3,515,350; Bank of Manhattan Company, $2,005,222; Farmers' Loan and Trust Company $2,010,748; New York Life Insurance Company, $2,013,000; Dime Savings Bank, $1,002,533; New York Life Insurance and Trust Company, $250,000; Bank for Savings, $500,277; Equitable Trust Company, $252,986, and National Bank of Commerce, $1,506,722.

In addition Mr. Rockefeller owed $1,084,462 to his sons, the late William G. Rockefeller and Percy A. Rockefeller jointly, and $1,755,468 to William G. Rockefeller individually. While his will made no public bequests, the report shows that at the time of his death he had pledged $100,000 to the Park Avenue Baptist Church, of which John D. Rockefeller is a member, and it is listed as one of the debts.

Died June 24, 1922.

Mr. Rockefeller, who died June 24, 1922, after a short illness, owned securities worth $73,009,103, of which more than $44,000,000 were in bonds. His stocks included shares of Standard Oil subsidiaries worth slightly in excess of $3,000,000 at present valuations. The largest item in the estate after his securities was mortgages and notes valued at $24,791,801.

A valuation of $2,941,550 was fixed for Mr. Rockefeller's real estate which comprised the following holdings: 689 and 691 Fifth Avenue; 5, 7 and 9 East Fifty-fourth Street; 12 East Fifty-fifth Street; 38 and 40 West Fifty-fifth Street; his Tarrytown residence, consisting of about 800 acres of land, and his camp in the Adirondacks. His personal effects, household furnishings, jewelry and other personal property were valued at $405,062. His bank balances aggregated only $70,297.

An unusual feature of the report is the showing that Mr. Rockefeller carried only $10,000 insurance, which is payable to his children, and for that reason his estate will pay a much greater inheritance tax than the estates of wealthy men who carried large sums in insurance which were not subject to taxes, or which were payable to the estate to aid in the payment of the taxes.

$6,200,000 in Liberty Bonds.

Mr. Rockefeller's bond holdings included $6,200,000 in three issues of Liberty bonds; $5,000,000 Federal Land Bank and $1,544,000 Joint Stock Land Bank bonds. He owned New York City bonds aggregating $8,430,000 and New York State bonds having a face value of $20,952,000, of which more than $12,000,000 are in State Canal Bonds.

While the valuation of Mr. Rockefeller's stocks at the time of his death was not made known yesterday, an estimate of the principal holdings which are still owned by the estate shows that among the largest blocks are railroad and industrial stocks including the following: 55,686 shares Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul preferred, $1,503,527; 28,517 shares Inspiration Copper, $826,986; 5,000 Lackawanna Railroad, $565,000; 39,300 Midvale Steel, $980,000; 17,300 U. S. Industrial Alcohol, $795,800; 15,300 shares Union Pacific Rail-

Continued on Page Six.

Lieut. Gorton Sets Seaplane Speed Record, His Second In Day, at 180.8 Miles an Hour

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 9.—Not satisfied with the world's record he had established earlier in the day, Lieutenant A. W. Gorton of Providence, R. I., shortly before sundown today again took the air in the seaplane NW-2 and set another new mark by attaining an average speed of 180.8 miles an hour. This was 3.3 miles an hour faster than he flew this morning, when he broke the previous record of 175 miles an hour made a few days ago at Port Washington, N. Y., by Lieutenant R. Irvine of Brooklyn.

Taking only seventeen seconds from the time the plane left its slip to get into the air, Lieutenant Gorton flew in 50-mile stretches over the Delaware River course, with the navy yard as his base. Soon it became apparent to those who lined the shore, many of whom had witnessed his earlier record-breaking flight, that another new mark would be hung up.

At no time did Lieutenant Gorton fly higher than 600 or 700 feet above the water. On the straight away the plane averaged an altitude of 50 feet.

The NW-2 has a wing spread of only 27 feet and its length over all is 24 feet. It weighs 3,500 pounds, including the pilot, and has a total wing area of 226 square feet. The engine is a T-3 of 700 horsepower. Lieutenant Gorton will pilot the NW-2 in the international seaplane Schneider Cup race at the Isle of Wight next month.

"After the performances of my plane," he said, "I am confident the United States Navy team will bring the Schneider Cup to this country. It will be a close race, but we know what our machines can do, and I believe the navy entries will lead the field."

Besides Lieutenant Gorton, the American entries in the Isle of Wight race are Lieutenants Irvine, L. W. Wood of Peoria, Ill., and David Rittenhouse of Minneapolis. They will leave the Philadelphia Navy Yard Aug. 13 for England.

HOTEL ST. GEORGE, Brooklyn's Largest—Summer rates; 4 min. Wall St.; 10 Times Sq. Intrboro (Clark) Subway in front.—Adv.

RELIZ-ANS RELIEVES INDIGESTION and Distress After Eating.—Adv.

Col. Wright Dodges Bullets Behind Range at Peekskill

While inspecting new ground acquired by the State to enlarge the military camp at Peekskill, Colonel William R. Wright, acting Chief of Staff and post executive officer, was caught in the fire of machine guns yesterday, but escaped unhurt.

Colonel Wright had reached a point behind the target and was concealed by brush when the New York National Guardsmen began practice. Bullets whizzed all around him, but he quickly got under cover. The 2,000 acres of wooded land was bought recently by the State, and Colonel Wright was looking it over to see about laying out roads and setting up field ranges.

MOVE TO NOMINATE COOLIDGE IN 1924

Moses and Others Are Already Seeking a Solid New England Delegation.

WORLD COURT FOES ANXIOUS

President Listens to Their Views, But Keeps His Own Opinions to Himself.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—A movement to nominate President Calvin Coolidge as the Republican candidate for President next year already is under way, and within a week the President's friends will have started their campaign for a solid Coolidge delegation from the New England States to the 1924 Convention. Senator George H. Moses of New Hampshire, Chairman of the National Senatorial Campaign Committee, launched the Coolidge boom this afternoon, when he announced that he would issue an appeal when he returns to New Hampshire Saturday, "calling on all New England to stand behind President Coolidge for a second term."

Senator Moses was one of a score or more prominent men who called on the President today. He was closeted with Mr. Coolidge for about half an hour and when he left he declared he had had "a very satisfactory interview." He said he had talked about the World Court, but declined to say whether the President had approved the views of himself and other "irreconcilables" who are against the United States going into the Court.

Colonel George Harvey, Ambassador to Great Britain, called on the President late in the afternoon and was with him for nearly an hour.

"Did you discuss the World Court with the President?" Colonel Harvey was asked when he came out of the Executive suite.

"Yes," he replied, "I did talk about the Court, but don't ask me for the details. I can't tell you what I said to the President, and of course I am not at liberty to repeat anything he said to me."

Plans to Return to London.

Colonel Harvey was asked when he expected to return to London and replied that he had planned to sail from New York about the first of next month.

"Things are a little chaotic just now," he said, "but I know of nothing likely to change my plans, and I expect to return to London next month."

The President also heard Senator Medill McCormick express his opinion of the World Court. Mr. McCormick, who is an "irreconcilable," is bitterly opposed to American membership.

From an excellent source THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent is informed that up to the present President Coolidge has not disclosed his attitude on the World Court to the Senators and others who have sought to ascertain his views.

He listens to what his visitors have to say, and lets them do practically all of the talking.

"The President," added the informant, "is about the best 'listener' in the United States. He never argues with a caller, and, as a rule, when the other fellow finishes talking the interview is over. They are going to find out where the President stands all right on the World Court and all the other big issues, but the President will take his time, and when he does express his position it will be final."

"Irreconcilables" Are Worried.

That the "irreconcilables" are worried as to the policy of the Coolidge Administration in matters involving the foreign relations of the United States is certain. They recall that the President was a close friend of the late W. Murray Crane and that the latter strongly disapproved of the isolation policy advocated by Senators Brandegee, Johnson and other foes of the Wilsonian policies.

"The President," said a member of Congress today, "is about the toughest proposition I ever met when it comes to drawing him out, so to speak. He just sits there and listens, and does his own thinking. He is very courteous and very attentive. But it's just like talking to the Sphinx. We know just about as much as the Democrats do as to what his course in the White House will be. All we can do is to look and listen."

President Coolidge may call a conference of State Governors at an early date to discuss the prohibition problem. Such a course was urged on him today by Governor Pinchot of Pennsylvania. The latter said he could not speak for the President, but he believed the conference would be held soon.

Prohibition was discussed at a conference between the President and Commissioner Haynes this morning. Mr. Haynes did not disclose what passed, but it is understood that the problem of enforcement was talked over at length. Mr. Coolidge is expected to take a firm stand for rigid enforcement of the Volstead law by national and State authorities.

Ex-Governor Frank O. Lowden of

Continued on Page Two.

HARDING LIES IN FATHER'S MARION HOME AS LIFELONG NEIGHBORS BID FAREWELL; SIMPLE AND PRIVATE BURIAL TODAY

NATION'S DAY OF MOURNING

Bugler Will Sound Taps from Steps of Capitol at Washington.

HUSH ON THE LAND AND SEA

Churches and Organizations Will Hold Services Today Throughout the Country.

CITY TO JOIN IN TRIBUTE

Business and Amusements to Be Suspended—Traffic and Transit Lines Halt 2 Minutes.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—The National Capital tomorrow will join with all other communities throughout the United States in paying its last respects to the memory of President Harding. Memorial services will be held at all churches and by many organizations.

Tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock taps will be sounded by buglers stationed at the Capitol steps, in front of the District Building, in Lincoln Park, at Mt. Alto Hospital, Walter Reed Hospital, the Naval Hospital, the Marine Barracks, the Navy Yard, Washington Barracks, and other points in the city.

Government departments will remain closed all day and the private business places of the city have been asked to shut their doors. The effort will be, so far as possible, to call a halt to all except essential business activities as a tribute to the former President.

At 4 o'clock, also, telephone service will stop for five minutes and all traction service will be suspended on the street railways for a period of five minutes. Bus services and taxicab companies have issued orders to their employes that operations will stop for five minutes.

The Postal Telegraph and Cable Company announced that all offices of the system at home and abroad had been notified that telegraph lines and cables must be silenced for two minutes. The Western Union system will stop operation of its telegraph lines and cables for three minutes.

The request has also been made that all residents of the district join in paying their respects when the buglers sound taps, and remain standing, with heads uncovered.

The memorial services at the churches will start in the morning and continue throughout the afternoon and evening. An open-air service will be held at the Cathedral, conducted by the Rev. Dr. James E. Freeman, Bishop-elect of Washington. A community memorial service will be held at Takoma Park. The American Legion will hold services at Keith's Theatre.

All of the Government departments were closed today and there was little activity in the business section of the city.

Orders have gone out that appropriate services be held tomorrow afternoon on all vessels of the United States Navy and a salute fired at 4 o'clock. Shipping Board vessels also have been directed to stop their engines at that hour, to remain idle for five minutes.

NEW YORK TRIBUTE.

Business Will Be Suspended—Traffic to Halt Two Minutes.

This is the official day of mourning for President Harding, in accordance with President Coolidge's proclamation to the nation. Banks, business offices and commercial institutions will be closed and activity not essential to the public welfare suspended throughout the day. Memorial services will be held in all the city's churches and chapels. Traffic on the streets will stop for two minutes at noon, at which hour the transportation facilities of the city, subway, elevated and surface lines will come to a standstill for a similar period.

Amusement centres, too, for the most part, will suspend their activities.

The financial district will suspend business entirely. All banks, both national and State, the New York Federal Reserve Bank and the New York Clearing House will close their doors and will not resume business until tomorrow. The New York Stock Exchange, the Consolidated Stock Exchange of New York, the New York Curb Market, the New York Cotton Exchange and the New York Metal Exchange also will close.

A special meeting of the New York Cotton Exchange was held yesterday and Edward E. Bartlett read resolutions upon the death of the President which were unanimously adopted. The Board of Governors of the Consolidated Stock Exchange also adopted resolutions in connection with the closing of the Exchange today.

Central office operators of the New York Telephone Company will join in the observance of the day of national mourning by stopping work and sitting "at attention" at their switchboards from 5 P. M. until two minutes past 5, daylight saving time. During this period no telephone calls will be answered. Telephone connections already set up will not be interfered with, and service will immediately be resumed after the two-minute period of silence. The telephone company yesterday asked the public to co-operate by making no calls from 5 o'clock until 5:02, thus en-

Continued on Page Two.

Marion Citizens Want President's Body to Lie In Mausoleum on an Indian Mound Near the City

Special to The New York Times.

MARION, Ohio, Aug. 9.—President Harding's final resting place, if citizens of Marion have their way, will not be within the limited confines of the Harding family burial plot. It has been proposed, and the plan awaits only Mrs. Harding's approval, that an appropriate mausoleum for the dead President be erected in the centre of an Indian mound on the outskirts of Marion and close by the cemetery. Along this mound, which winds in and out of woods and shrubbery, was one of Mr. Harding's favorite walks.

Until President Harding's body is in a permanent burial place it will remain in the cemetery receiving vault under the guard of a detail of soldiers from the regular army. A lieutenant of infantry and twenty-four men from Columbus Barracks arrived here today and are encamped in the cemetery grounds.

MARION, Ohio, Aug. 9 (Associated Press).—Changes in the announced plans for the funeral services of the late President Harding were made today following the arrival of Mrs. Harding and a conference with those in charge of the last rites.

It was announced that the services would be in charge of the Rev. George L. Landis, pastor of Trinity Baptist Church, where Mr. Harding worshipped, and the Rev. Dr. Jesse Swank, pastor of Epworth Methodist Episcopal Church, of which Mrs. Harding is a member.

Prayer at the home before the funeral cortege starts for the cemetery will be offered by the Rev. Walter A. King of Columbus, a former pastor of Trinity Baptist Church of Marion. Previous plans had not included prayer at the home before the funeral procession left for the cemetery.

Another announced change was that the benediction at the vault would be delivered by the Rt. Rev. Dr. William F. Anderson of Cincinnati, resident Bishop of Ohio of the Methodist Episcopal Church and a close personal friend of the late President. Previous plans had provided that the benediction would be delivered by the Rev. Mr. Landis.

Services at the cemetery will open with the singing of two verses of "Lead, Kindly Light," by Trinity Baptist choir, after which the Rev. Mr. Landis will read the scripture lesson, First Epistle of St. Peter, chapter i., verses 3 to 5, 10 to 14 and 21 to 25, and Revelations xxii., verses 1 to 5.

The Rev. Dr. Swank will then offer prayer and the choir will sing three verses of "Nearer, My God, to Thee," after which Bishop Anderson will pronounce the benediction.

MRS. HARDING CALM FOR TRYING DAY

Greets Girlhood Friends and Neighbors of Marion With Brave Mien.

SHOWS PRIDE IN HUSBAND

Arranges for "All the Folks on The Star" to Say Farewell to Old Chief.

MARION, Ohio, Aug. 9 (Associated Press).—Mrs. Warren G. Harding tonight awaited calmly the coming of tomorrow, when her husband will be placed in the nation's newest shrine behind the locked iron gates of an unpretentious receiving vault in the Marion Cemetery.

The return from Washington to her girlhood companions and her most intimate associates with the recollections they have recalled, have failed to weaken her determination to keep her strength to the end. To the many who came to cheer her Mrs. Harding spoke her thanks. But she kept her poise of self-control.

To her companions who traveled on the funeral train from San Francisco to Washington and continued the journey to its ending here today, she made known that she was in no danger of a collapse. She was the last to step from the funeral car when the train arrived in the Marion station. The coffin already had been transferred to the hearse. The eight Cabinet officers and other Washington officials had taken their places on the platform. The members of the party which had accompanied the late President to Alaska also had left the coaches and made their way to their assigned posts in the procession.

Then Mrs. Harding came down the car steps. She was not the smiling and cheerful woman Marion had known so well in the past. Black gown, heavy veil of impenetrable weave and creped borders, slow step and general demeanor told her grief to the waiting throng.

George B. Christian Jr., secretary to President Harding, stepped to her side and together they walked to an automobile and were taken to the home of George T. Harding Sr., riding in the third car behind the hearse. There she stepped to the curb. Mr. Christian offered his arm and together they entered the modest home just as the coffin was placed in position in the parlor.

With the Marion friends who visited her during the day, Mrs. Harding conversed but little on subjects concerning herself and her future plans. She preferred to talk about "Warren" and how he had devoted himself to public duty in the last thirty years. At frequent intervals she spoke of some of his achievements and of his ambitions for the future. She made known her decision to make Marion her future residence and to spend most of her time during the next year or two at the home of her brother, Clifford B. Kling. She was said to have expressed a desire to travel, to go to Europe on a tour, but realized that such a proposal would meet with opposition on the part of her medical advisers and therefore had abandoned that plan.

Referring to the home where she and the late President had lived before they went to Washington, Mrs. Harding told her callers that she would "keep her bargain" with those who had leased that property and, since the lease did not expire for more than a year, that she could live very happily during that time at her brother's house.

A number of old employes of The Marion Star called at the Harding home this afternoon. They requested that they be permitted to view the body of their late "W. G." privately. "Surely," Mrs. Harding said. "You tell all the folks on The Star they can come out tomorrow morning at 8:30 o'clock, and I will see that the proper arrangements are made."

After they had expressed their sympathy, Mrs. Harding said:

"Yes, it is too bad, but I am not going to break down. Remember me to all the folks on The Star."

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CROWDS TO THE END SEE FUNERAL TRAIN

Again the Great Throngs Delay Its Passage, Making the Arrival in Marion 3 Hours Late.

MANY ON WATCH ALL NIGHT

And Nearly Everywhere Bands Play Dead President's Favorite Hymns.

Special to The New York Times.

MARION, Ohio, Aug. 9.—In the overnight journey of the funeral train which brought the body of President Harding from Washington back to Marion, the home town, the scenes along the way were largely a repetition of those on that 3,000-mile passage of the continent from San Francisco to the national capital.

Everywhere there were crowds of people anxious to show respect to the memory of the dead Chief of State. Throughout the night they kept their places, waiting patiently for a train much delayed.

The funeral train arrived at Marion at 12:40 o'clock this afternoon, three hours and ten minutes overdue. Time had been lost for the same main reason that caused the great delay in its arrival at Washington on Tuesday evening, nine hours late.

By Mrs. Harding's request the train was run at reduced speed past every station where any considerable crowd was assembled, and in consequence of the multiplicity of such crowds in the thickly populated territory through which the train passed in its night and forenoon run from Washington, every few miles or so meant the loss of a minute or two in the time called for by the schedule.

Johnstown, Pa., the scene of the historic death-dealing flood of more than thirty years ago, was typical of the spirit of reverence and the desire to manifest it that had been the outstanding feature of the progress of the funeral train across the continent. People at Johnstown stood without moving from their positions through the hours of the night. The discomforts and fatigue were ignored by most of those who sought places of vantage hours before the funeral train arrived.

It was three o'clock this morning when the long line of cars bearing the body of the late President and his widow and the members of the funeral party—Cabinet officers and others whose association with President Harding was more than merely official and formal—drew into the Johnstown Station. Men with bared heads and women standing erect in the intensity of their purpose were there.

Bands at Nearly All Stations.

At comparatively few of the stations at which the funeral train went in its transcontinental course were there bands of music. But in the transit of Pennsylvania, during the late hours of last night and the early hours of this morning, bands were the rule rather than the exception. While some of them played dirges, the more general tendency was toward familiar hymns, whose consoling and hopeful words were known to most of those in the large crowds gathered along the way. "Lead, Kindly Light" was the favorite, with "Nearer, My God, to Thee" heard almost as frequently.

The demeanor of the crowds differed somewhat at certain places, from that previous general demonstration of earnest desire to show reverence for the

Continued on Page Two.

HOME CITY RECEIVES DEAD

Intimateness and Simplicity Mark People's Tribute There.

ALL MARION PASSES BY BIER

Countless Thousands Stream In Also From Ohio Countryside, Scene of His Boyhood.

LAST SCENES FOR FAMILY

No Pomp or Ceremony Will Mark Burial Today—Public to Be Excluded.

Special to The New York Times.

MARION, Ohio, Aug. 9.—Warren G. Harding returned to Marion today to remain forever among his friends and neighbors. His body rests tonight in his father's house. Tomorrow, after a simple open air ceremony, it will be committed to a receiving vault under drooping elms in the Marion cemetery. A few yards away at the base of a century old elm are the graves of his mother and his favorite sister, Mary Clarissa Harding. They, too, had lain in his father's house before burial.

That is why the dead President's coffin is in the modest home of Dr. George T. Harding rather than in more pretentious surroundings that citizens of Marion prepared for it. For when it was proposed that the President's body should rest in state in the County Court House, Dr. Harding protested. "I must have him here," he said, and his desire was backed up by telegraphic appeal on behalf of Mrs. Harding, who asked that her husband's body should lay in the same room where rested the bodies of his mother in 1910 and his sister in 1913.

Through that room, the living room of Dr. Harding's house, passed 15,000 to 20,000 sorrowing citizens of Marion today. As many more are expected to have a last view tomorrow of the man who left them twenty-nine months ago to assume the Presidency. It was a slow-moving line which wound its way up East Centre Street, turned into the yard at No. 498 and up the steps of a side porch. Just inside, in the bay of a window, was the coffin, the same armed guard of soldiers, sailors and marines which accompanied the body from San Francisco stood beside it, motionless, at "attention."

The remainder of the room was filled with wreaths. Outside, on Dr. Harding's front lawn, were hundreds of wreaths and other floral tributes from Marion citizens and organizations. Two carloads of wreaths and set floral pieces accompanied the funeral train from Washington. Four more carloads arrived tonight.

Procession Continuing All Night.

At 10 o'clock tonight, the hour the doors of Dr. Harding's house were scheduled to close upon all who sought to view President Harding's remains, fully 8,000 people were still in line.

It was then announced that so long as any persons remained in line the doors would remain open. The long line of silent men, women and children extended from Dr. Harding's house seven blocks down to Marion's business district. From 6 o'clock on this evening the lines doubled, with the result that 2,500 persos passed by the coffin each hour.

Judging from the number of people left standing in the silent streets at 11 o'clock the procession will continue virtually all night, and 30,000 persons, or a number equaling Marion's whole population, will have passed by the bier.

The men, women and children of Marion passed by the bier for their last look upon the body of the man who had lived among them for forty years before going to the White House. These people had known Harding. They had thronged to 380 Mount Vernon Avenue, his own home, to welcome him when he returned on July 5, 1920, to begin his front porch campaign. They threw open their houses to accommodate the scores of thousands who came from all sections of the country when Mr. Harding was formally notified of his nomination as Republican candidate for President.

Mr. Harding, they said, had brought Marion into prominence. It no longer was just a Middle Western city of 30,000, but the home of a President. No one who visited Marion during the front porch campaign will forget the generous, thoughtful hospitality of her citizens, who were led in their endeavors by friends and business associates of Mr. Harding. And today, in what they realized are the final days of Marion's glory as the centre of national interest, they were just as painstaking in their arrangements for the huge crowds expected tomorrow to see Warren Harding laid to rest.

Homely Scenes in Death Chamber.

There were an intimateness and simplicity in today's ceremonies that were absent yesterday, when the body of the dead President rested in the rotunda of the Capitol at Washington. Townspeople and farmers from near by filed through Dr. Harding's living room. Many of the men were without coats, some were in overalls. Many of the women obviously had left their kitch-ns

between the preparation of supper and the clearing up of the noon meal.

A cripple was lifted from his wheelchair by two soldiers and borne through the line. Children were numerous, and they emerged from the room of death with puzzled expressions on their faces.

Most noticeable of all in comparison with Washington's last view of President Harding were the number of babies, too young to walk, that were carried through the line by their parents who, as soon as their children will be able to understand, will tell them what their uncomprehending eyes saw.

The homecoming of the body of the President was marked by an absence of the ceremonial characterizing the formal funeral observances in the national capital under the official auspices of the Federal Government.

To make this return home as simple as possible, to rob it of even the remotest suggestion of ostentation or the pomp of power which surrounds the obsequies of those of high estate, was the aim of Mrs. Harding.

In what had taken place heretofore since the death of the President she had kept in mind that the honors shown were those due to the head of the nation. Today, however, she sought to have it emphasized that her distinguished dead was being brought back to his and her home folks, where he and she had lived most of their lives and had mingled in close intimacy as private citizens among their relatives and friends.

Tomorrow, when the final services are held in the presence of the new President of the United States and representatives of the Federal Government, Congress and many official bodies, the formalities due a dead Chief of State will be in evidence. But today there was none of it. It was an affair of home folks.

The first sentences of a news article in this evening's Marion Daily Star, which the late President Harding owned and edited for many years, are descriptive of this atmosphere. These sentences read:

"Marion opened wide her arms today and took back her own beloved son. To her he was more than the President of the United States; he was her boy. Yesterday it was the nation's sorrow; today it is Marion's sorrow."

So today there were no bands of music in the funeral cortège that made its way through Marion's streets. There was no artillery caisson to carry the body of the late Commander-in-Chief of the Army and the Navy. What military display there was consisted in the presence of soldiers of the Ohio National Guard, who lined the route of the simple funeral procession to perform necessary duties too heavy for Marion's police force, and in the small group of soldiers, sailors and marines which had guarded the body in its journey from San Francisco to Washington and from Washington to Marion and served as bearers here as elsewhere.

All His Old Companions.

When the funeral train stopped in the Marion railroad station, old friends of the late President were there. A group of his "cronies" of the old days, who used to meet him at the Marion Club, or who, with their wives and Warren Harding and his wife, were of a company that had their social gatherings at the home of one or another of their number, chums with whom he played and with whom he was associated in various business activities of the little city, were those who met him today.

The tall form of Colonel George R. Christian, his next-door neighbor and father of the Secretary to the late President, was conspicuous in this group of intimate friends. There was D. R. Crissinger, a Marion Democrat, whom President Harding made Controller of the Currency and later Governor of the Federal Reserve Board, an office he now holds. Another was Hoke Donithan, who had been Mr. Harding's political manager for part of the pre-convention Presidential campaign of 1920, and there were Fred Huber, James F. Prendergast, Charles King, Arlie Rapp, Ralph Lewis and Lowell Guthrie. Some were accompanied by their wives.

These and other Marion friends of the late President and Mrs. Harding watched in silence as the heavy metal casket was lifted from the funeral car by the soldiers, sailors and marines who, under command of Captain Nelson Miles Holderman of the army and Lieutenant Lloyd Wiltse of the navy, have guarded the body since the start eastward of the funeral train from San Francisco. Those of this squad of sixteen who did not serve as body bearers today carried their rifles.

A gray painted motor hearse was waiting, and into this the flag-covered casket was lifted. Then there stepped from the private car Superb, the funeral car, the black-draped figure of Mrs. Harding. She walked firmly to a closed motor car, leaning on the arms of Brig. Gen. Charles E. Sawyer of Marion, physician to the Harding family, and George B. Christian Jr., Secretary to the President, another citizen of Marion.

The others who accompanied the remains of the late President from Washington took their places in the motor cars assigned to them and the funeral procession moved off.

By the side of the gray hearse walked the soldiers, sailors and marines of the guard of honor, headed by Captain Holderman and Lieutenant Wiltse. Behind the hearse came the aids of President Harding, Captain Adolphus Andrews of the navy and Major Ora Baldinger of the army, who had been members of the party which went with the late President and Mrs. Harding to Alaska. They wore white service uniforms.

Then came cars containing the honorary pallbearers. In the first car were Secretary Hughes, Secretary Weeks and Speaker Gillett of the House of Representatives. The other honorary pallbearers were Attorney General Daugherty, Postmaster General New, Secretary Denby, Secretary Work, Secretary Wallace, Secretary Hoover and Senator Cummins, President pro tempore of the Senate.

After the cars containing the honorary pallbearers came the closed car with Mrs. Harding, General Sawyer and Secretary Christian. Harry Barker, the White House Secret Service guard, who has been Mrs. Harding's special attendant on all her appearances in public since her husband was nominated for President in June, 1920, sat on the box.

Those in the Procession.

Behind Mrs. Harding's car came many more cars carrying those relatives and friends of the late President and Mrs. Harding who had attended the funeral services in Washington, and members of the party which had gone to Alaska with them. The relatives of President Harding were Miss Abigail Harding of Marion, sister; Dr. and Mrs. George T. Harding Jr., brother and sister-in-law; Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Remsberg of Santa Ana, Cal., brother-in-law and sister; their daughters, Mrs. Biggs of Oakland, Cal., and the Misses Remsberg of Santa Ana; the Rev. and Mrs. Heber Votaw of Tacoma Park, Md., brother-in-law and sister, and George and Warren Harding of Columbus, nephews. Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Kling, brother and sister-in-law of Mrs. Harding, who attended the funeral services in Washington, were with the Harding relatives.

Others who followed the casket in the funeral procession were Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm Jennings of Marion, who were members of the Alaska party; Edward Beale McLean of Washington, whose private car Enquirer was attached to the funeral train; M. Daugherty, brother of the Attorney General; Mr. Martin, secretary to the Attorney General; Mrs. Gillett, wife of the Speaker; Mrs. New, wife of the Postmaster General; Mrs. Hughes, wife of the Secretary of State; Judson D. Welliver of the White House staff; Lieut. Commander Joel T. Boone of the Medical Corps of the navy, attending physician at the White House, and Mrs. Boone; Mrs. Work, wife of the Secretary of the Interior; Mrs. Denby, wife of the Secretary of the Navy; Colonel Walker V. Shipley of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, who had charge of the Presidential tour to the Pacific Coast and the funeral train from San Francisco to Washington; Mrs. Hoover, wife of the Secretary of Commerce; George H. Van Vleet, editor of The Marion Star, and Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Gilbert.

At the station to meet the funeral party were Senator Willis of Ohio, who succeeded Mr. Harding in the Senate, and a number of others prominent in Ohio politics. Mrs. Willis was with her husband.

Those in the large crowd at the railroad station stood silent, the men uncovered, while the body of the late President was being taken from the train. But the contingent of people at the station was small compared with the aggregate of the crowds assembled along the route of the procession to the house of President Harding's father. The normal population of the little city had been augmented overnight by thousands from other places in Ohio, who came in railway trains and motor cars.

To prevent traffic congestion today and tomorrow, Major Gen. Benson W. Hough of the Ohio National Guard had given orders that all motor cars of visitors should be parked on the outskirts of the town. Marionites who own motor cars were requested to keep them off the streets. There was general observance of the request. The only motor cars operated in Marion today were those used in connection with the funeral of the late President.

Out of the station park the funeral procession moved into Centre Street, the principal business thoroughfare. Soldiers of the Ohio National Guard, in olive drab shirts and trousers and without tunics, lined both sides of the street, a few paces apart, each alternate man armed with a rifle. The crowds were not dense, but their line was long, extending for more than a mile from the station to Dr. Harding's house. Without the sound of a drum or a bugle, the procession moved on between these thousands of people, most of them Marion neighbors of the dead President.

City Draped in Mourning.

Generally, the city was draped in mourning. Great pices of cloth in alternate black and white stripes were hung from windows, cornices, wound around supports of balconies, suspended from roofs. In a window of nearly every business house and dwelling was a large lithographed picture of President Harding. The American flag was conspicuous in the mournful decoration, usually tied with crêpe or entwined with strips of black and white cloth.

The bell of Trinity Baptist Church, of which the President and Mrs. Harding were members, was tolled as the procession made its way slowly along Centre Street. It was the only sound that marked the passage of the body of Marion's dead son through the chief street of his home town.

The skies were clear but the sun was hot. Many of those who saw the funeral procession had waited for hours for the arrival of the delayed train, but despite the heat and the fatigue of standing so long, they showed a patience like that which has been characteristic of the great crowds that gathered along the way of the same funeral train in its journey across the continent.

The building of The Marion Star had its draping of mourning. The Junior High School, now called the Harding High School, and the outer frame of the unfinished Harding Hotel bore flags and mourning streamers and festoons.

Centre Street ceases to be a business street several blocks before the home of Dr. Harding is reached. From the railway station it merges into a residential thoroughfare with frame and brick houses, most of them with big comfortable looking porches suggestive of sitting out doors in the warm Summer evenings. It is a neighborly street in its residential end. The porches and the side and front lawns give it a homely atmosphere. It is the sort of street where the young people call to one another from their porches and arrange impromptu dances or get up parties to take motor trips to nearby places.

Neighbors of the Hardings stood in respectful and sad silence on their front porches today to watch the passing of the slow-moving procession.

Others stood at the edge of the sidewalk under the shade of the trees, which give beauty and stateliness, not only to residential Centre Street but to other streets in the residential section. Marion is an attractive city, and its attractiveness emphasized the sadness of the homecoming of Marion's most distinguished son. His body, in a flag-draped casket, was taken to his father's house before the parting tomorrow.

Body Lying in State Till Midnight.

MARION, Ohio, Aug. 9 (Associated Press).—Just before 2 o'clock this afternoon the doors of Dr. Harding's home were thrown open for friends and neighbors of the dead President to file past the bier. They came in a steady stream. Troops aided in keeping the people moving as they entered the home by the rear door and passed out the front door.

One hour and a half after the public was permitted to enter the Harding home, the solid mass of persons which jammed the sidewalks and lawns for a distance of two blocks had seemingly not moved.

As fast as this mass melted from the front into the single stream which was permitted to pass by the bier, it was augmented from the rear. Military officers on duty estimated that persons were passing at the rate of 2,000 per hour.

In the long line of mourners which passed the President's bier today was a little girl about 8 years old. She carried a small bunch of flowers. Just before she passed out of the house she was seen to lay them tenderly down beside a much more pretentious offering. A tiny hand wiped tears from her eyes as she descended the steps and passed along in silence with the rest of the throng.

A large official automobile drew up in front of the Harding residence late today. An army officer stepped out and opened the door. An aged man and woman descended and the officer and aids escorted them to the front of the reviewing line, whence they passed through the house. The man wore a G. A. R. emblem in the lapel of his coat. The officer explained that the aged mourner was an intimate friend of both the dead President and of the President's father, with whom he had served through the Civil War. They had come from a far distant part of the State.

Thoroughly cosmopolitan was the throng of people which passed through the Harding home today and tonight to pay their last tribute of respect to the dead President. They were distinctively the people who live in Marion and all Ohio. They were men and women in all walks of life and children of all ages. Many with small babies in their arms held their places in the line until they finally reached their goal. Among them was a troop of Girl Scouts, headed by their leader.

Only Friends to See Burial.

The elaborate services in Washington yesterday were for Warren G. Harding, President of the United States; the simple services here tomorrow will be for Warren G. Harding, citizen, friend, neighbor—and husband.

Today, tonight and tomorrow until 2 P. M. his friends and neighbors will accord to the late President the customary funeral rites of the small towns of the Middle West and, then, with strict simplicity, will accompany Mrs. Harding and the body to the cemetery, where it will be entombed.

The only funeral services here will be at the cemetery and they will be extremely brief and simple, in accordance with the wishes of Mrs. Harding. Only relatives and intimate friends will make up the short journey going to the cemetery. Even newspaper men will be excluded from the services at the tomb.

President Coolidge, members of the Cabinet and other high Government officials who, as private citizens will attend the funeral services here, will arrive tomorrow at 11 A. M on a special train.

Among other noted visitors who are expected to arrive will be Henry Ford, Thomas Edison, Harvey S. Firestone and Bishop William F. Anderson, all close friends of Mr. Harding. Last Summer Mr. Harding spent several days camping with them.

Streets in front of the Harding home and near the cemetery that have been in a state of decay were hurriedly repaired yesterday. Special carpeted walks were laid from the street into the Harding home, and at the cemetery several huge white pillars were erected at the entrance.

The Rev. George M. Landis, who will conduct the funeral services at the cemetery, probably is one of the youngest ministers to whom the task of preaching the funeral oration for a Chief Executive of the nation ever fell. Rev. Mr. Landis, hurrying from a vacation trip in Massachusetts with his wife and daughter, is about 32 years of age and only a few years out of Moody Bible Institute, Chicago. Members of the congregation do not recall Mr. Harding ever having heard him deliver a sermon. He came here about two years ago in an evangelistic capacity to conduct services at the Trinity Baptist Church. The congregation liked him so well that they offered him the position of assistant pastor, the regular minister, the Rev. Thomas F. McAfee, whom the President had greatly revered as his pastor, having become ill. After the death of Rev. Mr. McAfee Mr. Landis was elevated to the pastorate, on July 15 of this year.

Floral Offerings Fill Yards.

Countless numbers of floral offerings reached the Harding home during the day. They were sent by people in every walk of life and from nearly every country in the world. Their value was estimated in the thousands of dollars.

The funeral train brought two full carloads of flowers, and four other carloads arrived by express on another train. Other offerings continued to arrive during the day and throughout the night in great profusion.

Flowers soon filled every downstairs room and corner of the Harding home. It was not long before they were banked all over the front lawn. As evening approached they filled the side and back yards, and indications were that by tomorrow the yards of several neighbors would be needed to hold the floral tributes.

One of the largest and most beautiful of the floral pieces was sent by Henry Ford, Thomas A. Edison, Harvey S. Firestone and Bishop William F. Anderson of the Methodist Church—members of the camping party of which Mr. Harding was a member last Summer. This piece was placed in the room with the coffin.

One of the large floral tributes to arrive late this evening was the presentation of the City of Cincinnati. It had a commanding position among the flowers banked on the front lawn. Several other Ohio cities also sent flowers.

The floral tribute presented by the Ohio Senate, in which body Mr. Harding served as a member and over which he presided as Lieutenant Governor, was in the design of the Ohio State flag. It was placed at the front of the flowers on the front lawn.

Yards of the four railroads entering Marion were filled to overflowing tonight with special cars and special trains bringing distinguished mourners to the city. More specials are due tomorrow morning, including the one from Washington bringing President Coolidge, Chief Justice Taft and other high Government officials.

The Erie Railroad alone announced tonight that it would run thirty special trains into Marion tomorrow.

Employes of The Marion Star, for years published by Mr. Harding, will be the only group that will march in the funeral procession as a body; at Mrs. Harding's wish they will meet at 1:45 P. M. tomorrow at the Harding home. No editions of The Star will be published tomorrow.

One of the scenes of greatest interest in Marion today was the private office of Mr. Harding in the editorial rooms of The Star. All day long visitors passed through the office, eager to see the draped chair and desk at which Mr. Harding did his editorial work.

Conductor R. E. Smith, of the train that brought President Harding's body to Marion today, is a son of W. H. Smith, who conducted the funeral train which brought the body of President McKinley to Canton, Ohio, from Pittsburgh for burial in 1901.

Engineer George W. Reed, who piloted one of the engines of the Harding funeral train into Marion, is a relative of President Harding by marriage.

Engineer Cronewett of the other engine was a schoolmate of President Harding at Blooming Grove.

Dan O'Leary, noted walker, arrived in Marion tonight to attend the funeral services of President Harding.

At the opening of the baseball season in Washington April 12, 1922, Mr. O'Leary met the President and they promised each other to meet again in 1942 and play a game of golf. Mr. O'Leary would have been 102 years old and Mr. Harding 77, twenty years hence.

Captain Holdren, commander of the guard of honor that has held the death watch over President Harding's body since it left San Francisco, announced tonight that he and soldiers making up the guard will go to Fort Hays, Columbus, tomorrow evening after the funeral service, where they hope to be permitted to rest for two days before returning to the Presidio, California.

The sailor and marine members of the guard will report to the Mayflower, the Presidential yacht, on the Potomac.

Guard Against Souvenir Hunters.

To keep an eye on souvenir hunters and the curious, a special guard was stationed around the Marion Star office today and no one was permitted to enter the building without official badges or who was properly vouched for.

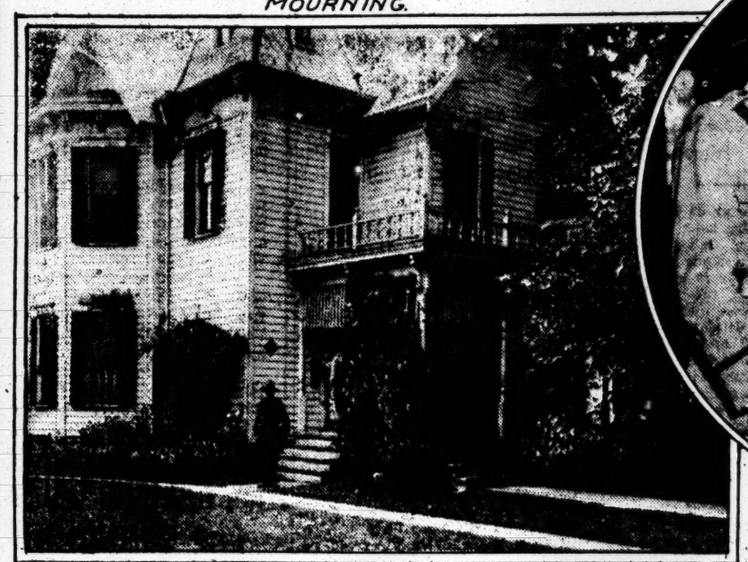
In the yard of the Harding home here are several large buckeye trees. During the 1920 campaign visitors at the front porch carried away many buckeyes as souvenirs. Today reports are reaching Marion from many parts of the United States that these buckeyes have been planted and the growing trees are called "Harding buckeyes" in honor of the late President.

The Superb, the private car in which the body of President Harding was brought back from San Francisco, probably will be retired from active service, it became known today., According to stories going the rounds of the railroad men, the car will not return to Washington with the funeral train party, but will be taken to Manafield and thence to Chicago, over the Pennsylvania Railroad lines.

Approximately 100 newspaper men from all sections of the country were in Marion tonight to report the news of the funeral. Scores of extra wires had been installed to handle the hundreds of thousands of words of press matter.

HOME CITY MOURNS THE DEAD PRESIDENT.

MARION'S MAIN STREET DRAPED IN MOURNING. ©U&U



HOME OF THE LATE PRESIDENTS FATHER WHERE THE BODY LIES IN STATE ©PHOTO,U&U.

COL. F. P. LAHN AND MR. HOKE DONITHEN, IN CHARGE OF FUNERAL ARRANGEMENTS

COOLIDGE ON WAY TO MARION FUNERAL

Army and Navy Officers, Senators, Governors and Others Accompany Him.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—President and Mrs. Coolidge left Washington at 10 o'clock tonight for Marion to attend the funeral of President Harding. The special train, which is scheduled to arrive at Marion about noon tomorrow, carries as guests of the President Mr. and Mrs. Frank W. Stearns of Boston and a large number of army and navy officers and public men who will take part in the final ceremonies in Marion.

The list of those in the train includes General Pershing, Major Gen. Lejeune, Commandant of the Marine Corps; Admiral Eberle, Chief of Operations of the Navy; Senators Warren, Simmons, Willis, Sheppard, Fess, Spencer, Jones and Dial, who will officially represent the Senate; Chief Justice Taft, Major Gens. Bullard, Brewster, Shanks and Muir of the regular army; Major Gen. O'Ryan of New York, representing the National Guard; Rear Admirals Rodman, Wilson, Stitt and Potter, representing the navy; Governors Donahey of Ohio, Pinchot of Pennsylvania and Baxter of Maine; Carmi Thompson, Michael Gallagher and Louis Brush of Ohio, who were intimate friends of President Harding; Colonel C. O. Sherrill, the President's aide; Major James F. Coupal of the Medical Corps of the Army and Edward Clark, private secretary to the President, and Mrs. Clark.

Others who joined the Coolidge train were Senators Wadsworth, of New York; Ernst, of Kentucky; Edge, of New Jersey; Phipps, of Colorado, and Hale of Maine.

ABOARD PRESIDENTIAL TRAIN, AT MARTINSBURG, W. Va., Aug. 9 (Associated Press).—President Coolidge and his official party reached Martinsburg at 11:50 P. M., Eastern Standard Time.

It was announced that the train would be slowed down so that the party would reach Marion at 1:30 P. M. tomorrow instead of noon. Mr. Coolidge let it be known that he would make no rear-end appearances on the trip.

After receiving some fellow-travelers in his private car tonight, Mr. Coolidge retired at 11:35 P. M.

CROWDS TO THE END SEE FUNERAL TRAIN

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

dead President. At York, Pa., for example, the reverential attitude of the generality of the people was marred by the shrill laughter and the boisterous pushing of groups of young men and women, who found much to interest them in the new game of placing small coins on the rails to be mashed into souvenirs of the passage of the funeral train.

The contrast with this behavior was strikingly presented at Harrisburg, half an hour or so further along. There the throngs gave the appearance of a unanimous outpouring of the population. The people were massed in and about the railroad station and for blocks on each side of it, while points where streets crossed the track were packed and jammed with humanity for a considerable distance—so considerable that those in the rear stretches had only one imperfect view of the funeral car, with its lights bringing into relief the metal casket, guarded by its rigid soldiers, sailors and marines leaning on their rifles.

Harrisburg's people were reverently silent. There seemed to be no movement among them, so intent were they as the train moved slowly on its way with the plaintive strains of hymns from a band seemingly in unison with its creeping pace.

On through the night, on part of the way up and down the steep grades of the Alleghanies, the heavy funeral train went along, seeking to overcome its losses in time by speeding between stations. In the small hours of the morning large crowds were out at Tyrone and Altoona, before Johnstown was reached, and as daybreak approached and in the dim light of dawn at Latrobe and Greensburg and smaller places in between.

Altoona's crowd was impressive in its size in the darkness of the waning night. Tired, sleepy, the bandsmen at various places stiffened to attention as the train approached and rendered their hymns and patriotic airs with a sympathy that was apparent in the softness and plaintiveness of their notes.

Thousands Out at Pittsburgh.

On Thursday, in the forenoon preceding its night arrival at Washington from San Francisco, the funeral train passed through those suburbs and outer sections of Pittsburgh which are served by the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad. The crowds then gathered along the way in that populous industrial region were enormous in number and measured by miles in extent.

This morning the route of the funeral train into Pittsburgh itself and out again westward was through the territory served by the Pennsylvania Railroad. The train ran into the Pittsburgh station at 8 o'clock this morning. It had been watched for miles by great congregations at stations or along the tracks, or along bridges and the sides and summits of bluffs. Equally great throngs saw it emerge from the station and make its way toward the home and last resting place of the dead President. Many, perhaps most, in these reverent gatherings had been there for hours, willing to stand and wait to pay their modicum of respect to the memory of the man whose bier they could see through the open windows of the funeral car.

West from Pittsburgh in its forenoon run to Marion the funeral train crossed territory familiar to Warren Harding.

People of Ohio cities, towns and villages were out in force to watch its progress. East Palestine was the first community in the late President's home State to which the funeral train came. After that there was a quick succession of industrial towns, each turning out great numbers of people who stood in respectful silence. As the train passed at Salem, a steel town, hundreds of workmen in overalls took their caps from their heads as they watched the train move slowly past. At Canton, home of William McKinley, the congregation of silent people stretched from one end of the town to the other. A most impressive gathering, both in size and demeanor. Here the funeral train paused for a minute as a token of respect to the memory of McKinley.

Alliance, before Canton, made another impressive showing in the aggregate size of its crowds. It is an important railroad and industrial point, and its working people were assembled in great masses in front of plants, while the townspeople generally were gathered in a thick line extending over a considerable distance.

Massillon, Orrville, Wooster, Crestline and Loudonville were other places where the crowds were large. Then came Mansfield, the home of one of Ohio's most noted men, the late John Sherman. Here many thousands watched the process of shifting the funeral train from the tracks of the Pennsylvania Railroad to those of the Erie, over whose lines the concluding portion of the journey was made to Marion, forty-four miles away.

Most of the towns along that 44 miles had had a part in the life of the late President. He knew hundreds of their people when he was the editor of The Marion Star and took an active part in Ohio politics. He went to school at Caledonia, eight miles from Marion, and here the train stopped for a minute in commemoration of that fact.

Caledonia people turned out in force to show by their reverential attitude the affection and respect in which they held the memory of this former school boy of their community. At Galeon, too, the crowds were large.

Home to Marion.

And so the train bearing the dead body of Warren Harding came into Marion, his home town, and ended the long journey which was begun at San Francisco on Aug. 3, the day after his sudden passing. Tomorrow, after the funeral of the late President, the train will take its way back to Washington, no longer "the funeral train" or "the Presidential Special" of its passage across the continent to the Pacific Coast and down from Washington through Oregon into California.

Mrs. Harding will return to Washington in it to devote herself to the trying duty of supervising the packing of the personal effects of the late President and herself and their removal from the White House. With her will go most of those who accompanied her from Washington to Marion—members of the Harding Cabinet and other men of distinction in the Government of the country.

Passes Harding's Old Homestead.

MARION, Ohio, Aug. 9 (Associated Press).—Before reaching Caledonia the black-draped funeral train of President Harding passed within two miles of the old Harding homestead at Blooming Grove, purchased by Mr. Harding last Spring, not, as was said then, to provide a home for him on leaving the White House, but to prevent the farm from getting into the hands of those who might commercialize it.

He deeded it several months ago to his two nephews, George T. Harding 3d, and Warren Harding.

The funeral train for nearly two hours before reaching Marion passed through country intimately associated with the life of the dead President.

There was Mansfield, visited by Mr. Harding as a boy enjoying the infrequent trips "to the city" for Mansfield then was the largest place in this section of the State. During the campaign of 1920 Mr. Harding often motored to Mansfield in search of recreation on the golf links.

Then there was little Caledonia, where Warren Harding spent his boyhood and where he played the famous slipherm in the town band. When he became President the proud citizens of Caledonia erected a large signboard beside the Erie Railroad tracks and painted on it "Harding's Boyhood Home." Today the sign so proudly erected was draped in mourning. The citizens of Caledonia were proud, even in their grief, for the boy who had lived among them had fought a good fight.

NATION'S DAY OF MOURNING

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

abling the central office operators to join in the nation-wide tribute.

The evening newspapers of the city announced in their afternoon editions yesterday that they would suspend publication today. There will be no dancing in hotels, dance halls will remain closed and cabaret entertainments and other enterprises in the large hotels will be suspended.

The Courts, Municipal, State and Federal will stand adjourned for the day.

John H. Puelicher, President of the American Bankers' Association, has issued the following statement in connection with the announcement of the closing of all offices of the association today out of respect to the memory of the late President:

"The bankers of the nation join in the universal mourning for the loss of our late beloved President. His untimely end brought to us all a realization of the deep hold he had upon our affections and how intimately his character and activities entered into the life of each individual. We were all proud of our President, whose prominent characteristic was that of a lover of mankind and whose hand was equally extended to the wage-earner and capitalist in a sympathetic effort to solve their respective problems. We mourn his loss, but feel that the spirit of harmony for which he constantly strove still lives among us, and that through him and his memory the people of the entire country in whatever walk of life and in whatever industry will be brought closer together in better understanding and better relationships.

"Let us all abstain from worldly occupations and devote this day to reverence of the memory of our late President, worship God and prayer for the future welfare of our beloved country."

Grand Central Services.

The New York Central Railroad announced services to be held at the Grand Central Terminal in the afternoon.

"The simple, but impressive memorial services which have been arranged to take place in the Grand Central terminal tomorrow at 5. P. M. (City time) the hour at which the body of the nation's late President, Warren G. Harding will be laid at rest at Marion, Ohio," a statement said, "will include first, the blowing of taps sharp at the stroke of 5 by Sergeant Charles Swarwout of the 107th Infantry, an overseas veteran to be followed by the singing of Mr. Harding's favorite hymns 'Lead Kindly Light,' and 'Nearer My God to Thee,' by 100 voices recruited by the New York Central Choral Society, under the leadership of Professor J. Macomble Murray, an employe of the railroad.

"Passengers in the terminal at that hour and persons passing through the concourse will be requested and expected to remain silent and motionless during this tribute to the memory of the twenty-ninth President of the United States.

"During this service all possible business and operations in the terminal will be suspended, as a further mark of respect to the late President."

Boy and Girl Scouts.

Boy Scouts and Scout officials will assemble at various places today in honor of their late Honorary President, Warren G. Harding. At noon twelve Scout officials will attend the special service at the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, Cathedral Parkway and Amsterdam Avenue, to which they have been invited.

At 2 P. M. five troops of Scouts, representing the five boroughs, will assemble at the City Hall for a short ceremony. The Mayor's proclamation and a tribute to President Harding by Leverette S. Miller, President of the Manhattan Boy Scouts, will be read. Then taps will be blown by James McKigney, Scoutmaster of Troop 95 of Brooklyn, after which Scouts will stand at attention for one minute. The troops selected to take part in the ceremony are 110, 158, 159, 95 and 39.

The Kanowaka Lake Lakes Camps, where the Scouts of the city spend their vacation, a ceremony will be observed by the entire number of 2,000 Scouts at 4:30 P. M. At that time all will stand at attention while the funeral salute to the President, consisting of twenty-one guns at one minute intervals, is fired. After taps has been blown, each camp will plant a tree in memory of the occasion.

Girl Scouts throughout the nation at 200 encampments today will honor the memory of President Harding at special military services. Mrs. Harding is Honorary President of the organization. A salute of twenty-one guns will be fired by the girls at Camp Andree, the National Girl Scouts Camp at Briarcliff Manor, N. Y.

Theatres to Close.

In the theatres the day will be marked by the closing of every vaudeville and motion picture house in the city this afternoon, and the shutting down of the legitimate theatres tonight. In a letter to Augustus Thomas yesterday Florenz Ziegfeld suggested that even the electric signs in front of the theatres should be turned out tonight, so it will probably be a darkened Broadway that will observe the late President's funeral day.

There will be services at the Plaza Theatre, at Madison Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Senator Royal S. Copeland of Brooklyn will deliver the eulogy and the theatre will be open to the public. There will also be public services at the Rialto Theatre at 1 o'clock. Here Senator James J. Walker will speak. Another memorial service for theatrical people and the public will begin at noon at the Palace Theatre.

The Motion Picture Theatre Owners of the City of New York yesterday adopted a resolution asking that all film theatres in New York remain closed until 6 o'clock. Placards appeared outside nearly all the theatres last night announcing the closing.

The attractions at Luna Park, Coney Island, will not be opened to the public until 5 o'clock this evening. It was announced that only such routine work as was essential to the operation of the park would be done during the day.

Tributes From Industries.

Most of the important industries, through their trade associations, yesterday paid tribute to the memory of President Harding in resolutions. These organizations, not including those already mentioned on previous days, were the National Council of American Importers and Traders, whose Directors held a special meeting at the Hotel Pennsylvania; the Hide and Leather Association of New York City and vicinity, the Dairymen's League Co-Operative Association, the Stationers' Association of New York, the Real Estate Board of New York and hundreds of kindred organizations. The National Council of Traveling Salesmen's Associations will hold a memorial meeting at noon in the mezzanine auditorium of the Hotel Pennsylvania.

At about the time the bronze coffin containing the body of the late President is being lowered into its grave two buglers of THE NEW YORK TIMES Band will blow taps in Times Square. The funeral services will be held in Marion, Ohio, at 3 P. M. Central standard time (5 P. M. Eastern daylight saving time), without pomp or military display of any sort. In New York at 5 P. M., Walfred Widell and Clarence J. Reynolds of THE NEW YORK TIMES Band will take a position on the north end of The Times Building and sound "Taps" in the direction of the four points of the compass, north, east, south and west.

Services on Ships at Sea.

When the Transatlantica Italiana liner Dante Alighieri, which will arrive here Aug. 18 from Naples, reaches the Azores at 4 P. M. Eastern Standard Time this afternoon, according to officials of the line, the ship's officers, headed by their commander, Captain Vincent Romano, will be assembled on deck, remaining at salute for ten minutes, during which time the vessel will come to a dead stop. The ship's ensign will be lowered to the deck and then raised to half-mast. Sixteen hundred and eighty-five passengers, including, 1,340 immigrants traveling steerage, will be requested by officials of the ship to maintain a complete silence while the Dante Alighieri's engines are still, as a tribute to the late President.

Officials of the Cunard line announced that impressive memorial services were held on the Berengaria yesterday. The saloon lounge of the vessel was draped for the services, which were attended by 402 cabin passengers. The service was conducted by the Rev. Dr. A. C. Dixon, late pastor of Spurgeon's Tabernacle, London.

Dr. Dixon was assisted by the Rev. Dr. Cornelius Woelfkin of the Park Avenue Baptist Church and the Rev. Dr. George Kettel of Rochester Seminary. A similar service was also held on deck in the open air for third-class passengers. The Berengaria is due to arrive this afternoon between 4 and 5 o'clock.

The officers of the White Star liner Majestic, which docked at Pier 59, North River, foot of West Nineteenth Street, Wednesday, will pay homage to the memory of President Harding by dipping the British ensign on the ship's stern staff and standing at salute at 5 P. M.

Two requiem masses will be said today on the Italian liner Conte Verdi, which sailed from New York yesterday.

Among the harbor craft which will pay tribute at the hour of the late President's burial are the boats of the Iron Steamboat Company plying between New York, Coney Island and Rockaway Beach, which will be stopped for ten minutes, according to Fred A. Bishop, President of the Iron Steamboat Company. Mr. Bishop said the ship's bell, used only in time of fog, will be tolled at five-second intervals.

Ceremonies at Ellis Island.

The Ellis Island Detention Station will be closed today. Commissioner Henry H. Curran announced yesterday that more than 1,600 immigrants detained at the island would attend special memorial services in the detention station chapel between 8 and 11 this morning. A solemn requiem mass will be said by the Catholic chaplain, during which many of the Catholic immigrants at the service will offer up Holy Communion for the repose of the soul of the late President. Immediately following the mass, memorial services will be read by the Protestant chaplain, and later a rabbi will conduct services for the Jewish aliens.

The trains of the Staten Island Rapid Transit Company will come to a stop for one minute at 5:05, and the municipal trolley cars and the lines of the Richmond Light and Railroad Company will stop for two minutes at the same hour.

5,000 at Brooklyn Meeting.

Brooklyn citizens of all races and creeds have been asked to gather in the Metropolitan Theatre on Fulton Street, Brooklyn, this afternoon, at 3 o'clock to pay homage to the late President. The meeting will be held under the auspices of the Federation of Churches. More than 5,000 persons are expected to attend.

The theatre orchestra will play religious music and the assemblage will join in singing hymns. Selected members of the Federation of Churches' choir will sing the dead Executive's favorite religious musical selections.

Prominent clergymen will lead in prayer and speak in eulogy of President Harding, among them the Rev. John W. Langdale of the New York Avenue Methodist Church, the Rev. Howard Melish of the Holy Trinity Church, the Rev. E. W. Vanaken of the Kenilworth Baptist Church and the Rev. Belden Hart of St. Paul's Congregational Church.

At Fort Hamilton, Brooklyn, a salute of twenty-one guns will be fired at noon today for the late President Harding. Thereafter until after the funeral one gun will be fired every hour. Colonel Edward Wagner, Commandant at the fort, will be in charge of the services there.

John Louw Nelson, composer and singer, on receipt of the news of the death of President Harding last Friday, wrote a musical setting of Tennyson's poem "Crossing the Bar," and sang it that night at his concert at Bainbridge, N. Y. This evening he will sing the song at the memorial service to President Harding which will be broadcast from Schenectady (WGY), Irving Bacheller suggested that Mr. Nelson compose the setting to this poem shortly after Mr. Nelson wrote his musical setting of "In Flanders Fields."

Services in Nearby Towns.

The day of mourning for President Harding will be celebrated with fitting ceremonies in the cities and towns which surround New York, according to plans announced yesterday.

At Mitchel Field, air service squadrons will parade at 10 A. M. A brief address by Major William Hensley, commanding officer, will be followed by an invocation by Chaplain Willis T. Howard. At noon the Presidential salute of 21 guns will be fired. The same procedure will be followed at other army posts near the city. At noon, daylight saving time, Major Junius W. Jones will fly with George C. Tellyou, President of the Coney Island Board of Trade, to drop 25 carnations on the school hall of the Church of Our Lady of Solace, at Eighth Street, near Surf Avenue, Coney Island, where a memorial service will be held.

Southern Westchester County, including Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, Bronxville, Pelham, North Pelham, Yonkers and surrounding communities will hold memorial services in churches and theatres for President Harding.

Golf courses at Westchester Clubs will not be opened to players during the day, and motion picture houses will give preformances only in the evening.

From Trenton it was announced that the New Jersey State Highway Commission had ordered all work on State highway projects suspended today. It was at first decided to stop work for ten minutes only, at the hour of the burial, but this was changed when Attorney General McCran ruled that the day was a legal holiday.

Public memorial services will be held at Elizabeth. All stores in that city will be closed and church memorial services will be held.

At Newark it was announced that emergency and chartered buses in operation during the strike of 6,000 trolleymen of the Public Service Corporation of New Jersey, would be halted for two minutes at 5 o'clock this afternoon.

AUTOS RUSH TO MARION.

Cars on Way to Funeral Stretch Out for Eighty Miles.

LIMA, Ohio, Aug. 9.—City officials estimate that automobiles on the way to the Harding funeral stretch out to a distance of eighty miles from Marion. Cars are running two and three abreast and there is not a break of more than ten feet for many miles.

The caravan is being constantly augmented by cars from several directions, all converging on the "Harding Highway" to the West. Fifteen miles an hour is the speed limit.

Plan Overflow Services Near Abbey.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—So great has been the demand from Americans for seats in Westminster Abbey at tomorrow's memorial service for President Harding that it has been arranged to open St. Margaret's Church, which adjoins the Abbey, for the accommodation of those who wish to pay their respect to the late President but who cannot obtain seats in the Abbey. A service similar to that at Westminster will be held in St. Margaret's. The American Chamber of Commerce in London requested all American firms to close for the day and has been notified by many of them of their intentions to comply with the request.

Home State Is Proud of Coolidge.

BOSTON, Aug. 9.—The Massachusetts Chamber of Commerce sent the following telegram to the President today:

"May we express our sympathy for your personal loss in the death of the late President and our sincere best wishes as you assume the nation's leadership. Throughout Massachusetts is universal gratitude that in the hour of need our democracy has brought to the great office of president an exemplification in your person of true Americanism. Please accept these assurances of our absolute

RECALLS STRUGGLES OF YOUNG HARDING

Old Employe of Marion Star, Watching Funeral Cortege, Tells Reminiscences.

LENT PAY TO GET OUT PAPER

Relates How Late President Choked When Newspaper Crew Presented Gold Make-Up Rule.

MARION, Ohio, Aug. 9 (Associated Press).—As the funeral cortége of President Harding today passed the office of The Marion Star, where he spent the best years of his life in building up that newspaper, and where he was known only as "W. G.," there was one man above all others who had a heavy heart.

This man had been with Mr. Harding for thirty-seven years, entering his employ shortly after he purchased "The Pebble," a tiny newspaper and the first newspaper enterprise of Mr. Harding. This man, Lewis Miller, had helped Mr. Harding set type, wash the rollers of the presses, even sometimes collect a bad debt, of which there were many in the early days of the Pebble.

Mr. Miller today related how many times "W. G." had called him into the dingy office on the second floor of a small building still standing at Center and State Streets to say:

"Lew, I haven't enough money to get the paper for this week's issue out of the office (it always came C. O. D. in those days), can you loan me your week's salary?"

Mr. Miller always was ready to forego his week's pay check in order to help out the "boss."

After The Pebble was merged into The Star, Mr. Miller continued in Mr. Harding's employ and today is still working on The Star, although he is now more than 70 years of age.

It was Mr. Miller who, on the night of Nov. 2, 1920, headed a small delegation of Star employes which called on the President-elect to congratulate him and present to him a gold makeup rule.

Mr. Harding, visibly affected by the presentation, started to express his thanks, but halted and only finished with the assistance of a pocket handkerchief.

"Fellow-members of The Star," he began and choked, and as tears rolled down his cheeks, he began again:

"You and I have been associated together for many years," he said. "I know you and you know me, and you know that I wouldn't cheat you. I am about to be called to a position of great responsibility. I have been on the square with all the world."

Turning to Mr. Miller, he continued: "There is my old friend Miller, the oldest employe on the Star. Thirty-six years we have been together and sometimes those years have been thorny. Sometimes Miller has drawn his pay so that I had to borrow from my own mother. Sometimes the next morning I have had to borrow back from Miller the pay he drew the day before.

"Thank you for your call," he ended and choked once more. "I appreciate your coming more than I can tell you. Tomorrow or Thursday I hope to find time to come down to the Star once more and greet you all again."

And the next day Mr. Harding went to the Star office.

FOUND INSPIRATION IN HARDING SACRIFICE

Head of Engineering Societies Points to 12-Hour Stand, as Mark of His Sympathy.

Dean Mortimer E. Cooley of the University of Michigan, President of the American Federated Engineering Societies, in a tribute to President Harding yesterday declared that the late President's keen understanding of the problems of industry and his deep human sympathy urged him on in his efforts to abolish the twelve-hour day.

"The engineers of the United States, both individually and collectively, sense a great national loss through the death of their President, Warren G. Harding," said Dean Cooley. "They are grieved as is the heart of the nation. They have appreciated the sense of fairness, the spirit of good-will and the devoted public service of the lamented President.

"They have been conscious of his understanding of and concern in serious economic and industrial problems of unemployment, transportation, coal production and Government reorganization. The efforts that he made in relation to the twelve-hour shift in the steel industry have had a far-reaching effect and stand as a mark of his human sympathy.

"The lending of his moral support to the work of the engineering profession, his quiet and self-effacing manner and his utter sacrifice of self for the interests of the nation have been a source of inspiration and of stimulation to the engineers in their desire and endeavor to render an essential public service.

"The engineers of America pledge their loyalty and support to President Coolidge, to whom they look with confidence as their new leader in movements in which engineers can render wholehearted service for the public good."

Boston Newsboys Mourn Harding.

BOSTON, Aug. 9.—Every newsboy in Boston today wore a black badge inscribed, "In Memory of President Harding," who had endeared himself to them through his active interest in the unveiling at the Brookline Town Hall in 1921 of a memorial to Albert Edward Scott, a newsboy known as "Scotty," who was killed in service in France.

LLOYD GEORGE CALLS HARDING STRONG RULER

Welsh Eisteddfod, at His Suggestion, Sings a Funeral Hymn and Votes Condolence.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—At the Welsh National Eisteddfod at Mold this afternoon Lloyd George, former Premier, who presided, referred in his speech to the death of President Harding. At his invitation the whole audience, numbering 12,000 people, rose and, joined by the crowds which thronged outside the huge pavilion, sang a mournful Welsh funeral hymn.

Mr. Lloyd George spoke of President Harding as "one of the strongest men who ever governed a country."

The London Times correspondent says: "The people of the northern countries of Wales are regarded as less demonstrative than those of the southern districts, but the hymn sent a wave of fervor and semi-mysticism sweeping through the pavilion. It is seldom that anything so impressive is heard as massed singing inspired as this was inspired."

At the suggestion of Mr. Lloyd George a resolution was proposed by the Arch Druid that this assembly of 12,000 Welsh people, met in the National Eisteddfod, express their sympathy with the great republic in its loss, and with the late President's widow, and pray for the blessing of God on the great republic in the important change that had taken place.

This resolution was carried.

Mr. Lloyd George attended in the evening a reception to the overseas visitors to the Eisteddfod. In a speech to the delegates he said he had always thought that the best nucleus of a League of Nations would be the co-operation of the United States.

"We know," he added, "how the heart of the dominions beats and throbs and we also know what the great democracy of the West is thinking in its hour of sorrow. I am very hopeful that these great peoples will come together in one common understanding to save the world from that menace which, like a dark cloud, is hanging over the destiny of mankind. Together we can dispel that cloud."

In conclusion Mr. Lloyd George said: "I believe that in the coming together of the same stock in America and our dominions and in their standing for the principles of peace and goodwill you will find a silver lining that will dispel the dark cloud and you will have a brighter, better world for children of men in the future."

HOW MRS. COOLIDGE FIRST SAW WHITE HOUSE

As a School Teacher She Stopped to View Gold Piano and Was Asked to 'Step On.'

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—"Please step on," said a White House policeman to Miss Grace Goodhue of Vermont, eighteen years ago, when she paused to examine the gold grand piano in the East Room.

She has "stepped on." Soon she will go to the White House again, not as a visitor but as mistress of the mansion and the gold piano.

The first visit of the present Mrs. Calvin Coolidge was made as a tourist in Washington on an Easter trip with several other young school teachers in New England.

They were "doing" the White House, like hundreds of other visitors. It was in the Roosevelt administration, when policemen were numerous about the White House and loitering within or without the mansion was discouraged.

The gold piano was new, a gift to the White House, not to any person. It was made to order by a famous firm with the shield of each State in colored enamel, forming a high relief all about the gold case. The American eagle is conventionalized to form the legs, which are in two tones of gold.

The young woman from Vermont had never seen anything like it and naturally she wanted to see it closer. Her friends had passed into the hall as she lingered to study the instrument, and then the guardian of the room issued his polite command to step on.

On returning to Washington on March 4, 1921, as the wife of the Vice President, the former Miss Goodhue made her second visit to the White House, where the piano of her youthful memories still held a place of honor in the East Room. Mrs. Coolidge then told the story of her former visit and her infringement of the rules.

POLICE SEIZE PLACARDS WHICH ASSAIL COOLIDGE

Ban Ordered on Advertising of Article in The Nation on Boston Police Strike.

The police last night were instructed to take down all placards they might come upon advertising an article in the current issue of The Nation entitled "Calvin Coolidge, Made by a Myth."

This action was taken after Patrolman Martin J. Mitchell of the East Fifty-first Street police station saw such a placard placed behind the window grilling of the Central Park Riding Academy in Fifty-ninth Street, east of Fifth Avenue. The man got away before Mitchell had completed reading the placard.

The article in The Nation purports to show that it was not President Coolidge, then Governor of Massachusetts, who was responsible for quelling the police strike in Boston for which he has received credit.

FLIES FAST WITH FILMS.

Stinson Goes From Here to Chicago in 7 Hours 40 Minutes.

CHICAGO, Aug. 9.—Eddie Stinson, the aviator who a few weeks ago made the first non-stop flight by night from Chicago to New York, arrived today from New York at 2:20 P. M., Central Standard Time, with 400 pounds of plate and film of the President Harding funeral ceremonies in Washington.

Stinson established what is believed to be a new world's record flight with that weight. His flying time was 7 hours 40 minutes.

MOVE TO NOMINATE COOLIDGE IN 1924

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

Illinois was a luncheon guest of the President today. There was no political significance in his visit.

"Every real American," said former Governor Lowden, "should do everything in his or her power to make the Coolidge Administration a success."

Diplomatic Corps Received.

The Diplomatic Corps was received by the President in the Crystal Room of the New Willard at noon—the first time such a reception has ever been held outside the White House. The diplomats were presented by Colonel Sherrill, the President's aide, and Third Assistant Secretary of State Jay Butler White.

General Pershing, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Wadsworth and Senators Shipstead of Minnesota, Sheppard of Texas and Curtis of Kansas, were among others who called on President Coolidge today.

The President enjoyed another early stroll this morning. He left the New Willard at 6:30 o'clock, accompanied by two secret service men. He was gone for nearly an hour and covered more than four miles, getting back ready for work by 8 o'clock.

Coolidge Hears Extra Session Views.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—Diverse views regarding the necessity for an extra session of Congress were expressed today by Senator Shipstead, Farmer-Labor, of Minnesota, and Representative John M. Nelson, Republican, of Wisconsin, at separate conferences with President Coolidge.

Senator Shipstead urged the President to call Congress at once to enact agricultural relief measures. Representative Nelson, although emphasizing the needs of agriculture, said an extra session would be of no service at this time.

President Coolidge accepted today the Presidency of the American Red Cross, an office always held by Presidents of the United States.

Indications that Major James F. Coupal of the Army Medical Corps might be the next personal physician to the President were strengthened today by the announcement that he would accompany Mr. Coolidge to Marion for the Harding funeral. Major Coupal has attended the new Executive since he came to Washington as Vice President.

GERMAN JUDGE PUTS HOPE IN COOLIDGE

Schuecking, Temporary Member of the World Court, Is Anxious for Us to Join.

SAYS ALL EUROPE SUFFERS

He Feels That Germany Would Be Better Off If We Had Ratified Treaty.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Aug. 9.—The World Court and the whole of the Netherlands has been anxiously waiting to hear what policy President Coolidge would adopt. An outline of Mr. Coolidge's program cabled here today stating that the new President would support the World Court has been received with the greatest interest.

After a public sitting of the Court I met Professor Walter Schücking, the first German Judge to sit with the tribunal, who is now on the bench in the Wimbledon case, but has often attended other sittings as an observer. He inquired eagerly about the policy of the new President, expressing the ardent hope that Mr. Coolidge would take a more active part in European affairs and thus help dispel the political and economic cloud hanging over the Continent. Professor Schücking is seriously disturbed over the aloofness of the United States.

"From an abstract viewpoint we considered it a success that the United States did not ratify the Versailles peace treaty," he said. "In practical politics, however, Germany's position would probably be much more favorable and much misfortune would have been averted if the United States had been involved in the actual carrying out of the peace treaty. America would have represented an element occupied only with the speedy upbuilding of Europe and not with questions of self-interest.

Germany Wants Our Help.

"All Europe is suffering from this policy of aloofness by the United States from European questions, but none so much as the defeated and disarmed powers. America's complete isolation from European affairs had proved disastrous for Europe. Surely the United States is also involved in the way of economic interdependence. There is a certain solidarity of interests for the whole of humanity even if a country like the United States because of its internal economic structure is less concerned with interdependent world economics.

"America has a certain solidarity of ideals and mutual interests with Europe. It surely cannot be that humane and fair-minded American citizens are indifferent as to whether Europe finally obtains a real peace or not."

Professor Schücking then spoke about the World Court, having now had time and opportunity to study it at close range, for he has seen three cases before the Court during his sojourn at The Hague.

"I regard the World Court as showing great progress for humanity," he said. "It is considerably more than the former court of arbitration, because in an arbitration court the Judges are selected for single cases, while the Judges of the World Court are elected for all cases for a term of years and are therefore quite independent of parties."

Professor Schücking regretted that the Court had not yet obtained compulsory jurisdiction. The Court's function of giving advisory opinions to the League of Nations he considered most valuable.

Expects League Bond to Continue.

Speaking of the plan discussed in the United States of separating the Court from the League, he said:

"A complete cutting of the bonds now uniting the League and the World Court I consider absolutely impossible for political reasons. The League is composed of thirty-two States, not counting other States which have announced their intention of joining. The League will never abandon its organ, the World Court, it being the best thing which the League has yet achieved. The League will, therefore, not renounce its right of nominating Judges for the Court.

"Another question would be, of course, a possible organic attachment of the United States to the World Court without membership in the League. A parallel instance to this is Germany's membership in the International Labor Bureau at Geneva, which also came into being through the League. Germany's membership was provided for in the statues in spite of non-membership in the League.

"If, however, one wanted to make of the World Court an institution in which America took part without joining the League, then the League covenant would have to be changed—a change almost as difficult as changing the United States Constitution.

Germany's Entrance Predicted.

"In my opinion America's joining the Court would undoubtedly be a great asset. I do not believe that Germany will be faced with the same problem as the United States. I assume that within a short time those politicians who have fought diligently for Germany's membership in the League will succeed."

Professor Schücking is well known for his book on the League Covenant. He is also scheduled to lecture at the International Academy of Law on the League.

The World Court judgment in the Wimbledon case is expected next week.

Discussing the list of candidates presented to the League for the vacancy caused by the death of Judge Barbosa of Brazil, the Nieuwe Rotterdamsche Courant says that the League Council and Assembly have a sufficiently large choice among twenty-nine candidates, but must first decide whether they prefer to elect one of the Deputy Judges as a permanent Judge, as three Deputy Judges are candidates, a Norwegian, a Serbian and a Chinese. If the League considers the promotion of a Deputy Judge unnecessary it must then decide if the Barbosa vacancy is to be filled by a South American. The paper remarks that the former enemy States of Bulgaria, Hungary and Austria all presented nationals as candidates. No nation may have more than one Judge on the Court.

"HIT" BY TRAIN, VANISHES.

Police Think Negro Who Leaped to Subway Tracks Escaped Death.

A crowd awaiting trains in the subway station at 125th Street and Lenox Avenue last evening probably still are telling of a negro, who, apparently killed beneath the wheels of an express train, vanished.

There was another negro in the case, but he, too, disappeared, although in no such unusual circumstances. It seemed that it all started over an argument between the two negroes. A fight appeared to be imminent when one broke away with the other at his heels.

They ran down the stairs to the southbound subway platform. The one in the lead leaped to the tracks and hopped the third rail to the northbound tracks just as a Bronx express arrived.

Motorman Edward Schmitt of 331 East 155th Street saw the man and applied the emergency brakes but the train slid half way into the station before it stopped. Schmitt was almost positive he had struck the negro and was sure that he was under the first car.

Power on the northbound tracks was turned off and reserves from the West 123d Street station, with platform guards and train crew searched for twenty minutes but found no trace of the negro. The police believe he escaped death and ran out of the station.

AID'S SHIFT STARTS WHITE HOUSE TALE

Major Baldinger Not Removed, but Sent to Marion to Assist Mrs. Harding.

STAFF IS LEFT UNCHANGED

Coolidges Wish the Whole Establishment to Be at the Widow's Disposal.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—Surprise and regret were expressed here this afternoon over reports reaching this city from Marion and widely circulated, intimating that the Coolidge Administration was taking quick steps to make changes in the establishment left over from the Harding régime. The chief of these rumors, that Major Ora M. Baldinger, a personal friend of the Hardings, had already been detached as a White House aid caused much comment until it was found that Major Baldinger had been merely temporarily relieved so that he could be at Mrs. Harding's personal convenience as long as she wished.

Statements were made here that when Major Baldinger reached Washington with the Harding funeral train, he learned for the first time that he had been separated from the White House. This seemed particularly painful, for years ago he came under Mrs. Harding's attention when he was a newsboy in Marion, and she the business manager of her husband's newspaper. There is a strong friendship between them, and Major Baldinger has been one of Mrs. Harding's strong supports since her husband's death.

Before the funeral train arrived here last Tuesday night, Colonel C. O. Sherrill, Chief Military Aid at the White House and also Superintendent of Public Buildings and Grounds, wrote a letter to Major Baldinger, saying that the officer would be relieved temporarily from his regular duty so that he could be at the personal convenience of Mrs. Harding. The Major is attached to the office of Colonel Sherrill in the Colonel's capacity as Superintendent of Public Buildings and Grounds, and was formerly in command of the park policemen throughout the District of Columbia. About a year ago Mrs. Harding asked that he be detailed to the White House to take charge of the reorganized police force there. With this assignment he became a Junior Military Aid at the Executive Mansion, and it was said tonight by Colonel Sherrill's staff that he was still in that position.

Weart Temporarily Assigned.

After Colonel Sherrill wrote the letter to Major Baldinger it was necessary for some one to take over the Major's duties while he was in attendance on Mrs. Harding. Colonel Sherrill temporarily gave this work to Major Douglas L. Weart, who is his chief assistant in the office of Public Buildings and Grounds. The rumor spread that Major Baldinger had been practically "thrown out" of the White House, to be supplanted by Major Weart.

On the other hand, it was definitely stated tonight that while Major Weart may retain Major Baldinger's duties until Mrs. Harding no longer needs him, Major Weart will return to his regular assignment in the office of Public Buildings and Grounds on Saturday of this week. He and Colonel Sherrill went to Marion tonight with the Coolidge train.

Statements that Major Baldinger had been relieved from White House duty without the consent of the Secretary of War," were answered by other statements that the relief was only temporary and did not require the Secretary's approval. No matter what his reason, Colonel Sherrill had authority to transfer or reassign his staff, it was said. As it turned out, his motive was to aid Mrs. Harding.

Colonel Sherrill, who was Chief Military Aid to President Harding, has been reappointed to that post under President Coolidge and was asked by the new President to assist in making the arrangements for Mr. Harding's funeral.

Stories such as the one that Major Baldinger was summarily dismissed have caused deep regret to those surrounding Mr. Coolidge. As a matter of fact the only four children were in bed with whooping cough and she was unable to leave them to go to comfort her husband.

Mr. Hartigan, she said, went out about 9 o'clock in the evening for a walk. The next she heard was when the police telephoned that he had been arrested.

Mr. Hartigan, who is 42 years old, was arrested near Eighteenth Street and Sixth Avenue by Patrolman McDonald of the West Thirtieth Street Station, on complaint of A. Tsacalo, proprietor of a novelty and cigar store at 63 West Eighteenth Street. Shortly after 11 o'clock, Carlo said, he closed his store and took a walk. Half an hour later, as he returned, he saw a man come from the entrance and walk toward Sixth Avenue.

Reaching the front of his store, Tsacalo added, he noticed that the large plate glass window had been scratched. Tsacalo told McDonald who ran after the man and saw him ascending the stairs of the Sixth Avenue "L" station at Eighteenth Street.

As the patrolman approached the man descended the stairs on the opposite side of the station. He was attempting to board a Sixth Avenue surface car when McDonald arrested him. While the prisoner was walking toward the surface car, according to the police, he dropped a small red box which was found to contain a glass cutter. McDonald said he found a blackjack in the prisoner's clothing and in a shopping bag which he carried were several pieces of crockery. Hartigan said he had purchased the crockery to add to a collection of antiques.

When asked about the blackjack and the glass cutter Mrs. Hartigan said her husband never had had a glass cutter and that she supposed the "blackjack" was a "German police whip" which Mr. Hartigan had obtained along with several other novelties from Germany because he thought his health was improving and he was thinking of trying to build up a mail order business in a small way.

When the war started Mr. Hartigan took charge under Mayor Mitchel of the fight to keep food prices in New York from soaring to famine figures. He won general commendation for the success of his efforts in that direction and became widely known as an expert on food handling and marketing. He was associated in the work with the late George W. Perkins who headed the Mayor's committee. Mr. Hartigan resigned to resume the practice of law.

TANKER PROBABLY LOST WITH CREW OF 30 MEN

Wreckage of the Swiftstar Found North of Colon—Icebox Contains Body of Man.

PANAMA, Aug. 9 (Associated Press.)—Drifting wreckage, bearing the name of the American tanker Swiftstar, has been found 250 miles north of Colon and fears are expressed here that the vessel, with her crew of thirty men, has been lost at sea. The water near the wreckage was oil-stained.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 9.—A radio message from Tampico tonight said an icebox with the word "Swiftstar" stenciled on it and containing the body of a man, believed to be that of a member of the crew, had been washed ashore on St. Andrew's Island, 300 miles north of Colon, in the Caribbean Sea.

CROSSES OF LIGHT IN MANY SKYSCRAPERS

Unique Tribute to the Memory of the Dead President Seen by Thousands.

As darkness settled down upon the city last night an impressive tribute to the memory of President Harding blazed forth from the lofty buildings all over the city. High above the streets and visible for miles, as part of New York's testimonial, huge crosses of light sprang up against the black background of the tall buildings, a spectacle that was viewed by thousands in this city, New Jersey, Staten Island and Brooklyn.

The tribute to the memory of the late Chief Executive was inspired by the Building Managers' and Owners' Association. It was the first time in the history of the city that such a form was employed to indicate the city's mourning for a public official.

From the Battery to the uptown sections of the city the crosses of light shone. They were most spectacular downtown, where the streets were darkened at the close of the business day.

Running almost the entire length of the buildings on which they were formed, with cross-arms stretching almost across the front of the structures, the lighted crosses carried their message of sorrow to excursion steamers and ferryboats in the bay, and twinkled across the water to the Jersey shore, where they could easily be seen.

Down the front of the Whitehall Building at 17 Battery Place, facing Battery Park and the bay, stretched a huge cross whose tree was formed of the lights in offices on twenty-five floors, two windows wide, and whose crossarm stretched the length of twenty window across the building. The arm was two floors in width.

The Singer Building at 149 Broadway had four crosses, one on each side of the building. They were set high up on the building, being seven stories tall and four windows wide at the crossarm. The crosses could be seen for miles.

Trinity churchyard was faced on three sides by hugh crosses formed on the sides of the buildings that hem it in. On the south was 73 Broadway, with a big cross facing north; on the west was a cross on the building at 2 Rector Street. On the east of the graveyard, was a cross facing north on the building at 111 Broadway. The cross extended for seventeen stories on the building and its crossarm was formed by twenty windows along the width of the skyscraper.

The Sinclair Oil Building at 55 Liberty Street had two crosses, one facing east and the other west. The Hudson Terminal Buildings at 30 and 50 Church Street had a huge cross on the rear of each of the twin buildings.

One of the most spectacular crosses was that on the Corn Exchange Bank Building at 7 East Forty-second Street, which was formed of a tree that was only one window wide, running down the entire length of the eleven-story building, and a crossarm one window wide running along an upper floor.

The Liggett Building on the northeast corner of Forty-second Street and Madison Avenue had a cross extending the entire length and width of the twelve-story building.

On the Candler Building, 220 West Forty-second Street, twenty-two stories in height, the tree of the cross ran the whole length of the building with the crossarm at the twelfth floor. Other large buildings were similarly illuminated.

JOSEPH HARTIGAN HELD AS BURGLAR

Ex-Commissioner of Weights and Measures Had Suffered a Nervous Breakdown.

Joseph Hartigan of 239 West 230th Street who was Commissioner of Weights and Measures under the late Mayor Mitchel and one of the best known members of that Mayor's official family was arrested late last night on a charge of attempted burglary. Lodged in a cell in the West Thirtieth Street station Mr. Hartigan vehemently denied that he was guilty of wrongdoing.

His wife said early this morning that Mr. Hartigan had suffered a nervous breakdown two years ago and had been unable to continue the practice of law which he had resumed when he quit the city's service. She added that their four children were in bed with whooping cough and she was unable to leave them to go to comfort her husband.

Mr. Hartigan, she said, went out about 9 o'clock in the evening for a walk. The next she heard was when the police telephoned that he had been arrested.

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1 DEAD, 1 WOUNDED IN THEATRE HOLD-UP

Unidentified Man Slain, Manager of Broadway Film House Shot as Bandits Fail.

KILLING MYSTIFIES POLICE

Unable to Determine if Victim Was Robber—Audience Searched for Suspects.

J. Alton Bradbury, 45 years old, proprietor of the Olympia Theatre in Broadway, between 106th and 107th Streets, was wounded seriously and an unidentified man was shot to death at 10:15 o'clock last night when two holdup men attempted a raid upon Bradbury's office in the theatre building, where he had counted the night's receipts. The dead man was believed by the police to be one of the hold-up men, as a white handkerchief remained around his neck when he was found unconscious in the theatre. The police were puzzled, however, as to how he was shot.

Bradbury had carried the receipts of the theatre, more than $1,500, to his office, on the second floor of the building, admittance to which is gained from the street as well as from the theatre. He counted the money and was returning to the theatre to put it for the night in the theatre's safe. At the landing on the second floor, according to the story told the police, two men leaped out and pointed pistols at Bradbury's head.

"Throw up your hands!" one of these men commanded. Bradbury refused and continued down the stairs. Then, according to the police, one of the men opened fire on him, the bullet striking him in the right side. Bradbury tottered, but did not fall, and was staggering down the stairs when another man entered the building.

"I'm shot!" Bradbury gasped as the man who entered the building started up the stairs. "Two hold-up men are up there."

Fusillade of Shots Heard.

The stranger ran up the stairs, according to detectives, as Bradbury ran into Broadway. When he reached the sidewalk Bradbury fell and was picked up by passers by. Then a fusilade of shots was heard from the second floor landing. Five or six shots were fired.

Employes of the theatre who ran into the street relieved their employer of the money bag which he still was carrying. Anton W. Sulzbacher of 150 West 104th Street took Bradbury to St. Luke's Hospital in his automobile. The shots had attracted a large crowd, and a policemen, arriving at the scene was told by Sulzbacher that a man thought to have been one of the hold-up men had entered the theatre.

Arthur Himelock, of 238 West 106th Street, Assistant Manager of the Olympia, who went to the second floor of the theatre, found a man lying on the landing, unconscious. He was bleeding from a bullet wound in the chest. Tied about his neck was a white handkerchief, which it appeared had been used as a mask, and near him was a 25 calibre automatic pistol. Three empty shells from this pistol lay on the floor.

Himelock told the police of his discovery and the unconscious man was started for Knickerbocker Hospital in an ambulance. He died on the way. At the hospital detectives who examined the body and searched the man's clothing found an envelope addressed to Robert Lusk, 100 West 110th Street. Detectives went to that address, where they learned that a man of that name lived there, but they were unable to find any of his relatives.

Detectives with flashlights, meanwhile, went through the audience within the theatre in search of the man Sulzbacher said he had seen entering the theatre. The detectives detained several suspects, whom they took to the West 100th Street station to be questioned. They also took six witnesses to the police station.

What became of the man who passed Bradbury on the stairs could not be learned. The police think that the dead man was shot either by a comrade who became excited and fired his pistol at random or that he was the victim of the man who entered the building as Bradbury left it. Detectives early this morning inclined to the latter theory, as it was said that the serics of shots were not heard until after Bradbury had made his appearance in the street.

Great Confusion in Broadway.

There was great confusion in Broadway. A cordon of reserves was thrown about the block and a crowd of curious gathered outside the police lines. Lieutenant Patrick Curley of the West 100th Street Station, in charge of detectives, sent several of his men to St. Luke's Hospital to get Bradbury's story, while others went to Knickerbocker Hospital to examine the clothing of the dead man. Inspector Coughlin, fifteen minutes later, took charge of the detectives and directed the search for the second robber. Deputy Chief Inspector Cahalane also took part in directing the search.

At the West 100th Street Station it was said that the three suspects had been detained there in the hope that employes of the theatre might identify one of them as one of the hold-up men.

About 1,500 persons were in the theatre when the shooting occurred. There was no excitement, as the shots reached the audience sitting in the rear rows only as muffled reports. It was not until the detectives entered with flashlights and a spotlight was thrown on the audience from the projection room above that the audience awoke to the fact that something unusual had occurred.

GIRL DEAD, 13 HURT IN ODD BUS CRASH

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

rescue work, staggered to the side of the road and fell.

The engineer of the concrete mixer powerless to shut off steam from the broken line, could do nothing but wait until the boiler was empty of vapor. By then Miss Reda and two others had been burned so badly that they were unconscious.

Passing automobilists, drawn by the noise of the crash or the screams of the injured, joined Nyack people who came pouring from near-by houses, and as fast as possible first aid was administered to those most severely burned. Meanwhile the alarm had been sent to police headquarters and the Nyack Hospital was notified to prepare to receive an unusual number of emergency cases. All the doctors and nurses available were mustered in a hurry, and one after another the victims were rushed to the hospital.

The occupants of the first bus, after rendering all possible aid to the injured, continued on their journey to New York. Officials of the Christian Herald declared that the driver of the wrecked bus also had returned to New York.

As far as was learned, no arrests were made, but officers at Nyack Police Headquarters said some officials had gone to New City and had obtained warrants for the arrest of two persons.

The home in Upper Nyack is maintained by The Christian Herald, which is published at the Bible House in New York. Many of the visitors were patrons of the enterprise, which annually gives a country outing to children of the city, and others were members of the executive staff or employes of the publication.

The home is on the side of Hook Mountain. Two hundred children now enjoying a brief Summer respite there and the staff of the institution were plunged into deep gloom at news that the day's joyful celebration had ended so tragically.

2 CHILDREN AT PLAY ARE KILLED BY AUTOS

New Jersey Woman, Hit Wednesday by Coney Sightseeing Bus, Dies From Injuries.

Two children were killed by automobiles yesterday and a Brooklyn woman died from injuries received when struck by a sightseeing automobile in Coney Island.

Concetta Garguile, 4, of 367 East 123d Street, was killed while playing in front of her home. The automobile was owned and driven by Angelo Magnetta of 123 East 116th Street, who was arrested on a technical charge of homicide.

While at play in front of 1,380 Plimpton Avenue, the Bronx, yesterday William Bau of 1,452 Boscobel Avenue, was killed by a car driven by George Goltz of 163 West 170th Street. Goltz was locked up in the Kingsbridge station.

Mrs. Jennie Mitchell of 91 Stuyvesant Avenue, Lyndhurst, N. J., died yesterday in the Coney Island Hospital. She was struck by a sightseeing car in Surf Avenue, Coney Island, on Wednesday night. The machine was operated by Alexander Knipple, the police said, and owned by Aaran Asen of 79 East Second Street, Brooklyn.

Edward Joyce of 57 Hubbard Street, Brooklyn, was arrested yesterday as the driver of the motor truck that ran on the sidewalk on West Thirtieth Street near Neptune Avenue, Coney Island, on Wednesday night and killed Sylvia Worman, 4, of 2,816 West Thirtieth Street, Coney Island. Ann Hurtz, of the same age and address, was also injured and is said to be in a critical condition in the Coney Island Hospital. The truck did not stop, according to witnesses. Joyce was held without bail by Magistrate Fowell in Coney Island Court for examination on Wednesday. He pleaded not guilty.

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INTEREST on Deposits computed by the MONTH

A deposit made as late as the third day of any month will draw a full month's interest even if the account is withdrawn the first of the following month. If the account remains until one of our dividend periods — which are January 1st and July 1st—it will draw a larger rate of interest.

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Closed Today IN MEMORIAM

HOST OF CANDIDATES FOR IRISH ELECTION

A Lively Campaign Looms Up as the Dail Is Formally Dissolved.

PRESS PRAISES PARLIAMENT

By Their Courage and Devotion Legislators Have Made Free State Safe, Papers Say.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Aug. 9.—The curtain is being rung down on the first Oireachtas, or Parliament, of the Irish Free State, and the electors tomorrow will be plunged in the midst of a bewildering maze of candidates, representing many parties and interests.

The first Parliament goes out amid a most consoling chorus of eulogium from the Dublin press. The first references to this great event were made last night at a banquet in the Mansion House by President Cosgrave, who paid tribute to his colleagues and said there might have been shortcomings in the Parliament, but he had never found a more generous assembly, or one in which there was so much evidence of genuine criticism and lively effort to do useful, appreciative work for the nation.

In no assembly, he added, were greater sacrifices made than in the Executive Council of the Irish Free State.

Joseph Devlin, another guest, in a speech full of hope said there was no use trying to settle differences by physical force. The tribunal of reason, he said, must be the final court of appeal.

The Irish Times says the Government has good cause to be satisfied with its record, having to its credit one great achievement entitling it to a renewal of national confidence, namely, making the Free State safe for Irish democracy. The paper points out that the most notable work of the Oireachtas was the adoption of the Free State Constitution and the passing of a huge program of necessary laws, which could not have been done had not the majority of the legislators been inured to long suffering, and had not President Cosgrave and the Chief Ministers shown high qualities of industry, fairness and tact.

The Irish Independent, while remarking that the Free State Parliament was not free from faults or immune from adverse criticism, pays tribute to its good work and says:

"The faithful Deputies, who risked their lives interpreting the people's will, did not spare themselves in efforts to secure the full fruits of the treaty." It adds that their record will stand for all time a tribute to their zeal and to the courage of the Ministers and departments.

Like The Irish Times it makes a plea for a better representation of industry and commerce in the next Parliament.

The Freeman's Journal says it marks a memorable chapter in Irish history, which had its dark passages and tragic moments, but it also has to record high courage and stubborn endurance, which augurs well for the future of the Free State.

DUBLIN, Aug. 9 (Associated Press).—The Dail Eircann, Lower House of the Free State Parliament, was dissolved formally today.

President Cosgrave, in his valedictory speech, pointed out that the Dail had passed forty-three acts, and he thanked the Deputies for their unfailing courtesy and the cordial co-operation which they gave the Government in its difficult task.

COUNT PLUNKETT RELEASED

A Republican Leader, He Has Long Fought the Free State.

DUBLIN, Aug. 9 (Associated Press).—Count Plunkett, who was elected a Republican Deputy from Roscommon in the last Dail, was released today from the military internment camp at County Kildare.

He was arrested in April when he was en route with Miss Mary MacSwiney to the funeral of Liam Lynch at Clonmel. No other releases were reported.

Count Plunkett (George Noble Plunkett), an Irish patriot and Sinn Feiner, has been a thorn in the side of the Irish leaders who brought about the Free State ever since the rapprochement with Great Britain began. Until the time of the Easter uprising in 1916 he had been prominent in Irish and English politics, but was best known as a man of high mental attainments, being a member of many scientific and historical associations. His title is a papal one.

He was arrested by the British in connection with the Irish revolt, along with his wife in 1916, but was released and ordered to leave Dublin. He was arrested for the second time a month later, released within a week and rearrested in March, 1918. Again he was released, but was placed under arrest after the Sinn Fein uprising of May, 1918, and not released until the following December.

He was one of the Sinn Fein delegates to the peace conference at Versailles and accompanied the Irish leaders to London to attend the conference on the Irish situation in July, 1921. He was named Minister of Fine Arts in the Cabinet of the "Irish Republic."

In the Dail Eireann he supported the motion to reject the Irish treaty in December, 1921, and in the following August he was one of those who signed the manifesto denouncing the Provisional Government.

In November, 1922, a quantity of explosives was found by Free Staters in a raid on his home. One of his sons, Joseph, was executed by the British and two others were imprisoned.

PROVES WIFE WRONG ONCE.

Paris Clerk Ends a Twenty-Year Argument by Killing Himself.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 9.—Julien Perrinet, a clerk, succeeded today for the first time, after twenty years of married life, in convincing his wife that she was wrong. The lesson cost him his life, but since he deliberately planned it, he evidently thought it well bought.

When Perrinet arrived home for luncheon today the usual discussion arose between him and his wife.

"You are wrong," the woman declared.

"Again?" Perrinet demanded.

"Yes."

"Then you're always right?" the man asked.

"Yes!" the wife exclaimed.

"Very well, we will put an end to your being right," and Perrinet drew a revolver and shot himself twice in the head.

NEGRO CLOSES PARIS CAFE.

License Revoked Following Complaint of Nephew of Dahomey King.

PARIS, Aug. 9.—The police have withdrawn the all-night license of the Montmartre cabaret, whose manager was charged recently by Prince Hajo Tavalou Houenou with assault and battery.

It was alleged by the Prince, who is a nephew of King Behanzin of Dahomey, that the manager expelled him and a negro friend from the establishment because of objections by some of the patrons to the presence of negroes.

WORTH AND PREMET OPEN PARIS SEASON

Both Favor Straight-Line Effect in Costumes—Many Costly Fur Garments Shown.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 9.—The two big fashion houses of Worth and Premet opened this afternoon. Worth shows garments with a straight, unbroken line, with a circular flare at the knees. Plain velour coats trimmed with skunk, badger or dyed rabbit are worn with embroidered dresses.

Short jackets and long coats are featured, the long cape sleeves reaching to the ground. Embroidered and often contrasting material is used. The leading colors are reseda, olive green, with several blues. The principal trimmings are chenille fringe and tassels.

Among many fur wraps a moleskin cape with waistcoat front is especially noted.

The feature of the collection of evening dresses is a sheath line or heavy draped effect. In both cases they are made of metal cloth embroidered with silk flowers or covered with pearl fringe and tracery. Much diamond embroidery is used with fur trimmings. A good model is in gold cloth covered by a ruffle of gold lace beaded and fringed. Detached trains are worn from the end of complicated draped effects, beginning at the shoulders and caught up at the hips under jeweled buckles.

Premet favors a straight line draped up to one side with an unequal hem for all types of costumes. Coats and capes are particularly good, with deep collars tied in a bow in front.

Expensive furs predominate. An effective cape is made with deep bands of black hare and badger, with braid made in long loops of waxed ribbon.

For dresses the usual gored effect is replaced by shirred front panels or several rows of flat shaped ruffles. Plain, straight backs and complicated front, braided or covered with applications of heavy cloth flowers outlined in silver, form the majority of satin gowns.

Evening dresses, principally of velvet trimmed with new velvet lace on metal mesh, predominate. A characteristic gown is of pink and silver cloth embroidered in black beads and jet, with a broad lace sash.

REPORTS LEPROSY CURE FOUND BY AN EGYPTIAN

Paris Doctor Says That a Year of Experimenting Has Proven Its Efficacy.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 9.—An article which the Matin will publish tomorrow says that a young Egyptian doctor has found a cure for leprosy.

After citing a statement made at the recent Medical Congress in Strasbourg that there are 10,000,000 lepers in the world, the author of the Matin article, Dr. Pierre Louis Rehm, reviews the age-old efforts to find a cure and cites the work of Dr. James Hasson of Alexandria, which formed the subject of a communication to the Sorbonne Faculty in 1922.

Subsequent experiments, he says, have given such good results that his preparation, "Amino Arsenophenolo" or "Eparsino," may be regarded as a cure.

This preparation several years ago was used by Dr. Pomeret against syphilis.

FOUR CLIMBERS LOST ON ALPINE PEAK

Priest, Woman and Two Guides Perish on Giant's Needle in France.

CHAMONIX, France, Aug. 9 (Associated Press).—Four persons, two of them Alpine guides, who were ascending the Giant's Needle, were seen falling ing into space by other guides today.

No details of the tragedy were available here, but veteran mountain climbers said there was no hope of finding any of the four alive.

In the party that started out were Father Duquennois, M. and Mme. Charles, and two guides. M. Charles remained at the Giant's Pass and the others, who continued the ascent, are believed to be the four seen falling by the guides here.

URGES NON-ZIONIST AID.

President of Carlsbad Congress Threatens to Resign Office.

CARLSBAD, Aug. 9 (Jewish Telegraph Agency).—A virtual threat that he would lay down his office if the Zionist Congress failed to adopt his policy of obtaining the help of leading non-Zionist forces for the reconstruction task in Palestine was delivered by Dr. Chaim Weizmann, President, at a meeting last night attended only by delegates who belong to none of the opposing factions.

His grounds for wishing to extend the agency were "political as well as financial," Dr. Weizmann said. "The agency affords the desired opportunity of gaining the co-operation of world Jewry," he continued. "I am confident that we can win the aid of the Jewish Joint Distribution Committee in America as well as that of the American Jewish Committee, and finally, of organized Jewish labor in America. Against this need of recruiting new forces there is offered as a panacea the Jewish world congress. A real world congress demands an effort extending through years, which we have not.

Menahem Ussishkin, head of the Zionist work in Palestine, said many of the major activities of the Zionist organization in Palestine were interefered with by the British Administration. He deplored the limitation placed by the Palestine administration on Jewish immigration.

CITY BUNGALOWS LET AT LOW RENTS

Commissioner Hirshfield Continues Investigation Into Charges Against Craig.

WOMAN PAID $2,000 FOR 20

Realty Men Say Value Is $400 to $600 a Season—Two Obtained at $45.

Continuing his investigation into charges that city owned bungalows in the Rockaways were being rented for comparatively small sums of money by Controller Charles L. Craig, Commissioner of Accounts David Hirschfield disclosed yesterday that twenty cottages had been let to one person for $2,000 for the season and that in another case the city had failed to collect any rents for three cottages. The Commissioner declared that great laxity had been shown by the Controller in collecting rents and obtaining adequate rentals.

In yesterday's investigation it was brought out that the father of one of the clerks in the Bureau of City Revenue had obtained a cottage for $45 a month and that a neighbor had obtained another for the same figure. The first witness examined yesterday was George H. Ward, an examiner in the Commissioner's department, who testified that he had looked over the cottages, about forty in number, at Hammels and Edgemere, and had made inquiries as to their rent value. He said that real estate agents in that locality had informed him that the cottages were worth $400 to $600 a season, and the witness gave it as his opinion that the Finance Department was renting them for only a fraction of their actual value.

Investigation showed, Mr. Ward said, that twenty of the cottages had been let by the Finance Department to Mrs. Mabel Ennis of 301 Bayside Place, Rockaway Beach, for $2,000 for the season and that Mrs. Ennis had sublet the cottages for from $400 to $600 each for the season. Julio Deresto, who occupied half of a cottage in East Eighty-second Street, Hammels, testified that he had owned three cottages which were taken by the city in condemnation proceedings and that he still collected rent on them. He testified that he received $41 a month for part of one cottage and $550 a season for another cottage. He declared that he had never paid any rent for these cottages and that no one from the Finance Department had ever called to collect any rent.

Another witness was Mrs. Emma Mayer, mother of David A. Mayer, Deputy Collector of City Revenue, who occupies a five-room bungalow for which she pays $70 a month. Mrs. Mayer testified that she moved into the cottage on June 15 and had paid $175 rent up to Aug. 31. Examiner Ward said this cottage was worth $800 for the season.

Max Itzkowits of 862 Kelly Street, Bronx, father of Morris Itzkowits, clerk in the Bureau of City Revenue, testified that he occupied a six-room cottage for $45 a month. A further hearing will be held on Aug. 30.

WOULD BAR BELGIAN COINS.

Paris Press Shows Financial Sharks Reap Harvest From Frenchmen.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 9.—A section of the Paris press today is calling on the Government to take measures to stop the commercial importation of small Belgian currency. With the recent depreciation in Belgian exchange this has become a regular and exceedingly profitable business for financial vultures.

By a tacit understanding Belgian money ranks in France at par value and the Belgian franc, half franc, twenty-five centime piece and sou are accepted in lieu of their French sister coins.

By the recent drop in value of Belgian currency, however, the Belgian franc is worth only seventy-eight and a half centimes in French money. Taking advantage of this fact a certain type of financiers has been importing Belgian coins at exchange value and putting them into circulation here at par value. This simple transaction nets the importer 25 per cent. profit—which profit actually is being stolen from the pockets of Frenchmen who show confidence in their nearest ally by accepting the depreciated currency at par.

As a mark of respect to the memory of President Harding, our stores will remain closed all day to-day.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

GRABS GIRL OUT OF CAR AND CARRIES HER AWAY

Assailant Flees When Rescuers, Attracted by Victim's Women Companions, Reach Woods.

Special to The New York Times.

LANCASTER, Pa., Aug. 9.—When an automobile occupied by Miss Frances Sanchitz and Miss Anna Fowler of Los Angeles and Mrs. Emma Kulp of Jersey City, en route from Columbia to Lancaster, stalled on a hill just outside of Columbia last night at 11 o'clock, a man suddenly appeared and grabbed Miss Sanchitz out of the car.

Despite her struggles and the screams of her companions, he carried her into a nearby woods. The other women's screams brought several men to the rescue, and they entered the woods, at which the young woman's assailant fled. His victim was badly beaten.

AUTO KILLS NEW YORKER.

Willy Frey Run Down as He Leaves His Own Car.

CLINTON, Conn., Aug. 9.—Willy Frey, 62 years old, of 707 West 180th Street, New York City, was killed here today by an automobile of Michigan registry, driven by Clarence Webster. Mr. Frey and his chauffeur had alighted from their car and had started to cross the highway.

Mr. Webster, on his way to Hampton, Conn., was detained, pending the Coroner's inquiry.

Mr. Frey was employed by the Atlantic Book and Art Corporation as manager of its book department, and was in Clinton on business. He was a native of Budapest and in early life had been an architect, contributing to the design of several public buildings in Budapest and Vienna. He came to the United States about twenty years ago and made his home in New York.

He is survived by his wife, who has been ill for more than a year and was not told of her husband's death, and by two daughters, Fritzi, who lives with her mother, and Ida, the wife of John A. Stewart of 310 Convent Avenue.

ASK BIDS ON SCHOOLS.

Builders and Masons Requested to Co-operate With Board.

In resolutions adopted yesterday the Board of Education asked the Building Trades Employers' Association and the Mason Builders' Association to co-operate with the board to the extent that those members who have not bid on school construction contracts in the past shall enter bids on the four new elementary schools now on the estimating tables and to be built at an aggregate cost of $5,000,000.

The Board of Education also requested the Employers' Association to "adopt regulatory measures which will in the future insure the proper manning of school buildings," and declared that "any constructive measures adopted should include a system of identification cards to give preference to mechanics who have worked on school building, also that the condition of employment of mechanics should include a proviso whereby they are required to work at least three weeks in each year on a school building at the recognized union scale of wages."

OBJECT TO PAPER CUPS.

Orange Juice Counters Said to Be Immune From Health Regulation.

The question whether orange juice counters outside office buildings are to be included in the city ordinance which requires that paper cups be provided at stands, wagons and pushcarts was discussed yesterday before Magistrate Oberwager in Tombs Court. Sam Parnes, manager of a branch of the Burnee Corporation, manufacturers and distributers of orange juice, appeared in answer to a summons served by Deputy Inspector Charles Barrach of the Health Department.

Benjamin E. Schreiber, counsel for the defendant, said his places did not come within the meaning of the law, as the counters were not stands, but parts of buildings. Glasses are used, and they are rinsed in hot water.

The Magistrate will announce his decision Aug. 14.

MINING BROKER BANKRUPT.

Charles L. Peabody Owes $187,268 and Has Only $23,550.

A petition in voluntary bankruptcy was filed yesterday by Charles L. Peabody, a mining broker of 105 West Fortieth Street, who gave his liabilities as $187,268 and his assets $23,550.

The assets, according to the petition, which was filed by Edmund F. Driggs, 44 Court Street, Brooklyn, counsel for Mr. Peabody, include for the most part stock of the Ranger Petroleum Company, estimated to be worth $17,000, and of the Great Northern Mine Syndicate Company, valued at $6,300.

Secured claims, according to the petition, are: Bank of America, $30,000; Greenwich Trust Company of Greenwich, Conn., $20,000; Harvey Fisk & Sons, $25,000; F. S. Smithers, $16,000; Clark Williams, $16,000; Mechanics and Metals National Bank, $10,000; Arnold Door & Co., $10,000; Irving Kingsford, $10,000; Dean Emery, $13,000, and Floyd Jefferson, $10,000.

Unsecured claims are: Dr. J. Edgar Bowman, $15,000; Toole, Henry & Co., $1,500; Levine, $750, and A. Blair, $1,000.

It is set forth by Mr. Peabody that losses were sustained by him in association with R. E. Jordan and Mason Young, 52 Broadway, and George Young, 55 Liberty Street.

Mr. Peabody was one of those who joined the rush to the Klondike and in that way became interested in mining enterprises. He came to New York City from San Francisco and until about two years ago maintained an office at 10 Wall Street.

WALES SETS CANADIAN TRIP.

Will Start Early in September and Remain Through October.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—The Prince of Wales will leave London early in September for his visit to Canada and will spend some time at his ranch in Alberta, it was learned today.

The Prince's Canadian visit will continue until the end of October. He will be accompanied by his private secretary, Sir Godfrey Thomas, and Brig. Gen. G. F. Trotter.

Previous to starting for the Dominion the Prince will spend a short time with King George and Queen Mary at Balmoral Castle toward the end of the present month.

In respectful observance of this National Day of Mourning the sixteen Blyn Shoe Shops in New York, Brooklyn, Newark, will remain closed.

I. BLYN & SONS

THE Lasky studios in Hollywood, California—The Famous Players studios in Long Island City—The Paramount executive offices in New York City—The 44 Paramount branch offices in the United States and Canada—The 38 Paramount branch offices in England, Scotland, Ireland, France, Belgium, Switzerland, Algiers, Germany, Scandinavia, Brazil, Mexico, Japan, Australia, New Zealand, Java and Straits Settlements—The Paramount theaters in the United States and Canada

will be closed today, until 6 o'clock p. m., as a tribute of respect to the memory of our late President, Warren Gamaliel Harding.

To a Great Memory

A GREAT MAN has passed on—and a great memory was born in the passing.

As the generations grow the name Harding will become a beautiful symbol of the fineness of American character.

For here was a man risen to the highest pinnacle of human power who was guided by humility rather than ambition, whom men loved rather than feared, whose courage was always gentle, whose steadfastness was always kindly and whose wisdom was always just.

He loved, and had richly earned, ease and good fellowship—the simple, friendly contacts with neighbors and old boyhood chums. But when a nation summoned him to lead he gave all that he had, even to his life, to justify that nation's faith.

The strength of America is not a political system or abundance of physical resources. It is that men like Warren G. Harding are living lives of quiet usefulness in every community in this great country—seeking no honors and shirking no loads.

In reverent tribute to a beloved President all Wallach stores are closed today

Wallach Bros

In Observance of the National Day of Mourning Proclaimed as a Mark of Respect to Warren G. Harding 29th President of the United States

Our stores will remain closed to-day, Friday, August 10th
Open Saturday as usual

Nathan Trivers 2 Pants & Suit Stores

801-807 B'WAY Corner 11th Street Open Saturday till 10 P. M.

1600 B'WAY Hoster's Corner—49th St. Open Saturday till 11 P. M.

Warren G. Harding 1865—1923

Thou sleepest now
beyond thy Nation's call,
Or else thy Nation's voice
wouldst bid thee rise;
Thou sleepest now the sleep
that lasts for aye,
And when a man so sleeps
'tis said he dies.
Yet ev'ry tongue
doth speak thy name, and eyes
With tears are dim,
and bowed is ev'ry head;
So if 'tis death
to live in ev'ry heart,
Then truly thou
who sleepest now art dead.

Knickerbocker Ice Company

As a Mark of Respect to the Memory of Our late Chief Executive Warren G. Harding who devoted his life to the service of our people, all offices of The Morris Plan Co. will be closed on Friday, August 10.

Died as President Mourned as a Friend!

He brought to his high office the magic of a great heart and has left behind him such a vivid recollection of human kindliness that instead of detached and informal expressions of grief, men everywhere are talking of him as if his death were a personal loss and not merely a political calamity, which is but another way of saying:

He Died as President but is Mourned as a Friend

TERMINAL BARBER SHOPS Where the Promise is Performed

Buckley-Newhall Co

SIXTH AVENUE AT 41ST STREET
OPPOSITE BRYANT PARK

BROOKLYN STORE: 1333-39 Broadway Near Gates Avenue

HARLEM STORE: 145-147 West 125th St. Near Seventh Avenue

In accordance with the President's Proclamation

OUR THREE STORES CLOSED TODAY, FRIDAY, AUGUST THE TENTH

to observe the

NATIONAL DAY OF MOURNING FOR OUR DEPARTED PRESIDENT

Warren G. Harding 1865—1923

As a token of respect to the memory of our late President, Warren Gamaliel Harding, both our shops will remain closed all day today, the National Day of Mourning.

WHITEHOUSE & HARDY, INC.

In Accordance with the President's Proclamation All Our Stores will be

Closed Today

Open all day Saturday until 9 P. M.

Joseph Hilton

IN MEMORIAM

WARREN G. HARDING

1865-1923

The death of President Harding brings to a close the career of one who, in the language of his successor, was "a great and good President," and who, in addition to the beneficent acts of his administration, has bequeathed to America the recollection of one of the kindliest personalities that ever guided the destinies of a people. That is the side of him that has evoked the deepest and most universal expressions of sympathy, for he gave to America a great and benevolent leadership in a time of extraordinary trials. He will be remembered as the President who inherited all the complex financial, economic, and political problems proceeding out of the Great War, and who sacrificed his life in the arduous labors of solving them. And it is in recognition of those labors that the undersigned Members of the Retail Dry Goods Association offer this brief and inadequate tribute to the nobility of Mr. Harding's political ideals, to the high humanity of his statesmanship, and to that self-sacrificing devotion to duty which has cost the Republic a life it could ill afford to lose.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS
B. ALTMAN & COMPANY
BEST & COMPANY
BLOOMINGDALE BROTHERS
GIMBEL BROTHERS
JAMES A. HEARN & SON
H. C. F. KOCH & CO.
FREDERICK LOESER & CO.
LORD & TAYLOR
JAMES McCREERY & CO.
R. H. MACY & CO.
A. I. NAMM & SON
OLIVER A. OLSON CO.
OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO.
SAKS & COMPANY
FRANKLIN SIMON & CO.
STERN BROTHERS

GRAND JURY SPEEDS FULLER CASE INQUIRY

Examines Several Persons Named by the Bucketeers in Their Confession.

PRISONERS STILL SECRETED

Story That Louise Groody Took Them Present Which Called for Ginger Ale Denied.

The new Federal Grand Jury worked at top speed yesterday in its investigation of information contained in the confessions of Edward M. Fuller and William F. McGee, partners in the bankrupt bucket-shop firm of E. M. Fuller & Co., who are now under concealment by the Federal authorities.

Colonel William Hayward, United States District Attorney, announced that during the day he and his assistants, John E. Joyce and William J. Millard, "presented several witnesses" before the Grand Jury. Colonel Hayward declined to identify any of them, but said Fuller and McGee, who are still confined by order of Judge Henry W. Goddard for contempt of court, were not called. Colonel Hayward admitted, however, that the witnesses examined were among the persons named in the Fuller and McGee confessions, which the authorities considered of tremendous importance to the clearing up of the sensational case.

The Federal Prosecutor said the Grand Jury had agreed to sidetrack all other matters pending so that it might devote itself exclusively for the next several days to the Fuller and McGee case. The Grand Jury will not meet again until Monday, but it has set itself a sufficiently rapid program, Colonel Hayward predicted, to be able to reach a conclusion perhaps by the middle of next week.

Prisoners Still Concealed.

Colonel Hayward again declined to divulge the whereabouts of Fuller and McGee or to indicate what is to be their reward, if any, for their confessions. In his statement last Monday night announcing that confessions had been made, Colonel Hayward emphasized that neither Fuller nor McGee had received any promise from him.

An interesting development, as bearing on stories of privileges accorded the prisoners, came to light yesterday when it was admitted on Governors Island that during their stay of a few days at the military reservation Fuller and McGee were not lodged in cells, as had been reported, but spent their time in officers' quarters.

The story circulated yesterday was that Fuller and McGee had separate rooms, sent to the officers' mess for their meals and instead of being guarded by deputy marshals they were watched by three corporals. It was further said that after a visit by McGee's actress wife, Louise Groody, the two prisoners sent out for several bottles of ginger ale to make more palatable certain potions contained in a suitcase carried by Miss Groody. The story went on to the effect that a paroled prisoner acted as their servant and was so generously tipped that he accumulated between $30 and $40 from the prisoners.

"Were Put in Officers' Quarters.

"Only part of that story is true," said Captain J. B. Cromwell, Acting Intelligence Officer, when apprised of the rumors. "It is true that Fuller and McGee spent their time in rooms and not in cells. The War Department had been asked to provide quarters for them, but the order did not specify cells. The United States Marshal was permitted to select lodgings for Fuller and McGee and he chose rooms in a building used for bachelor officers and which formerly had been a soldiers' barracks.

"You may be sure that they had no luxurious appointments. The rooms were only barely furnished. The report that they had soldiers and not deputy marshals as guards is absurd. I saw the deputy marshals there. The only noncommissioned officer around was the man detailed on duty for the quadrangle. His duties included that building, but he had nothing to do with Fuller and McGee.

"There was a paroled prisoner on duty in the building. But he was not assigned to Fuller and McGee. He had been on duty covering the entire building for some time before. He is still on duty there and will continue to be on duty there. That is true of other buildings, too.

"I did not see Miss Groody on Governors Island and so far as I know she did not visit the island. The story about the suitcase and ginger ale is absurd.

"I don't know whether they were taken to Atlantic City. They were not our prisoners and when the marshal took them from Governors Island we were not concerned with their disposition."

Brownings Must Stand Trial.

SALT LAKE, Utah, Aug. 9.—John Browning Jr., son of the gun inventor, and his cousin Marriner Browning must stand trial on charges of first degree murder in connection with the shooting here in April of Benjamin F. Ballantyne, according to a ruling today by District Judge Iverson. The men are at liberty on bond of $25,000 each.

Stores Accept Wheat In Trade for Clothing

Special to The New York Times.

TOPEKA, Kan., Aug. 9.—Middle West retailers handling one popular line of clothing are acepting wheat elevator receipts at $1 a bushel in exchange for merchandise here.

The arrangement is reported to be popular and retailers are making efforts to get other merchants to sell to farmers under the same arrangement. Barter is limited to 100 bushels to a grower.

POLICEMEN CAPTURE FIVE MEN IN AN HOUR

Three Accused of Stealing a Car From a Garage, Two of Attempted Burglary.

BROOKLYN PATROLMEN BUSY

One Is Attacked by a Man With a Hacksaw—Arrests Him After a Chase.

In the early hours of yesterday morning Policemen Edward Kautter and Henry Prussman of the Miller Street Station, Brooklyn, captured three men accused of having held up a garage and stolen an automobile, and arrested two others for attempted burglary.

Soon after going on tour the policemen were informed that five men had entered the garage of James Kearney at 84 Alabama Avenue, Brooklyn, and stolen an automobile belonging to Herman Feldman of 408 Miller Avenue. The men, displaying revolvers, were said to have demanded money, but failing to get any had driven off in the car.

Shortly after Kautter noticed at Albany Avenue and Fulton Street a car answering the description of the one stolen. It contained three men. When they failed to give a satisfactory explanation as to how the car came into their possession, he placed them under arrest. The prisoners said they were James Penise, 175 Sackman Street; Joseph Mastromini, 2,351 Pacific Street, and Thomas Abbondola of 1,690 Bergen Street, all of Brooklyn.

Kautter and Prussman, who had assisted in making the arrest, were returning to their posts when they heard the screams of a woman coming from 32 Osborne Street. As they entered the building they saw two young men leaving the building. Mrs. Anna Cohen, who lives on the second floor, said the door had been forced and she awoke with a start to find two men in her room. A crowd attacked the prisoners on the way to the Miller Avenue station house. The pair gave their names as Louis Himmelstein, 32 Chestnut Street, and John Brenner, 422 Hopkinson Avenue, Brooklyn.

The five prisoners were arraigned before Magistrate Dale in the New Jersey Avenue Court and held for the Grand Jury.

Patrolman Frank Sullivan of the Stagg Street Station, early yesterday captured Jacob Zied of 196 Eldridge Street, after the latter had been caught sawing an iron bar on the rear window of Samuel Landwehr's Furrier Shop at 56 Manhattan Avenue, Brooklyn. Zied struck at the policeman with a hack-saw, and Sullivan warded off the blow with his night stick. Zied ran and was caught by Sullivan after a chase.

Magistrate Brown in the Bridge Plaza Court held Zied in $1,000 bail. Last October Landwehr's shop was robbed of $10,000 worth of furs, and two weeks later of $5,000 worth of furs.

FORDHAM SESSION ENDS.

Harding Memorial Services at Graduate School Commencement.

The Summer session of the Fordham University Graduate School ended yesterday. The day of Commencement began with solemn services in honor of the memory of President Harding. The sermon was preached by the Rev. Francis P. Le Buffe, S. J., Regent of the School of Sociology, Fordham University.

Graduation exercises were held in the University Auditorium. These were preceded by three dramatic presentations by the class, which has been in charge of the Rev. George A. Strohaver, S. J., formerly moderator of dramatics at Fordham. The scenes presented were: "Song of the Mystic," Scene 4, Act II, of 'Henry VIII.", and "Overtones."

The address to the graduates was made by the Rev. Michael Ahern, S. J., former rector of Canisius College, Buffalo. Forty-three graduates received their degrees from the Dean of the Graduate School, the Rev. R. Rue Rankin, S. J. A dinner in the University dining hall, at which more than 500 members of the school were present, brought the exercises to a close.

LICENSE PLATE CLUE TO POLICE MURDER

Found by Boy at Play in Winfield, L. I., It Bears Two Bullet Holes.

INVESTIGATION IS STARTED

Automobile Squad Finds Plate Was Issued to a Chauffeur in 102d Street.

A 10-year-old boy yesterday found an automobile license plate with what appeared to be bullet holes in it. His chance discovery in the road in Winfield, L. I., led the police to hope that they had obtained a clue to the car from which a man passenger, on the night of July 26, shot to death Policemen Charles Reynolds and Frank A. Romanello at Sixty-fourth Street and Second Avenue.

The boy, Ernest Sneider, was playing at Queens Boulevard and Burroughs Avenue when he came upon the license plate. When the lad's father returned home at night he was struck by the bullet holes and the fact that the number was 064-253. He recalled from what he had read that the yellow and black Yale taxicab which had been chased across the Queensboro Bridge and which eluded the policemen after the shooting, bore the same first three numerals, 064.

He hastened to the Newtown Police Station, which communicated with headquarters. Detectives of the Homicide Squad hurried out to Newtown and others to the home of Charles M. Sweeney, a chauffeur, of 71 West 102d Street. The Automobile Squad found that the license plate had been issued to Sweeney on Dec. 23 last.

At that address reporters were told that Sweeney, his wife and child had been away all day. Headquarters would not verify a rumor that Sweeney had been questioned.

Throughout the day and late into the night members of the Homicide Squad, aided by the Automobile Squad and the Detective Bureaus of the East Sixty-seventh Street and West One Hundredth Street Police Stations were investigating.

The police also were investigating a man who gave his name as Frank Vail and said he lived at 546 West Fiftieth Street. Vail was arrested last Monday after Patrolman Steinhardt had found an abandoned yellow and black taxicab at Eastern Boulevard and Tremont Avenue, the Bronx. Vail was accused of stealing the machine, which bore the numerals 064. He was held in West Farms Court last Monday in $2,500 for investigation, and Police Headquarters was notified of the discovery of the machine.

POLICE SHOOT 2 OF 5 ABOUT TO ROB A SAFE

Surprise Band in Attempt to Get $5,000 Payroll at Perth Amboy—3 Escape.

PERTH AMBOY, N. J., Aug. 9.—Two New York safe-blowers were shot, and three others escaped, following an attempt by them to steal a $5,000 payroll of the Barber Asphalt Company on Woodbridge Road here tonight. The police, informed that the attempt was to be made, were hidden in and about the building.

Lieutenant of Detectives John Murray and twelve of his men saw from their hiding places in the lonely street the approach of an automobile containing five men, which drove past the Barber Building and came to a stop about 200 yards away. The men alighted, three carrying tool bags. One entered the building by forcing a window on the first floor, according to the police. He then lifted the latch from the inside of the front door, giving entrance to his four pals.

From their positions behind a closet in the office the police watched two of the men "soap" the lock of the safe and prepare to drill it to receive the charge of explosive with which it was to be blown open.

When the detectives thought the work had progressed far enough Lieutenant Murray and Detective Patten leaped out into the rays of the safe-crackers' flashlights. Both had their revolvers in their hands.

"Throw 'em up!" Murray shouted.

Instead of complying, one of the men, who later said he was John Garidson of New York City, made as if to draw a weapon from his coat. Murray fired two shots and the man crumpled to the floor, wounded in the right leg and hip.

Another man who seemed about to draw a gun was shot. He said he was John Carson of Brooklyn. The three accomplices fled, followed by a fusillade of shots. They got away, chiefly because the detectives inside feared they would shoot their comrades.

Independents Pick Evans.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 9.—Powell Evans, a manufacturer, was formally endorsed today as the Independent Republican candidate for the Mayoralty by the "Committee of 35," which selected him to lead in the fight against the organization candidate, W. Freeland Kendrick, Receiver of Taxes.

Evans urged the Independents to raise a campaign fund of $100,000 to combat the organization.

Bill Roper, Princeton Coach, Going to Jail For Two Nights to Learn Inside Conditions

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 9.—Councilman W. W. Roper will go to jail tomorrow night. The iron gates of the House of Correction at Holmesburg will close behind the representative of the Fortieth Ward, and for almost forty-eight hours the coach of the Princeton football team will be a ward of the county in the "City of Silent Men."

There is no need, however, for his constituents to worry. "Big Bill's" incarceration will not cost him his citizenship and will be no obstacle to his running again for office at the coming election.

At a special meeting of the Council on Tuesday Mr. Roper, who is Chairman of the Welfare Committee, was appointed head of a special committee of five to investigate conditions at the prison. The other members are Richard Weglein, President of the Council; Joseph P. Gaffney, Sigmund J. Gans and Charles B. Hall.

Mr. Roper, who is a firm believer in the value of first hand information, plans to have dinner tomorrow night with Director Warburton in Ogonts and to go from there to the prison. He will spend two nights in the prison.

KILLS WIFE IN COURT, IS KILLED BY POLICE

300 Men and Women in Panic When Bullets Fly Just Before Arraignment.

QUICK SHOT SAVES OFFICER

Slayer Drops When About to Fire at Patrolmen—Win Praise From Magistrate.

Three hundred men and women, waiting for the Washington Heights Court to open yesterday morning, were in a panic when Norman Roberts, a young negro, shot and killed his wife, Nellie, as she entered the courtroom to press a complaint of cruelty against her husband.

Fifteen patrolmen lounging in the complaint room ran to the corridor on the second floor when they heard the shots. Roberts turned his pistol toward the first of the advancing group, but Patrolman Enoch Parsons was quicker on the trigger and the negro dropped to the floor with a bullet in his head. He died half an hour later in Columbus Hospital.

Mrs. Roberts, who was 23 years old, left her husband several months ago because he had beaten and kicked her. She asked Magistrate Simpson for a summons on Wednesday, charging that her husband had waited for her in the hallway of her mother's home, 2,437 Seventh Avenue, and had attacked her. Protected by a patrolman she served the summons on her husband at 204 West 143d Street.

Roberts was in the crowd in the corridor of the court building just before court opened. As his wife passed him he scowled at her and turned away, but as soon as her hand reached to open the courtroom door Roberts turned and whipped a German army revolver from his pocket.

He fired three shots and the young woman fell dead. Women screamed and ran for cover and men elbowed each other to get away from the murderer. Patrolmen Enoch Parsons and Francis J. Quigley of the West 152d Street Station were the first to reach Roberts, who thrust his still smoking weapon toward them. Parsons shot Roberts in the left side of the head and a bullet from Quigley's pistol entered Roberts's left side.

Magistrate Simpson, who was in his chambers when the double tragedy occurred, postponed the opening of court for half an hour. When he took his seat on the bench he dismissed the Roberts case and commended the patrolmen for their coolness and bravery. He said he would write to Mayor Hylan and Police Commissioner Enright recommending that their bravery be recognized.

"You are the type of officers who make the New York police force known the world over as the finest," he said. "You are the type of officers who make all our citizens proud. The fearlessness and presence of mind you displayed when the negro pointed his revolver at you was highly commendable. The incident will not be forgotten."

The Magistrate declared that had it not been for the action of the officers several persons might have been killed or wounded.

Later in the day the policemen went to the District Attorney's office, and Assistant District Attorney Morgan A. Jones announced that they had been exonerated for shooting Roberts, as it was done in self-defense. The policemen, he said, had the right to kill to prevent a felony, or to kill when a felony was being committed.

ATTACKS ADVICE ON WHEAT.

Capper Says Word Not to Hold Grain Discourages Growers.

TOPEKA, Kan., Aug. 9 (Associated Press).—Publicity urging farmers not to hold their wheat off the market has tended only to discourage them still more and bring "an economic debacle," which has got to the point where it is cutting into the living standards of the farmers," Senator Capper declared in a letter sent today to R. A. Cooper, head of the Federal Farm Loan Board at Washington, from whose office, the Senator said, such publicity had been coming.

"On my desk," writes Senator Capper, "is a paper carrying a head four columns wide, 'Farm Loan Board Disapproves Plan to Store Wheat on Farms.' There has been a great deal of such publicity in the papers here in the Winter wheat region. This has helped to discourage growers still more than the market outlook. It has also increased the normal 'dumping' of the crop onto already congested markets. 'Scare stuff' of this kind always does. It is the ideal ammunition of people who are trying to depress the ruinously low market prices still further.

"Cost of production figures this year are not available, but it is probable they will be little, if any, lower than for the crop of 1922 which was $1.36 a bushel. From this it is easy to see that wheat at 80 cents—and a huge amount of grain produced in Kansas this year has been sold for a smaller price than that—results in a net loss of 56 cents a bushel. Unless the market advances, we have lost $50,000,000 on this year's crop in Kansas.

"Can you wonder that the producers of the Middle West are getting impatient with an economic system that apparently insists that food be sold for less than cost?

"Farmers had thought the intermediate credit banks would aid in building safeguards around the marketing of agricultural products, which would help tide us through discouraging times. But there is nothing helpful that I can see in publicity which aids in pounding down prices to a level far below the cost of production."

BRIDE OF 8 DAYS ENDS LIFE.

Had Left Her Husband Five Days After Elopement.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 9.—A bride of eight days, Mrs. Anna Schlosser, 26, ended her life by gas in her rooms at 1,607 Pacific Avenue here last night. The body was identified today by Walter Schlosser as that of his wife, who disappeared last Monday, five days after their elopement to Elkton, Md., Aug. 1.

"We were happy," Schlosser said. "I can't explain her act. She left home while I was at work."

After her elopement Mrs. Schlosser and her husband spent four days at the shore, coming to this city last Sunday night.

The couple were married by the Rev. Daniel F. Lockerbee of Elkton.

HIRSHFIELD ASKS FOR HEADS OF TWO

Commissioner Charges Sanitary Inspectors With Dishonesty and Misconduct.

ALLEGES FALSE REPORT

Asserts They Did Not Fulfill Duty in Investigating Violations on Building in Queens.

Commissioner of Accounts David Hirshfield in a report yesterday recommended immediate dismissal of two temporary sanitary inspectors of the Health Department for alleged dishonesty, making a false report and misconduct. The accused men are David H. Allen of 149 Bragaw Street, Long Island City, and Frank G. Holler, of 237 Avenue T, Gravesend, Brooklyn.

The charges were made as a result of a complaint against the erection of a stable at Fisher Street and Forman Avenue, Cedar Manor, Queens, for which no plans or specifications had been approved by the Bureau of Buildings, and no permit obtained from the Department of Health.

According to the report, one of the inspectors admitted that violations placed on the building had not been complied with and that he had reported the work as "done," in order to please "certain politicians" and to be "a good fellow." Complaint against the stable was made by Frank H. Garvey of 40 Forman Avenue, Cedar Manor, Queens, on the ground that the stable was erected in a block restricted under the city zoning law.

In his report Commissioner Hirshfield said the dwelling and stables were erected by the mother of William Neumeyer, and that Neumeyer moved in without having the plans and specifications approved by the Queens Bureau of Buildings and without having obtained a permit from the Health Department.

William Neumeyer, the report said, was employed with three teams and carts by the Queens Bureau of Street Cleaning. He received $8 a day for a team and cart and also stables six horses.

On Oct. 17, 1922, according to the report, the Health Department served a violation on Neumeyer. This violation was assigned to Inspector Allen, who later reported "progress." Subsequently it was assigned for reinspection to Inspector Holler, who indorsed the violation notice with the word "done." Commissioner Hirshfield declared in his report that an inspection by one of his engineers disclosed that none of the violations had been complied with.

NIGHT-FLYING MAIL STARTS ON AUG. 28

Twenty-Eight-Hour Coast-to-Coast Service to Begin With Westward Test.

Special to The New York Times.

MITCHEL FIELD, L. I., Aug. 9.—Day and night air mail service, with a coast-to-coast schedule of twenty-eight hours will be tried on Aug. 28 next and made a regular feature of the service soon after. Orders were received by J. E. Whitbeck, superintendent of the local station, to dispatch the first mail westward on that date at noon, daylight-saving time. Stops will be made and mail delivered at Cleveland, Chicago, Omaha, Salt Lake, Cheyenne, Reno and San Francisco. Pouches carried on the first trip should reach Cressy Field at the Pacific Ocean at 4 P. M., eastern standard time, on Aug. 29.

Eight big army airplanes, specially built for the Postal Service, will be used in the tests. They already are being distributed to the relay stations. At least one will set out from New York on the pioneer flight. The new airplanes are biplanes with single seats, designed to carry 500 pounds of mail. They are equipped with big generators for searchlights and signal lights. Their cruising speed is 100 miles an hour.

All the night flying is to be done between Chicago and Cheyenne. The route already has been plentifully sprinkled with light towers, each bearing a powerful beacon to guide the pilot, even on the blackest night.

On return flights the planes will leave San Francisco at 9 A. M. and will be due in New York at 4 P. M., daylight time, the next day.

MAYOR HYLAN HAS A COLD.

Hopes to Be Out for Mourning Services Today.

Mayor John F. Hylan is suffering from a heavy cold, which he contracted Tuesday night when he went to Washington to attend President Harding's funeral. The Mayor returned to the city yesterday and went to his Bushwick, Brooklyn, home, where he put himself under the care of his family physician, Dr. John A. Ferguson, of 932 Bushwick Parkway.

The Mayor at his home last night said he was still suffering from the cold, but he didn't think it would keep him from attending the services for President Harding which will be held in St. Patrick's Cathedral this morning. His voice was hoarse and he did not look as robust as usual. Dr. Ferguson said he had prescribed medicine for the Mayor and would call and see him again this morning.

The Mayor is planning to join his family at Saratoga over the week-end.

JUDGE FINES HIMSELF.

Watertown Jurist Turns In $1 for Violating Traffic Ordinance.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Aug. 9.—Special City Judge Edward W. Carroll set an example in law enforcement today when he confessed judgment before himself of violating a city traffic ordinance, read himself a lecture on law obedience, pronounced a fine of $1 and paid it to himself as Judge. Judge Carroll had parked his car too long in a restricted zone.

ASK COURT TO START CLOSED B. M. T. LINES

Transit Board Opens Mandamus Proceedings Embracing Four Routes.

WANTS FIVE-CENT SERVICE

Company Contends Laws Under Which Action Is Asked Are Unconstitutional

Mandamus proceedings to compel the Brooklyn-Manhattan Transit Corporation to resume operations on the Sixteenth Avenue, the Park Slope, Tompkins-Culver and Thirty-ninth Street Ferry-Coney Island lines will be started by the Transit Commission. A motion was made yesterday by Commissioner Le Roy T. Harkness. The commission seeks to restore service on these four lines at a 5-cent fare.

The corporation, in a formal statement yesterday, explained that its position regarding the lines was not taken arbitrarily with the idea of evading the law or shirking responsibility to the public. The company contends that the laws requiring the resumption of service on the four lines, and under which the commission is now acting, are unconstitutional. The company cites a statement by an Assistant Corporation Counsel who held they were unconstitutional.

The Brooklyn-Manhattan Transit Company yesterday issued a financial statement showing increasing revenues and growing net income over 1922. Comparative statements of earnings and expenses of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company and the Brooklyn-Manhattan Transit Company show that total operating revenues for June increased from $3,017,253.48 in 1922 to $3,310,274.17 in 1923, and that net income was $445,379.53, compared with $272,035.67 for June, 1922. The operating revenues for the fiscal year ending June 30 were $34,544,092.89, and for the year ending June 30, 1923, $36,899,294.55. The net income for that period was increased from $5,387,418.78 to $3,587,753.43.

Company Refuses Service.

The motion by Commissioner Harkness followed conferences with officials of the B. M. T., in which he endeavored to induce the company to restore service on the four abandoned lines. He explained that the B. M. T., as well as the Brooklyn City Railroad Company, which was involved in the operation of some of the lines, had refused.

The following statement was issued at the offices of the corporation:

"The action of the Transit Commission will bring the question involved to a proper determination. The position of the company is not taken arbitrarily or with any desire to evade the law or the company's obligations to the public. While the bills in question were pending in the Legislature, the Receiver pointed out that their enactment into law would not accomplish the restoration of service on these lines, inasmuch as the measures were clearly invalid on constitutional grounds. In this opinion the Receiver was supported by one of the Assistant Corporation Counsel of the City of New York, who was quoted in the newspapers as having advised members of civic organizations in the sections to be served by these lines that the bills were 'unconstitutional and ridiculous.'

"None of the lines mentioned in the new laws are franchise lines. Service over them was not inaugurated under any statutory or franchise obligation, but voluntarily under agreements between the several companies over whose tracks the lines operated. All of the lines, except the Park Slope line, were thus established prior to the receivership of the B. R. T. system. The Park Slope line was established experimentally after the discontinuance of the Sixteenth Avenue line, under an agreement between the receiver of two of the companies and the Brooklyn City Railroad Company, which agreement provided that if the line did not earn its bare operating expenses—that is, wages of crews, power and maintenance charges—it would be discontinued on notice.

Says Line Failed to Pay.

"During the receivership and following the taking back of its property by the Brooklyn City Railroad Company, the agreements, other than the one in respect of the Park Slope line, were terminated. The Park Slope line from its inception failed to make enough to cover its bare operating expenses, nine months' operation showing a loss of approximately $20,000, and, upon notice, the line was discontinued.

"At present neither the receiver nor the companies referred to in these new laws have the right to operate over the tracks or use the franchises of each other and there is no way in which they may obtain such right except by agreement. The Legislature, of course, is without power to compel parties whose interests are opposed to make an agreement. Nevertheless, representatives of the several companies involved have conscientiously tried to negotiate an agreement under which restoration of some of this service might be accomplished.

"The difficulty in reaching such an agreement is caused by the fact that it must be one for the sharing of direct and substantial losses, which are not susceptible of apportionment on any known basis, for the reason that, in addition to the direct operating losses from these lines, some one or two of the companies or the Receiver in each instance will sustain an initial loss through the diversion of passengers from other lines now in operation over portions of the same routes mentioned in these new laws, and in respect of two of the lines second fare points intervene.

"In the case of the Tompkins-Culver Line the act is directed to the Brooklyn Heights Railroad Company or its Receiver. This only line that the Receiver of that company now controls and operates is the Montague Street Line, no point of which is within three miles of any point on the former Tompkins-Culver Line. The act also directs the restoration of such services at a five-cent fare. The fare on that line when operated was ten cents, and that operation also was conducted at a loss."

The hearing on the Interborough Rapid Transit Company's petition for a reduction of service during the Summer months closed yesterday by the Transit Commission. It was announced that counsel for the transit company did not intend to proceed further with arguments in support of the petition.

PREPARES FOR MT. EVEREST

Bruce and American Will Test Oxygen Device in Alps.

GENEVA, Aug. 9 (Associated Press).—Brig. Gen. Charles G. Bruce, leader of last year's British expedition for the conquest of Mount Everest, left Champery yesterday, accompanied by Henry Fairbanks Montagnier of Terre Haute, Ind., an American climber, to experiment in the ascension of the highest peaks of the Alps, in Valais Canton, with a new oxygen apparatus that will be employed in another attempt to reach the top of Mount Everest next year.

General Bruce is the guest of Mr. Montagnier at the chalet in Champery, where the Indiana climber has lived several years.

Boy Killed by Live Wire Identified.

The body of the boy who was shocked to death Wednesday afternoon when he attempted to untangle his kite from a high voltage wire in the railroad yards near 132d Street and Willis Avenue, the Bronx, was identified yesterday by his mother as that of Frank Krzowsky, 7 years old, of 553 East 132d Street, the Bronx.

Barber Fined $25 for Exacting 10-Cent Tip From Customer

Charged with having withheld 10 cents as a tip from a customer's bill, Anthony Santoro, proprietor of a barber shop at 298 Broadway, was fined $25 by Magistrate Charles A. Oberwager in Tombs Court yesterday for disorderly conduct.

The complainant was A. W. Morf, manager of the Woodstock Typewriter Company, in the same building. Morf said on July 10 he laid a 50-cent piece on the counter in payment for a shave. Santoro, said Mr. Morf, gave him 20 cents change.

"How much is a shave?" Mr. Morf said he inquired.

"Twenty cents," was the barber's reply.

"Then there's another dime due," said the customer.

At this point some one in the shop declared that when patrons do not tip an extra dime was added to the bill, said Mr. Morf.

CITY IMPROVEMENT PLANS EXPLAINED

Shelby M. Harrison Tells of Three Surveys by the Russell Sage Foundation.

STUDY TO PRECEDE ACTION

All to Be Based on an Investigation of Living and Working Conditions.

Any city planning for New York City must be based upon an investigation of living and working conditions in the city and its suburbs with mutual effort on the part of the communities involved, said Shelby M. Harrison, in charge of the Social Survey of the Russell Sage Foundation, in an address at Columbia University yesterday.

Mr. Harrison explained there were three surveys at work for the Foundation, the first a physical survey, working under the direction of Nelson P. Lewis; the second an industrial and economic survey under the direction of Roswell McCrea and Dr. Robert Haig, both of Columbia University; the third a legal survey under the direction of Edward M. Bassett. The work of these surveys, he said, would be brought together and studied.

"There are two distinct parts to our survey work," Mr. Harrison said. "The first is that of gathering all available data as to conditions, past and present, and the second is that of working out a constructive plan of development on the basis of the data collected.

"The purpose of the present undertaking is to aid in making this New York region the most favorable place that it can be made, in which, as some one has phrased it, to carry on productive occupations efficiently while living healthful and satisfactory lives. In other words, two ends or objective are being kept in mind in making the region the best possible place in which to work and in which to live.

"It is recognized in this particular undertaking that these are objectives which must go hand in hand, neither being possible of full attainment without the other. For that reason a number of important studies bearing on social and living conditions in the region are being made. The social welfare, the well-being of us all as we live together as associates in this large area is to be planned for, and it is essential that the planning shall have a sound basis of facts upon which to rest."

TAKE OFFICER'S $2,000 STAR

Two Highwaymen Hold Up Chicago Deputy for Diamond Badge.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 9.—Samuel Howard, Chief Deputy United States Marshal, of 6,315 Lakewood Avenue, two weeks ago received as the gift of his fellow employes a diamond-studded star valued at $2,000. Early today, while unarmed, he was forced to give it up, together with $70 in cash, to two armed bandits in an automobile who stopped his car in Rosemont Avenue, near Sheridan Road. His companion, Frank Campbell, a prohibition officer, was robbed of $15.

The highwaymen are believed to be the same pair who earlier in the day robbed Raphael Gener, 4,753 Sheridan Road, of a diamond ring valued at $1,200 and $25 as he was putting his automobile into his garage. When he refused to put up his hands they beat him over the head, inflicting a scalp wound.

SEES VIENNA PROSPEROUS.

E. A. Filene Predicts a "Brilliant" Future for Austria's Capital.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Aug. 9.—In an article contributed to the Neue Freie Presse Edward A. Filene of Boston, after stating that a great improvement in economic conditions has occurred here since his last year's visit, predicts a brilliant future for Vienna and greater prosperity than ever before if Austria revises its commercial policy.

Mr. Filene thinks Vienna could become the greatest commercial centre of Europe and a permanent fair for continental and oversea articles if Austria would pursue a free trade policy.

SEEKS FUNDS FOR BLIND.

Banker Asks Contributions for Brooklyn Girls' Home.

Darwin R. James, President of the East River Savings Bank, 291 Broadway, and President of the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, issued an appeal for additional funds for the Summer home for the blind girls of Brooklyn.

The home is a cottage on a six-acre lot on the former Thomas Fortune Ryan estate in Suffern, N. Y. It was founded three years ago by Dr. Vincent G. Broede, a prominent Baltimore chemist, and is at present under the direction of Miss Beatrix Griswold of Brooklyn. Its trustees include Mrs. Ann Brunner and Merrick E. Coons of Suffern, and Burton L. Maxfield and Dr. W. W. Blackman of Brooklyn. It accommodates fifty girls.

No Trace of Kathleen Barrett.

Nothing has been learned of the whereabouts of Miss Kathleen Barrett, 23 years old, of 557 West 144th Street, who disappeared while on her way to work at the First National Bank, on July 21. Her sister Mary, with whom she lived, reported that the missing girl had drawn $12,000 from their mutual savings account and lost it in unwise speculations.

Detective Donahue of the Missing Persons Bureau has been in touch with all hospitals, believing the girl has met with an accident.

STATE ACTS TO END JERSEY CAR STRIKE

Company Is Cited to Show Cause Why It Should Not Provide Adequate Service.

SETTLEMENT HOPE FADES

Permits for 200 More Jitneys Held Up Until After Hearing Next Tuesday.

The Public Service Railway Corporation of New Jersey, whose 6,000 trolleymen have been on strike for more than a week, was ordered by the Public Utilities Commission of New Jersey yesterday, to appear before the commission next Tuesday and show cause why it should not provide safe and adequate car service. This was considered the first step by the State to end the strike, which so far has not proved a serious inconvenience to the public due to the widespread use of jitney buses and other emergency conveyances.

The order of the commission was the unanimous action of the three Commissioners, and came after the company's virtual refusal of an offer to mediate, made by Harry V. Osborne, President of the board. Mr. Osborne issued a statement upon receipt of the following letter from Edmund W. Wakelee, Vice President of the Public Service Corporation, in which he said:

"I am writing to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of yesterday in the absence of President McCarter, who will not be in his office today. I am pleased to note that you recognize that a permanent and satisfactory settlement of the present difficulties involves more than the question of wages, and I assure you that your suggestions are being given careful consideration by the officials of the company."

Serves Notice on Company.

Mr. Osborne's statement, made in the name of the Public Utility Commission, was as follows:

"It is apparent from the situation as it now exists that the Public Service Railway Company does not intend to make an effort to immediately resume service.

"It therefore becomes incumbent upon this board to act in the interest of the public in accordance with the powers given it by the statutes.

"Service having now been suspended for a period of nine days, the board will immediately issue notice to the company of a hearing to be held on Tuesday, the 14th of August, 1923, at the board's room in the City of Newark, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon (daylight saving time), on the question whether the company is complying with the laws of the State and the municipal ordinances relating thereto, and conforming to the duties imposed upon it thereby or by the provisions of its own charter, whether obtained under general or special law of the State, and whether the company is furnishing safe, adequate and proper service and keeping and maintaining its property and equipment in such condition as to enable it to do so. Municipalities and other interested parties will be afforded an opportunity to be heard at that time."

May Call on Courts.

Mr. Osborne explained that in the event the board issued an order to procure the enforcement of the law it would be necessary to appeal to the Supreme Court for a writ of mandamus. He said that he had not issued an invitation to the trolley company to join a conference with its men, but had served formal notice in accordance with the statute.

"The Public Service Railway Corporation is up against a stone wall," John L. O'Toole, Vice President of the company, told members of the Rotary Club of the Oranges at a luncheon yesterday. "It doesn't know how the situation created by the strike will end. The company is in no spirit of defiance, nor does it ask sympathy, but only that fair-minded thought be given to the situation. Such thought will inevitably lead to the conclusion that the Public Service Railway Corporation is entitled to a square deal and increased revenues."

Commissioner Osborne said that he would take no action with regard to the issuance of 200 extra permits for jitneys by Commissioner Raymond of the Department of Streets and Public Improvements, Newark, until after the meeting of the Board of Public Utilities next Tuesday.

ADMITS KILLING H. C. MOORE

Burglar Who Shot Realty Man Has Long Crimina Record.

Harry C. Moore of 17 Van Reipen Street, Jersey City, a real estate operator and locomotive engineer on the Pennsylvania Railroad, died in the Jersey City Hospital yesterday afternoon from a wound he received when shot by Alfred Lindsay, a burglar, who had entered Moore's apartment Wednesday. Lindsay was captured by persons in Van Reipen Street a few minutes after he had shot Moore through the back.

Soon after the death of his victim Lindsay made a complete confession, the Jersey City police said, and admitted that he had served several terms in Sing Sing prison for burglaries in Brooklyn and elsewhere. The police said that Lindsay's confession came when his prison record and finger prints were shown him.

"I shot Moore on the spur of the moment because I wanted to wound him so that he could not chase me," the man was quoted as saying by detectives. "I only wanted to disable him."

Lindsay admitted, according to detectives, that he had committed eight robberies in Jersey City in the last few weeks and that six of the robberies charged against him in Brooklyn really were committed by him.

Mr. Moore who began life as a wood turner, made a miniature locomotive of wood while a young man and attracted the notice of one of the officials of the Pennsylvania Railroad, who learned that the youth wanted to become a locomotive engineer. He became a fireman for the Pennsylvania at 19 years of age and later was made an engineer. He served the railroad in this capacity for twenty years.

Mr. Moore had amassed a considerable fortune in recent years by dealing in property in the vicinity of the Summit Avenue station of the Hudson & Manhattan Railroad. He was Treasurer of the Realty Securities Corporation, the Argonne Realty Corporation, and was a Director of the Home Title Guaranty Trust and Mortgage Company of Jersey City.

SQUIRREL DARES NIAGARA.

Swims Rapids Above American Falls, Reaching Shore on Brink.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., Aug. 9.—A red squirrel—one of the kind known to every tourist who has visited the State Reservation at the falls—successfully swam the rapids above the American Falls today and saved itself from going over the cataract to death.

The squirrel fell into the stream from a log a few hundred yards above the brink of the cataract and was swept out in the current. It succeeded in making a rock some distance out in the river. To this it clung while the turbulent waters of the rapids swept by.

Reservation employes saw the little animal's predicament, and they shoved a long ladder out to the rock, thinking the squirrel would scramble over it to shore. But it disdained that aid and plunged into the stream, landing on the mainland after a desperate struggle, only a few feet from the brink of the falls.

DEBTS CUT ESTATE OF W. ROCKEFELLER

Continued from Page 1, Column 8.

road, $1,945,100; 2,330 Glen Alden Coal, $188,400 and 8,400 New York Central, $814,000.

A complete list of Mr. Rockefeller's stock holdings follows:

Shares.
1,516 American Meter Co.
1,400 American Splint Corp.
100 Anaconda Copper Mining Co.
133 Baltimore Gas Appliance and Mfg. Co. pref.
76 Baltimore Gas Appliance and Mfg. Co.
283 The Borden Co.
150 The Brooklyn Trust Co.
900 Brooklyn Union Gas Co.
750 Cascade-Teton Farm Lands Co.
86,686 Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. Co. pref.
130 Christopher & Tenth Street Railroad.
50 Cleveland, Cincinnati,

BEST SERVICE
TIP TOP
LOWEST FARE
TAXI

The Green Cab with the Canary Top

A Solution to New York's Taxi Problem

New York City has too many so-called "taxi-cabs" and far too few real ones. That is why **Tip Top Taxi** has entered the field.

It is high time that the deplorable condition which now exists be changed. Real service at low rates, conducted by high minded men, is not only desirable but absolutely necessary.

We have good reason to be proud of our wonderful city — its monuments, buildings, parks and show places. Why should we have to apologize for poor taxicab service? It is not consistent.

We want our fellow citizens to have the best taxicab service, as well as the best hotels, restaurants, theatres and other things. **Tip Top Taxi** service is ready to supply that crying need.

When you see a **Tip Top Taxi** — the cab with the green body and canary top—on the streets of New York, you can feel confident that it is only one of a large fleet that is serving the public right and helping to bring order out of chaos.

Tip Top Taxi service is a symbol of a new era. It deserves your support.

Service with a Smile

TIP TOP TAXI
CATHEDRAL 2700
CORPORATION

Thick Lustrous Hair Kept So By Cuticura

At night touch spots of dandruff and irritation with Cuticura Ointment. Next morning shampoo with a suds of Cuticura Soap and hot water. Rinse with tepid water. Keep your scalp clean and healthy and your hair should be luxuriant.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. 6K, Malden 48, Mass." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

NR

BILIOUSNESS—SICK HEADACHE, call for an NR Tablet (a vegetable aperient) to tone and strengthen the organs of digestion and elimination. Improves Appetite. Relieves Constipation.

Get a 25c Box

Used for over 30 Years

Mother's Remedy

NR Jrs

Chips off the Old Block

NR JUNIORS—Little NR's

One-third the regular dose. Made of same ingredients, then candy coated. For children and adults.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

BRITISH NOTE GIVES DEBT HINT TO FRENCH

Reply on the Ruhr Reminds of Paris Non-Payment, While Conditions Become Worse.

LOSS IN EUROPE'S TURMOIL

Greater Unemployment in Winter Is Indicated—Cabinet Agrees on the Draft.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—The British Cabinet today approved the replies to the French and Belgian notes respecting the British proposals of July 20, in response to the German memorandum of June 7, on the question of reparations. The new British notes will be dispatched to Paris and Brussels almost immediately, certainly within the new two days.

The Cabinet Council at which the thorny problems involved were considered and the decision was taken occupied two and a half hours. London just now is full of provincial visitors, and crowds of these gathered in Whitehall in the hope of catching a sight of the Ministers.

Lord Robert Cecil had traveled through the night from Paris, and at nine o'clock in the morning he called on the Prime Minister, with whom he had a long conversation, which doubtless turned chiefly on the latest impressions derived by Lord Robert from his interview with Premier Poincaré yesterday.

No official statement has been issued with reference to the Cabinet discussion. It is learned on good authority, however, that the draft of the replies to France and Belgium on which the Foreign Office and other experts had been working, with an occasional submission of points to the Prime Minister, Lord Curzon and other Ministers whenever necessary, was finally approved. Statements printed in some of the papers this afternoon that the Cabinet Council had not come to final conclusions and that another meeting would have to be held next week are authoritatively declared to be incorrect. It is perhaps necessary to emphasize this point in view of the fact that some of the reports which have found currency in regard to Cabinet views on the whole subject have been colored by the personal and political opinions of those disseminating them.

Stress on British Unemployment.

Although no official report of the Cabinet's meeting has been issued, it will be found when the texts of the British replies to France and Belgium become available that this country courteously but firmly adheres to the policy which has been laid down and publicly announced by the present and preceding Premiers, Stanley Baldwin and Bonar Law. The texts of the replies are identical. They take up the various points in the French and British notes and emphasize the British view that France and Belgium have not been and are not employing what Great Britain maintains would be the best methods of securing reparations.

Attention is also drawn in the British replies to the points which have been significantly and consistently overlooked by the French and Belgian Governments in their correspondence with this Government. Stress is laid again and perhaps more emphatically than in previous communications on the difficulties and dangers which the occupation of the Ruhr is raising for the world in general, and particular attention is called to the hardships which it imposes upon Great Britain.

In this latter connection it is pointed out that the increasing danger of unemployment in these islands with Winter approaching requires an early remedy. Since the armistice unemployment has cost this country £400,000,000. This is a charge upon British resources which, in the view of the British Government, is aggravated by the military occupation of the Ruhr and the resultant—at any rate partially resultant—economic chaos in Central Europe.

Here, perhaps, comes the strongest point in the British argument. How far that point is developed in the reply approved today remains to be seen, but on information so far available the reply may be described as embodying a courteous reminder to France that while Great Britain is paying to the United States an annual charge on her debt to that country, largely contracted on behalf of her Allies, no such expenditure has been undertaken by France in connection with the French indebtedness to Great Britain. Whether or not the text of the British reply is so framed as to suggest that this country may find it necessary to put the screws on France the text will show.

In some quarters it is suggested that the British reply goes no further than to fall in with the French suggestion that the whole question of interallied debts should be studied in relation to the question of reparations.

One of the subsidiary points discussed by the Cabinet was the question of the publication of the British correspondence relating to the Ruhr and reparations, and a decision to issue this as quickly as possible was taken. At present the Cabinet has to some extent abandoned the system which was favored by Mr. Lloyd George when Premier of issuing official documents on Saturday, thereby ensuring the double publicity of the Sunday and Monday papers. It is held to be on the cards that the correspondence will be sent to the newspapers on Sunday. The correspondence is calculated to amount to about 10,000 words and Fleet Street is wondering whether under the new régime the time of issue will be late in the evening so that the newspapers will be put to the maximum of inconvenience.

It is declared that with their past experience of the French appreciation of the value of alert publicity the permanent officials of this Government should not have allowed the Quai d'Orsay to get its blow in first, as it did after Premier Baldwin had so emphatically announced in the House of Commons the British Government's intention to publish the correspondence when French and Belgian assent had been obtained. As all the world knows, France came out with its side of the case practically as soon as the British Premier's Commons statement had been made on Thursday, Aug. 2, and Belgium followed suit on Saturday.

Baldwin Still Seeks Joint Action.

LONDON, Aug. 9 (Associated Press).—The net result of today's Cabinet Council which discussed the terms of Great Britain's reply to France and Belgium with regard to German reparations appears to be that the negotiations between the Allies are still proceeding and that no approach has yet been made to anything like separate action by them.

It is understood that the note will intimate that Great Britain cannot advise Germany to withdraw her passive resistance decree unconditionally, and that it will remind France that British interests do not permit of waiting interminably.

In effect the situation seems to be that Premier Baldwin is still seeking to surmount the difficulties of the situation without endangering an open break with France, and it is supposed that Belgium is engaged in trying to find means for accommodation between the divergent views of her allies.

Lord Curzon received the French Ambassador this afternoon.

In a message to the Conservative candidate at Portsmouth, where a by-election is to be held, Prime Minister Baldwin says:

"Grave problems confront this country at the present time. It is the intention of the Government to face them calmly and, mindful both of the national interest and of the ties of sympathy, to persist steadfastly in their endeavor to find a satisfactory solution."

GERMAN REDS BUSY INSPIRING STRIKES

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

the general retail stores from the largest to the smallest. This was done as a protest strike against the Government on the one hand and the wholesalers and manufacturers on the other hand.

Under a war ordinance, aimed at profiteering, retailers must sell at the original cost plus a reasonable percentage of profit. Wholesalers and manufacturers, however, base their prices on dollars, gold marks or any other known quantity. The result is that the retailers are whipsawed unless they take a chance and violate the anti-profiteering ordinance and boost prices, as many, if not most, do.

Food stores, drug stores and cigar stores, the latter because they closed for a protest strike of their own a week ago, were permitted to keep open. But the food shops in a typical poor residential district had little justification for keeping open for they were nearly cleaned out. No sausage, meat, butter, lard, eggs or potatoes were on sale and there was no abundance of other commodities. Butter where obtainable was a million marks a pound. Oleomargarine was 500,000 marks, ham 900,000 and meat about 500,000 obtainable only in high-class shops which were able to carry large stocks.

Said a cigar store clerk to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent:

"Lard is 1,000,000 marks a pound. We get paid 6,000,000 marks a month."

He was working for six pounds of lard a month and insisted this was not a living wage.

According to the official figure, the cost of living increased 109 per cent. in the first week of August from the previous week.

Mueller Attacks Cuno Speech.

While the workers' delegations were calling at the Reichstag, the Socialist leader, Dr. Mueller, who signed the Versailles treaty, made a sharp speech during the general debate on Chancellor Cuno's speech yesterday. He said:

"The need of the masses and their unrest is increasing hourly. The economic conditions are intolerable. Our women folks get nothing in the markets for their paper bills which peoples have already nicknamed 'Havenstein rubles.'

"The Chancellor's advice to consume less and work more cannot help us. Should one save paper marks when because of the shortage one does not get any? It is high time that improvement set in, otherwise all will starve. Some new support for the mark must be started as quickly as possible without repeating the old mistakes. One must not shrink from getting hold of foreign exchange and bank notes in private hands. The people do not know where they are going to get the huge sums to pay for coal and clothing."

In another part of his speech Dr. Mueller censured Cuno for not having announced in his speech Germany's desire to enter the League of Nations. He said:

"Despite the grave doubts about the League, we of the Socialist Party have reached the conviction that Germany ought to apply for admission to the League, not, however, in tow of the English Government, but on Germany's own accord."

Dr. Mueller attacked the reactionaries and anti-Semites, saying: "The swastika cross has allied itself with the Soviet star."

He cited as an example of the union of the extreme Right and Left that Count Reventlow was on the staff of Rote Fahne, the Communist organ. Reventlow before the war was an extreme Nationalist, naval expert on the Junker organ Deutsche Tageszeitung and noted for his anti-British and anti-American spirit.

Rosenberg Dubious of League.

Dr. Rosenberg, the Foreign Minister, spoke this evening in answer to the urging that Germany apply at once for admission to the League of Nations. He said in part:

"We are perhaps approaching a turning point in European history. At such times reticence is a painful duty. We cannot acknowledge the League of Nations as satisfactory.

"We do not know whether the next act in the drama will see unity or dissension among the States of Europe. It is now an assured fact that France deliberately wants to bring about economic and political chaos in Germany to get more money out of her. When in 1919 Rumania tried to seize Hungarian property, it was prevented by the Supreme Council. What was then interpreted as black is now interpreted as white. Nobody in the world protests against this shame and disgrace to the sense of justice of the nations.

"The endeavor to set up peace bonds among the nations meets our undivided sympathy, but the embodiment which this thought has found in the League is unsatisfactory. The essential thing is not the League of Nations, but the idea which it serves, the reconciliation of nations. It is a question whether the League has the strength to prepare the way for understanding of whether Europe must first go through new sorrows."

Radical Tax Proposals.

The Reichstag Tax Committee worked ferverishly all morning on plans for new taxes. Two proposals are being discussed by the committee with no agreement yet as to which to recommend to the Reichstag.

One plan is to levy a poll tax on every employer, individual or corporation, for every worker in his employ. Tentatively, one gold mark per capita was suggested. Under this scheme Kruppe, employing 50,000 workers, would pay 50,000 gold marks a year as poll tax.

An alternative plan is to compel all employers to pay several times the amount of the taxes paid by all their workers. Three or four times the amount was tentatively suggested. It has long been a grievance among workers that their income tax, amounting to 10 per cent. of their wages, was deducted at once at the source, whereas the employers had ample time within which to pay with depreciated marks, as well as a chance to dodge the interest.

Along with either of these measures it is proposed to impose a special surface tax on farm land in terms of gold marks per acre.

Furthermore, those paying income taxes will be asked to pay five times what they were originally scheduled to pay on the next instalment payment and this five times excess must be paid in before Aug. 25.

Another measure adopted by the taxation committee was to change the name of the special capital levy for the Rhine and Ruhr which for patriotic purposes had been dubbed "Rhine and Ruhr sacrifice" to "extraordinary contribution for the Rhine and the Ruhr."

It was held that the word sacrifice was an unfortunate term to use in this connection and that capital would pay up more cheerfully if the sacrifice were called merely an extraordinary contribution.

Motor car owners will have to pay. The committee voted that owners of 24-horsepower cars should pay a contribution of 1,020,000,000 marks. Motorcyclists must pay 51,000,000 marks.

The mark behaved curiously today. It failed to respond to wireless reports that the mark was stronger in New York last evening. The official rate was fixed at the same as yesterday. This may be due to another poor Reichsbank statement, for in the week ending July 31 eleven trillion marks were added to the circulation, while the Reichsbank lost another 30,000,000 gold marks of its foreign deposits and notes. Bills discounted increased by twenty-one-odd trillions to seventy-four trillions. In the next few days, it is believed, the Reichsbank will be putting out fifteen trillions daily.

Popular Unrest Grows.

BERLIN, Aug. 9 (Associated Press).—Passive resistance in the Ruhr and the Rhineland, which Chancellor Cuno yesterday informed the Reichstag would be continued until France decided to create an atmosphere conducive to negotiations on an equality basis, is now approaching the stage where its further maintenance along peaceful lines will depend wholly on the Government's ability to keep the resisting population well fed.

The falling mark, curtailment of local food supplies, due to natural shortage and the interrupted rail facilities, and also the punitive measures which increasingly are being imposed by the French, are rapidly contributing to the growing irritation and restlessness among the miners, steel workers and civil service employes.

The government's apprehensions in this direction are liberally shared by Hugo Stinnes, the Thyssens and other industrialists, who are equally alarmed over the prospects of an era of lawlessness stimulated by the food shortage quite as much as they are apprehensive on account of the aggressive procedure of the French authorities.

That the French authorities are determined to break down all resistance along the entire front and will not be over scrupulous in their selection of the methods to accomplish this end is viewed here as an impending certainty, and as also forecasting a season of sabotage whose ramifications cannot be foreseen in advance.

The French and Belgian authorities now are freely indulging in the practice of seizing the Reichsbanks funds which are destined to meet the miners' payrolls, but this is only one of the many factors which are aggravating the situation, as it leaves whole communities without currency to meet the demands of ordinary family shopping.

Chancellor Cuno's Government is fully cognisant of the importance of safeguarding the food situation in the occupied area, especially with reference to delivering Winter supplies of potatoes before the frost sets in, and is now restricting railway schedules to the extent of eliminating certain passenger trains and urging agricultural producers to place the new crops at the Government's disposal.

The Ruhr areas are chronically short of fresh milk, due to the spoiling of shipments which are delayed en route or detained by the French railway régime.

All these factors have suggested to the Government the eventual necessity of inaugurating a food rationing system in the Ruhr, or of assuming the task of feeding the miners and steel workers and their families in order to keep resistance alive.

Such procedure, it is pointed out, would be preferable and more effective than the Government's present practice of paying the miners off in paper marks, the purchasing power of which continues to fall, and which also are useless with the food shops empty.

American Tourists Leaving.

American tourists, who for a while enjoyed the experience of handling millions of marks daily here, have begun to depart for other lands in greater numbers, rather than endure the inconveniences caused by the current money shortage which was brought about by the inability of the Government to supply the demands of the falling mark.

Many Americans who have become tired of the novelty here and who have been planning for two or three days to leave Germany were unable to do so today, as it was impossible for them to realize upon their checks and they are virtually impounded at their hotels where they give notes for their meals.

Currency of all kinds is at a premium. Business today at the Reichsbank, so far as supplying currency was concerned, was virtually at a standstill and for two days the American Express Company has had no marks at all for its customers, so that it closed its office today at noon. The express company also has exhausted its supply of dollar bills, which are in great demand, the smallest American denomination on hand being fifty-dollar bills.

FRENCH ASSERT CUNO IS ON EVE OF FALL

They Hold That His Reichstag Speech, Rejecting Hope in Britain, Shows Despair.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 8.—With only a little more pressure Chancellor Cuno and his Government will be sent tobogganing just as the Kaiser and Ludendorff were deposed of in 1918, according to the impression which the Chancellor's latest speech has made on the French mind. It is held that the declaration that no German Government should ever consent to a cessation of passive resistance in the Ruhr is too similar to declarations of the war Government on the eve of defeat to be considered seriously.

"Cuno's Government has already in fact ceased to exist as a government," says the Journal des Débats tonight, while the Petit Parisien and other papers see in the Chancellor's declaration a mere echo of the spirit of resistance of which it is declared more than half of Germany is tired.

Not the least satisfactory part of the Chancellor's speech, in French opinion, is the declaration that nothing much more is to be hoped for from Great Britain. Even if he did not mean it literally, the statement is regarded as likely to have a damaging effect in his own country on the spirit of resistance. It has been the hope of some compromise being effected by Britain or America which has buoyed up the mass of the German people. Now that the Chancellor declares that the British proposals, which are unacceptable to France, are also unacceptable to Germany, what hope, it is asked, is logically left for a settlement except by victory on one side or the other?

On her side France has no fear. Little by little proofs are believed to be accumulating that resistance is weakening in the Ruhr. A test case is likely to lie in the success or otherwise of the proposed German gold loan. The legality of such an attempt to raise money is in itself in question, for the Commission on Reparations has already issued a warning to all subscribers to such a loan that it is based on new taxation and is therefore a technical infringement of the Treaty of Versailles.

On March 27, when the Cuno Government proposed a loan similar to the one now projected, the commission issued this statement:

"The fact that the German Government has not seen fit to ask for the derogation of Article 248 of the treaty obliges the commission expressly to reserve, even toward subscribers to the loan, its right of priority on the resources which may be destined by the Reich toward the administration or repayment of this loan, especially if this exceptional receipt is not effected to the payment of reparations."

This communiqué is held to be equally applicable to the new loan and serves as notice to subscribers that whatever may be promised by the German Government the Commission on Reparations under the treaty reserves its full rights to a first mortgage on all the resources of the Reich.

Even should the German loan succeed to the full extent of 500,000,000 gold marks, it cannot avail more to the Cuno Government in French opinion than to postpone the inevitable catastrophe, and the policy of the Chancellor is likened to that of Ludendorf in that he is pouring new money into a failing cause, just as the latter poured more men into the battle line in a vain, last effort to snatch victory from defeat.

There is hope here, thought not yet more than hope, that this policy of finance which Cuno espouses may provide for the British Government and France a new ground of accord. England's claims on Germany are just as much compromised as those of France by such steps. Frenchmen are deriving hope that perhaps Cuno may have served them unwittingly well by bringing the pro-German element in British politics to see that its interests still lie more with France than with Germany.

"Now we will see," says the Temps tonight, "what is the strength of the pro-German elements which are pushing the British Government."

In other papers, such as L'Intransigeant, political writers, working on the same idea from a different angle, ask in substance:

"Why cannot France and England come to an agreement in this one matter, at least, and together make final protest on such an infraction of the treaty as the proposed loan? If they did so the Chancellor would yield, as the Kaiser did in 1918, furnished with the same excuse, 'We cannot hold out with the whole world in league against us.'"

GERMAN INFLATION LAID TO REPARATION

Count Kessler Tells Institute of Politics Teutons Were Forced to Depreciate Currency.

RAPS VERSAILLES TREATY

"White Man's Burden" Debated by Former Secretaries of Lloyd George and General Crozier.

Special to The New York Times.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., Aug. 9.—Lecturing on the effects of the Treaty of Versailles on Germany before the Institute of Politics tonight, Count Harry Kessler of Germany asserted that the post war inflation of currency in Germany was largely caused by reparations payments. He denied that Germany had deliberately depreciated its currency to avoid the consequences of defeat.

Inflation, he maintained, was an almost inevitable effect of the war in all European countries. Germany had to choose between inflation and Communism, and chose paper marks to avoid a Red revolution. "Her huge deficit and her unfavorable balance of trade, both caused in a great measure by the reparations payments in gold and in kind, account amply for such an immense mass of inflation," he said. "I think it is unnecessary to construct as an added cause the particular weakness of the German Government, bent on ruining its creditors at home and abroad by intentionally ruining itself," he went on. "If it had intentionally depreciated its currency in order to put the allied ministers of finance in a fix, it would have been remarkably like the boy who cut off his nose to spite his face."

Replying to charges that Germany had misrepresented its financial condition and had 30,000,000,000,000 gold marks hidden outside, the lecturer stated that the German Government had accepted the suggestion of Secretary of State Hughes for an impartial commission of experts to investigate this question.

Count Kessler admitted that the fall of the mark resulted in cheap labor, enabling Germany to undersell other countries with less depreciated currencies. He contended, however, that this was offset by a permanent injury to German industry in the shrinkage of its capital, whereas the total value of limited liabilities companies in Germany in 1914 was worth 31,000,000,000 gold marks or $7,500,000,000, he said, it was worth only $1,000,000,000 in December, 1922, six-sevenths of their capital having been swept away by the depreciation of the mark.

"Germany is a sick nation, gripped by two mortal diseases, the destruction of its economic organism and the corruption of its currency," he continued. "If these two diseases are cured in time, it will probably recover, not to its former strength, but as a healthy member of the great moral and industrious nations. However, if they are not cured in time, and the time is rapidly running out, Germany's disintegration will weigh on the future of European civilization with a weight that it may not be able to bear. What Germany is struggling for is to avert this European catastrophe."

He compared the Treaty of Versailles to the German invasion of Belgium. "It is morally inexcusable to sign an international agreement and then tear it up like a scrap of paper," he declared. "Germany committed an offense against public morals in invading Belgium and the Allies did the same when they broke the understanding to base the peace on the principles of President Wilson."

A debate on "The White Man's Burden" occurred at this afternoon's conference on the British Commonwealth. Phillip Henry Kerr, former secretary to Lloyd George, started it with the statement that advanced peoples should govern the backward peoples for their own good, and that the United States before the end of the present century would find itself carrying a larger share of the burden.

Professor George H. Blakeslee of Clark University replied with a denunciation of the old system of "alleged advanced states" attempting to extend their civilization and commerce into backward states which, he said, had often been a curse to the natives and a cause of international war. He criticised the British policy under the mandatory system. The real issue was whether it was to be a bona fide trusteeship for backward peoples or a disguised form of annexation by the mandatory powers.

Sir Edward Grigg, another former secretary of Lloyd George, doubted whether there was a real distinction between virtual annexation and trusteeship, as one reason for giving the mandates was that the mandatory powers had special interests in certain territories and needed them for their own security. Pointing to Hawaii, Panama and the Philippines, he said we should try to interpret other people's motives in the light of our own experience. There was nothing to make fun of in teaching British history and institutions to the Samoans, as the Americans did the same in the Philippines.

General William Crozier, U. S. A., said that the policy of advanced States ruling backward countries was justified by the fact that the conception of Government by the consent of the governed was not widespread in the East, and that security of life, property, liberty and family was much greater in India than in China.

Rear Admiral Joseph Strauss stated that a misinterpretation had been put on his remarks at the Pacific round-table yesterday about the Washington Conference on the Limitation of Armaments. He did not say, he asserted, that he believed it had obtained a lasting peace in the Pacific, but said, "If we have gained a lasting peace by this treaty, we have gained much. If to do that we have sacrificed the means of enforcing our rights if they are challenged, we have lost much as well."

Mrs. Waterbury Gets Decree.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Aug. 9.—An interlocutory decree of divorce was granted by Supreme Court Justice A. H. F. Seeger here today to Mrs. Marion L. Waterbury, against Floyd A. Waterbury, with $20 weekly alimony and custody of her son, 8 years old. She is permitted to remarry and assume her maiden name, Marion L. Lowe.

KRUPP APPEAL FAILS IN FRENCH HIGH COURT

Von Bohlen Must Serve His Prison Sentence Unless He Receives Amnesty.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 9.—The Court of Cassation this afternoon rejected the appeal of Baron von Bohlen against the judgment of the courtmartial of the Seventy-seventh Infantry Division sentencing him to fifteen years in prison and to pay a fine of 100,000,000 marks. The only point considered was that of the jurisdiction of the military court.

The Baron, who has been incarcerated since his sentence was imposed, now has no immediate prospect of release. The Court of Cassation being the highest tribunal in France, his only hope of liberty lies in Presidential or Parliamentary amnesty. Not only is popular sentiment against such action but it is urged that it would be more or less of a repudiation of the Ruhr régime and would have a damaging effect on the occupation.

PARIS, Aug. 9 (Associated Press).—In their appeal to the Court of Cassation in the case of Baron Krupp von Bohlen, head of the Krupp plant at Essen, and the other directors of the Krupp company, from the sentences imposed upon them by the French courtmartial at Werden, the Germans' counsel contended that the offense was not committed in enemy territory and that consequently a French courtmartial was not competent to try civilians for offenses there.

It was argued that the Ruhr occupation was an act provided for in the Treaty of Versailles, which explicitly stated that such occupation could not be considered an act of hostility. Hence, the occupation being an outcome of the peace treaty it was declared by counsel not to be in an enemy country.

Attorney General Mornet held that the occupation was a sequel of the war and that consequently the French courtmartial was competent.

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PARIS, Aug. 9.—An order was given tonight to transfer Baron Krupp von Bohlen to France immediately to begin serving his fifteen-year sentence.

Soviet Forms a Reserve Army.

MOSCOW, Aug. 9 (Associated Press).—The formation of a territorial army in the form of reserves, in addition to the regular standing forces, is ordered in a decree issued by the Federal Council of Commissars today. Additional decrees provide for compulsory physical training and elementary military training for the male population on attaining the age of sixteen years by January, 1924.

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New York Tribune

CARDS BEAT GIANTS IN FIFTEEN INNINGS

Win by 13-12 in Game in Which 37 Players, Including 12 Pitchers, Take Part.

CHAMPIONS MAKE 8 ERRORS

St. Louis Team Contributes Four Misplays — North's Single Decides Battle.

BOTH SCORE IN ELEVENTH

Hornsby Ties Count With a Homer After New Yorkers Get Two Runs—Nehf Is Batted Out.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 9.—With darkness descending upon the field the Giants and Cardinals drew their game to a close in the fifteenth inning today, the Cardinals winning by a score of 13 to 12. Jack Scott was pitching for the Giants and began the home half of the fifteenth by walking Heinie Mueller, who was forced by Eddie Ainsmith. Casey Stengel camped under Freigau's fly, but Lou North, the Cardinals' pitcher, singled to centre, and Ainsmith rumbled home with the winning run.

The game dragged through three hours and thirty-eight minutes and was a very weird affair, made up of some good baseball, but a great deal more that was decidedly bad. There were home runs by Frank Frisch, Hank Gowdy and Rogers Hornsby, and, to offset these, eight errors by the Giants and four by the Cardinals. Thirty-seven players, of which twenty were Giants, got into the game, and each team used six pitchers.

The combat began with Art Nehf pitching for the Giants and Bill Doak for the Cards, but Doak failed to survive the first inning, and Nehf could not last through the second. After Nehf came Virgil Barnes, Claude Jonnard, Dennis Gearin, Jack Bentley and Scott, and after Doak came John Stuart, Clyde Barfoot, Bill Sherdel, Ed Pfeffer and North.

Hornsby's Homer Ties Score.

The big thrill of the game occurred in the eleventh inning when the Giants having scored two runs and apparently clinched the game in their half, Hornsby again tied the score with a home run that came with Blades on base with two out.

The attack by the Giants on Doak in the first inning was launched without delay. Young singled to left, Maguire doubled to right centre and Frisch dropped the ball into the right field bleachers for a home run. Meusel doubled to right and out went Doak, to be succeeded by Stuart. Stengel passed out on a grounder to Bottomley, Meusel reaching third. Kelly lashed a liner into left centre but Blades caught it on the run, Meusel scoring after the catch.

The fine beginning made by the Giants did not daunt the Cardinals, who scored two runs in their half of the first inning and tied the score with two more in the second. Flack got a hit on a ball that took a bad hop past Maguire in the first inning. He reached second on Blades's out and crossed the plate on Hornsby's single to left. Bottomley was thrown out by Maguire but Stock brought Hornsby in with a single to right.

The Giants started to crack in the second inning and the Cardinals, who should not have scored at all, scored twice on a base on balls to Freigau, errors by Maguire and Gowdy, Flack's out and a single by Blades. While this inning was in progress, Barnes relieved Nehf for the Giants in the pitching box.

In the third inning the Giants took the lead by scoring one run, but the Cardinals came back in their half of the inning and again tied the score. The Giants' run was made on a double by Meusel and a single by Kelly, and the ingredients of the Cardinals' run were a safe bunt by Stock, his force by Mueller, an error by Kelly, the forcing of Mueller by Ainsmith, Ainsmith's steal of second and a single by Stuart.

Cards Score Three in Fourth.

Three errors went into the making of as many runs by the Cardinals in the fourth inning, during which Barnes gave way to Jonnard. Blades got a hit past Maguire and Young muffed Hornsby's fly. Bottomley popped to Kelly and Stock forced Hornsby with a poke to Frisch, but Mueller tripled to right centre, scoring Blades and Stock. It was at this point that Jonnard replaced Barnes. Ainsmith hit to Maguire, who fumbled the ball, Mueller scoring. Maguire, recovering the ball, threw it over Kelly's head, and Ainsmith went to second. He was caught between second and third, however, when Freigau hit to Frisch.

A double to left centre by Frisch, a pass to Meusel, Stengel's force of Meusel and a double steal netted a run for the Giants in the fifth inning.

With the bases filled and two out in their half of the fifth the Cardinals scored two more runs when Stock bounced a hit off Jonnard's glove and Frisch, pouncing on the ball, threw it high and wide past Kelly at first base. Gowdy delivered his home run in the eighth and in the ninth the Giants tied the score, mixing a double by Frisch and singles by Jackson, Gowdy and Snyder with errors by Stock and Freigau.

In the eleventh the Giants scored two runs on singles by Snyder and Scott, an error by Hornsby, a sacrifice by Cunningham, a pass to Frisch and Meusel's out.

Then the Cardinals came back in their half and tied the score with two out on a single by Blades and Hornsby's home run.

The score:

ST. LOUIS (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Flack,rf	6	2	1	5	0	0
Blades,rf	7	3	3	3	1	0
Hornsby,2b	5	2	2	6	2	0
Bottomley,1b	7	0	1	15	0	0
Stock,3b	7	1	4	2	2	0
Myers,cf	7	0	1	1	0	0
Mueller,cf	6	1	1	6	0	0
Ainsmith,c	6	2	3	6	1	0
Freigau,ss	5	1	0	6	1	0
Doak,p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stuart,p	4	1	2	0	2	0
Barfoot,p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sherdel,p	1	0	1	0	0	0
Pfeffer,p	0	0	0	0	0	0
North,p	2	0	1	0	0	0
aSmith	0	0	0	0	0	0
bMcCurdy	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	60	13	16	45	16	0

NEW YORK (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Young,rf	5	1	1	1	0	0
Maguire,2b	5	1	2	1	3	5
Cun'ham,2b	4	0	0	2	2	0
Frisch,3b	6	3	3	4	4	0
Meusel,lf	7	2	2	4	0	0
Stengel,cf	7	0	2	7	0	0
Kelly,1b	7	1	1	11	8	0
Jackson,ss	7	1	1	5	6	0
Gowdy,c	4	1	2	0	1	0
Snyder,c	2	0	2	1	0	0
Gaston,c	2	0	0	0	0	0
Nehf,p	1	0	0	0	0	0
Barnes,p	1	0	1	0	0	0
Jonnard,p	0	0	0	0	0	2
Gearin,p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bentley,p	1	0	0	0	1	0
Scott,p	3	1	1	0	1	0
cO'Connell	1	0	0	0	0	0
dShinners	0	0	0	0	0	0
eMcQuillan	0	1	0	0	0	0
Total	62	12	17	44	23	2

* Two out when winning run was scored.
a Ran for Sherdel in ninth.
b Batted for Pfeffer in eleventh.
c Batted for Jonnard in sixth.
d Ran for Gowdy in ninth.
e Ran for Snyder in eleventh.

Errors—St. Louis 4 (Hornsby (2), Stock, Freigau). New York 3 (Young, Maguire (3), Frisch, Kelly, Jackson, Gowdy).

St. Louis	2	2	1	3	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	1	3	—	13
New York	4	0	1	0	1	0	1	3	0	2	0	0	0	1	2	—	12

Two-base hits—Maguire, Meusel (2), Frisch (2). Three-base hits—Mueller, Bottomley. Home runs—Frisch, Gowdy, Hornsby. Stolen bases—Ainsmith (2), Frisch, Stengel, Snyder, McQuillan. Sacrifices—Kelly, Cunningham, Flack. Double play—Snyder, Frisch and Kelly. Left on bases—New York 17, St. Louis 12. Bases on balls—Off Nehf 1, Barnes 2, Jonnard 2, Gearin 1, Scott 2, Stuart 4, Sherdel 1, Pfeffer 3, North 1. Struck out—By Gearin 1, North 1. Hits—Off Nehf 4 in 1 2-3 innings, Barnes 4 in 2, Jonnard 2 in 1 1-3, Gearin 0 in 2, Bentley 0 in 1, Scott 6 in 6 2-3, Doak 4 in 0 (none out in first), Stuart 6 in 7 1-3, Barfoot 3 in 1 1-3, Sherdel 3 in 1-3, Pfeffer 3 in 2, North 0 in 4. Hit by pitcher—By Stuart (Young). Wild pitches—Barnes, Stuart. Winning pitcher—North. Losing pitcher—Scott. Umpires—Finneran, Pfirman and Quigley. Time of game—3:38.

Ruth Again Trails by .0003 In Race for Batting Honors

Babe Ruth gained on Harry Heilmann yesterday in the race for the batting championship of the American League and the Yankees' star is again only three-tenths of a point behind the Tigers' slugger. Ruth made one hit in two times at bat yesterday, while Heilmann hit safely twice in five chances. Following are the five leading batsmen in each major league:

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Player and Club	G.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.C.
Heilmann, Detroit	93	343	71	134	.3906
Ruth, New York	103	351	102	137	.3903
Jamieson, Cleveland	104	434	86	153	.857
Speaker, Cleveland	102	399	81	142	.356
Sewell, Cleveland	105	367	64	130	.354

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Player and Club	G.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.C.
Hornsby, St. Louis	79	307	69	123	.401
Wheat, Brooklyn	73	275	55	105	.382
Traynor, Pittsburgh	103	405	67	148	.366
Fournier, Brooklyn	89	342	54	125	.365
Bottomley, St. Louis	98	386	55	140	.363

REDS BLANKED, 1-0; SIXTH LOSS IN ROW

Braves Register First Victory of Season in Cincinnati When Genewich Outpitches Rixey.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 9. — Genewich pitched brilliantly for Boston today, defeating Cincinnati, 1 to 0. Rixey also was effective, except in the seventh inning, when Southworth's triple and a single by McInnis gave the Braves their only run. Both teams fielded with great speed.

It was the sixth straight defeat for the Reds and the first victory of the season for the Braves at Redland Field.

The score:

BOSTON (N.)	Ab	B	H	P	O	A
Felix,lf	4	0	0	3	0	0
Powell,cf	4	0	0	4	0	0
Sou'worth,rf	4	1	3	2	0	0
McInnis,1b	3	0	3	9	1	0
Boeckel,3b	3	0	1	0	2	0
Ford,2b	3	0	0	3	4	0
Smith,ss	3	0	0	2	1	0
O'Neill,c	3	0	0	3	1	0
Genewich,p	3	0	1	1	2	0
Total	30	1	8	27	11	0

CINCINNATI (N.)	Ab	B	H	P	O	A
Burns,rf	4	0	1	4	0	0
Daubert,1b	4	0	0	9	1	0
Roush,cf	4	0	0	1	1	0
Duncan,lf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Hargrave,c	3	0	2	5	3	0
Wingo,c	1	0	0	1	1	0
Pinelli,3b	3	0	0	0	3	0
Bohne,2b	2	0	1	3	4	0
Caveney,ss	2	0	0	2	3	0
Rixey,p	2	0	0	1	2	0
aBressler	1	0	0	0	0	0
Keck,p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	30	0	5	27	19	0

a Batted for Rixey in eighth.
Errors—Boston 1 (Smith); Cincinnati 0.

Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—1
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hits—Hargrave, Genewich. Three-base hits—Southworth (2). Sacrifice—Caveney. Double plays—Bohne and Daubert; Hargrave and Bohne; Smith, Ford and McInnis. Left on bases—Boston 2, Cincinnati 6. Bases on balls—Off Genewich 2. Struck out—By Rixey 3, Genewich 3. Hits—Off Rixey 7 in 8 innings, Keck 1 in 1. Losing pitcher—Rixey. Umpires—McCormick and O'Day. Time of game—1:34.

CUBS WIN IN NINTH, 2-1.

Hartnett's Homer Ties Score and Elliott's Double Beats Phils.

CHICAGO, Aug. 9.—Couch, former Cincinnati pitcher, now with Philadelphia, weakened in the last inning today in a pitching duel with Keen, and the Chicago Cubs made it two straight from the Phillies, 2 to 1.

Elliott's double in the ninth inning sent Callaghan, who ran for Miller, home with the winning run. Hartnett's home run drive tied the score in the previous inning. Philadelphia having scored its lone tally in the fourth.

The score:

CHICAGO (N.)	Ab	B	H	P	O	A
Statz,cf	4	0	0	1	0	0
Adams,ss	4	0	1	1	3	3
Gra'tham,2b	4	0	1	2	3	0
Hartnett,c	4	1	1	8	1	0
Friberg,3b	4	0	1	3	2	0
Miller,lf	4	0	1	1	1	0
Heathcote,rf	3	0	1	1	0	0
Elliott,1b	4	0	1	9	0	0
Keen,p	2	0	1	1	2	0
aCallaghan	0	1	0	0	0	0
Total	33	2	8	27	12	0

PHILADELPHIA (N)	Ab	B	H	P	O	A
Sand,ss	4	0	0	1	7	0
Leach,cf	4	0	1	1	1	0
Wr'stone,3b	4	0	0	2	4	0
Tierney,2b	3	1	2	1	3	0
Walker,rf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Lee,lf	3	0	0	2	0	0
Holke,1b	3	0	1	14	1	0
Henline,c	3	0	0	2	0	0
Couch,p	2	0	1	1	2	0
Total	30	1	5	*25	16	0

*One out when winning run scored.
a Ran for Miller in ninth.

Errors—Chicago 0, Philadelphia 3 (Tierney 2, Wrightstone).

Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	—2
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hits—Adams, Elliott. Home run—Hartnett. Stolen bases—Grantham, Heathcote. Sacrifices—Keen, Heathcote. Double play—Tierney, Sand and Holke. Left on bases—Philadelphia 5, Chicago 8. Bases on balls—Off Keen 2. Struck out—By Couch 1, Keen 3. Hit by pitcher—By Keen (Couch). Umpires—Hart, Moran and Westervelt. Time of game—1:40.

ATHLETICS TAKE SERIES.

Win Three Out of Four, Defeating White Sox in Final, 21-5.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 9.—Winning the final game of the series from Chicago, 21 to 5, today gave Philadelphia three out of four from the White Sox and ended a protracted slump.

The score:

PHILADELPHIA (A.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
McGowan,cf	5	4	3	4	0	0
Galloway,ss	5	2	2	3	5	0
Hale,3b	5	4	4	1	2	0
Haus'er,1b	6	1	2	10	2	1
Miller,lf	6	0	1	3	0	0
Welch,rf	5	2	4	1	0	0
Scheer,2b	4	2	2	4	3	0
Perkins,c	3	3	1	1	0	0
Naylor,p	4	2	2	1	2	0
Rommel,p	1	1	1	0	1	0
Total	44	21	22	27	15	1

CHICAGO (A.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Hooper,rf	5	1	2	1	0	0
Mostil,cf	5	0	2	3	0	0
Collins,2b	5	1	1	1	1	1
Sheely,1b	3	1	2	12	1	0
Falk,lf	5	1	3	2	0	0
Happenny,3b	4	1	1	2	1	0
McClellan,ss	5	0	1	1	2	0
Schalk,c	3	1	1	0	6	0
Grahm,c	3	0	1	7	0	0
Cvengros,p	2	0	0	0	0	0
T.Blank'p,p	0	0	0	0	1	0
Leverette,p	1	0	0	0	1	0
Castner,p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Proctor,p	0	0	0	0	0	0
aStrunk	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	40	5	13	24	9	0

a Batted for Proctor in ninth.

Errors—Philadelphia 1 (Galloway); Chicago 3 (Falk, Happenny, T. Blankenship).

Philadelphia	0	2	1	6	4	5	0	3	—	21
Chicago	0	0	1	1	0	0	3	0	0	— 5

Two-base hits—Mostil, Hooper, McGowan, Miller, Hauser. Three-base hit—Hauser. Home runs—Scheer, Hale. Stolen base—Hale. Sacrifice—Leverette. Double plays—McClellan, Collins, Sheely and Schalk; Happenny, Sheely and McClellan. Left on bases—Chicago 14; Philadelphia 6. Bases on balls—Off Cvengros 4, T. Blankenship 2, Leverette 1, Naylor 5. Struck out—By Cvengros 2, Leverette 1, Rommel 1. Hits—Off Cvengros 7 in 3 2-3 innings, T. Blankenship 1 in 0 (pitched to four batters), Leverette 7 in 1 2-3, Castner 2 in 2-3, Proctor 5 in 2. Naylor 12 in 6 2-3, Rommel 1 in 2 1-3. Passed ball—Perkins. Winning pitcher—Naylor. Losing pitcher—Cvengros. Umpires—Connolly, Rowland and Ormsby. Time of game—2:32.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

Kansas City 6, Columbus 3.
Indianapolis 10, St. Paul 5.
Louisville 7, Minneapolis 4.
Other clubs not scheduled.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Kansas City	65	37	.637
St. Paul	64	38	.627
Louisville	58	48	.547
Indianapolis	51	52	.495
Columbus	50	52	.490
Milwaukee	50	57	.467
Minneapolis	42	63	.400
Toledo	38	69	.343

SOUTHERN ASSOCIATION.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

New Orleans 5, Memphis 4.
Atlanta 4, Nashville 3.
Mobile 15, Little Rock 4.
(First game.)
Little Rock 5, Mobile 2,
(Seven innings; second game.)
Other clubs not scheduled.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New Orleans	65	36	.644
Mobile	60	45	.571
Atlanta	55	50	.524
Nashville	57	52	.523
Birmingham	52	52	.500
Memphis	51	54	.486
Chattanooga	42	66	.389
Little Rock	37	64	.366

Double-Header tomorrow, Yankee Stadium, Yankees vs. Detroit. 1st game 1:30.—Advt.

YANKS LOSE THIRD CONSECUTIVE GAME

Detroit Tigers Win Opening Contest of Series at Stadium by 11 to 3.

HOYT KNOCKED OUT OF BOX

Pitcher Is Driven to Cover in Seventh Inning, When Visitors Go on Batting Rampage.

The Yankees suffered their third successive defeat yesterday afternoon, losing the opening game of their series with the Detroit Tigers at the stadium by a score of 11 to 3. Ty Cobb's players went on a batting rampage. They piled up a total of fourteen hits, which included four triples and three doubles. The Yankees also batted hard, but were unable to bunch their hits except in the third inning, when four consecutive singles and a fumble by Cobb gave them their three runs.

Waite Hoyt started on the mound for the American League champions and went along fairly well after being pounded for three runs in the second and another in the third. In the seventh, however, the Tigers broke loose with a furious attack and drove him to cover. Carl Mays was rushed to the rescue and he also was batted hard. As subsequent events proved, the Tigers really clinched the game with the run in the third inning, but they made doubly sure of the decision with four tallies in the seventh and three more in the eighth.

Hoyt was found for ten hits before being taken out with none down in the seventh. Mays yielded four more in the two innings in which he performed. Pipgras finished the game and held the Tigers hitless in the ninth.

Sylvester Johnson, who opened in the box for the Tigers, was jolted for eight hits before he was taken out to allow Veach to start the seventh-inning drive with a single. Cole was on the mound for the last three innings and was found for three hits, one in each inning.

Manush Leads Attack.

Manush led the Tigers at the bat with two doubles and a three-bagger in five times at bat. Cobb also contributed three hits, all of which were singles. Harry Heilmann, who is still leading Babe Ruth by a slight margin in the race for the batting championship of the American League, connected for a triple and a single in five trips to the plate.

Whitey Witt was the Yankees' batting hero. The diminutive outfielder stepped to the plate five times and drove out four singles. Ruth received three bases on balls and made a single on one of his two other trips to the plate. Elmer Smith made two singles in three chances and one of his hits drove in two of the Yankees' runs with the bases filled in the third inning.

After Hoyt had retired the side in order in the first inning, the Tigers broke through in the second for three runs. Manush led off with a double to left and Heilmann struck out. On Haney's roller to the box, Hoyt made a wild throw to first base and Manush completed the circuit. Rigney followed with a three-bagger to left and Haney scored. Rigney also crossed the plate, when Bassler came through with a single to centre. Johnson popped to Ward and Blue drew a pass, but Jones grounded to Ward for the third out.

With one out in the third, Manush again started some trouble for Hoyt by driving a triple to right centre. Heilmann promptly followed with a single to right and Manush scored. Heilmann advanced to second on Haney's grounder to Scott, but he was left stranded when Rigney rolled out to Ward.

Yanks Stage Rally.

The Yankees staged a rally with two out in their half of the third, but it fell short after they had come within a run of tying the score. Witt singled to centre after Schang and Hoyt had been retired, and Dugan followed with a single to short. Ruth slammed a terrific liner off Blue's glove for a single and the bases were filled. After the count had reached three and two, Smith came through with a single to centre, which brought Witt and Dugan across. Ruth also scored and Smith continued on to second when Cobb fumbled the ball. Pipp then ended the uprising with a grounder to Haney.

Neither team threatened seriously thereafter until the seventh, when the Tigers drove Hoyt to cover and pushed four more runs over. Veach batted for Johnson to start the inning and slammed a single to centre. Blue splashed a bunt in front of the plate and, with an easy double play in sight, Schang drew the ball into centre field in attempting to nail Veach at second base. Jones cracked a two-bagger to centre and Veach rode home on the hit, while Blue reached third. Cobb got a single through Pipp and Blue scored. Jones took third on the hit. Mays replaced Hoyt at this point and Manush died on a short fly to Ruth, Jones being held at third. Heilmann then shot a triple to deep right centre, scoring Jones and Cobb. On Haney's grounder to Pipp, Heilmann was caught between third and the plate and was run down. Haney reached second on the play, but advanced no further, as Rigney went out on a fly to Ruth.

Then came the eighth and three more runs for the Tigers. Blue drove a triple between Ruth and Witt with two out, and Jones drew a pass. Cobb singled to right, scoring Blue, and, when Meusel fumbled the ball, Jones scored and Cobb reached third. Manush slammed a double to centre and Manush followed the plate. Mays finally pulled himself together and retired Heilmann on a roller to the box.

The score:

DETROIT (A.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Blue,lb	4	2	1	11	1	0
Jones,3b	4	2	1	0	0	0
Cobb,cf	5	2	3	2	0	0
Manush,lf	5	2	3	2	0	0
Heilmann,rf	5	0	2	2	0	0
Haney,2b	5	1	0	2	3	0
Rigney,ss	5	1	2	4	7	0
Bassler,c	4	0	1	3	2	0
Johnson,p	2	0	0	0	0	0
aVeach	1	1	1	0	0	0
Cole,p	2	0	0	1	0	0
Total	42	11	14	27	13	0

NEW YORK (A.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Witt,cf	5	1	4	3	0	0
Dugan,3b	5	1	1	0	1	1
Ruth,lf	2	1	1	3	0	0
Smith,rf	3	0	2	1	0	0
Pipp,1b	4	0	2	11	1	0
Ward,2b	4	0	0	1	4	0
Scott,ss	2	0	0	2	4	0
Gazella,as	1	0	0	0	0	0
Schang,c	4	0	1	4	2	0
Hoyt,p	3	0	0	1	1	0
Mays,p	0	0	0	0	1	0
Pipgras,p	0	0	0	0	0	0
bHaines	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	35	3	11	27	14	0

aBatted for Johnson in seventh.
bBatted for Pipgras in ninth.

Errors—Detroit 2 (Cobb, Heilmann), New York 3 (Meusel, Schang, Hoyt).

Detroit	0	3	1	0	0	0	4	3	0	—11
New York	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	— 3

Two-base hits—Manush 2, Jones. Three-base hits—Manush, Rigney, Heilmann, Blue. Stolen base—Bassler. Sacrifice—Blue. Double plays—Schang and Scott; Rigney, Haney and Blue. Left on bases—New York 10, Detroit 8. Bases on balls—Off Hoyt 1, Mays 1, Johnson 3, Cole 2. Struck out—By Hoyt 2, Pipgras 1, Johnson 3. Hits—Off Johnson 8 in 6 innings, Cole 3 in 3, Hoyt 10 in 6 (none out in seventh), Mays 4 in 2, Pipgras 0 in 1. Winning pitcher—Johnson. Losing pitcher—Hoyt. Umpires—Evans, Hildebrand and Holmes. Time of game—2:23.

Caught at the Plate.

Ruth twice forged ahead of Heilmann in the American League batting race during the game, but at the end the Babe was still in second place. He was leading the Detroit slugger by .0008 when he stepped to the plate in the ninth, but his failure to get a hit on this occasion deprived him of his chance to stay at the top.

The Babe twisted his ankle in running to first base in the ninth, but he will be back in the line-up when the series is resumed tomorrow.

Witt made a splendid running catch of Jones's line drive to left centre in the fifth.

Gazella, the former Lafayette College star, was sent in to bat for Scott in the eighth. He went out on a grounder to Rigney. He also played short in the ninth, but failed to get a chance in the field.

Cobb hurt his leg while batting in the third, but he showed no effects of his injury, as he hit safely on his next three trips to the plate.

The Tigers attempted the hit-and-run play with Cobb on first and Manush at the bat in the fifth. The result was a double play, however, as Manush fanned and Cobb was caught stealing.

There will be no game at the Stadium today. The teams will meet in a double-header tomorrow.

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Detroit 11, New York 3.
Philadelphia 21, Chicago 5.
Boston 4, St. Louis 3.
Washington 2, Cleveland 1.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
St. Louis 13, New York 12.
(Fifteen innings.)
Pittsburgh 6, Brooklyn 2.
Chicago 2, Philadelphia 1.
Boston 1, Cincinnati 0.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	68	35	.660
Cleveland	57	48	.543
St. Louis	53	50	.515
Detroit	49	49	.500
Chicago	48	53	.475
Washington	46	54	.460
Philadelphia	45	56	.446
Boston	40	61	.396

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	69	37	.651
Pittsburgh	62	42	.596
Cincinnati	61	44	.581
Chicago	56	49	.533
St. Louis	54	53	.505
Brooklyn	52	52	.500
Philadelphia	34	70	.327
Boston	31	72	.301

NO GAMES TODAY.

All postponed out of respect for the memory of President Harding.

BEARS SCORE FOUR IN SIXTH AND WIN

Rally Enables Newark to Clinch Victory Over Syracuse by 7 to 6 Count.

NEWARK, Aug. 9. — The Newark Bears defeated Syracuse here today, 7 to 6, clinching the game with four runs in the sixth inning.

Gislason made three hits, a single and double and a triple in five times at bat.

The score:

NEWARK (I.)	Ab	B	H	P	O	A
Whitman,rf	4	1	2	2	0	0
Devine,c	5	0	1	2	9	0
Brainard,2b	3	0	0	1	2	0
Zitman,1b	5	1	2	17	0	0
Wig'worth,lf	4	1	2	2	1	0
Anderson,3b	4	0	2	0	5	0
Pfleshl'r,cf	4	0	1	3	0	0
Sheridan,ss	4	2	2	0	2	0
Ellis,p	1	1	1	0	0	0
Schessler,p	0	0	1	0	0	0
Baldwin,p	1	0	0	0	2	0
Total	36	7	13	27	12	0

SYRACUSE (I.)	Ab	B	H	P	O	A
Sliva,lf	5	1	1	2	1	0
Gislason,2b	5	2	3	4	0	0
Taggert,rf	4	2	2	1	0	0
McKee,c,1b	3	1	1	8	0	0
Makin,3b	4	0	0	2	2	0
Niebergall,c	3	0	0	2	0	0
Holm,cf,ss	4	1	2	4	0	0
Keating,ss	2	2	0	2	1	0
McCarthy,1b	1	0	0	1	0	0
Reinhart,cf	1	0	0	1	0	0
Hill,p	3	0	0	0	1	0
Pierotti,p	1	0	1	0	0	0
aDubuc	1	0	0	0	0	0
bFrankhouse	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	37	6	11	24	10	0

a Batted for Keating in eighth.
b Ran for Pierotti in ninth.

Errors—Newark 1 (Brainard), Syracuse 3 (Taggert, Niebergall, Reinhart).

Newark	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	4	0	—7
Syracuse	2	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	—6

Two-base hits—Gislason, Sliva, Holm, Whitman (2), Three-base hits—Gislason, Taggert. Stolen bases—Zitman 2. Sacrifices—McKee, Keating, Brainard, Whitman. Double play—Wigglesworth and Sheridan. Left on bases—Syracuse 6, Newark 10. Bases on balls—Off Hill 2, Pierotti 1. Hits—Off Ellis 6 in 5 innings, Schessler 3 in 1, Baldwin 2 in 3; Hill 10 in 5, Pierotti 3 in 3. Struck out—By Schlessler 1, Hill 1. Wild pitch—Schlessler. Umpires—Gaston and McDevitt.

HOMER BEATS SKEETERS.

Merkle's Drive Gives Rochester Victory by 3-0.

Fred Merkle made a home run with Archdeacon on base in the first inning of the game between the Skeeters and Rochester Hustlers at Jersey City yesterday afternoon and subsequent developments proved

UNTIDY SHOWS WAY IN ALABAMA STAKES

Greentree Stable's Filly Adds to Her Conquests by Winning Spa Feature.

'CHASE IS INVESTIGATED

McNair Questioned Regarding Ride on Vox Populi II.—Decision Reserved—Goshawk Wins Again.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., Aug. 9.—Untidy, the Greentree Stable's bay daughter of Sweep and Café au Lait, this afternoon added the Alabama stakes to the Kentucky Oaks she won at Churchill Downs and the Gazelle stakes at Aqueduct. The handsome bay filly easily defeated four others in the $10,000 event for three-year-old fillies, running the mile and a quarter in 2:05 2-5, and winning $8,950 for Mrs. Payne Whitney. Untidy, carrying 124 pounds, gave three pounds and a decisive beating of two and a half lengths to Sally's Alley, owned by Willis Sharpe Kilmer, and the greatest money winner among the two-year-olds of 1922. Transom, Harry Payne Whitney's even money favorite, was a poor fourth.

The afternoon was one of the most delightful of the meeting to date in point of weather conditions, the sun, in a cloudless sky, being tempered by a cool breeze that swept the well-filled grandstand and the spacious clubhouse piazzas. Favorites, as usual, were conspicuous by their failures—only two of the public choices rewarding their fanciers.

There will be no racing at the track tomorrow. The course and offices of the Saratoga Racing Association will be closed all day out of respect to the memory of the late President Harding. A small but select field paraded for the chief feature of the afternoon, which was established in 1872 when August Belmont's Woodbine carried off the honors. Since then it has been captured by many famous three-year-old fillies, the winner last year having been W. P. Thompson's Nedna.

Untidy Is Pocketed.

Only W. S. Kilmer's Sun Thistle and the Salubria Stable's Rock Pocket declined the issue among those named over night out of the original list of 159 nominations. In the early and middle stages the race was an interesting contest to watch, the small field being well bunched until the horses were straightened out for home. The Kilmer filly Sun Quest had the early foot of the quintet, with Sally's Alley lapped on the Sun Briar filly. Transom was a length back and on the outside of this pair as they went up the back stretch, with Untidy pocketed in the most undesirable position imaginable inside of Transom and on the rail, with Betty Beall of the Idle Hour Stock Farm pounding along on the outside just back of Untidy.

If Untidy was ever to win or get a part of the money, it was Sande's job to get her out into the open. There was no chance to pull over and go around on the turn, and Sande bided his time. When Sun Quest had had enough, Sally's Alley went to the fore, and then came Sande's opportunity. As they rounded into the home stretch, the crack rider sent Untidy through the opening and quickly challenged Sally's Alley. The race was practically over from that moment, for when Sande gave Untidy her head she marched away from Sally's Alley with the greatest of ease to win by two and a half lengths. Sally's Alley took the place money by twice that distance from her stablemate, Sun Quest taking the short end of the stake by a length and a half from Transom.

Betty Beall, the crack Western filly which ran disappointingly in her only other appearance here, was equally disappointing today, trailing the field practically all of the way. The Western filly was the outsider and Untidy was not fancied, as she receded quickly from an opening of 5 to 2 to 4 to 1 and more.

Transom opened at 6 to 5 and was quoted at even money at post time. The Kilmer entry held steadily at 5 to 2. Sande received an ovation when he brought the winner back to the scales. Mrs. Whitney also was the recipient of many congratulations. The fractional times of the race were 0:24 1-5, 0:48 3-5, 1:13 3-5, 1:39 1-5, 2:05 2-5.

Jockey on Carpet.

The Stillwater Steeplechase this afternoon had an unpleasant aftermath. The running of Vox Populi II. was so unsatisfactory to the stewards and Trainer J. Fitzsimmons Jr. that the stewards began an investigation. It was reported that Jockey J. McNair had disobeyed instructions and the boy was called to an accounting.

Trainer Fitzsimmons stated that he had instructed the boy not only once, but twenty times, before the field went to the post that, under no circumstances was he to take the horse to the front until after the last fence had been negotiated. Fitzsimmons impressed upon the boy, he said, that if the old gelding were taken out in front he would either bolt or refuse, as he had done before.

Despite these instructions, reiterated many times, Fitzsimmons said, McNair took the gelding out to the front in the first half mile, with the result that the horse deliberately refused and swung abruptly in front of the other oncoming horses. Fortunately, he was so far in front that the others were able to pull out of his way. When McNair came on the carpet and was asked for an explanation, he said that he was unable to hold the horse.

It is the second time that this has happened to the horse with the same jockey up. No decision was rendered by the stewards, but an investigation is being conducted into other circumstances of the incident.

Goshawk Shows Speed.

Goshawk, Gifford A. Cochran's big black son of Whisk Broom II., made his second appearance since the Spring meeting at Pimlico and proved that it will take a phenomenal sprinter to take his measure. Goshawk easily beat seven others in the Burnt Hills Highweight Handicap, running the six furlongs in 1:11 4-5. Goshawk took the track away from Wellfinder soon after the start and Clarence Kummer sent him along to win easily by a length from Wellfinder, which lasted to take the pace from the fast closing Deadlock by a head. The latter was the one which ran the famous dead heat with Missionary last week. Goshawk was an odds-on favorite, opening at 3 to 5 and being backed down to 2 to 5 at post time. C. A. Stoneham's Dry Moon, the second choice, stopped in the homestretch, finishing fifth.

Earl Sande rode his second winner of the afternoon when he piloted the Salubria Stable's three-year-old bay gelding, My Own, home in front of nine others in the Crown Point Purse over the mile route. Sande held his mount behind the pace set by W. S. Kilmer's Sun Thistle until they were well along the backstretch, where he moved up into the lead and won as he pleased, being five lengths in front of Frederick Johnson's Dream Maker at the winning post. The latter was a length in front of Homestretch, which was four lengths ahead of W. S. Kilmer's Sun Thistle. My Own ran the mile in 1:37 4-5, equaling the best time for the distance made at this meeting. The winner was the only other favorite of the afternoon to come through, being backed down to 2 to 1.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

For two-year-olds; claiming; purse $1,000; ridden by boys who have not ridden two winners. Five and one-half furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Kilbowie	110	Hunt	8-1	1nk
Swastika	97	Abbott	12-1	2nk
Stustake	92	Shanks	6-1	3½
Belle K.	97	Mergler	3-1	4h
Barberry	100	Gorman	25-1	5½
Blue Miss	92	Dawson	15-1	6½
Peggy O.	104	Layton	30-1	7½
Rosina Annes	97	Bond	15-1	8½
Henry S.	109½	Hoffman	25-1	9½
Chief Clerk	100	Cooper	25-1	10h
Equity	100	Hastings	20-1	11½
Langwyn	109½	Simon	25-1	12

Time—1:06 4-5.

Start good; won driving; place driving. Kilbowie, b. g., 2, by Theo. Cook—Wren; owned by the Syndicate Stable and trained by J. S. Healy.

SECOND RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; the Stillwater Steeplechase Handicap; selling; $1,000 added. About two miles.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Jim Coffroth	153	Veitch	7-1	1h
Cresthill	138	Byers	7-5	2½
Adamant	140	Mergler	16-5	3½
Happy Chances	133	Lambert	10-1	4
Vox Populi II.	152	McNair	3-1	5
Refused.				

Place and show—Jim Coffroth, 2 to 1, even; Cresthill, 1 to 2, 1 to 5; Adamant, even, 2 to 5.

Time—4:36.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Jim Coffroth, blk. g., a., by Colhar—Marie Hyde; owned by C. K. Harrison Jr. and trained by S. Veitch.

THIRD RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; the Burnt Hills Highweight Handicap; $1,200 added. Six furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Goshawk	119	C. Kummer	2-5	1h
Wellfinder	107	M. Fator	15-1	2h
Deadlock	109	Ponce	12-1	3h
Dimmesdale	110	McAtee	20-1	4h
Dry Moon	120	Rice	8-1	5½
Dust Flower	108	Kelsay	15-1	6½
Column	112	Collins	40-1	7½
Whirlwind	110	L. Fator	30-1	8

Place and show—Goshawk, 1 to 6, out; Wellfinder, 4 to 1, 7 to 5; Deadlock, 3 to 1, 6 to 5.

Time—1:11 4-5.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Goshawk, blk. c., 3, by Whisk Broom II.—Dooslet; owned by Gifford A. Cochran and trained by C. H. Shilling.

FOURTH RACE.

For three-year-old fillies; the Alabama; guaranteed value, $10,000. One mile and a quarter.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Untidy	124	Sande	4-1	1½
*Sally's Alley	121	Johnson	5-2	2h
Sun Quest	114	Carroll	5-2	3½
Transom	114	McAtee	even	4h
Betty Beall	121	Lyke	12-1	5

*W. S. Kilmer entry.

Place and show—Untidy, 6 to 5, out; Sally's Alley, 2 to 5, out; Sun Quest, 2 to 5, out.

Time—2:05 4-5.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Untidy, b. f., 3, by Sweep—Cafe au Lait; owned by the Greentree Stable and trained by S. P. Harlan.

FIFTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; the Crown Point; purse $1,000. One mile.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
My Own	115	Sande	2-1	1h
Dream Maker	112	Smith	10-1	2½
Homestretch	112	Lang	12-1	3h
Sun Thistle	107	Carroll	10-1	4h
Pettifogger	117	Barnes	7-1	5h
Dustabout	113	Coltiletti	20-1	6¾
Athelstane	115	Callahan	10-1	7
Woodlake	112	Rice	9-1	8¾
The Corsair	112	Miller	20-1	9¾
Hell Gate	112	Turner	4-1	10

Place and show—My Own, 6 to 5, 3 to 5; Dream Maker, 4 to 1, 2 to 1; Homestretch, 5 to 1, 5 to 2.

Time—1:37 4-5.

Start good; won handily; place driving. My Own, b. g., 3, by King James—Bettie Landon; owned by the Salubria Stable and trained by W. Brooks.

SIXTH RACE.

For two-year-olds; maidens; purse $1,000. Five and a half furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Klondyke	115	McAtee	11-5	1nk
Sun Flag	115	C. Kummer	9-5	2½
Fly By	112	L. Fator	8-1	3½
H. T. Waters	115	Carter	15-1	4½
Bonaparte	115	Turner	12-1	5½
Batsman	115	Rice	30-1	6h
Bonnie Omar	115	Lang	20-1	7½
Comic Artist	115	Collins	50-1	8¾
Tiday	112	Babin	10-1	9½
Mayor Griffin	115	Barnes	100-1	10h
Courser	115	Fairbrother	100-1	11½
Despard	115	Sande	20-1	12nk
New Gold	115	Lunsford	30-1	13½
Suburban	115	Simon	100-1	14½
Drumbeat	115	Walters	30-1	15½
Ticker	115	Bruns	50-1	16h
Rock Court	112	McLane	100-1	17nk
Inver	115	Callahan	100-1	18

Place and show—Klondyke, even, 1 to 2; Sun Flag, 7 to 10, 1 to 3; Fly By, 2 to 1, 8 to 5.

Time—1:08 4-5.

Start good; won driving; place same. Klondyke, ch. c., 2, by Whisk Broom II.—Cressen; owned by H. P. Whitney and trained by James Rowe.

Weather clear; track fast.

YEARLINGS BRING $92,930.

Average $2,446 for 38 Head at Saratoga—$11,000 Top Price.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., Aug. 9.—Better prices than have been obtained since the opening night were realized tonight at the fifth of the yearling sales in the paddock of the Fasig-Tipton Company. The attendance was the largest since the opening night and the bidding was keen. A total of thirty-eight head went under the hammer for $92,630, an average per head of $2,446. The consignments were from the Page Brook stud of Captain P. M. Walker of Boyce, Va.; the Ayreshire stud of General J. A. Buchanan and from the stud of Admiral Cary T. Grayson.

Top price of the evening was $11,000, which was paid by George B. Widener for a bay colt by Trap Rock out of Stewah. Mr. Widener bought on the account of Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt 2d, who is one of the newcomers to the American turf. E. F. Sims paid $10,000 for a chestnut colt by Trap Rock out of Federal Girl, a full brother of Lord Baltimore II.

TO PASS ON MEET ENTRIES.

A. A. U. Officials Will Consider 220 Names for Junior Games.

The championship committee of the Metropolitan Association of the A. A. U. will hold a special meeting at A. A. U. headquarters next Monday night at which the entries for the junior track and field championship at Lewisohn Stadium on Aug. 19 will be passed upon. The meet this year will be held under the auspices of the Andrew B. Keating Association Inc., and is expected to be one of the best ever decided in the metropolitan district. More than 220 entries have already been received and the fields in all nineteen events promise to be unusually strong.

In many instances the winners will be contenders in the national meet at Chicago on Aug. 31 to Sept. 3 inclusive.

The feature events of this year's meet will be the two-mile run for the Keating trophy. This event, which will be a special race, has been placed on the program by permission of the Registration Committee. Joie Ray, Willie Ritola and Jimmy Connolly are already entered and it is expected that Pat Kennedy will be among the starters. The fact that this will be the first meeting of Ray and Ritola over the two-mile distance outdoors will add interest to the contest.

NEW YORK PAIR DEFEATED.

Kahn and Schulzmann Lose in Municipal Doubles Play.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 9.—Karl Kammann of St. Louis defeated Lew Hardy of Memphis, Tenn., here today in the second round of the national municipal tennis championship tournament, 6—3, 6—2. While Chanston Holeman of San Francisco eliminated Clarence Rose of Jacksonville, Fla., 6—4, 6—0, 6—1.

Louis Schaefer and Max Bookbinder of Buffalo defeated Sidney Kahn and Harry Schulzmann of New York, 6—3, 6—3, 6—1, in the only doubles match played here today.

Playfellow Through as Racer; Will Go to Stud Next Month

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., Aug. 9.—Playfellow has run his last race. The three-year-old son of Fair Play and Mahubah, full brother to the famous Man o' War and of By Play, and chief figure in one of the most famous legal battles in the history of the modern turf, is to be retired to the stud. James F. Johnson of Brooklyn, owner of the Quincy Stable, which sold the colt to the Rancocas Stable for $100,000 and was forced to take him back because it was charged that he was a cribber and a windsucker, has been disappointed in the efforts to train the horse. Playfellow was so uncertain in his appearances at the Aqueduct meeting that it was decided to retire him to the stud. Playfellow will be shipped to Kentucky next month and will stand at the Short Grass stud near Lexington. There he will give twenty-five free services to the breeders of Kentucky.

RICHARDS TO MEET FISCHER IN FINAL

Yonkers Star Defeats Hunter After Losing First Set at Southampton.

COLLEGIAN BEATS GRIFFIN

Eliminates Third Player From Coast in Three Days—Match Goes to Five Sets.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTHAMPTON, N. Y., Aug. 9.—Vincent Richards of Yonkers and Carl Fischer of Philadelphia will meet on Saturday in the final round of the fortieth annual Southampton invitation Lawn Tennis Tournament at the Meadow Club. Today in the semi-finals Richards defeated Francis T. Hunter of New Rochelle, 4—6, 8—6, 6—4, 8—6. Fischer furnished another bit of bad news for California for the third day in succession by defeating Clarence Griffin of San Francisco in an exhausting five set match that required three hours to play. Fighting an uphill battle almost all the way, Fischer finally won out at 1—6, 6—2, 5—7, 8—6, 9—7.

Richards also will be a finalist in the doubles. With Brian I. C. Norton of South Africa he defeated Harvey Snodgrass and Wallace Bates in the semi-finals today, winning in straight-set fashion at 7—5, 6—3, 6—4.

In the other semi-final, Robert and Howard Kinsey of California advanced at the expense of Manuel Alonso of Spain and Griffin at 6—1, 6—1, 6—2. Earlier in the day the Kinseys had reached the semi-finals by putting out Hunter and Hugh G. M. Kelleher of New York at 6—2, 6—4. The final round of the doubles will be played at 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon. The club courts will be closed to all play tomorrow.

Richards Outclassed at Start.

Richards was so greatly outclassed in the first set that it was difficult to believe what one saw. He was always on the run, making vain efforts to anticipate in time as Hunter cross-courted his shots and caught him yards away from the ball. When he did succeed in getting to the ball in time Richards did very little with it. There was little pace to his strokes and so vulnerable was his backhand that Hunter wisely pounded it at every opportunity.

A single break constituted the margin of the New Rochelle man's victory in the first set. Richards started the service end lost the opening game. Thereafter each man succeeded in making his delivery effective until Hunter had gained six games while Richards was getting four. In the second set Richards improved in control, while Hunter maintained the same aggressive style with which he had started out. The first game of the frame went to deuce six times before Richards made his service effective. He took the second game also, breaking through at 4—1. Hunter evened the score at 2-all, breaking through Richards's service at love. Richards went ahead at 3—2, and increased his lead to 4—2 in the sixth, after deuce had been called eleven times. Hunter lost his own game by smashing the ball out of court in the eighteenth rally. He then evened the score at 4-all with a fine exhibition of net play in the seventh and eighth games. Game followed service for the next five innings. With the score at 7—6 in Richards's favor, the Yonkers youth broke through in the fourteenth and took the set at 8—6.

In the third set Hunter broke through in the third game at 5—3 when Richards double faulted on the eighth point. Hunter led at 40—0 on aces off service and Richards pulled up to deuce, only to lose the next two points. Hunter increased his lead by taking the fourth game at 6—3 on Richards's outs off service. Richards won the fifth at 4—3, and in the sixth game broke through at 4—1 to even the score at 3—all.

Richards's Play Improves.

The Yonkers youth played as if inspired for the first time in the match in this game, volleying in his most sparkling fashion. He won his third straight game in the seventh with the help of a service and a placement ace and led at 4—3. Hunter evened the score at 4—all on Richards's errors and was within a point of breaking through until the ninth, when he took four points in a row after Richards had run into a lead of 40—0. But a placement, a net off service and a service ace enabled the Yonkers youth to take the game at 6—4. Richards then broke through for the tenth at love, passing the other beautifully at the net.

Hunter started off strong in the fourth set, breaking through in the first game and taking the second. After Richards had won the third the New Rochelle man won the fourth at love, keeping the count on the man with his drives to the alternate corners.

Hunter was within a point of the fifth game when he led 40—30, but Richards, rising to the occasion, took three points in succession one of them a kill made in the air, and the last a crossing shot that passed Hunter at the net. Hunter took the sixth game on Richards's forced errors and led at 4—2. The Yonkers youth came back strong in the seventh and won at love when his opponent let down in control. The eighth game went to deuce six times before Hunter was able to make his service count. Richards was within a point of the game three times, but could not take it.

The Yonkers youth, spurred on by the loss of this crucial game of his hard fight, settled himself grimly to the task and took three games in a row, allowing the other but four points in the three. Hunter was within two points of the set when he led 30—0 in the tenth, but Richards took the next four points and then four more for a love game in the eleventh. The next two games were split on service, and then Richards, who had been at match-point in the twelfth at 40—30, broke through in the fourteenth at 6—1, when Hunter made two nets and one out.

The point score follows:

FIRST SET.

Richards	2	1	5	1	0	4	3	4	1	4					27
Hunter	4	4	3	4	3	4	1	5	1	4					36

SECOND SET.

Richards	1	0	4	0	3	4	1	5	1	2	4	0	3	2	4	6	57
Hunter	4	5	1	4	5	3	4	7	4	4	2	4	2	5	3	4	58

THIRD SET.

Richards	4	1	3	1	4	4	1	5	1	4					32
Hunter	2	4	4	0	4	2	4	1	4	6					31

FOURTH SET.

Richards	2	2	4	0	4	2	4	4	4	4	1	4			52
Hunter	4	5	1	4	5	4	0	1	2	0	4	3	1	4	44

Fischer Also Starts Poorly.

Fischer, like Richards, made a very poor start in his match with Griffin. He missed the easiest shots, failed badly at the net and had poor length on his ground strokes. Griffin, on the other hand, was as steady as a rock, returning everything safely and placing his shots with good court craft. Fischer was in pursuit of the ball most of the time and not being much when he succeeded in getting his racket on it. Only one game did he get in the frame, the third, in which he broke through Griffin's service.

In the second set the Philadelphian found himself and from this point on played such brilliant tennis as to keep the large gallery that crowded the club house veranda bursting into almost continuous applause. The net work of both Griffin and Fischer, in the last three sets, was brilliant and colorful. The play was at a fast pace that was sustained throughout, both men putting up aggressive tennis, seeking to earn every shot and never showing any inclination to have points handed them on errors.

In the second set it was Fischer who dominated the play with his deep forehand drives and spectacular work at the net. The Philadelphian was all over the court, making the most difficult recoveries and frequently scoring on the shot. Griffin, in the face of this sort of opposition, lapsed sadly. He seemed to lose all range of the lines and net and was slow in covering court. Fischer won the frame with the same decisiveness that the Californian had taken the first.

The match developed into a most even game in the third set, which found both men playing at their best. Long, bitterly fought rallies followed upon one another, with the two men driving hard and Fischer rushing the net at every opportunity. Griffin's stonewall defense and relentless netting back of the ball enabled him to go into a lead of 5—3.

Fischer pulled up to 5-all, overcoming the opposition with his sharply angled volley shots. Griffin took the next two games for the set at 7—5.

Fischer Evens Match.

In the fourth set the players, refreshed after the rest, renewed the struggle of the third frame. Fischer finally broke through to win at 8—6, making the sets 2-all. So even was the play in this set that neither of the two men ever held enough of an advantage to indicate what the outcome would be. Brilliant rallies were the rule as Fischer took his opponent's ground stroke at the net.

The fifth set found the two wet and weary but sustaining the high character of the play to the last. Instead of letting down they battled with tenacity for every point.

Griffin, leading at 5—4, 30-0 in service in the tenth game was within two points of the match, but Fischer came through and tied the score at 5-all. The Philadelphian went into the lead at 8—7 in the eleventh, after the score had gone to deuce three times. Griffin won the twelfth at love. Fischer took the thirteenth and Griffin came back for another love game in the fourteenth, tying the score at 7-all. Fischer won the fifteenth at 40—30 and then drove through on the sixteenth, after having the advantage twice, for the set and match.

The point score follows:

FIRST SET.

Fischer	2	0	4	2	0	3	1	1	2						12
Griffin	4	4	2	4	5	4	5	4	0						27

SECOND SET.

Fischer	5	1	4	5	7	4	4	6	3	4					43
Griffin	7	4	2	2	5	6	2	2	0	2					27

THIRD SET.

Fischer	6	6	5	7	2	0	4	4	2	2	5	3	7		57
Griffin	2	4	4	6	5	4	4	2	1	4	4	7	5		49

FOURTH SET.

Fischer	4	0	4	1	8	7	4	1	8	4	4	1	4	4	54
Griffin	2	4	1	5	5	2	4	5	1	0	4	2	1	0	40

FIFTH SET.

Fischer	4	2	1	0	4	2	4	6	4	7	0	4	0	4	60
Griffin	1	4	4	1	2	4	0	8	1	2	8	6	7	4	57

The summaries:

Singles, semi-final round—Vincent Richards, Yonkers, defeated Francis T. Hunter, New Rochelle, 4—6, 8—6, 6—4, 8—6; Carl Fischer, Philadelphia, defeated Clarence J. Griffin, California, 1—6, 6—2, 5—7, 8—6, 9—7.

Doubles, third round—Robert and Howard Kinsey, California, defeated Francis T. Hunter, New Rochelle, and Hugh Kelleher, New York, 6—2, 6—4.

Semi-final round—Vincent Richards, Yonkers, and Brian I. C. Norton, South Africa, defeated Harvey Snodgrass and Wallace Bates, California, 7—5, 6—3, 6—4; Kinsey brothers defeated Manuel Alonso, Spain, and Clarence Griffin, California, 6—1, 6—1, 6—2.

DRAW IS ANNOUNCED IN WOMEN'S TENNIS

Four U. S. and Four English Stars Seeded in Title Tourney at Forest Hills.

Four Americans and four Englishwomen were seeded in the draw for the women's national singles lawn tennis championship tournament, which will start at the West Side Tennis Club, Forest Hill, N. Y., next Monday, with the result that a well-balanced field will appear. The American women who were honored in the draw were Mrs. Molla Bjurstedt Mallory, national titleholder; Miss Leslie Bancroft, ranked number two on the 1923 list, Miss Helen Wills, who occupies the number three position, and Miss Eleanor Goss, not ranked last year because of insufficitnt data.

Molla Bjurstedt Mallory.

The foreign stars who were seeded are the members of the English team which has come over for the international team matches, which start tomorrow. They are Miss Kathleen McKane, Mrs. Geraldine Beamish, Mrs. B. C. Covell and Mrs. R. C. Clayton.

The complete draw follows:

UPPER HALF.

Second Round, First Round Bye—Mrs. Molla Bjurstedt Mallory.

First Round—Miss Lilian Scharman vs. Miss C. Bannister, Mrs. G. B. Stanwix vs. Miss Mayme MacDonald, Mrs. Edward Raymond vs. Mrs. M. B. Hoff, Mrs. Beam Leachman vs. Miss Helen Hooker, Mrs. S. G. Seon vs. Miss Mary Heaton, Miss Anna Fuller vs. Mrs. W. H. Pritchard, Miss Eleanora Sears vs. Mrs. Geraldine Beamish, Miss Leslie Bancroft vs. Miss Virginia Travell, Miss Marguerita Glan vs. Miss Edith Moore, Mrs. B. F. Stens vs. Miss Marion Chapman, Miss Jessie M. Gott vs. Mrs. M. Batchelor, Mrs. Samuel H. Waring vs. Mrs. W. M. Ellis, Miss Agnes Sherwood vs. Miss Florence Sheldon, Mrs. J. C. Collingwood vs. Mrs. David C. Mills, Miss Caroma Winn vs. Mrs. R. C. Clayton.

SECOND HALF.

First Round—Miss Helen Wills vs. Miss Martha Sayard, Miss Corea Baker vs. Miss Rosamond Newton, Mrs. H. S. Green vs. Mrs. B. F. Briggs, Mrs. Elaine F. Falk vs. Mrs. John E. Bailey, Mrs. Nathaniel Dain vs. Mrs. Percy Wilbourn, Mrs. Arthur Duncan vs. Mrs. W. M. Shedden, Miss Bessie Holden vs. Mrs. Roy Bloy, Mrs. Louis Dixon vs. Miss Kathleen McKane, Miss Eleanor Goss vs. Miss Penelope Anderson, Miss Beatrice Sheridan vs. Mrs. A. F. Hise, Mrs. H. G. Lockhorn vs. Mrs. J. S. Taylor, Miss Mary E. Coe vs. Miss Phyllis Walsh, Mrs. Theodore Sohst vs. Mrs. J. D. Corbett, Miss Edith Bigourney vs. Miss K. L. Gardiner.

Second Round, First Round Bye—Miss Gertrude Hopper vs. Mrs. B. C. Covell.

REACH FINAL AT TENNIS.

Miss Legendre and Mrs. Harding to Play for Southern Title.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Aug. 9.—Finalists in the women's singles of the Southern championship tennis tournament at the Audubon Country Club here were determined today, with the result that Miss Ethelyn Legendre of New Orleans, four times her own successor to the crown, will meet Mrs. Mary Mason Harding of Louisville. Miss Legendre advanced to the finals by defeating Miss Christine Jansing, Kentucky champion, 6—2, 6—3. Mrs. Harding eliminated Miss Lillian Geiger of Louisville, 6—2, 6—0.

Other outstanding events were the triumph of Frank Owens and J. D. Hunt of Atlanta over Ed Pfeiffer and Major A. M. Watson of Louisville in the men's doubles, 6—0, 6—3, 6—4, and the defeat of Robert Craig, New Orleans, and John Keeble Jr., Nashville, by Jimmy Strang and Henry Rollins, Louisville, 6—4, 6—7, 6—3, 6—4.

Mrs. Whitney Buys Imported Steeplechaser, William W. II.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., Aug. 9.—Announcement was made this afternoon that Mrs. Payne Whitney, owner of the Greentree Stable, has purchased from William Read, the English sportsman, who brought over a string of flat runners and steeplechasers this season, the splendid steeplechaser, William W. II. No price was mentioned, but it was understood that it was unusually large. William W. II. has been under silks three times since arriving in this country and has twice been in the money. Good judges of cross-country horses pronounce him one of the best 'chasers in the country. Last Saturday he ran in the Ballston and appeared a bit green and short, weakening in the last twenty yards, to finish second to Letterman, also of the Greentree string.

AUSTRALIA DIVIDES HONORS WITH JAPAN

Rival Captains Each Win Singles Match in Davis Cup Tennis Play.

SHIMIZU DEFEATS HAWKES

Takes First Meeting in Five Sets, but Anderson Conquers Fukuda in Four.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 9.—The Rising Sun rose and fell in today's singles matches of the Davis Cup tennis here when Zenzo Shimizu, Captain of the Japanese team, captured the opening contest of the day from John B. Hawkes of Australia, 6—4, 3—6, 2—6, 6—1, 6—4, and James Anderson, Captain of Australia's team, later vanquished Masamosuke Fukuda of Japan, 6—1, 3—6, 6—2, 6—1.

A gallery of 2,500 witnessed the play, many of the seats being vacant by reluctance of tennis followers to attend during the mourning period for President Harding. Those who did turn out witnessed a great duel in the five-set triumph of Shimizu who, with a less versatile game, less force in his strokes and a service that was easily solved, managed to master his hard-hitting adversary by conserving his strength and by overpowering steadiness.

Anderson simply tore Fukuda's game to pieces in the first, third and fourth sets of the other game, although he felt a streak of wildness in the second frame that enabled the young Japanese college graduate to prove himself one of the coming tennis experts of the world.

Hawkes's net game and his service were his great assets, and it was only by Shimizu's forcing him to the back of the court, and so controlling the play that he kept him there, that the little Oriental star was able to break through, and Shimizu many times came from behind and showed great court craft. Hawkes's sharp volleying and stiffer forehand carried him to a lead of 4—0 in the first set before Shimizu broke through. Then Shimizu took a love game and Hawkes's accuracy left him, the little Jap wading through the next six games in order, while his blond rival was able to win only six points.

Shoots to Baseline.

Shimizu's baseline sharpshooting kept jockeying Hawkes from side to side, and it was always the Australian who finally was forced to leave his court wide open for a decisive shot.

In the second set Hawkes had recovered the force of his shots and again began to direct the play to his liking. His strokes had so much pace that Shimizu got little chance, and Hawkes worked his way neatly to the net, where he volleyed and smashed Shimizu's softer shots for an accumulation of spectacular points.

The second and third sets found Hawkes supreme. The high and deceptive sidewise bounce of his service kept the Japanese captain popping weak returns, and it was only when the play became a baseline driving affair that the Oriental was able to gain by his accuracy. Hawkes chopped his first stroke to issue a somewhat retarded return, and this usually gave him time to rush to the net.

After a seven-minute intermission Hawkes endeavored to keep the match on the same basis, but his opponent finally broke it up. Hawkes's harder service and harder hit drives had begun to take toll of his strength, while "Shimmy" merely smiled and covered the court with his apparently easy but quick tread. As Hawkes slowed, the speed of his shots lost some of their sting, and the difference enabled Shimizu to hit everything to advantage and he had the Australian left-hander worrying and overshooting the lines.

Hawkes Takes Lead.

Hawkes built up an early lead of 3—1 in the fifth, but could not hold it against the implacable accuracy. Shimizu used lobs successfully and some of his passing shots were so good that Hawkes didn't even try for them.

In the rallies Hawkes was always the one to falter into unsteadiness and Shimizu whittled his lead to a deficit 3—4. Hawkes called on his reserve of stamina enough to even it, 4—4, by a flurry of fine volleys, but he then fell into a series of errors which made the remainder easy for the Oriental.

The lanky "Kangaroo" entered the second set, however, with too much confidence, and when he began to overshoot and net he never did regain control of the play. The third set saw Anderson a bit steadied and again smashing and volleying for a decisive early lead.

Following are point scores and stroke analysis of the Shimizu-Hawkes matches.

First Set.

POINT SCORE.

													Pts.	G.
Shimizu	1	0	2	1	4	4	4	4	4	4			28	6
Hawkes	4	4	4	0	2	0	1	2	1	2			22	4

STROKE ANALYSIS.

	N.	O.	P.	A.	E.	Ep.	Df.
Shimizu	7	4	4	1	2	5	0
Hawkes	10	13	7	2	0	9	0

Second Set.

POINT SCORE.

													Pts.	G.
Shimizu	1	1	0	0	3	4	4	4	2	1	0	2	19	3
Hawkes	4	4	4	4	5	0	2	0	4	1	2	7	27	6

STROKE ANALYSIS.

	N.	O.	P.	A.	E.	Ep.	Df.
Shimizu	9	8	3	0	0	3	0
Hawkes	6	10	9	1	0	9	0

Third Set.

POINT SCORE.

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | P

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, AUGUST 10, 1923.

A NEIGHBORLY PRESIDENT.

Secretary HOOVER has told us how, when he was still immersed in the work of Belgian relief and of supervising food supplies in this country, Mr. HARDING, then a Senator, came to him and said: "Neighbor, I want to help." This was a note characteristic of the President's whole life. For him there was no need of the parable of the Good Samaritan to answer the question, "Who is my neighbor?" He knew by deep and happy instinct. Wherever he saw trouble or suffering, his heart prompted him to offer aid. Testimony to this side of his nature comes from uncounted witnesses. Ever since he reached manhood WARREN G. HARDING was known as one from whom there flowed continuously and spontaneously "little unremembered acts of kindness and of love."

In another sense his character and impulses were neighborly. He liked to talk things over with his friends. To obtain the views of men of ordinary clay conversing in little groups on the street corners or in the shops, or in friendly gatherings at night in hospitable homes, was his wont and his delight. That spirit and temper he visibly took with him to the work of the Presidency. It was no affectation or sudden pose on his part. It was simply the manifestation of a lifelong habit of mind. Obviously not a quality of the most dazzling political leadership, it undeniably fell in happily with the needs of the time during the first two years which Mr. HARDING spent in the White House. It surely was a piece of good fortune for the nation that at a period when suspicion was rampant, when there were so many resentments to be allayed and hatreds to be mollified, the President was one who had so great a talent for soothing, conciliating and reconciling. He carried into national affairs the homely attitudes and the friendly helpfulness which he had first displayed in a small neighborhood.

Now he has gone back to his old neighbors at Marion, to be cherished by them from this time forth. They will wish to keep alive his memory as President of the United States, but their most earnest desire will be to perpetuate the tradition of the human and attractive traits of the First Citizen of their town. No one ever took back with him to his former home a fuller record of kindly deeds that smell sweet and blossom in the dust.

MR. HARDING AND CONGRESS.

In the deserved disaster of the Republican Party at the polls last Fall Mr. HARDING had no hand. It punished his party, but left his popularity unimpaired. With a clear instinct the people distinguished between the leader who had urged the Republicans in Congress to their duty and the Republican Congress which disappointed the hopes and failed adequately to provide for some of the imperious needs of the country. When President HARDING, following the custom of GEORGE WASHINGTON and JOHN ADAMS in making his address in person, spoke to the Sixty-seventh Congress, called in extraordinary session, for the first time, he told it that "the people of the United States have charged the new Congress and the new Administration with the solution—readjustments, reconstruction and restoration—which must follow in the wake of war." Mr. HARDING did his part; most imperfectly, and often unwillingly, did Congress do its part; in some important respects, not at all.

By his tact, his personal charm, his amiability and patience, he helped bring about a considerable body of constructive legislation. He always showed the greatest deference to Congress and its functions. He could be iron, if necessary, as his course on the Bonus bill showed. His treatment of that measure in face of the hostile majority was admirably adapted to a difficult situation and a recalcitrant Congress. He got it postponed. He depended upon the awakening of public sentiment against it. He saddled it with conditions which he knew Congress wouldn't accept. Finally, he vetoed it. His generalship was wise. On the budget system, the utmost care had to be shown for the susceptibility of the House about its powers. The flexible provisions in the tariff have not been used to any appreciable advantage, but it should not be forgotten that they were looked upon by some as the only helpful portion of a scheme for which there was no general desire and of which Republicans are still paying the penalty; and they were put into the bill by compulsion from the White House.

Mr. HARDING did not try to force upon Congress what was generally understood to be his opinion that tax revision should have precedence of tariff-making, but, as he saw Congress wasting its time over unimportant or class measures, and business and industry impatient for relief, he went before the Senate to oppose the Bonus bill and to insist on the "three things "essential to the very beginning of "the restored order of things * * * "the revision, including reduction, of "our internal taxation; the refunding "of our war debt and the adjustment "of our foreign loans. * * * There "is confessed disappointment that so "little progress has been made in the "readjustment and reduction of the "wartime taxes."

Congress was spurred to complete part of his program. It did not deal thoroughly or honestly with tax revision. It showed its passion for economy by passing the Bonus bill. The farm bloc wouldn't yield the reduction of surtaxes recommended by the President. The war revenue taxes were not cut as much or as soon as they should have been. Congress was blind to its invitation of defeat. The President was as prescient a politician as he was a sound economist. He made some mistakes, but the country, so hot against Congress, was never cold to him. In view of the peculiar composition, disintegration, bloc and group system of the Sixty-seventh Congress, Mr. HARDING'S relations with it and strong influence upon it, in spite of some rebuffs, are illuminative of his suavity, discretion, his knowledge of men, and the breadth and soundness of his views of politics and policies.

MR. HARDING AN INTERNATIONALIST.

For a home-keeping public man from an interior State President HARDING showed an unexpected grasp of the new importance of the foreign relations of America. It may be said that this was partly forced upon him by the course and sequels of the great war, as it was upon millions of his fellow-countrymen. But however it came about, the fact cannot be denied that, if he had ever believed the United States sufficient unto itself or had advocated aloofness and isolation, he was soundly converted from that view by the time he became President. It is true that the peculiar nature of his campaign for the Presidency compelled him at times to seem to agree with those Americans who maintained that we must have nothing to do with Europe. But in his most important speeches, as in his Inaugural Address and his messages to Congress, he never failed to strike the note of internationalism. One of his latest public utterances was to the effect that no man could have been President as he had been, with evidences thrust upon him of the actual state of affairs abroad as related to conditions at home, without having become persuaded of the utter folly and impossibility of the policy of isolation for the United States.

In endeavoring to put his international ideas into practice, Mr. HARDING was hampered in ways known to all. At first he apparently thought that this country might join the League of Nations, after it had been radically made over so as to be more to our mind. This he soon gave up. But there is evidence that he still clung to the thought of some alternative association of nations which might make for amity and peace throughout the world. Seemingly, it was as a sort of compromise that he summoned the Washington Conference for Limitation of Armament. Here was a limited internationalism for limited purposes. Its large degree of success no doubt fulfilled Mr. HARDING'S earnest longings, but only in part.

He continued to dwell upon larger co-operation between the nations for larger objects. If he had lived, and especially if he had been re-elected, there can be little doubt that he would have moved forward, in his patient and considerate manner, to enlarge and strengthen our relations with other countries, and to bring about more assured international understandings and guarantees.

In line with that consistent aspiration of President HARDING, who was a sincere lover of peace if one ever existed, he took up as a great issue the duty of the United States to take its place in the International Tribunal of Justice. His urging of this measure was repeated and heartfelt. The address which he had prepared for delivery in San Francisco, and which was given out for publication after he fell fatally ill, renewed with fervor and force the appeal which he had made to his fellow-citizens to favor our entrance into the World Court. It was a final proof that Mr. HARDING was in the best sense of the word an internationalist.

By some the foolish rumor is put about that President COOLIDGE will let the World Court drop. But he has pledged himself to carry out the policies of Mr. HARDING, and in the eyes of the latter it is certain that none could have seemed more important than our joining the World Court. Furthermore, Mr. COOLIDGE himself is on record as approving it. He could hardly fail to perceive the emotional significance of the dying plea of President HARDING, and it is absurd to suppose that he will not renew it and enlarge upon it in his own name when the time comes.

MR. HARDING, THE ORIENT AND THE NEAR EAST.

The Harding Administration was signalized by one event of first-rate importance in the history of American foreign policy, the Washington conference. President WILSON had perforce been preoccupied with Europe; President HARDING turned back to Asia and found himself facing the necessity of renewed activity in certain traditional American policies which seemed likely to lead to an inevitable conflict. In this predicament the Administration took the striking step of calling a conference, not to reach some temporary compromise to avert an immediate war, but to try to remove the visible causes which seemed likely to lead to war at some time in the future. The renunciation of any spirit of chauvinistic nationalism on the part of the American delegates was perhaps demanded by the spirit of the time; but the demand was heeded, as it has not been on certain occasions in the past. We resigned the opportunity to build the greatest navy in the world in return for concessions by other Powers. We removed most of the causes of a war in the Pacific, at the sacrifice of most of our chances for victory if war should come.

There is little doubt that the majority of the nation approved both of these concessions. President HARDING, though not active in the work of the conference, did much to give it the proper spirit by the tone of his solemn address at the burial of the Unknown Soldier on the day before it began, and contributed materially to its measure of success by a wise selection of the American delegates.

It fell to the Administration which had started movements of such great importance to farther Asia also to settle, for the moment, our relations with nearer Asia. The Treaty of Lausanne, just signed, bears some resemblance to the Washington conference in that it was a recognition of a state of affairs, and a state of affairs in this case not altogether flattering to American national pride or encouraging to American interests. Yet we have at least the cheerless comfort of knowing that the great Powers of Europe, nearer to the Turks and more vitally interested in a Near Eastern settlement, were able to do no better than we did. And if we were unable to contribute to the removal of racial antipathies and the resultant violence and bloodshed in the Near East, American philanthropy has at least done something to mitigate their immediate consequences. President HARDING will be thought of in the Near East, not as the head of the Government which got the worst of the diplomatic argument at Lausanne, but as the Commander-in-Chief whose naval forces did such gallant work of rescue at Smyrna, as the President whose fellow-citizens contributed so liberally to the relief of human suffering.

MR. HARDING AND THE SOLDIERS.

Mr. HARDING'S attitude toward the war and toward the soldiers is well known. An advocate of preparedness in 1915 and 1916, he was in 1917 an ardent spokesman for American participation in the war. His views were more nearly those of ROOSEVELT than of WILSON, and he became the sponsor in the Senate of the amendment authorizing Colonel ROOSEVELT to raise a division of volunteers. Throughout the course of the war, although he was often critical of Mr. WILSON'S methods, he bent his efforts toward making America's part in the struggle effective and conclusive.

As President he was deeply solicitous for the disabled veterans. He came into office when the demobilization had long been completed, only to find that the care of the wounded was divided among four or five bureaus, and that the work had so piled up on the existing officials that confusion seriously delayed bringing proper relief where it was needed. His ready sympathy, always touched by his personal contacts with disabled veterans, prompted him to have an investigation made with the purpose of devising new machinery by which the relief work might be untangled and expedited.

This accordingly was done, and in August, 1921, the new Veterans' Bureau was formed, consolidating the work of the War Risk Insurance Bureau, the Federal Board for Vocational Training and the Public Health Service. Thus were the tasks of adjusting claims, of educating disabled soldiers and of attending to the medical needs of the veterans brought under one control, with beneficial results for all concerned. The direction of the new bureau was first placed in the hands of Colonel CHARLES R. FORBES, who in the face of constant criticism managed to bring about important improvements. In February of the present year he resigned and was replaced by Brig. Gen. FRANK T. HINES, who, the President believed, would not only prove an able administrator, but would be sufficiently detached from politics to avoid entanglement in the partisan cross-currents which have never been entirely got rid of in the relief work.

In no way, perhaps, was Mr. HARDING'S attitude toward those who had participated in the war better shown than on one of those sad occasions when a ship bearing the coffins of American soldiers who had died in France arrived in this country. The President had come from Washington to attend a memorial service at the dock. Gazing upon the rows of pine coffins draped with flags, he was overcome with emotion. "It must not be again," were the words that sprang to his lips. "It must not be again." In this simple phrase, voicing the sentiment of the entire country, he gave expression to his own deep feeling in the presence of these soldier dead. It was this same spirit which he reflected at the ceremony to the Unknown Soldier on Armistice Day in 1921, and it was this same sense which made him ever sympathetic to the plight of the veterans. Even his veto of the Bonus bill was with the conviction that he was thus best serving the interests of the veterans as well as of the nation at large. "With the avowed purpose of the bill," he wrote, "to give expression of a nation's "gratitude to those who served in its "defense in the World War I am in "accord." But the inadequacy of the proposed measure, he pointed out, together with the fact that funds were not available, made his veto necessary. He explained at length the work actually being done for the care of the disabled, making it clear that this was a true measure of the nation's devotion to those who had served it in war. "The United States will never cease "to be grateful, it cannot and never "will cease giving expression to that "gratitude," he said. This gratitude President HARDING throughout his years in office never failed to show.

FUNERAL TRAIN'S MESSAGE.

Mute Symbol of an Endeavor to Modify Unrest.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Surely there is something more than an empty symbol in the passing of the death train from coast to coast, the breadth of the continent, bearing the mortal remains of the Chief Executive who so lately spoke to us in person, through the press, by wireless and from the screen.

The crowds who a few days since gave him passing applause stand now in silence with bowed, bared heads. There is an intimate personal sorrow in the unexpected passing of the great, gentle character. But is it enough just to feel our sense of personal grief?

Throughout the land there is a growing feeling of unrest. This is not an unrest stirred by the ignorant, the anarchist and the idle, but it ferments equally among those who have benefited by national policies and education. It is the unreasoning unrest of immediate self-desire, whether it be in the heart of the laborer, the farmer, the merchant or the banker. It is the species of unrest that threatens to strike something down that will strike back to kill.

Special laws for special classes will not stem this rising tide of discontent. It is a thing beyond the scope of an individual statute. Nothing short of a reversal of the mental attitude of the nation can stop the drift.

Twice during a short range of years the Presidential train has gone westward with the purpose of arousing national thought to the truth that no man prospers by himself alone, but that public policies are individual responsibilities. One spokesman came back stricken; the other returns in the shrouded train of death.

In broad terms, the same message to the people was voiced by both stricken Presidents. Both appealed for a greater national consciousness of the interdependence of mankind—and both fell at the task. Our present sorrow cannot be sincere unless it is tinctured with a sense of shame for the part that nation-wide indifference played in these tragedies.

If our tears are permeated with resolution for more valiant citizenship, if our prayers are pledges of renewed love for our fellow-men, then are we fit to mourn such a citizen as Warren G. Harding. Then shall his works have not been in vain—he would ask nothing more from his life than that it might arouse the people to their full responsibilities to fellow-creatures.

W. H. CUNNINGHAM.
Jamaica, N. Y., Aug. 8, 1923.

THE FLAG AT THE GRAVE.

Stream out, bold banner of the Free,
Symbol of all we dare, of all we here
Uphold,
Shine bravely o'er today's calamity,
Deck the black plumes above our chieftain's bier,
Temper the shadows of our future's grief,
Flash mystic rays upon our fates untold.

For while we mourn the stalwart soul
Of him crushed down beneath the heavy cross
He bore,
Fast trust we him who'll bear it to the goal—
Trust in the constant heart mid gain or loss
That will not fail us as he stands our chief,
With Lincoln, Cleveland, Harding gone before.

O Freeman's flag that typifies our love,
Our will, our nerve, our quenchless fire! we kiss
The rod,
But ours to lift our heads the mists above,
And by your starry gleams find what's amiss;
Then toil and toil to win our land's relief
Ere asking mercy from forgiving God.

JOSEPH I. C. CLARKE.

PRAISE DURING LIFE.

Give It While It Can Be Appreciated, Urges Correspondent.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am in favor of more "taffy" and less "epitaphy." Not that I mean to belittle the tribute to our lamented President, for this is most fitting and reflects the sincere sentiment of the nation. I do believe, however, that these days of mourning offer an exceptional chance to call for sympathetic consideration for a President in his lifetime and not only after his death.

Most men feel heavily burdened with their comparatively small domestic and business problems. It should give us deeper regard for a President to realize that he is a lone man whose weighty problem is, in some respects, the aggregate of the combined political, business and domestic problems of 110,000,000 of us. It has taken two tragic experiences to reveal to us how inconsiderate we are of our overborne Chief Executives. The responsibilities of the office are in themselves immense, but unfortunately they are made more grievous by flippant criticism, not only of the President's public life, but also of his private character and habits.

To hear some people talk one would think the Chief Magistracy was a sinecure and the Chief Magistrate a person of indifferent character and ability. Certainly petty criticism and ill-founded scandal-mongering have given much unnecessary pain to our national leaders. Too commonly the President's recreations are made a matter of jest. I have most often heard this from manual laborers who fail to appreciate that to the brain worker exercise is not a luxury but a sheer physical necessity. No one in this generation should need to be told that a sound body is vital for a sound mind.

The most pernicious criticism, however, has been the scurrilous attacks on either the character, domestic life, or the ancestry of our Chief Executives. Within the last two decades these sinister rumors have been circulated. One President felt it necessary to vindicate himself in the court of law, and two others silently suffered the abuse through misrepresentations of their personal life. These besmirching insinuations have found ready ears, notwithstanding the fact that every fair-minded person must admit that the character of the men at the head of our Republic has, in the main, been strikingly above the average.

The indignities to which some of our recent Presidents have been exposed by cheap gossip should be spared the present head of the Government and his successors. We need a breed of citizens who, out of regard for the office, as well as for the person of the President, will crush out this disgusting brand of small talk. "Give them the flowers while they're alive. After they're dead they can't smell them."

WILLIAM T. BOULT.
New York, Aug. 7, 1923.

The World Court.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The world's court advocated by the late President Harding is an absolute necessity for the safety of nations. And we hope that President Coolidge will carry this great idea to its happy realization, some mischievous Senators of ours notwithstanding.

Let us admit for the sake of the argument that such court was permanently sitting at The Hague in 1914 when the German Army had invaded Belgium. What would have happened then? The Belgian Government would have instantly reported on the invasion to that court, which would have immediately settled this matter, to the effect that Germany had wantonly violated Belgium's neutrality, which, together with four other great powers, it had undertaken to uphold. Therefore, the court would have declared that Germany had committed an act of outlawry. Whereupon all Governments would have broken their diplomatic relations with the guilty Kaiser's country. With the brand of outlaw on their foreheads German Generals would not have so proudly rushed to commit their deeds of frightfulness in Belgium as they did in 1914.

All this bragging about "the military necessity" would have taken then quite a different coloring. An instant world's court decision, supported by the universal public opinion, would have crushed German military efforts long before they could have reached Verdun or the Marne. Our timely vote in The Hague Court might prevent sending our boys "over there."

This is not an idle dream. This plan belongs to practical politics, understood and approved by all people of common sense the world over. There is no room for timorous pleading of "entanglements," of "the superstate" scare and of eulogy of "splendid isolation."

Nobody will dare deny that mankind is essentially moral; then let mankind assert its moral power in due time, by such means as the world's court.

All nations live on the same globe; their daily intercourse is inevitable; all great discoveries bring them into a closer union. It is not only ridiculous, it is simply stupid to talk about isolation of any country.

PETER J. POPOFF.
Cragsmoor, N. Y., Aug. 8, 1923.

False Charges Disproved.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I traveled in the West recently and folks said Mr. Harding was the tool of Wall Street. I remember how they charged that Mr. Wilson was the tool of the labor trust. Is not the death of the former and the suffering of the latter a refutation of these wholly false accusations? Both gave their best to the country and while occupying the exalted position they were President to all citizens without regard to station, section, color or religion.

There's a lesson of sympathy and co-operation in the attitude of Mr. Harding and Mr. Wilson toward each other. When you are actually in the other fellow's place or if you can put yourself there in spirit, you do not feel like criticising.

There are a lot of well intentioned leaders in politics and religion who are trying to make us believe that folks are in bad temper or are going to the bad. Those preachments ought to be so much "bunk" after seeing the multitudes crowding the railroad tracks almost continuously across the continent to pay their respects to "my President." No song ever rang with truer fervor than "Nearer, My God, to Thee" as millions of hearts opened to its sentiment. The emotions of other millions of citizens were stirred to their very depths as they read of these manifestations of grief at the death of the President of the greatest nation on earth.

Let us hope that the agents of unrest will find hearts filled with nobler sentiments and more sympathy and ears closed to their sour brain preachments through the lessons learned from the death of President Harding.

President Coolidge will receive more of our sympathy and co-operation because of the lessons we have learned in our national grief.

KIRK L. RUSSELL.
New York, Aug. 8, 1923.

Urges Court Consideration.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In his last speech (released at San Francisco) President Harding made a sincere plea for joining the Permanent Court of International Justice.

May I suggest that it would be an act of respect and a fitting tribute to the memory of the late President to write to our Senators endorsing his proposal, delivered to Congress on Feb. 24, 1923, that the United States become a member of the Court?

R. PARKE.
Little Compton, R. I., Aug. 6, 1923.

INTIMATE REMINISCENCE.

Harding's Character Revealed by Humble Marion Friend.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It was April, 1921, when I first saw the White House. I defy anything anywhere to look more beautiful and impressive. The grass had turned emerald; the White House was as dazzlingly bright in the warm sunlight, and, crowning glory of all, above the roof of the Executive Mansion the American flag fluttered and snapped briskly against a turquoise backdrop. Possibly Washingtonians grow blasé because they see these same things often, but it gives no end of a thrill to an outsider. I wandered about the grounds, part of them now open by the new President's orders. I reveled in the new greenness of grass and trees, the brilliant whiteness of the dignified mansion and the blueness above that place of places in the capital city. At the garden end the rambler rosebushes had shot out little leaves and they were already beginning their yearly pilgrimage up the latticework against the conservatory. As I stood in the roadway, tipping my trusty kodak to get a good picture of the rounded rear porch and its gleaming columns, a voice called out: "Come on up on the bank. You kin git a much better view by standin' here." So I upped and snapped, and then found myself looking over a wire fence at an old whiskered, twinkly-eyed gentleman with a pair of gardener's clippers in his hand.

"Ever hear o' Uncle Charley?" said he with a friendly air. "No," I replied, with my best "I'm willing to be enlightened" expression. "Well," said he, "I'm him. I'm down here for good, I guess. I've known the President sence he wuz 18 years old. I'm from Marion, I am. Everybody down there knows Uncle Charley, an' I wanta say right here that there ain't a better man livin' than Warren G. Harding. I wuz comin' up here to the inauguration, an' afore I lef' Marion I sez to Warren: 'I got my round trip ticket to Washington. I'm agoin' up there an' see you git made President.' An' what do you think he sez to me? He sez: 'You hustle right down to the station an' buy a one-way ticket to Washington. Pack up your belongin's an' make up your mind to stay at the White House es long es I do.' So here I am. Ain't got the faintest idee what I'm gonta do here. Jes' at present I'm fiddlin' 'round, lookin' things over. Know Washington pretty well, though it has built up some sence I wuz here last. Stayed four years an' one month then. What's that?"

A gentleman with a thick berry Scotch voice stood at the foot of the bank gazing at a strip of wire fence sadly in need of repairs. "Ih'd like to enquirre if you contemplate havin' yon fence repairred, noo that the noo President is in?" And he cocked a speculative eye at Uncle Charley. "Yep," that gentleman responded. "That fence is like the old Administration—full o' holes—but we'll mend it all right, or git us a new one." And with a deep appreciative chuckle the braw Scot moved on his way.

"Well," queried Uncle Charley, "where wuz we at? Oh, yes, I wuz tellin' you about Warren. You know he's got a newspaper plant in Marion. He built that plant up from nuthin' at all, an' now it's one o' the best papers an' the biggest. Guess pretty near all Marion voted for the President. There certainly ain't no one better thought of than him out there. He's a man, I kin tell you. When he wuz a boy he drove teams, an' split rails, an' worked to put himself through college. I've knowed him near all his life. He don't care nothin' about money. Capital'll never get the chance to choke labor to death while he's President, I kin tell you. Right's right with Warren, no matter who's got the money. He's a great man, an' a good one. I tell you, you got a fine man for President—a good man. An' he's one that'll do his best by his country."

April, 1921, when I wrote the foregoing, I intended keeping it as a remembrance of my first trip to Washington. And now, on Aug. 4, 1923, just two and a half years later, I must add "Finis." It is two days since Uncle Charley's Warren passed on—two days since Warren G. Harding reached the end of a splendid and honorable career. Uncle Charley was right. We've had a fine man for President. It has been a privilege of which we are just becoming aware. We are the better for his having been our Chief, and he has done his best for his country—even to the laying down of his life.

How strange it now seems that all the adverse criticism of the President's policies has disappeared from the minds of all parties—criticism that must have deeply hurt so sensitive and earnest a seeker after his country's good. Now all people are united by a nation's great loss. What a tragedy it is that this union cannot come before a calamity like this one. How unjust and cruel it is that a great leader must start off on his "Great Adventure" quite alone and feeling many were against him, when he left behind a nation united to do him honor—a nation that might have worked with him while he was here. Why must death accomplish what life seems incapable of doing?

Surely no more fitting monument to the memory of Warren G. Harding, twenty-ninth President of the United States, can be conceived than for all the people—who now believe he gave a good man's best—to uphold his policies, and help make the way of our new leader—a stony path at all times—a little easier to travel by the evidence of our faith in him.

RUTH GIORLOFF.
New York, Aug. 6, 1923.

Suggested as Memorial.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Could there be a more fitting and appropriate memorial to our late beloved President than the dedication on the part of every American citizen of himself to the task of carrying out and making effective the last appeal of the late President:—whether it be our entry in the World Court, as he advocated, or some better way for the setting up of a permanent institution for the settlement of international disputes, so that the horrors of war may never again fall upon us?

JOHN S. TUNMORE.
Brooklyn, N. Y., Aug. 9, 1923.

From the Kenmore Children.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In tender memory of Warren Gamaliel Harding, twenty-ninth President of the United States, knight of peace and lover of childhood, the Kenmore Children's Brigade of Fredericksburg, Va., offers this tribute of love and sorrow. Faithful unto death in his service to Creator and country, may blessing await him at the Gate of Dawn.

GRACE V. HALSEY, Secretary.
Fredericksburg, Va., Aug. 8, 1923.

"This Must Not Be Again."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Kindly let Mrs. Harding know through your columns that the late President will be best and kindliest remembered by that speech of five words that he made on seeing the soldier coffins brought from Europe.

"This must not be again."

CLARA MARSHALL.
New York, Aug. 7, 1923.

MOURNING SERVICES IN CHURCHES TODAY

Tributes to the Dead President Will Be Paid Beginning at 10 A. M.

MANY UNION MEMORIALS

Congregations of All Faiths Will Pay Tribute and Offer Prayer for Harding.

New Yorkers will gather in their respective places of worship today and pay tribute to Warren Gamaliel Harding, twenty-ninth President of the United States, whose body this afternoon will be buried at Marion, Ohio.

Practically every church and synagogue in the city will hold services in response to the proclamation by President Coolidge, setting aside the day as one of mourning and prayer for the dead President.

By order of Archbishop Patrick J. Hayes, a votive mass will be said this morning in every Roman Catholic Church of the Archdiocese of New York.

By direction of Bishop William T. Manning, every church in the Episcopal Diocese of New York will hold a service with Scripture readings, portions of the burial service and special prayers, and, by request of Bishop Luther B. Wilson, superintendent of the New York Methodist Area, a union service for Methodists of Manhattan and the Bronx will be held in St. Paul's Church, Eighty-sixth Street and West End Avenue, known as the Methodist Cathedral, with Bishop Wilson presiding.

By proclamation of Archbishop Platon of this city, Metropolitan of the Russian Church in America, all the Russian orthodox churches in the United States will offer a requiem for the soul of President Harding.

Acting on the suggestion of the Union of American Hebrew congregations, the Central Conference of American Rabbis and other national Jewish ecclesiastical bodies, every synagogue, orthodox and reform, has called its people together today to pray for the soul of the late President, and every Christian Science church in Manhattan and the Bronx will hold services at 11 o'clock. The order of service will be that used at the memorial for President McKinley.

The Hours of Service.

Most of the Catholic churches will say mass at 10 o'clock. A great majority of Protestant churches have set 11 o'clock for their service. Exceptions are the Cathedral of St. John the Divine and Trinity Church, where services will be held at noon.

The preacher of St. Patrick's Cathedral, where mass will be said at 10 o'clock, has been changed to the Rev. John J. Wynn. A pontifical mass will be sung in the Holy Russian Orthodox Cathedral of St. Nicholas, in Ninety-seventh Street. The celebrant will be the Rev. Dr. Leonid Turkevich, dean of the Cathedral. Archbishop Platon will attend. Requiem will be said in the Arabic language in the Syrian Greek Orthodox Cathedral of St. Nicholas, 345 State Street, Brooklyn, at 10 o'clock.

Lutherans will unite in a service at Holy Trinity Lutheran Church, Sixty-fifth Street and Central Park West, with addresses by the Rev. A. M. Huffman of Raleigh, N. C., formerly chaplain of the Third Division, and Dr. M. G. G. Scherer, Secretary of the United Lutheran Church in America.

Many delegations from military and patriotic societies will attend the service at the Cathedral of St. John the Divine. The Union League Club will be represented by a committee of sixty members headed by Chauncey M. Depew, Elihu Root, Samuel W. Fairchild and James R. Sheffield. Foreign Consuls also will attend. In the procession with the clergy and choir will be the trustees of the Cathedral and a guard of thirty colors sent by the American Legion. Bishop Manning will deliver the address.

Sir Gloster Armstrong, British Consul General, has announced that he will attend the service at Trinity Church. The Rev. Dr. Caleb R. Stetson, the rector, will officiate. The order of service will be the same as the memorial service for King Edward.

Music to Feature Services.

A service will be held at 11 o'clock in the First Presbyterian Church, Fifth Avenue and Eleventh Street. A quartet will sing, and Willard Nebins will play the organ. The Rev. Henry R. Van Dusen will lead the services in the Brick Presbyterian Church, Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street.

Temple Ansche Chesed, Seventh Avenue and 114th Street, will hold a special service at 10 o'clock. Rabbi Jacob Kohn will deliver the eulogy. A memorial will be held at 8 o'clock tonight in the Hebrew Tabernacle, West 161st Street. Addresses will be delivered by Martin C. Ansorge and the Rev. Dr. I. Mortimer Bloom.

Services for the accommodation of those in the hotel district will be held at 8 o'clock tonight in the Madison Avenue Baptist Church, at Thirty-first Street.

The Rev. Dr. Miller L. Robinson will conduct the public memorial at the Palace Theatre, Broadway and Forty-seventh Street, at noon under the auspices of the New York Federation of Churches. The addresses will be by Bishop Wilson, United States Senator Royal S. Copeland and Frederick A. Wallis. A vested choir will sing.

The service at noon in the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, in Fifty-fifth Street, will be one of prayer, except for three hymns.

The Rev. Dr. Joseph Silverman, rabbi of the Temple Emanu-El, Fifth Avenue and Forty-third Street, will officiate there at a memorial prayer. Joint memorial services by the pupils of the East Side Hebrew schools will be held at 10 o'clock in the Jewish Centre, 128 Stanton Street. Rabbi Max Drob of the Washington Heights Centre will speak, and Rabbi Jacob Rappaport, cantor of the Clinton Street Synagogue, will offer prayer. Temple B'nai Israel, 602 West 149th Street, will hold a service this morning, with Rabbi Newlander and the Rev. Joseph Schapiro, cantor of the congregation, officiating. The First Roumanian-American Congregation, 89 Rivington Street, will hold a service at 10:30 o'clock. It will be conducted by the Rev. Abraham Schorr, the cantor.

Rabbi Stephen S. Wise of the Free and Central Synagogues, will be one of the speakers at a union service at Lake Placid, N. Y., where he has his Summer camp.

Several Union Services.

There will be a union service under the auspices of the Brooklyn Federation of Churches, in Holy Trinity Episcopal Church, Montague and Clinton Streets, during the hour of the burial this afternoon. Among other churches that will have union services are the Bushwick Avenue Methodist, Christ Episcopal Church, Bay Ridge; Flatbush Congregational, Lutheran Church of the Good Shepherd, Marcy Avenue Baptist, New York Avenue Methodist, Salem Evangelical, St. Philip's Episcopal and First Reformed.

A union service of the Hanson Place Baptist Church and the Lafayette Avenue Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn, will be held at 8 o'clock tonight in the latter church in South Oxford Street.

The Evangelistic Committee of New York City will observe the national day of mourning in its many centres. A feature at the big gospel tent, Eighth Avenue and Fifty-fourth Street, Brooklyn, will be the singing by William McEwan of "Lead, Kindly Light," and "Nearer, My God, to Thee." Dr. H. G. Sheldon will speak. This service will be preceded by a children's memorial.

There will be a service at 11 o'clock in St. Paul's Episcopal Church, St. Paul's Place and Washington Avenue, with the Rev. H. F. Taylor officiating.

Rabbi Max Reichler will speak at 8:30 o'clock tonight at a memorial in Beth Sholom-Peoples' Temple, Bay Parkway and Benson Avenue, Brooklyn.

The Synagogue of Congregation Derech Emunoh, Beach Sixty-seventh and Larkin Streets, Arverne, L. I., will hold its service at 6:30 this evening.

The memorial at Temple Emanu-El, Fourteenth Avenue and Forty-ninth Street, Brooklyn, will be at 11 this morning.

A short patriotic memorial service will be conducted at Manhattan Beach Baths at 3 o'clock this afternoon by the Rev. Edward A. Wallace, pastor of the Roman Catholic Church of SS. Margaret and Mary, Manhattan Beach. A similar service will be held at the same hour at Brighton Beach Baths, by the Rev. Nicholas W. Keating, pastor of the Roman Catholic Church of the Guardian Angels, Brighton Beach. Taps will be sounded and the silence of two minutes will be observed.

The Rt. Rev. Frederick Burges, Bishop of Long Island, will lead a service at noon in the Cathedral of the Incarnation, Garden City, L. I.

The 400 prisoners in the Tombs will take part in a memorial service for President Harding at 9 o'clock this morning. It will be conducted by the Rev. Joseph H. Ivie, Episcopal chaplain, and the Rev. John Callahan, known as "Brother John."

A service in memory of their brother Mason, Warren Gamaliel Harding, will be held at 3 o'clock this afternoon at the Grand Lodge Room, Masonic Hall, 54 West Twenty-fourth Street, under the auspices of the Masonic Club of the City of New York, Justice Arthur S. Tompkins, Grand Master, presiding. An oration will be delivered by General Ballington Booth, President of the Volunteers of America. Prayer and benediction will be by Dean Oscar F. R. Treder of the Cathedral of the Incarnation, Garden City.

MARION'S GOOD-BYE IN 1921.

Neighbors Gathered and Elicited Touching Speech by Harding.

MARION, Ohio, Aug. 9 (Associated Press).—On March 2, 1921, neighbors of President-elect and Mrs. Harding gathered at the front porch of the Harding home to bid him farewell. It was a neighborly good-bye, without pomp or ceremony

THEODORA MEAD TO WED T. ABEL

Vassar Graduate First Met Her Fiance While Traveling Abroad With Her Mother.

HE FOUGHT IN POLISH ARMY

Their Marriage to Be Held on Nov. 9, the Silver Wedding Anniversary of Her Parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert G. Mead of 11 West Eleventh Street, announced yesterday at Elsinore, the country home of Dr. Clement Cleveland at Hartwood, N. Y., the engagement of their daughter, Miss Theodora Mead, to Theodor Abel of Poznan, Poland.

Miss Mead is a graduate of Miss Chapin's School and of Vassar College, where she was a member of the class of '21. She first met Mr. Abel in Poland two years ago when she and her mother were traveling there, and again in Warsaw last year, where Miss Mead was doing volunteer work for the Y. M. C. A. Last Winter they again met, this time in Paris, where Miss Mead was studying at the Sorbonne.

Mr. Abel has recently arrived in this country to study the methods of the Y. M. C. A. here with a view of applying them in his own country. He distinguished himself in the Polish Army in its fight against the Bolsheviki. During the coming Winter he will enter Columbia for the purpose of taking advance work in sociology.

According to the announcement the marriage will take place on Nov. 9, on the silver wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Mead.

MRS. VERNON PEABODY TO WED G. D. B. STEEL

They Obtain a License and Are to Marry Today—To Be Her Third Marriage.

George Drexel Biddle Steel of 431 Riverside Drive and Mrs. Vernon M. Peabody of 920 Fifth Avenue obtained a marriage license yesterday at the Municipal Building. They are to be married today, but stated they did not know where, when they made out the application for a license.

Mrs. Peabody was born in St. Paul, Minn., and is 34 years old. She is the daughter of Samuel M. Magoffin, and this will be her third marriage. Her first husband is dead, and she obtained a divorce from her second husband, Rushton Peabody, in Reno, Nevada, on Dec. 21, 1921.

Mr. Steel is 27, and was born in Philadelphia. He is the son of William Thomas Steel and is a stock broker.

OTHER ENGAGEMENTS.

Miss Virginia C. Lockwood to Wed John W. Elwood.

Mrs. Charles William Lockwood of Eau Claire, Wis., and Boston has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Virginia Carson Lockwood, to John Worden Elwood of 250 West Seventy-fifth Street, this city, son of Mrs. Emma Brandow Elwood and the late Ellis D. Elwood.

Miss Elwood is a graduate of the Finch School, class of '17. Her father, the late C. W. Lockwood, was a prominent banker of Wisconsin.

Mr. Elwood is a member of the class of '18 at Amherst College, and attended Harvard. He is a member of the Harvard and Bankers' clubs, Treasurer of the Amherst Club of New York and Secretary of the Radio Corporation of America.

The wedding is to take place in Eau Claire in the late Autumn.

Jackson—Butler.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—The engagement is announced of Miss Isabelle Wemyss Jackson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Jackson of Hinsdale, Ill., who was with the Y. M. C. A. canteen at Aliseste-Reine, France, and Colonel Charles Marshall Butler, formerly of this city but now residing in Los Angeles, Cal. Colonel Butler is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Henry Butler of this city and New York.

MISS NATHAN TO MARRY.

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Nathan to Wed A. L. Aymer in Paris.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert F. Nathan of New York and Long Branch have announced the coming marriage of their only daughter, Miss May Rose Nathan, to A. Lindsay Aymer of Scotland in Paris on Aug. 22. Mrs. Benjamin Guggenheim and Mrs. Frederick Nathan, aunts of Miss Nathan, now in Paris, will witness the ceremony.

The bride, who is a granddaughter of James Seligman, first met her intended husband a year ago last Spring in Paris. Miss Nathan sailed a month ago for Paris.

Mr. Aymer served as major in the British Reserves during the World War. He is 33 years old. He expects to bring his bride to America in the Autumn.

KENNETH C. BEATON TO WED

Author, a Widower, to Marry Mrs. Florence Wood Clark.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 9.—Kenneth C. Beaton, author who writes under his initials "K. C. B.," and Mrs. Florence Wood Clark, prominent in Los Angeles society, are engaged to be married, The Los Angeles Times said today. Mr. Beaton is a widower. Mrs. Clark obtained a divorce in 1920 from Joy Clark of Los Angeles. She is the mother of two children.

Mr. Beaton, who is 52, having been born in Ontario, Canada, in 1871, married Miss Martha Heyward Nelson in 1896. She died some time ago.

MISS CHESEBROUGH WEDS.

Wealthy Newark Girl Marries A. S. Barker in Oakland, Cal.

OAKLAND, Cal., Aug. 9.—Miss Alberta Maud Chesebrough of Newark, N. J., well-known society girl, was married in Oakland Tuesday night to Arthur S. Barker, adopted son of C. J. Nicholas, a local business man, it was learned here today.

Miss Chesebrough is said to possess several millions in her own right. She is a member of the Chesebrough family, manufacturers of petroleum products. Mr. and Mrs. Barker will make their home at Santa Rosa, Cal.

Miss Alberta Maud Chesebrough is not listed in the city directory of Newark. Members of the household of Robert A. Chesebrough, of the petroleum products manufacturing firm of that name, who were reached over the telephone at the Chesebrough home at Spring Lake last night could not recall any immediate relative of the name given in the California advices.

Miss Lucy Aldrich Arrives.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 9.—Miss Lucy Aldrich, sister-in-law of John D. Rockefeller Jr., and who was captured by the Shantung train bandits in China several weeks ago, arrived here last night aboard the liner President Lincoln.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mr. and Mrs. James J. Higginson are spending the Summer at their residence at Westbury, L. I. Mrs. Higginson was formerly Miss L. Virginia Mitchell, and is a sister of Miss Mildred Mitchell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Blair Mitchell, whose engagement to John W. Brock Jr., was recently announced.

Mrs. H. LeRoy Whitney gave a luncheon yesterday at Pierre's for her daughter, Miss Mary C. Whitney.

Mrs. Jerome Hill has arrived from Pittsburgh and is at the Lorraine.

Dr. and Mrs. Albert E. Austin gave a reception at their home at Locust Point, Greenwich, Conn., last evening for Mrs. Austin's daughter, Miss Ann Clare Booth, who is to marry George T. Brokaw today.

Mrs. William E. Osgood Field has taken an apartment at the Ambassador.

Mr. and Mrs. Grenville Winthrop of East Hampton, L. I., entertained at luncheon in the Italian Garden at the Ambassador yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Forbes McCreery of Carlton House have started on a motor trip through Canada.

Mrs. Alfred C. Bedford entertained at luncheon yesterday at the Marguery for her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Dean Bedford.

G. R. Hall Caine and Mrs. Caine, with a party of friends, are at the Plaza, after a trip to Canada and will sail tomorrow on the Majestic for England.

Mr. and Mrs. Russell Colgate of Llewellyn Park, West Orange, N. J., are at Pickwick Arms, Greenwich, Conn., for a week.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Tower Bates of this city and Convent, N. J., are at Sea Bright, N. J., for a visit and are staying at the Peninsula House.

Supreme Court Justice Charles L. Guy has come from Albany and is staying at the Van Rensselaer.

Mrs. J. J. Barrett of this city and New Canaan, Conn., has gone to East Hampton, L. I., to be the guest for a few days of Mrs. Lewis M. Borden.

OCEAN TRAVELERS.

Among the 1,529 passengers due to arrive today from Southampton and Cherbourg on the Berengaria of the Cunard line are Barron G. Collier, Special Deputy Police Commissioner; L. K. Liggett, head of the chain drug stores bearing his name; Sir Glynn West, Chairman of the Board of Sir W. G. Armstrong, Whitworth & Co., Ltd.; General Samuel McRoberts and Mrs. McRoberts, Charles S. and Philip W. Pillsbury of Minneapolis, Charles T. Aldrich, actor; Miss Mary Noyes, daughter of Winchester Noyes, shipping man; Paul D. Van Anda, Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Ingersoll, Clarence Earl Jr., the Rev. A. C. Dixon, pastor of the Metropolitan Tabernacle, London; Robert R. Forrester Jr., Miss Content Fessenden, Mr. and Mrs. Archer H. Brown, Dr. T. G. Applegate, E. G. Chadwick, Guy S. Carleton, Dr. M. F. Kirkbride and Mrs. Kirkbride, Samuel Heller, Mrs. M. L. Herrero, and Mr. and Mrs. J. Smith Ownby.

Passengers from out of town cities include Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Curtiss, Detroit; Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Kellogg, Pasadena; Mr. and Mrs. Henry Maxwell, New Haven; F. L. Page, Pittsburgh; Mr. and Mrs. Edmund M. Preston, Richmond, Va.; Mr. and Mrs. George W. Roberts, Philadelphia; Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Shea, Boston; Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Wright, Chicago.

The President Harding of the United States Lines is expected to dock today at Hoboken at about the same time that the Chief Executive for whom the liner was named is being entombed at Marion. Among those arriving are Colonel Ralph Cole, Congressman Collins, Carl Klitagard of the Standard Oil Company, A. W. Greef, G. S. Miller, the Rev. B. N. Wright, Mrs. A. Deseiding, Vera Olcott and Louis Francis Brown.

ELLIN MACKAY TO SAIL.

Will Visit Her Cousins, U. S. Minister Prince and Mrs. Prince.

Miss Ellin Mackay, daughter of Clarence H. Mackay, will sail for Europe tomorrow on the Majestic to visit her cousins, John Dyneley Prince, United States Minister to Denmark, and Mrs. Prince. Later Miss Mackay will join her grandmother, Mrs. John W. Mackay in Paris and will return to this country with her in the Autumn.

Owing to the report of the poor grouse season in Scotland, Mr. Mackay has decided not to go abroad, and is leaving soon with his son, John W. Mackay, for his camp in the Adirondacks.

DR. RUDOLPH TOMBO DEAD.

Educator Was Once Chief Stenographer to the German Diet.

Dr. Rudolph Tombo, for years a teacher of languages in this city, died yesterday at his home, 273 St. Mark's Place, New Brighton, S. I. Not only was he prominent as an educator but he was active in German-American circles. Dr. Tombo was born in Germany seventy-seven years ago and came to this country in 1884. Previous to coming here he had served as the chief stenographer to the German Diet when it was started in 1877.

Dr. Tombo had been instructor in German at Barnard College and an assistant professor at Adelphi College, retiring about ten years ago. He always maintained an interest in stenography and had done much toward the development of that art. He was honorary member of the Stenographische Landesamt at Dresden, honorary member of the Deutscher Verein of Columbia University, a founder of the Allgemeine Deutsch Srachverein of New York and one of the charter members of the Veren Alter Deutscher Studenten. His son, Dr. Rudolph Tombo Jr., who died in 1914, was Professor of German in Columbia University. He left a widow and son.

Funeral services will be conducted Sunday afternoon at the home of his friend Edward Stirn, 28 Court Street, Stapleton, S. I.

VAN ALEN LEFT $20,000,000.

Will to Be Offered in Newport on Monday.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 9.—The will of James J. Van Alen who died in England recently will be offered for probate here next Monday, according to an announcement of his attorneys, Sheffield and Harvey, who have charge of the case.

It is estimated that the estate approximates $20,000,000.

Sidney Wright Hopkins Jr.

Sidney Wright Hopkins Jr., general contract attorney in the legal department of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, died on Tuesday at his home, 81 Harrison Street, East Orange, N. J. He prepared for college at Andover and entered Yale, graduating with the class of 1886. Two years later he graduated from the Columbia Law School.

Mr. Hopkins was one of the founders and first President of Wolf's Head, the senior society at Yale. For a time he was a member of the legal firm of Sewell & Pierce, but he left to enter the service of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company more than twenty years ago.

Mr. Hopkins is survived by his widow, who was Miss Evelyn Collins Briggs.

Gov. Davis Still Critically Ill.

TOPEKA, Kan., Aug. 9.—Governor J. M. Davis, critically ill with typhoid fever, passed a restless night and ran a higher temperature than he did yesterday, according to his physician this morning.

"Governor Davis is troubled with tympanitis," the doctor added.

Mrs. Runge Dies From Fire Shock.

GLENS FALLS, N. Y., Aug. 9.—Mrs. Edward Runge, 74, of Flushing, L. I., died at Eagle Lake, in the Adirondacks, today from shock caused by the partial destruction of her Summer cottage by fire, which started from a fireplace.

NEW YORKERS' FEET CALLED THE WORST

Committee Report to Chiropodists Says They Are the Poorest Shaped in the Country.

BUT THEY ARE SMALLEST

Doctors Assert That Unless More Walking Is Done Here People May Become "Footless."

New York is destined to be known as the City of Poor Feet on account of the dislike here for walking and the constant use of automobiles, subways, street cars and other conveyances for distances as short as four blocks, according to a report made by a special committee to the annual convention of the National Association of Chiropodists at the Hotel Astor yesterday. Doubt was expressed by the committee that the low-priced automobile was a benefit to the race, as the "flivver," according to the report, has caused many persons to take an excess weight and women of farming sections to lose strength.

Today New York has the poorest shaped and smallest feet in the country, said the report, which compared the feet here with those in other cities. The report added that unless New Yorkers did more walking, they would be in danger of becoming "footless." According to the report, sizes of footwear worn in various cities are as follows:

New York: Average for women, 4½; for men, 6; high heels for women are the usual thing.

Chicago: Average for women, 4½; for men, 7; heavy tan oxfords with short vamp and wide toes are the most popular for both sexes.

San Francisco: Average for women, 4½; for men, 7½; brown raced boots with French heels are popular with women.

St. Paul, Minn.: Average for women, 6; for men, 8; brown boots with military heels popular with women.

Detroit: Average for women, 4½ to 5; for men, 7½ to 8; high top military heels favored.

Milwaukee: Average for women, 5½; for men, 8½; brown, gray and black shoes equally popular with both sexes.

Los Angeles: Average for women, 5; for men, 8; brown pumps favored by women.

Washington: Average for women, 5; for men, 8; high heels popular with women.

Pittsburgh: Average for women, 5½ to 6; for men, 8½.

Philadelphia: Average for women, 5½ to 6; for men, 8 to 9; high heels and black and tan shoes popular with women.

St. Louis: Average for women, 4½ to 5½; for men, 8 to 9; comfortable boots, low heels popular with both sexes.

Dr. E. Matucci of Philadelphia said the trouble with New Yorkers seemed to be that they were afraid to walk. Rather than walk a few blocks the people here, he said, take a taxicab or street car. After the New Yorker has made all this haste to get to a point a few blocks away, Dr. Matucci said, he will stop and chat with a friend for half an hour. New Yorkers are always in a hurry to get somewhere but never in a hurry after getting there, he said. He added that women here wear heels too high and shoes too small and too short.

Dr. Catherine Tepper, President of the Kansas Chiropodist Society, warned newly married women and those about to become mothers against high heels and pointed toe shoes. She predicted that in time States would take up this matter. Such action, she declared, would lessen the number of deformed and crippel children.

The convention closed yesterday following a reception attended by nearly a thousand chiropodists from all parts of the country.

EDWIN M. HOOD DEAD.

Washington Correspondent Was 50 Years With Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—Edwin M. Hood, a veteran correspondent of the Washington staff of The Associated Press, died suddenly at his home here early today. He had been in failing health for some time, but his end was not so soon expected.

Mr. Hood was just about to round out fifty years of service with The Associated Press. He entered it as a messenger boy, and as he advanced to the rank of a correspondent he chose the field of diplomacy and state affairs for his work.

Mr. Hood had many opportunities to leave his profession for advancement elsewhere, but he always declined. During the first term of President McKinley the appointment as Assistant Secretary of the Navy was offered him. It was Hood who suggested to Secretary Hay the message, "Perdicaris alive or Raisuli dead," which resulted in the delivery of the kidnapped American in Morocco. He had a wide knowledge of the workings and precedents of the State Department in the conduct of American diplomacy, and succeeding Secretaries never failed to make use of it.

Mr. Hood was the doyen of the Washington correspondents from point of service as well as age. He is survived by a widow and a daughter. He was 65 years old.

Funeral services will be conducted at his late home at 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon. Pallbearers will be members of the Gridiron Club, of which he was a charter member. His body will be cremated.

RANDALL PARRISH DIES.

Author of "My Lady of the North" and Many Other Novels Was 65.

PEORIA, Ill., Aug. 9.—Randall Parrish, 65, noted author, died at noon today at his home in Kewanee, Ill. He had been ill for several months.

Randall Parrish was born in Henry County, Ill., in 1858, a son of Rufus P. and Frances A. Hollis Parrish. He studied at the University of Iowa and, being admitted to the bar in that State, he began the practice of the legal profession in Wichita, Kan. A quiet life at law did not suit him, and in 1883 he went prospecting for gold in Arizona and New Mexico. This was followed by some years in newspaper work, serving on papers in Denver, Omaha, Sioux City and Chicago.

His first book, "My Lady of the North," made its appearance in 1904. In the same year he wrote "When Wilderness Was King." Some of his other works were "A Sword of the Old Frontier," "Bob Hampton of Placer," "The Great Plains," "Love Under Fire," "The Air Pilot," "Shea of the Irish Brigade," "The Red Mist," "The Strange Case of Cavendish," "Prisoners of Chance," "My Lady of Doubt," "Beyond the Frontier," "Contraband" and "Wolves of the Sea."

Walter Bourchier Devereux Jr.

Walter Bourchier Devereux Jr., a mining engineer and veteran of the World War, died yesterday at his Summer home at Calais, Me. He resided at Syosset, L. I. Mr. Devereux was born in this city forty-two years ago and was a son of Walter B. Devereux, who now lives in Perry, Me. He graduated from Princeton in 1904. He was a member of the Princeton, Down Town and Racquet and Tennis Clubs. He left a wife.

Captain Charles L. Edwards.

Captain Charles L. Edwards, 56, a former Commodore of the South Shrewsbury Ice Boat and Yacht Club, died yesterday at his home in Long Branch. He had been business manager of The Long Branch Daily Record for twenty years. Mr. Edwards was a native of Oceanport, N. J., and a former President of the old New Jersey Editorial Association. A wife and a son survive him.

MISS CLARA B. SPENCE, EDUCATOR, DIES AT 61

Head of Famous Spence School for Girls Was Long Interested in Welfare of Children.

Miss Clara B. Spence, head of the Spence School for Girls, at 26 West Fifty-fifth Street, one of the most famous schools in this country, died last night at Greenwich, Conn. Miss Spence was interested in the welfare of children and she placed hundreds of orphans and waifs in good homes. As head of the British-American Adoption Committee Miss Spence was instrumental in bringing to this country a score or more of children to be adopted.

When a representative of the National Adoption Society of England told of the oversupply of desirable children for adoption, and the unfavorable legal conditions for adoption in that country, Miss Spence undertook in 1921 the formation of a British-American committee, and she interested many women prominent in society in the plan, some of them her former pupils. Fifteen children were brought here on the steamship Aquitania and soon found their way into good homes.

Miss Spence was born in Albany, N. Y., in 1862, a daughter of William Douglas and Anne Tallman Spence. She studied in Boston University and took a post graduate course in the University of London. She established her noted school in 1892 and many of the women now prominent in society and their children were in her kindly care.

Miss Spence, who was a Republican, was active in obtaining the re-election of John P. Cohalan in 1922. She made her first political speech in his behalf. She was a trustee of Barnard College, the League for Political Education, one of the founders of the Town Hall, a member of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, the National Institute of Social Sciences and the Oratorio Society.

Obituary Notes.

FRANCOIS LEGUERN, for many years in the employ of the Ward Steamship Company, died on Wednesday at his home, 28 Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 76 years. He was a native of Marseilles, France, and had lived in Brooklyn for forty-five years.

Mrs. MAY LILLIAN HANLEY MURRAY, wife of John Francis Murray, superintendent of construction for Caldwell & Wingate, died yesterday at her home, 1,588 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn. She was born in that borough forty years ago.

Mrs. KUNI HENRIETTA SPENGEMANN, widow of Theodore Spengemann, formerly a hotel keeper in lower Manhattan, died on Tuesday at her home, 196 Underhill Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 76 years.

EDMOND W. LABAUME, 67, general passenger agent of the St. Louis Southwestern Railway (Cotton Belt), died in St. Louis yesterday from a complication of diseases.

PATRICK SHANNON, 87 years old, a Yonkers contractor, died yesterday at his home, 312 Warburton Avenue, Yonkers. Mr. Shannon was born in Bantry, Ireland, and had lived in Yonkers since he was 15 years old. Previous to 1883 he was in the dry goods business, but became later a contractor and interior decorator. He decorated the homes of Samuel J. Tilden and George W. Perkins.

JOSEPH C. MORI, who was associated with Peter Schneider & Co., importers of upholstery and fabrics, at 20 East Seventieth Street, died on Wednesday at his home in Jersey City. He was 55 years of age.

Born.

BIERMAN—To Mr. and Mrs. Francis A. Bierman, a daughter, Aug. 8, at home, 1,134 Simpson St., Bronx.

Died.

BATTIN—At Red Bank, N. J., on Aug. 8, 1923, Jennie M., widow of the late Lambert B. Battin. Funeral services will be held at the Chapel of the Holy Communion, Fair Haven, N. J., Sunday afternoon, Aug. 12, at 2:30 o'clock.

BAYNO—On Aug. 8, 1923, Louise, beloved wife of Maurice Bayne. Funeral services Grace Church Chantry, Tenth St. and Broadway, on Friday at 2:30 P. M. Interment Woodlawn.

BROOKS—On Aug. 7, 1923, Jane Ann Brooks, in her 93d year. Services at the Chapel of the Home; Amsterdam Av. and 104th St., Friday, at 2 P. M.

BURKLEY—On Thursday, Aug. 9, 1923, Christian Burkley, beloved husband of Minnie, aged 64. Funeral from chapel, 851 Amsterdam Av., near 102d St., at 2 o'clock Sunday.

DEVEREUX—Walter Bourchier Jr., suddenly, at Calais, Me., on Aug. 9. Funeral from his late residence at Syosset, L. I., on Saturday, Aug. 11, at 4 P. M. Train leaves Pennsylvania Station at 2:29 P. M., returning at 5 P. M. Philadelphia papers please copy.

FITCH—Suddenly, on Aug. 7, at Ragged Lake, Owl's Head, N. Y., Ashbel P. Fitch Jr., beloved son of Ashbel P. and Josephine Fitch, in his 20th year. Funeral services at 50 East 74th St., New York City, on Saturday, Aug. 11, at 10:30 A. M.

FREEDMAN—Fannie, beloved wife of Mendel Freedman and beloved mother of David, Abraham and Lester B. Freedman, on Aug. 9, 1923. Funeral from chapel of Jewish Hospital, Classon and St. Mark's Avs., Brooklyn, Friday, Aug. 10, 12 noon. Kindly omit flowers.

FREELAND—In Wurtsboro, N. Y., on Tuesday, Aug. 7, 1923, George, beloved husband of Julia Freeland, 35 years, 2 months 18 days. Funeral private from his late residence, 61 Midland Av., Garfield, N. J., on Friday.

FRESCHI—At New Milford, N. J., on Aug. 8, Peter Freschi, aged 55. Funeral services at his late residence on Saturday, Aug. 11, at 11:30.

FROST—At Rye, N. Y., on Aug. 8, 1923, Margaret Potter Frost, beloved wife of James W. Frost. Funeral services at Port Chester Episcopal Church, Friday, 2 P. M.

GAVRON—Anna M., beloved mother of Frances, Elsie, Eugene, Edward, suddenly on Aug. 7, at 42 Northern Av. Funeral services at late home, Friday, Aug. 10, at 1 P. M.

GOAN—Annabel Adams, beloved wife of Orrin S. Goan, mother of Adelaide, Emily, Elizabeth and Percival S. Goan, on Tuesday, Aug. 7. Services at the residence, 57 West 9th St., on Friday afternoon at 3:30. Interment Sleepy Hollow Cemetery.

GOLDMAN—Anna, Aug. 8, beloved wife of the late Max and mother of Irene, Gerson, Emanuel, Meyer, Herbert, Dewey, sister to Clara M. Kinstler, Jennie Warschauer. Private funeral Friday, Brooklyn, 952 St. John's Place.

HALLOCK—At Port Chester, N. Y., Aug. 9, 1923, John P. Hallock, beloved husband of Phoebe P. Hallock. Funeral services at his late residence, 216 King St., on Saturday, Aug. 11, 3 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

HARDING—Warren G. At a special meeting of the Governing Board of the Garment Salesmen's Association it was resolved that this Association record its great grief at the passing away of our beloved President, the late Warren Gamaliel Harding. With unrestrained sorrow we bow in humble submission to the inscrutable will of Him on high, and with the myriads of our fellow-countrymen we acknowledge in all humility our deepest gratitude to the Divine Ruler, our indebtedness for the illustrious and noble son which he gave to us. He was indeed a true humanitarian and a great American.

It was further resolved that the following communication epitomizing our sympathy be sent to Mrs. Harding:

Dear Mrs. Harding:

In crushing heaviness of heart overwhelms us at the realization of the loss of our country's distinguished leader, your precious husband, who has gone to his just reward. This genuine friend of the people is no longer with us in person, but his fineness of character, his sublime patience and his unswerving fidelity to duty forever live on as a priceless heritage indelibly enshrined in our hearts.

May the Divine Father, who doeth all things wisely and well, reconcile you to your loss and grant you strength and fortitude to bear up under your distressing bereavement; and may you be comforted and consoled in the knowledge of the sweet companionship which you have always contributed to his happiness and welfare and in the further knowledge that he departed respected, revered and loved by the entire nation which he served so well and so unselfishly.

Sorrowfully and respectfully yours,
GARMENT SALESMEN'S ASS'N.
SOL WOLERSTEIN, President.

MEMORIAL SERVICES FOR SALESMEN TODAY, NOON, AT HOTEL PENNSYLVANIA, MEZZANINE AUDITORIUM.

HARDING—At a meeting of the Grand Street Boys' Association, Inc., held at the Hotel Pennsylvania on Tuesday evening, Aug. 7, 1923, the following resolutions were presented and adopted:

Whereas, This association has learned with profound sorrow of the death of his Excellency the Hon. Warren G. Harding, President of the United States. Now be it therefore

Resolved, That this association hereby records its intense grief at the loss of the Chief Executive of this nation and mingle our tears with those of all our countryman at the passing of a wise, upright and God-fearing American, and extend to his bereaved widow our most respectful and genuine sympathy in her great bereavement. And be it further

Resolved, That a record of this motion be made a part of the minutes of this meeting, and that when we adjourn it is in recognition of the memory of our late Chief Executive.

MAX S. LEVINE, President.
ABRAHAM BERNSTEIN, Secretary.

HARDING—Resolutions adopted by the Board of Governors of the Lions Midtown Club of New York City:

Whereas, Divine Providence has intervened to recall our beloved President Harding, the world's most esteemed citizen; and

Whereas, a true and noble friend, tried in the crucible of public action and public opinion, standing as he was on the brink of world-wide renown and epoch-making achievements, has amply paid his debt to mankind; and

Whereas, every mother's son of us is filled with grief precipitated by his sudden departure to the unseen land

Be It Resolved, Therefore, That the Lions Midtown Club of New York City omit the regular Thursday meeting for this week and that we in sadness pay our tribute quietly, ever remembering that we are all traveling that land not made with hands eternal in the heavens from whose bourne no traveler returns.

FRANK CONLON, President.
ALBERT A. ELSEY, Secretary.

HARDING—Congregation Mt. Sinai Aushe Emeth, 178th St. and Wadsworth Av. In accordance with the proclamation, issued by President Calvin Coolidge, that the entire American nation observe Friday, Aug. 10, 1923, as a national mourning day in honor of the late President W. G. Harding, this congregation will hold special memorial services and offer prayer for the repose of the soul of our beloved and lamented President, Warren Gamaliel Harding, at 8:45 o'clock in our synagogue. Rabbi J. L. Hahn will officiate and deliver the eulogy. The public is cordially and respectfully invited to attend.

MORRIS STEINWARDER, Pres.
BENJ. RUTTENBERG, Secretary.

HARDING—At a regular meeting of the Mount Horeb Lodge, No. 319, I. O. O. F., a resolution was duly passed that the said lodge record its expression of deep sorrow and grief in the death of our beloved President of these United States, Warren G. Harding. His kindly and humane acts, his noble examples and high ideals of companionship, friendship, manhood and fraternalism will ever be remembered.

Dr. M. L. ADLER, Noble Grand.
HENRY HARRIS, Acting Noble Grand.
L. B. GOLDSTEIN,
LOUIS CLARK,
Secretaries.

HARDING—The Kehillah (Jewish Community) of New York City by its governing body expresses its heartfelt sorrow at the sudden loss of its noble-souled friend, President Warren Gamaliel Harding, the kindly, tireless brother of all humanity.

We pray that God Almighty may soon soften the poignancy of your bereavement, Mrs. Harding, in the thought that this righteous and just Chief Executive, through his zealous devotion and service to humanity, has left the world much better than he found it.

ORGANIZATION COMMITTEE OF THE KEHILLAH.
WILLIAM LIEBERMANN, Chairman.

HARDING—Traveling salesmen. In accordance with the proclamation issued by President Coolidge naming Friday, Aug. 10, 1923, as a National mourning in honor of our dearly beloved and lately deceased President, Warren Gamaliel Harding, all traveling salesmen and their friends are respectfully urged to attend a memorial meeting under the auspices of the National Council of Traveling Salesmen's Associations at 12 o'clock noon, Friday, Aug. 10, at Hotel Pennsylvania, Mezzanine Auditorium.

AARON LOEB, President.
SOL WOLERSTEIN, Secretary.

HARDING—The brethren of Courland Lodge, No. 886, F. & A. M., hereby express their great sorrow in the untimely demise of Brother Warren G. Harding, 33d degree, President of the United States. We deeply grieve with the nation in the loss of our President and with the Masonic fraternity in the loss of our most distinguished brother.

EMANUEL L. ROSING, Master.
M. H. LOWENBERG, Secretary.

HARDING—Congregation Kol Israel A. P., 24-28 West 114th St., will hold memorial service at their synagogue in our late President, Warren G. Harding, on Friday, Aug. 10, 10 A. M., and Saturday, Aug. 11, 11 A. M. The public is cordially invited to attend.

A. FAER, President.

Tribute to Warren G. Harding

Three full pages of beautiful rotogravure pictures of scenes attending the saddest transcontinental journey in American history. Homage paid at Washington.

Passing of a President

Throngs of bareheaded citizens who met the funeral train along the route from San Francisco to Washington and paid silent tribute to their dead chief.

Locomotive of train draped with emblems of mourning.

At the White House and Capitol

President Harding's body, with its guard of honor, lying in the East Room of the White House.

Leaving the White House forever, borne on caisson which carried Lincoln, Garfield, McKinley and the Unknown Soldier.

General Pershing leading military escort for the nation's dead from the White House to the Capitol.

Profile of Woodrow Wilson waiting to take his place in funeral procession.

Secretary of State Hughes and Secretary of War Weeks leaving White House with other members of Cabinet.

Casket carried up steps of the Capitol, followed by the Cabinet and honorary pall bearers.

The dead President lying in state in Rotunda of the Capitol upon bier prepared for funeral of Washington.

President and Mrs. Coolidge leaving Capitol after impressive funeral services.

The New President

Two pages of photographs of activities of President Coolidge in the last days before he succeeded to the Presidency and his first days in office.

The New York Times
Rotogravure-Picture Section
NEXT SUNDAY

Reserve a copy of The Times at your news stand today.

Died.

HARDING—The Hebrew Free Loan Society mourns the great and irreparable loss sustained by the American people in the untimely death of our beloved Chief Executive, the late President Warren Gamaliel Harding. Our grief is too profound to give proper expression to our feelings. To Mrs. Warren G. Harding we extend our sincerest heartfelt sympathy in her far greater personal loss.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS,
Hebrew Free Loan Society, Inc.

HARDING—Warren G. The New Jersey Society of the Order of the Founders and Patriots of America records with deep sorrow the death of Associate Warren G. Harding, President of the United States, a member of the New Jersey State Society of this order.

ARCHIE HARWOOD LOOMIS, Governor.
RICHARD STOCKTON Jr., Historian.

HARDING—Congregation Rodeph Sholom. In loving memory of Warren Gamaliel Harding, late President of the United States, whose loss we deeply and intensely deplore. Religious service will be held and special prayers offered in Temple Rodeph Sholom, Lexington Av., 63d St., on Friday evening at 5:30.

HENRY M. GOLDFOGLE, President.
CHARLES F. BLOCH, Secretary.

HARDING—Congregation Mount Zion will hold memorial services in memory of the late President Warren G. Harding, at the temple, 37 West 119th St., Friday at 8 P. M. The temple will be open from 11 o'clock in the morning until 10 o'clock at night to receive those who care to engage in prayer. The public is invited.

J. H. LE BOWER, President.
RALPH MEYERS, Secretary.

HARDING—Grand Chapter of the State of New York, Royal Arch Masons: Companions are requested to attend the memorial service to be held in the Grand Lodge Room, Masonic Hall, New York Friday, Aug. 10, at 3 P. M.

GEORGE E. BRIGGS,
Grand High Priest.
CHARLES C. HUNT, Grand Secretary.

HARDING—Congregation B'nai Jeshurun, in conformity with a proclamation of President Calvin Coolidge, will hold memorial services in memory of Warren G. Harding, late President of the United States, at the synagogue, 257 West 88th St., Friday evening, Aug. 10, at 8 o'clock. Please omit flowers.

CHARLES W. ENDEL, Pres.
SOL M. STROOCK, Hon. Secy.

HARDING—Grand Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons of the State of New York. Brethren: You are desired to attend the memorial services to be held in the Grand Lodge Room, 71 West 23d St., New York City, on Friday, Aug. 10, 1923, at 3 P. M.

ARTHUR S. TOMPKINS,
Grand Master.
ROBERT JUDSON KENWORTHY,
Grand Secretary.

HARDING—The officers and members of the Talmud Torah of Lafferts Park of 7,804 New Utrecht Av., Brooklyn, extend their heartfelt sympathy to Mrs. Harding in her great loss and that of the United States in the death of our late President, Warren G. Harding.

SIMON SILBERG, President.
HENRY J. ROM, Secretary.

HARDING—Memorial services in memory of our late President, Warren G. Harding, will be held at Temple Israel of the City of New York, 91st St., near Broadway, on Friday, Aug. 10, at 11 A. M. Address by Rev. Dr. M. H. Harris. Public invited.

DAVID P. HAYS, President.
JACOB GOODFRIEND, Secretary.

HARDING—A memorial service for the late President of the United States, Warren Gamaliel Harding, will be held at Temple Beth-El, 5th Av. and 76th St., Friday evening, at 5:30. Owing to repairs being made in the temple proper, the service will be held in the vestry rooms. All are cordially invited to attend.

HARDING—New York Council, No. 70, Junior Order of United American Mechanics. We mourn the loss of our President, Warren G. Harding.

HENRY—Aug. 8, 1923, John B., beloved husband of Mary Henry (nee Doran), brother of the late Francis Henry and Catherine Carney and devoted father of Michael, John, Joseph, Francis, Irene and Marguerite Henry, Mrs. Charles A. Collins and Mrs. Leo P. Biegen. Funeral from his late residence, 315 East 163d St., Bronx, Saturday, Aug. 11, 9:30 A. M. Requiem mass at St. Angela Merici Church. Interment Calvary. Automobile cortege. Irish papers please copy.

HESSEL—Herman, on Aug. 8, 1923, in his 92d year, father of Sidney P., Ira L. and Carolyn Hessel and Mrs. Helen Kurzman. Funeral at convenience of family.

HOPKINS—At his residence, 81 Harrison St., East Orange, N. J., Tuesday, Aug. 7, Sidney Wright Hopkins Jr., husband of Evelyn Briggs and son of the late Sidney Wright and Anna M. Hopkins. Funeral private.

HOWE—At her home in Dover, Del., on Aug. 8, Maria Grant Howe, widow of Samuel Oscar Howe.

HYDE—Suddenly, on Aug. 7, at Bass Rocks, Mass., Elizabeth Worrall Hyde, widow of the late Seymour J. Hyde and daughter of the late Peter B. and Mary C. Worrall. Funeral services will be held at Christ Church, Greenwich, Conn., on Saturday, Aug. 11, at 3 o'clock P. M. (daylight saving time). Interment private.

JOHNSON—On Aug. 8, 1923, Louis Kossuth, in his 73d year, beloved husband of Sarah Jane Johnson of 338 Monroe St., Brooklyn. Services at Reeves's Funeral Chapel, 313 Sumner Av., Brooklyn, Friday afternoon, Aug. 10, 2:30 o'clock. Pittsburgh and Allegheny (Pa.) papers please copy.

LEVEQUE—Antonia, beloved wife of Pierre and mother of Beatrice and George Poulin de Lafontaine, on Aug. 5. Lying in state the funeral Church, Broadway, 96th St. Funeral services at the Church of Notre Dame, Morningside Drive and 114th St., Friday, Aug. 10, at 9 A. M.

LINDSEY—Eva Walsh, dearly beloved wife of John W. Lindsey, suddenly, on Aug. 7. Services Friday, 8 P. M., at residence, 130 Corona Av., Pelham, N. Y.

LIPSKY—Philip, Thursday, Aug. 9, 1923. Funeral from his late residence, 18 Prospect Park Southwest, Brooklyn, Friday, at

HUNTER BAGS 2,000 JUNGLE SPECIMENS

Dr. Wilfred H. Osgood, Field Museum Zoologist, Returns From South American Trip.

BRINGS NAMELESS ANIMAL

Rat Resembling Rabbit Is Included in Collection Which Chicago Curator Shows Here.

[illegible]nimal so rare that its name is [illegible]etermined is included among [illegible]ens of animal and bird life [illegible]erica brought to the United [illegible]. Wilfred H. Osgood, big [illegible]r and Chief Curator of [illegible]he Field Museum of Natural [illegible] Chicago. He showed his finds [illegible]y to officials of the American Museum of Natural History. The nameless curiosity brought back by Dr. Osgood is related to the kangaroo family, according to the zoologist, who spoke of points of similarity between his specimen and the ordinary marsupial.

Other animals which Dr. Osgood showed included the pudu, a small deer; the huillin, a strange species of otter; the coypu, a large water rat; the huemul, a type of deer found in the mountains; the guanuco, or wild camel; nandu, or ostrich, and the viscacha, a species of rat resembling a rabbit.

Dr. Osgood said that although many of the specimens were well known by zoologists, the value of his collection lay in the fact none of the museums of the world had any of these rare animals. This was particularly true, he said, of the pudu. Dr. Osgood said the pudu at maturity was only eighteen inches in height, its weight rarely exceeding twenty pounds. The horns of the male pudu are three inches long and are one-pronged.

The Chicago curator said he would like to exchange some of his duplicate specimens for duplicate specimens of other animal and bird life in the American Museum of Natural History. He will discuss with officials of the American Museum his plan of exchange before he leaves for Chicago Sunday with his collection.

The bulk of the collection, Dr. Osgood said, was found in the Island of Chiloe, which is about the size of Vancouver, and lies off the southern coast of Chile. It is populated by Indians, of whom there are about 100,000, according to Dr. Osgood, who said their chief occupation was getting drunk. He said their capacity for alcohol surpased that of the rest of the world.

He said they obtained subsistence easily, principally from the ocean, which there abounds in all varieties of shell fish. The natives engage in agriculture on a small scale, confining themselves to growing potatoes, he added.

The southern end of Chiloe is not inhabited, according to Dr. Osgood, who said it was probably on that account that his party found wild life in abundance. In the southern part of the island Dr. Osgood's party caught six pudus. The pudu will attack man despite its small size, according to Dr. Osgood.

Before going to Chiloe Dr. Osgood and party visited the northern nitrate coasts of Chile, where they gathered many bird specimens. They sailed for South America last November. Dr. Osgood's companions were Colin C. Sanborn, assistant in the division of birds at the Field Museum of Natural History, and H. B. Conover, a private collector of game birds, who has specimens from all over the world.

They sailed from New York and, after visiting the northern part of Chile and Chiloe Island, continued southward and went almost half way to Cape Horn before they again turned inland, crossing the Andes and entering the forests of Northern Patagonia and the pampas of the Southern Argentine. In that region they stopped at Lake Burbuosaires, in the Andes. They were above the timber line there when they caught the huemil, weighing about 300 pounds.

In the Southern Argentine they also found a small grayish-black fox about the size of a house cat and discovered by Charles Darwin when he made his trip around the world.

Near Lake Burbuosaires the game collectors found wild camels roaming in herds of several thousand head, according to Dr. Osgood.

Describing his trip to Patagonia, Dr. Osgood said the party found birds of all varieties, including flamingos, black-necked swans, geese and ducks more numerous than Dr. Osgood and his associates had seen before. In Patagonia they also found the ostrich called rhea by Darwin, who took several specimens to the British Museum.

Dr. Osgood's party divided in the Southern Argentine. Dr. Osgood went northward through the Argentine as far as Bolivia, and then cast through Brazil to Sao Paulo and Rio de Janeiro, where he sailed for New York. He arrived here last Tuesday. The other section of his party under Mr. Sanborn went to Northern Chile to continue search for bird specimens, while Mr. Conover went into the interior of the Argentine to the Falls of Iguassa in quest of species of wild duck.

The other members of the party will continue their work for several months.

TO BRAVE HYLAN'S WRATH.

Republicans Who Defeated His Utility Bills Will Run Again.

All four Republican Assemblymen from Manhattan, who incurred the wrath of Mayor Hylan by voting against and thereby defeating his transit and other public utility measures, will be redesignated as candidates for renomination in the primaries.

Sol Ullman of the Sixth, Victor R. Kaufman of the Seventh, Joseph Steinberg of the Fifteenth and George N. Lane of the Twenty-third Assembly District have been indorsed by their Assembly District organizations, and since the bills were defeated Mayor Hylan has threatened to campaign against them in the event of their renomination.

Abraham Ellenbogen, Municipal Court Justice in the Fifth District, will be designated as a candidate for renomination.

In the second Municipal Court District the Republicans will designate H. Ullman to succeed Municipal Court Justice Aaron J. Levy. Justice Levy, who now holds the place of Chief Justice of the Municipal Court and is a Democrat, will seek a nomination for the Supreme Court.

SAILOR GETS 14 YEARS.

Admits Taking Part in Payroll Hold-Up on May 5.

In imposing sentence of from seven to fourteen years in Sing Sing upon James R. Wallace, 26, a sailor of 301 Fifty-ninth Street, Brooklyn, who pleaded guilty to robbery, Judge Charles C. Nott in General Sessions yesterday said:

"Two years ago there was an epidemic of crimes of this nature. Many of this court at that time believed that crime wage by the imposition of heavy jail sentences of men of your type. Recently, according to the newspapers, there has been a recurrence of these crimes and they must be stopped at once."

Wallace admitted he was one of the men who held up Joseph Schepp and took a $4,775 pay-roll in the Chambers street subway station on May 5.

FOUR YONKERS MOVIE THEATRES IN MERGER

Operation Under One Control Designed to Avoid Competition of Similar Types of Pictures.

A merger of four of Yonkers's largest movie houses was announced yesterday. They are the Strand, Hamilton, Orpheum and Broadway. The two Proctor theatres and the Warburton, which is dark a great part of the time, are the only large houses not taken into the combination.

The company operating the four houses will be known as the Terrace City Amusement Company. Its President is Michael J. Walsh, who is interested in the Strand Theatre. Mr. Walsh has formerly held the offices of Deputy State Controller, State Tax Commissioner and Mayor of Yonkers. The other officers are: Vice President, Matthew Chrystmos; Secretary, Guy A. Graves, and Treasurer, Harry Roth. Mr. Chrystmos and Mr. Roth are connected with the Hamilton.

Mr. Walsh issued the following statement:

"The operation of the four Yonkers photoplay houses under one control will make it possible to book pictures into the different houses so that the patron who enjoys one type of picture will find the same being shown at one house and those who like another type will find their choice at one of the others. In other words, one class of pictures will not be found competing with one of the same class in another house, or the same star will not be played in two of the theatres on the same day."

PLAY PRIZE COMPOSITION.

Marcelli's 'Araucanian Suite' Given at Stadium—Miss Bonner's Debut.

Because tonight's Stadium concert is to be a special memorial to President Harding, the program first announced for this date was played last night, including the last and best of the American prize works, Nino Marcelli's "Araucanian Suite." The composer, who was present, shook hands with Conductor van Hoogstraten and shared with the Philharmonic Orchestra his well-earned applause. Miss Elizabeth Bonner, contralto, who also made a local debut, displayed a voice of velvet youth and much power, which will be heard to advantage later indoors. She sang airs from "Orpheus" and "Don Carlos," encoring the first with "Connais-tu le pays?" from "Mignon."

Mr. Marcelli's music called up scenes of his boyhood home in Chile—he is a Californian now—while his Italian ancestry and his war service as American bandmaster in Paris all contributed definite qualities to the score with which he divided the Stadium's first prize. Even some last bits of bombast were "good Indian," giving point and "punch" to his expression of "The Unconquered" of a primitive race and to the war dance "At the Toqui's Fiesta." He paid frank and musicianly homage to French masters in his more varied iridescent tone-painting of Aegean sun-worshippers and Melisandean forest sprites.

DENIES FILM FINANCING.

Rumors Unfounded, Says Head of Famous Players-Lasky.

Rumors which have been current in the financial district for several days that the Famous Players-Lasky Corporation would undertake some new financing, and which has been partially responsible for the declines in the stock, were denied yesterday by President Zukor. He said that this is the middle of the production season, when the outlay for new photoplays is heaviest and when the income, at the same time, is lowest.

Mr. Zukor said that the earnings in the first quarter of the year were $1,018,100, as compared with $1,210,231 for the same quarter in 1922. The net in the first quarter was equivalent to $3.66 a share on the 229,203 shares of common stock, after the payment of preferred dividends. The corporation's Directors meet for dividend action on Aug. 13.

OLD-TIME WALTZ BOOSTED.

Dancing Masters Call It Real Art—Mail "Schools" Attacked.

At the session of the International Association of Masters of Dancing yesterday it was decided unanimously to boost the old-fashioned waltz, an art that cannot be improved upon. It also was voted that an unceasing war be waged against "so-called dancing instructors who claim to be able to teach the art of dancing through the mails."

President D. C. Quilty said that the idea that dancing could be taught by mail was "a decided shock" to the organization.

Mabel Normand Breaks Collarbone.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Aug. 9.—Mabel Normand, motion picture actress, broke her collarbone and suffered other injuries when thrown by a horse she was riding at Coronado Beach, last Sunday, it was learned today, when she was found in a hospital here by The Los Angeles Times. She was brought back to Los Angeles last night in a special car.

Mrs. Leslie Carter Recovered.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 9.—Mrs. Leslie Carter, actress, who suffered a severe sprain of the knee recently when she slipped and fell on a motion picture set while visiting a studio, is reported sufficiently recovered to make plans to return soon to New York. She has been visiting friends here for two months.

Today's Radio Program

AUG. 10, 1923.

(Eastern Daylight Saving Time.)

Numerals after names of stations show wave lengths in meters.

WEAF, WOR AND WDT CLOSED.

WJZ, NEW YORK—455.

8:15 P. M.—Memorial service; organ recital; hymns by Manhattan Ladies' Quartet; Hedwig Browde, soprano; eulogy by the Rev. E. C. Shaver.

WQAO NEW YORK—360.

2:30 P. M.—Memorial service; organ music and favorite hymns of President Harding; eulogy by the Rev. John R. Straton.

WHN, NEW YORK—360.

9:30 P. M.—12 M.—Memorial service.

WRW, TARRYTOWN—273.

10:30 A. M.—Union Church Memorial services direct from the Dutch Reformed Church of Tarrytown; address by the Rev. James W. Dixon; organ music and choir

WNAC, BOSTON—278.

5:00 P. M.—Memorial services direct from St. Paul's Cathedral.

KDKA, PITTSBURGH—326.

8:00-9:00 P. M.—Memorial services.

WRC, WASHINGTON—469.

8:00-9:00 P. M.—Memorial service.

WBZ, SPRINGFIELD—337.

2:15 P. M.—Memorial services conducted by the City of Springfield direct from the Municipal Auditorium.

8:00 P. M.—Memorial services from the Kimball Hotel; eulogy by the Rev. S. F. Bloomfield; music by Mrs. Fred Wurts, soprano; W. S. Tilton, baritone.

WGY, SCHENECTADY—380.

3:45 P. M.—Memorial services; address by the Rev. George Alexander, First Presbyterian Church of New York, and Lieut. Gov. George R. Lunn; organ selections and hymns by male quartet.

DEMOCRATS READY TO CALL CONVENTION

Executive Committee Has Prepared a List Giving Apportionment of Delegates.

MAY BE LEGAL OBSTACLE

Notices of September Primaries, Already Sent Out, Do Not Mention Convention.

While the Democratic leaders are holding in abeyance their decision as to whether a State convention or the State Committee should name a candidate for Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals to succeed Judge John W. Hogan of Syracuse, it was learned yesterday that the Executive Committee of the Democratic State Committee has had prepared a list giving the apportionment of delegates to a State Convention with the vote cast for Governor Smith last year as the basis.

In some quarters this was regarded as an indication that where the Republicans virtually have determined to let their State Committee perform the function of nominating a successor to Judge Hogan, the Democrats are preparing to call a convention. Both the Republican and Democratic State Conventions which met last year vested the necessary power in the State Committee of their respective parties.

Governor Smith and the Democratic leaders who have been questioned on the possibility of a State convention have been non-committal. If one were to be held the delegates would have to be elected at the primaries on Sept. 18. The official call for the primaries already has gone out in most counties. No mention was made in the calls already made of the election of delegates to a State convention. Whether this could be remedied, legally, by a supplementary call is questioned. The alternative would be an unofficial convention.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"Children of the Moon" will open at the Comedy Theatre on Tuesday of next week, instead of Wednesday.

"Wife Wanted," a comedy, by Dr. A. L. Soresi and C. A. Rosenthal, is announced for production by a new firm, the S. R. O. Play Producing Company.

Benjamin Kauser will play a role in "Brook," coming to the Greenwich Village Theatre.

The cast of "Magnolia," which comes to the Liberty on Aug. 27, includes Leo Carrillo, Malcolm Williams, John Rutherford, J. K. Hutchinson, Martha Bryan Allen and Elizabeth Patterson.

"The Woman on the Jury," which comes to the Eltinge next Wednesday, will open in Stamford tonight.

NO KEITH MATINEES TO-DAY.
(Night Performances As Usual)
As their part of the National Vaudeville Tribute to the memory of the late
PRESIDENT WARREN G. HARDING
all B. F. KEITH THEATRES will be closed until evening, when the regular shows will be given
PUBLIC MEMORIAL SERVICE AT B. F. KEITH'S PALACE THEATRE
(Broadway at 47th Street)
BEGINNING AT 12 O'CLOCK TO-DAY FREE TO THE PUBLIC
Under the Auspices of the New York Federation of Churches.

MR. BUYER—
The best purchase you can make in New York is a ticket to the coolest spot in town
ROSELAND
The Home of Refined Dancing
B'way at 51st St. NIGHTLY

STADIUM SYMPHONY CONCERTS.
N. Y. PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA
To-night at 8:30. Amst. Av. & 138th St.
WILLEM VAN HOOGSTRATEN...Conductor
Harding Memorial Concert
Special Program—ANNA CASE, Soloist
PRICES, 25c., 50c., $1.00

LOEW'S STATE | THOMAS MEIGHAN in 'Homeward Bound' SALLY FIELDS and others
B'way at 45th St. Cont. 11:30 to 11:30

COLUMBIA Burlesque. 47th & B'way. Pop. Twice Daily, 2:15 & 8:15. Prices LAST 2 WEEKS Follies OF THE Day with "BOZO" SNYDER
No Mat. today. Performance as usual tonight.

STEEPLECHASE
CONEY ISLAND The Funny SURF and POOL Place BATHING
LUNA THE PERFECT PARK
CONEY ISLAND PRYOR'S BAND FREE CIRCUS
Children With Parents Free Weekdays.

PALISADES AMUSEMENT PARK
Opp. West 125th St. Ferry. Many Free Attractions. Salt Water Surf Bathing 8 A. M. to 11:30 P. M.
BUSES MEET ALL FERRIES.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS
HOTEL ASHTON
93d St. at Madison Ave.
Lenox 0272
Here one has the comfy feeling of individual attention cheerfully rendered; the rooms are charming and homelike, the service personal, an air of interest being shown for the guest, an interest impossible in a larger hostelry.
Running Water or Bath with Every Bedroom. $2.00, $2.50 to $3.50 a day. Living Room If Desired.
1, 2 and 3 rooms may be leased on yearly basis at a substantial saving.

HOTEL MARLBOROUGH
36TH ST. AND B'WAY
IN THE HEART OF EVERYTHING
Special Summer Rates
Exceptionally large suites of two rooms and bath, suitable for two, three or four people, $25 per week and up; also a few rooms at $15 per week. Restaurant in connection at popular prices.
PHONE FITZROY 5340

Hotel COLONIAL
51 West 81st Street
Northeast Corner of 81st St. & Columbus Ave.
Phone Schuyler 9300
Refined, comfortably furnished large rooms, sunny and quiet. The Colonial enjoys cambridge atmosphere; near Central Park and the Drive; one of the most accessible hotels. "L" Station at door. Peculiarly fitted for permanent residence.
1 & 2 rooms, $17, $22.50, $28.50 a week. May be leased on yearly basis at a substantial saving.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES
In accordance with the President's Proclamation these theatres will be closed TONIGHT to observe the National Day of Mourning.

EMPIRE B'WAY & 40th St. | THIS THEATRE IS ICE AIR COOLED
EVS. 8:30. MATS. TOMOR'W & WED., 2:30.
ALICE BRADY IN ZANDER THE GREAT
"Safest bet in town."—World.

GEO. M. COHAN Thea., B'way & 43 St. Evs. 8:30 Matinees Tomor'w & Wed., 2:30
ADRIENNE
A MUSICAL SPEED SHOW

EARL CARROLL Thea., 7th Av. & 50th St. Phone Circle 0060
Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tomor'w & Thurs., 2:30.
EARL CARROLL'S VANITIES
PEGGY JOYCE JOE COOK
Bernard Granville, Harry Burns, Jimmy Duffy.

NEW ZIEGFELD FOLLIES
NEW AMSTERDAM Thea. Pop. Price Mat. Tomorrow

GAIETY B'way at 46th Street. Evs. at 8:30 Mats. Tomor'w & Wed. at 2:30.
CYRIL MAUDE "AREN'T WE ALL"
Frederick Lonsdale's Brilliant Comedy

FRAZEE STARTING MONDAY AUG. 13 Seats Now
ROBERT McLAUGHLIN Presents tweedles
A New Comedy by Booth Tarkington.

MERTON CORT 48th Street E. of B'way. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed., 2:15.
OF THE MOVIES 313 Times.
with GLENN HUNTER-FLORENCE NASH

GLOBE—5TH ANNUAL PRODUCTION—EDITION DE LUXE
GEORGE WHITE'S SCANDALS
POPULAR PRICE MATS. TOMORROW & WEDNESDAY. BEST SEATS, $2.50.

GEORGE M. COHAN'S HONEST HIT!
THE VINCENT LAWRENCE SWEETHEART PLAY,
"TWO FELLOWS AND A GIRL"
The Absolute Comedy Success of the Day
VANDERBILT THEATRE W. 48th St. NEXT SWEETHEART MAT. TOM'W

—NO PERFORMANCES IN THESE THEATRES TO-NIGHT—

WINTER GARDEN Evenings 8:10. MAT. TOM'W
THE PASSING SHOW

AMBASSADOR 49th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Tomorrow & Wed.
WILL MORRISSEY'S NEWCOMERS

ASTOR 45th St. & B'way. Evenings 8:30. MAT. TOMORROW & WED.
JAMES BARTON in DEW DROP INN

CASINO Thes., B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Wednesday, 2:30, with
WILDFLOWER EDITH DAY

SELWYN Thea., West 42d St. Evs. at 8:30 Matinees Wed. & Sat. at 2:30
HELEN OF TROY, NEW YORK
"THE PERFECT MUSICAL COMEDY"—Herald

REPUBLIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30
ANNE NICHOLS' LAUGHING SUCCESS
Abie's Irish Rose
THE PLAY THAT PUTS U IN HUMOR

Maxine Elliott's 39th St., E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30 Mat. Wed. Only. 2:30
No Performances Sat. Mat. or Night in August.
SAM H. HARRIS Presents
JEANNE EAGELS IN "RAIN"
315 TIMES. Staged by John D. Williams

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., E. of B'y. Bry. 2623 Evs. 8:30. Mts. Tom'w & Wed.
THE MAD HONEYMOON

49TH ST. Thea., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
"THUMBS DOWN"
There will be no performance at the Ritz Theatre tonight in observance of the national day of mourning.

GARRICK Thea., 65 W. 35th St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Tom'w & Thurs., 2:30.
BERNARD SHAW'S THE DEVIL'S DISCIPLE

TAYLOR HOLMES MOROSCO, W. 45th Street Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat., 2:30 The Season's Laughing Hit "NOT SO FAST"

BOOTH West 45th St. Evs. at 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30
BOX OFFICE CLOSED TODAY. NO PERFORMANCE OF "7TH HEAVEN" TO-NIGHT OUT OF RESPECT FOR OUR LATE PRESIDENT HARDING.

TIMES SQ. West 42 St. The SELWYNS Present THE FOOL
EVES. 8:30. MATS. Tom'w & Thurs. 2:30. 400th & Last Time in N. Y. Sat., Sept. 1.
By Channing Pollock

MOTION PICTURES

TONIGHT at 8:30 NO PERFORMANCE THIS AFTERNOON
NORMA TALMADGE
THE GREATEST OF SCREEN STARS
IN
THE GREATEST OF CINEMA PRESENTATIONS
"ASHES OF VENGEANCE"
A ROMANCE OF OLD FRANCE
APOLLO THEATRE. 42d St., W. of B'way. TWICE DAILY, 2:30-8:30
SUNDAY MATINEE AT 3

IN MEMORY OF OUR LATE BELOVED PRESIDENT THE CAPITOL THEATRE WILL REMAIN CLOSED TO-DAY UNTIL 6 P. M.

SEATS NOW SELLING for the PREMIER PRESENTATION
Tuesday Eve., AUG. 14th
By Distinctive Pictures Corp.
GEORGE ARLISS IN "The GREEN GODDESS" with ALICE JOYCE
SAM H. HARRIS THEATRE 42d St. W. of B'way

"The Covered Wagon"
A Paramount Picture
CRITERION B'y & 44 St. | Twice Daily 2:30-8:30 | Sun. MATS. 3 All Seats Reserved Mts. Exc. Sat. & Sun., 55c to $1.10. Evs., $1.10 to $1.65
In tribute to the memory of President Harding no performance this afternoon. Tickets may be exchanged at Box Office.

PLAZA THEATRE
MADISON AVE. at 59th ST.
Harding Memorial Services
AT 3 P. M. OPEN TO PUBLIC
Regular Performances Suspended Until 7 P. M.

In tribute to the memory of President Harding these theatres will be closed until 6 P. M.

RIVOLI B'way 49 St. Cruze prod. 2d Week "HOLLYWOOD" CAST Rivoli Concert Orchestra
RIALTO B'way 42 St. Paramount Pictures SWANSON "Blueboard's 8th Wife" CAMEO COMEDY. OTHERS. Riesenfeld's Classical Jazz.

Memorial services will be held at the Rialto at 1 o'clock by New York State M. P. T. O. A. and F. I. L. M. Club. Public invited.

No performances today
National Mourning Day
Cosmopolitan Theatre
COLUMBUS CIRCLE

S. S. MOSS CAMEO B'way & 42d St. Elaine Hammerstein in "Broadway Gold" with ELLIOT DEXTER A Truart Picture.
MARK STRAND B'y & 47 St. JACKIE COOGAN in "CIRCUS DAYS" Strand Symphony Orchestra. DOORS OPEN 6 P. M. TONIGHT

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

Hotel Sevillia
117 West 58th St.
Hotel Beresford
Central Park West and 81st St.
ATTRACTIVE SUITES
1, 2, 3, & 4 ROOMS
FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED
Moderate Rentals
Immediate and Fall Occupancy
Resident Manager at Each Hotel
Bing & Bing Corporation
119 West 40th St. Pennsylvania 4180

Hotel Bretton Hall
BROADWAY
85th to 86th St., N. Y. City
Between Central Park & Riverside Drive. SUBWAY STATION at 86th ST. COR. ELEVATED STATION—2 Blocks 86th St. Largest and Most Attractive Midtown Hotel, Within Ten Minutes of All Shops and Theatres.
Furnished and Unfurnished Suites For Permanent and Transient Residence 2, 3, 4 & 6 Rooms, 1 or 2 Baths may be leased on a yearly basis at a substantial saving.
During Summer months 500 rooms with private bath at special Summer rates.
Reputation of Highest Standard.

Hotel Peter Stuyvesant
Central Park West at 86th St.
Rentals Now Being Made For Fall
Unfurnished or Furnished Suites
from one room and bath to as many as desired. We have now some very attractive suites.
Highest elevation in city, overlooking Park. Always cool and quiet. Very accessible. Beautifully furnished. Excellent restaurant.
WM. F. INGOLD, Manager.

Hotel Newton
Swept by breezes from the Hudson River. Cool. Clean. Air.
2528 Broadway
Bet. 94th and 95th Sts.
Subway Express station at 96th St.

He ought to know

Ice-cold—you'll like Clicquot Club best that way. That's what the helpful Eskimo kid advises—and certainly he ought to know.

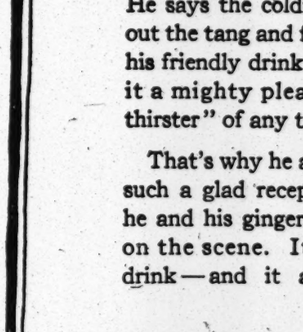
He says the coldness brings out the tang and freshness of his friendly drink. It makes it a mighty pleasant "unthirster" of any throat.

That's why he always gets such a glad reception when he and his ginger ale arrive on the scene. It's a good drink—and it appeals to everybody—*they all like it.*

The little Eskimo says the reason for the goodness of Clicquot Club is that everything in it is the finest to be had. And certainly he ought to know.

Order Clicquot Club drinks by the case from your grocer or druggist.

Clicquot Club (Pronounced Klee-ko)
THE CLICQUOT CLUB COMPANY
Millis, Mass., U. S. A.
Ginger Ale Root Beer
Sarsaparilla Birch Beer


"Some Meal!"
HANDS stretch out eagerly when tender, tasty, appetizing LONG ISLAND DUCK is served. All who have dined will express in attitude and in words—"SOME MEAL!"
Fresh from the largest and most sanitary duck farms in the world. And so economical in price.
Look for this Label
LONG ISLAND DUCK
At all good butchers. Served at all leading Hotels and Restaurants

Recipe
#12
Rice Cheese Fondue
You will say this is delicious, if Kraft Cheese is used.
One cup boiled rice, two tablespoons milk, four eggs, ¼ lb. Kraft American Cheese—rubbed through grater, ½ teaspoon salt and one teaspoon Worcestershire sauce. Heat the milk and rice together in a double boiler, add remaining ingredients and cook slowly until cheese is melted. Serve on toasted crackers or toasted slices of bread. Food value about 1200 calories.
4 varieties: American, Pimento, Swiss and Brick, sold by the slice, pound or loaf
8 VARIETIES IN TINS
KRAFT IN LOAVES
IN TINS CHEESE
Look for This Label

Protect Your Health
Drink Budweiser
it's thoroughly aged—not green or unfinished
Anheuser-Busch, St. Louis.

Enjoy
Flaming Youth
by Warner Fabian
these Summer days
A novel of frolicsome society.
12th large printing. ($2.00)
BONI & LIVERIGHT, N. Y.

SUNDAY OUTINGS FROM NEW YORK
Eastern Standard Time
$3.00 PHILADELPHIA
Round Trip SUNDAY, August 19
Pennsylvania Station 8:00
Fed. Terminal 8:30 Jersey City 8:45
Stopping at Newark, Elizabeth and New Brunswick
Additional Excursion, September 2
$3.60 ATLANTIC CITY
Round Trip SUNDAY, August 12
Pennsylvania Station 8:00
Fed. Terminal 8:30 Jersey City 8:45
Stopping at Newark, Elizabeth, Rahway
New Brunswick
Additional Excursions
Wednesday, August 22
Sundays, August 26, September 9
Pennsylvania R. R. System
The Standard Railroad of the World

GARDEN HOMES
One Family—Tax Exempt
At 238th Street, two blocks east of Broadway Subway Station. Six, seven and nine room distinctive stucco houses
$11,000 to $20,000
Just finished—ready for occupancy
EUGENE L. LARKIN, Selling Agent
291 Broadway, N. Y. Telephone Worth 1166
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A TIP TO MOTORISTS
How often has your motor trip been spoiled by swollen, stiff and sore hands? One motorist writes that by shaking Allen's Foot-Ease in his gloves he can drive all day over rough roads and through traffic, without tiring his hands. Discriminating and professional men who take delight in driving, but are particular about keeping their hands in good condition, should use Allen's Foot-Ease in their gloves. To motorists who now use Allen's Footease for tired, aching, swollen feet, this will be a welcome suggestion. Trial package and a Foot-Ease Walking Doll sent FREE. Address ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE, Le Roy, N. Y.

DRY LAW CREDITED WITH WIDE BENEFIT

Haynes Says It Has Reduced Crime and Stimulated Our Prosperity.

CHURCHES GAIN MEMBERS

Increase in Bank Deposits Also Traced to Economy Induced by Prohibition Act.

WORKERS' WELFARE CITED

Commissioner Believes Nation's Whole Social Structure Has Reacted Favorably to Enforcement.

PROHIBITION INSIDE OUT
Twenty-seventh Instalment

Commissioner Haynes undertakes to prove in this instalment that crime has been reduced, home building and bank deposits increased by prohibition. Tomorrow he will review the death rate and other statistics.

By ROY A. HAYNES,
U. S. Prohibition Commissioner.

THE Eighteenth Amendment has cut the number of arrests for drunkenness more than in half.

It has reduced the arrests for drunkenness among women by more than one-third, in some localities as much as 80 per cent.

It has cut heavily into the number of arrests for offenses against chastity.

It has reduced by half the deaths from alcohol and alcoholic insanity.

It has lowered the national death rate to an extent that cannot now be measured in figures.

It has materially cut down the populations of State penal farms, prisons and almshouses, releasing thousands of citizens for useful work.

It has had a marked influence in the reduction of the number of cases of juvenile delinquency as shown by court records, bespeaking not only the force of example at home, but an increased sense of responsibility and exercise of restraint on the part of parents.

Those are but some of the remedial effects; and this healing process is proving but the forerunner of great constructive and reconstructive processes whose true import we can but inadequately measure.

There has been a steady falling off in industrial accidents and an increase in the worker's efficiency.

There has been a rapid improvement in school and college attendance.

Effects on Home Building.

There has been a continuously increasing activity in home-building which can be attributed only partially to the housing shortage caused by the war. Over 6,000 new homes were built in each month of 1922, representing a total investment of $112,285,000 for each month of the year. The volume was five times greater than that of 1918, the last wet year.

There were, during the single month of April, 1923, over 1,137,000 new life insurance policies written, exclusive of renewals and revivals, increases or additions by dividends. This was 287,000 more than the highest previous record, of March, 1922, when 850,000 new policies were issued. The face value of the new policies issued in April, 1922, was $727,170,000. The same month, also, broke all records in industrial life insurance, held mostly by wage earners, with a face value of $208,105,000.

There has been a definite movement toward more wholesome forms of social life and recreation. During each month of 1922 there were social and recreational buildings constructed that represented an expenditure of $9,164,000, or an outlay for these purposes of $2,200,000 per month greater than in 1919.

There was, as shown by figures given out by the Controller of the Currency on 623 mutual savings banks, an increase in savings bank deposits during 1921 of $338,336,000 over the previous year and a gain in depositors of 173,033.

Churches as the Gainers.

There has been an astonishing increase in the strength and membership of our churches since prohibition enforcement became a fact. In 1921 church membership increased 1,200,000. In 1922 there was an increase of over 950,000 over the previous year. For every day of 1922, three thousand persons joined the church, twelve ministers were licensed or ordained and seven congregations were organized. During the year an average of $7,172,000 was expended each month for the erection of churches and other religious or memorial buildings.

Broad statements, some of them, to be sure, especially those that relate to what I have termed the curative influences in prohibition enforcement. But let us look at them more closely. They will be found to be abundantly borne out by the detailed facts and figures accumulating daily from every section of the country.

Do not misunderstand me. I do not claim these results are the exclusive product of prohibition, but they have in prohibition their most dominating and determining force.

The Case of Detroit, Mich.

Michigan is a border State. The greatest city in Michigan is a border city. Any border territory is in its very nature the most difficult for the enforcement agencies, if for no other reason than the proximity to foreign supply.

Detroit, too, is a city of great fortunes, quickly made. It is still in its boom period. It is a city of free spending. Characteristic of all communities of this nature is a tendency toward a not-too-meticulous observance of laws and regulations.

Michigan, and especially Detroit, have been difficult territory from the beginning. The figures from this section, then, may reasonably be regarded, even by the most skeptical, as furnishing, if not a below-normal, at least a fair cross-section of what is going on in this country as the direct result of prohibition enforcement.

In 1907 the doors of 9,207 saloons were swinging night and day in Michigan. Today, in virtually every city and town in the State, business locations are at a premium. Where saloon, grog-shop and dive once stood there now stand business houses that are contributing their share to the wealth and happiness of the State.

Before prohibition became effective there were sixty-one breweries making beer in Michigan. Twenty breweries are in operation today for the manufacture of near-beer and soft drinks. Of the forty-one that went out of business, some have been torn down to make way for new properties and others have been turned into cold storage plants or factories.

Records from Michigan.

A recent report of the Attorney General of Michigan shows that arrests for drunkenness have been nearly cut in half. Figures on this type of cases formerly were compiled every year. A new law requires such a compilation only once in every two years. In 1917, the last year the State was wet, there were 14,806 cases of drunkenness in the Michigan courts. For the year ended June 30, 1920, this total had been cut to 8,961 cases. And the total for the next two years was 21,061. It must be recognized, too, that in the old days of the open saloon, an offender had to be creating a nuisance or a disturbance, or in such a condition as to be unable to take care of himself before an arrest would be made, whereas now intoxication means an arrest. So the figures of the wet year are for disorderly conduct and excessive drunkenness.

Figures are dry and uninteresting things, sometimes; but not when they bear directly on the life and health of a nation—its citizens of today and the citizens of tomorrow.

In 1917 the percentage of infant mortality in Michigan stood at 8.9. In 1922 it had fallen to 7.3. The chances of a baby living had been raised 1.6 per cent. under prohibition.

Before 1919 there were twelve hospitals and homes for alcoholics. Today there cannot be found one such institution in the State. When the saloon went the institutes, cures and other establishments for the wrecks that came through the swinging doors went with them. For the occasional case that arises today the general hospital is ample.

Four hundred and ninety-two cases of alcoholic insanity were reported in Michigan for 1916, 556 cases for 1917. In 1921 the rise in this society destroying disease had not only been stopped, but the figure for 1917 had almost been cut in half. There were 285 cases reported in 1921, and it is predicted that when the full figures for 1922 are compiled, the total will be below 200 cases.

The effect of these curative influences of enforcement is indicated unmistakably in such available figures as touch the material welfare of the State.

Bank Savings Up.

The total of savings and bank accounts for the wet year of 1916 was $252,337,507.55. For 1917 the figure stood at $269,434,809.86. The dry year of 1921 returned a total from the same sources of $484,700,438.31, and in 1922 the figure reached $538,938,467.81.

No doubt it is true that the exact responsibility of prohibition enforcement for these astonishing figures can never be absolutely fixed without an interview with every individual depositor. But the fact remains as a fact that in 1922, and including a period of depression and unemployment, savings and bank accounts were double those of 1917, the last wet year. A great number of people had a wider margin between income and personal and family expenditures. My own belief, and it is backed up by investigators who have made a special study of this phase of prohibition, is that the money that formerly went for alcoholic beverage of high and low voltage made up a large proportion of this margin.

The Michigan figures on insurance all point in the same direction. Insurance in force throughout the State increased from $664,806,239.33 in the wet year of 1916 to $1,383,907,171.25 in 1921 and will be found to be even higher for 1922.

And there was enough of the margin left to keep additional thousands of youngsters in school. School attendance, according to reports of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, has shown an increase over the wet years that is not to be accounted for by increase in population.

Conditions Among Workingmen.

The State Welfare Department has reported greatly improved home conditions. The report of the Commissioner of Labor shows that general satisfaction is expressed by employers, and that they report greater efficiency and fewer accidents. The storekeepers declare that bills were never paid so promptly as at present, and they credit this to prohibition. Credit men in general are strong in their statements that prohibition has worked marked changes in the dependability and credit of the average citizen.

Not typical, this booming Western State, of the great congested districts like New York, with its slums, its gangs, its sordid night life, its teeming foreign population?

Perhaps not. Yet the clean, wholesome areas left in the wake of the advance of prohibition are no less discernible than in the section we have just examined. And there is a startling similarity in the benefits that have come.

Arraignments for drunkenness in Magistrates' courts in New York City show a decrease of 66 per cent.

During the wet days over 4,326 women were arraigned annually for drunkenness. The average for the dry years has been but 820, less than one-fifth as many.

Arrests for assaults have fallen from an average of 5,574 during the wet years to an average of 2,482, a decrease of 55 per cent. during the dry years.

Alcoholism is rapidly disappearing. The records of Bellevue Hospital confirm the police and court evidence. In none of the five years preceding prohibition enforcement did admissions for alcoholism fall below 7,843. In 1911, 1912 and 1914 there were over 8,000. In 1920 there were 2,312; in 1921 only 1,857. Deaths from alcoholism in Bellevue averaged 237 a year before prohibition. There were only 10 in 1920; 8 in 1921.

The figures of the Chief Statistician of vital statistics of the United States Census Bureau on the death rate from alcoholism for the whole State per 1,000 population show that the rate has dropped from the high mark of 8.3 to 1.3 for 1920. The exact figures are: 1913, 7.3; 1914, 5.9; 1915, 5.2; 1916, 8.2; 1917, 6.4; 1918, 3.0; 1919, 2.0; 1920, 1.3.

TOMORROW'S INSTALMENT: CUTTING THE DEATH RATE.

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BUSINESS NOTES.

An auction of woolens and worsteds in heavy and medium weights, both men's and women's wear, will be held by order of the American Woolen Company, on Tuesday, Aug. 14, at 10 A.M., at 389 Broadway, Burling, Dole and Company are the auctioneers.

Amsterdam, Inc., 498 Seventh Avenue, manufacturers of coats, suits and wraps, have issued an illustrated book describing in detail the various stages in their manufacture of garments, from the designer to the shipper.

GARMENT INDUSTRY STOPPAGE AVERTED

Dispute Between Jobbers and Contractors Threatened to Make 50,000 Idle.

Stoppage of work in the shops of the American Cloak and Suit Manufacturers' Association, scheduled for yesterday, and which would have rendered 50,000 cloakmakers idle, was averted through the efforts of Morris Sigman, President of the International Ladies' Garment Workers Union, and a committee of his organization.

Mr. Sigman conferred with the representatives of the American Association, the sub-manufacturers in the industry, and a committee of the Merchant Ladies' Garment Association, the jobbers. The proposed stoppage was directed by the American Association against the Merchant Association, the former alleging that the jobbers had pressed them to the verge of bankruptcy by unfair competition.

Following an all-day discussion in the offices of the union, in East Sixteenth Street, the representatives of the American Association agreed to recommend to its members and others who took part in the strike vote that the decision to suspend operations be rescinded and operations resumed.

The following statement was issued after the meeting:

"All parties recognized the necessity for the immediate elimination of the non-union shop, and to that end a subcommittee of representatives of the two associations and the unions was appointed to determine the best and most practicable way of solving this difficulty so that all work shall be performed in union shops.

"The American Association complained that among other evils unfair competition, inadequacy of payment and lack of uniformity exist between the jobber and the contractor and offered as a solution minimum cost of production. This condition was denied by the Merchant Ladies' Garment Association, which stated that the solution offered was impracticable. The conference did not agree that the proposed remedy of the American Association would solve the problem, because the question is not clear and is very complicated and requires a thorough study, but did conclude that the subcommittee appointed should examine into these grievances for the purpose of ascertaining whether they exist in order to reach a proper conclusion after the facts are fully established.

"The subcommittee shall convene not later than Aug. 13."

The cause of the dispute was the situation involving 280 non-union shops employing 1,000 of the 50,000 workers in the industry. According to the sub-manufacturers, the jobbers, despite their agreement to patronize contractors using union labor and live up to union standards, had sample garments made up in the shops of the non-union contractors.

The jobbers then took these samples, it was further alleged, and used the prices at which they were made to beat down the prices of the union contractors, disorganizing the entire field. The union contractors said they were unable to reduce costs because of the union agreement forcing them to pay union wages and guarantee high standard working conditions, and claimed they had been beaten to their knees and were no longer able to go on making cloaks and suits.

The sub-committee appointed to inquire into the situation consists of the Merchant Ladies' Garment Association, Ben Erdman, Joseph Engel, John Sperber, Samuel Blumberg, counsel; American Cloak and Suit Manufacturers' Association, Charles Sussman, Benjamin Spinrad, H. Uviller, Charles Solomon, counsel; Garment Workers' Union, Morris Sigman, Israel Feinberg and Harry Wander.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday—5 @ 5¼% for the best names. Wednesday—5 @ 5¼% for the best names. The quotations are for six months' paper.

***

Good Sales of Rubber Footwear.

A large house specializing in rubber footwear reports good sales in all styles, especially in canvas and rubber shoes and in sport shoes with rubber soles. Among the latter is a new tennis or golf shoe with a vulcanized crepe rubber sole. Heretofore soles of this kind have been of crude rubber, non-vulcanized. The vulcanized sole has a much greater wearing quality, it is said. Retailers have placed more than ordinarily liberal orders for galoshes and rubbers, and there was a serious shortage last year, due to the severe Winter. Stocks everywhere were cleaned out and manufacturers were unable to supply the rush of last-minute orders. The manufacturer quoted points out that dealers are ordering too sparingly of the new wide-heeled type of rubber to fit the prevailing style of shoe. Too many of the older model, he says, are being stocked. Prices remain stable, he says, in spite of the sudden rise in price of crude rubber some months ago.

***

High-Grade Dresses Sought.

One manufacturer of high-grade dresses reports brisk buying, with a decided preference for the most expensive lines. The quality of merchandise is the all-important consideration, he says, price being of secondary importance. Satins are in great demand, not more than 10 per cent. of the bookings to date being for cloth models. Fur is much used for trimming and is, in fact, the only form of decoration used to any extent. This manufacturer will have a second showing of formal afternoon and evening gowns on Aug. 25. For these materials of extraordinary richness and beauty are employed, notably new effects in a very light and fine velvet with brilliant floral designs on an ivory ground, known as velvet Salome imprime. Other novelties are an iridescent brocaded velvet and a cordovan velvet stripe on crepe Romaine. These materials are displayed in the popular shades, rosewood, squirrel and Tampa, as well as in many black and white combinations.

***

Handbags for Fall.

From present indications, the pouch style will lead in women's handbags for the Fall. It was estimated yesterday that about two-thirds of the current production is concentrated on this type and the remainder in those of flat design, including the so-called "envelope" and "swagger" bags. It is the opinion of some of the trade that vanity boxes are coming back to favor and that more of these will be sold than heretofore. Those of vachetta, patent leather, beaver, calf and cowhide are the ones already receiving some attention. There seems an oversupply of beaded bags in the market and prices of these have been undergoing some revision.

***

Hosiery and Underwear Dull.

Despite the fact that here and there in the underwear market one hears of several numbers in lightweights which seem to be moving fairly well, business generally in Spring goods is practically at a standstill. Buyers, according to the news letter of the National Association of Hosiery and Underwear Manufacturers, are just waiting around in hopes that "some one will put the skids under prices." Advances in cotton will not stimulate buying to any extent, selling agents feel, but will hurt the market where low prices have been quoted. Reports from the Middle West indicate that jobbers are not doing any business to speak of. In hosiery the buying is still on a hand-to-mouth basis. Local silk cuts in price are reported, although some orders have been placed at the top of the market.

***

For Household Uses.

A household novelty recently put on the market which is having a good sale is a five-piece canister set, of metal enameled in white, with decorations and letters in blue. It has compartments for one pound of tea, two pounds of cocoa, five of sugar and seven of flour, together with a cake box for a full-size layer cake. It is packed in a corrugated carton and retails at $1. The same house offers a large number of aluminum kitchen-ware articles to sell at $1. They are of standard gauge and highly polished and have been successfully used as specials by department stores. A serving tray of imitation mahogany, with glass base and canton flannel facing, retails at $1 in the 12 by 18 inch size and at around 70 cents in the 10 by 16 size.

***

Burlaps Quiet and Unsteady.

Prices of burlaps continue to move irregularly. The advance during the early part of the week was wiped out on Wednesday, while some strengthening was noted yesterday. Buyers are operating very cautiously, their commitments being limited further by the uncertainty as to the trend of the market. In the main, their ideas of purchasing levels are from ten to fifteen points below those of sellers. Lightweighs are quoted at 5.15 cents on spot, while the "heavies" are held at 6.75 cents. For August-September delivery the prices, respectively, are 5.25 and 6.90 cents. For shipments ranging from October to December the current prices for the two weights are 5.10 and 6.60 cents.

***

Raw Silk Situation.

Buying of raw silks has tapered off somewhat from the activity during the latter part of last week. A good inquiry is apparent, however, and is taken to indicate that manufacturers are ready to respond to any further improvement in conditions here or in the primary market. Current quotations are on the basis of $7.90 to $8 for double extra A, and concessions are hard to find. The action of the Japanese interests in agreeing to shorten working schedules to restrict present production has caused the market at Yokohama to be very firm. Cables received by H. A. Gwalter & Co., Inc., quote a minimum price of 1,790 yen as fixed for Kansai No. 1, with the current market being 100 yen above this. Canton has stiffened in sympathy with Yokohama and holders are not pushing sales. There is little change, however, at Shanghai. American buyers still find little inducement to enter the Milan market.

***

Gray Goods Were Quiet.

Trading in gray goods yesterday was quiet. There were some transactions in printcloths at firm levels, but the uncertain trend of raw cotton values again served to restrict buyers' interest at the moment. Sales of 39-inch 68-72s were made at 10½ cents and of 38½-inch 64-60s at 8¾ cents for nearby delivery. Some business was also done in 38½-inch 60-48s at 7¾ cents. Sheetings were in limited demand. Prices on leading constructions held steady on the basis of 7½ cents for 36-inch 5.50s. The remainder of the market was without feature.

***

More Perfumes Called For.

The popular demand for perfumes is increasing daily, according to the buyer of a large city department store. For the choice foreign products there is much call, the high price being apparently no drawback, and the sale of the domestic articles is likewise forging ahead. The amount of perfume sold today is at least triple that sold in 1914, according to this buyer. Lip sticks, bath salts, toilet waters, expensive scented soaps—all these are having a sale greater than ever before. A novelty for which there is great demand is the double compact, a combination box of rouge and powder, retailing at around $1.50. Most of the manufacturers are now putting out flacconettes of their popular odors at $1, for which there is a great demand.

***

Chance of Garment Scarcity?

One of the leading manufacturers of cloaks and suits reports a marked stimulus in bookings the past week, an unusual number of substantial orders having been received and fully 50 per cent. over those for the corresponding period last year. Buyers are beginning to realize, he says, that there is no indication of any price concessions, and that it is to their advantage to buy while there is still a good assortment of merchandise to select from. Later on, according to this manufacturer, there will be a shortage of manufactured goods, as the makers have not accumulated any reserve stocks, having been made cautious by the hand to mouth buying on the part of the retailers. Already, he says, there is indication of shortage of materials, some fabrics being bid for at substantial increases over the established price. If the threatened strike of the contractors goes on for several weeks, he says, it will mean an additional shortage of hundreds of thousands of garments.

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

CHARMEEN Wanted—Any quantity bunny gray; cash. Canaday Dress, 120 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber now placing stock orders in new Fall sample popular to highest grade dresses in canton, satin canton, crepe satin, charmeuse, poiret twill, tricotine, party and evening dresses and all other Fall materials. Sample 9 to 5 daily, 28 West 33d, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—We are open for a few thousand dresses, new Fall styles, misses' and ladies' sizes, in satin faced canton and canton crepes; your own material; price $7.75 and $8; spot cash. Call with samples. Pansy, 29 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—We pay spot cash for lots, large or small, in canton crepe, crepe de chine and silk dresses in all other materials. Samples 9 to 5 daily, 28 West 33d, 5th floor, or phone Pennsylvania 6330.

DRESSES Wanted—Large dress house placing sample stock orders on high-class dresses only, in satin canton, crepe back satin and chiffon velvet; submit samples 9-5. 7 East 31st, 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber placing quantity orders on better grade Poiret twill and serges. See Mr. Kramer, 38 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Spot cash; highest prices paid for jobs silks and cloths. Phone Weinberg, Lackawanna 8558.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing stock orders on new misses models, silks and cloths. 142 West 36th, 6th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Silk and cloth; jobber placing quantity orders. 333 7th Av., 13th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—1,000 silk and cloth; spot cash; also jobs. Greenberg, 112 West 30th.

FURS Wanted—Mouffion, brown, large quantity, good quality. Fierman-Kolmer, 302 5th Av. Longacre 0431.

JACQUETTES Wanted—Placing orders on fancy jacquettes. First floor, 137 West 27th.

SILK Remnants Wanted—Will pay best prices. Stagg 1743.

SILK Remnants Wanted—Will pay best prices. Stagg 1743.

TROUSERS—All wool O.D. Government regulation long trousers, $21 dozen, in sizes 30 to 36. L. Friedman & Son, Columbus, Georgia.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

APRONS—Women's, $1.75 doz.; sweaters, $12.00 doz.; sample sweaters, men's, ladies', misses' children's, values up to $36, at $3 doz.; blankets, $1 quality, 33 cents pair. Washington Mills, 393 B'way, New York.

CHIFFON Velvet—100 pieces black imported German goods at a price. C. E., 702 Times.

COATS, all materials, lastest styles, job last year's Winter coats, also job lots children's coats. Women's Wear Stock Exchange, 13 West 31st.

COATS—Sealine, extra fine quality fur; closing out at $43. I. Novick, 45 West 27th.

DRESSES—New Fall line ready; 13 wonderful styles wool poiret twills; all latest creations, $6.25; 12 special numbers poiret twills, $9.75; immediate delivery. A. T. Dress, 119 West 25th.

DRESSES, $10.75 Up—If you wish to make your trip worth while don't fail to see our exceptionally wonderful Fall lines. Goodwear Dress Co., 31 West 27th St., New York City.

DRESSES—Immediate deliveries; new numbers; satin faced cantons, canton crepes, charmeuses, wool crepes, poiret twills, $6.75 up. Weingarten Bros., 145 West 30th.

DRESSES—5,000; new canton crepe dresses; good assortments, styles, colors and sizes; to close out at low price. H. & J. Laibowitz, 142 West 36th.

DRESSES—Fall line ready; crepe back satins, satin cantons and poiret; popular prices. Armaid Dresses, 17 West 30th.

DRESSES at job-lot prices, all materials, Fall styles. Women's Wear Stock Exchange, 13 West 31st.

FURS—Coneys, sealine, 45 inch; big stock; lowest price. Samuel Turk, 165 West 26th.

HAND Knitted Caps and Novelties for infants and children; you have seen similar styles but not any made up of this kind of novelty yarn; the most conservative and skeptical buyer will be sufficiently impressed to take a sample order; although a hand knitted novelty, it will not interfere with any other line that you are handling; jobbing and retail prices arranged. Write for appointment. B 91 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

LACES—Black silk Venice allovers, 18 inches; close out cheap. Pennsylvania 0038. Mr. Rudy.

POIRET Twill, serges, crepes, all colors. Olian Bros., 28 East 20th St. Ashland 1856.

SERGES—7614, 7301, 8820, 2004, 2100. Sea Island Woolen Company, Stuyvesant 6805.

WAISTS—Silk of the better kind; close out cheap. Greenfield, 10 West 33d.

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

In New York County.

LEXINGTON AV., near Park Av., 46th and 47th Sts., block &c.: Philip A. Feigin against N. Y. Central R. R. Co. et al.; Aug 3, 1923 ..... $26,767.75

BOWERY, 193; Floda Construction Co, Inc., against Samuel Cohen et al.; June 6, 1923. $3,819.80

In Bronx County.

DECATUR AV., n. w. corner of 197th St., 43x140; Frank Dragonetti against Decatur & 197th Street Corp., et al.; June 21, 1923. $150.00

SAME PROPERTY; Jerry Materasse against same, et al.; June 21, 1923 ..... $915.56

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These are the words of a recent guest—a stranger to us until he came, but now a staunch friend and admirer.

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Sports—golf, tennis, horseback riding, swimming and so on through the list—perfect equipment for all. The golf course is available for those wishing to play golf upon the payment of greens fee.

Dancin —a perfect floor and a splendid ballroom with music that you cannot resist.

Unrivalled cuisine. Luncheon and dinner served outdoors on the spacious porches.

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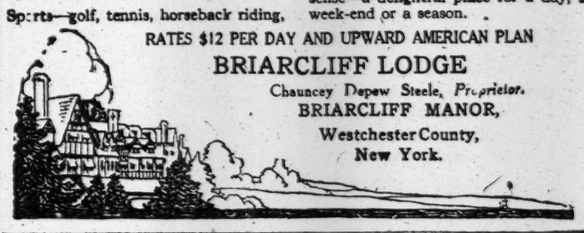
Briarcliff Lodge is exclusive in the best sense—a delightful place for a day, a week-end or a season.



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Leading hotel, capacity 500. Every modern appointment; high, cool location, magnificent scenery. Golf. Tennis. Saddle Horses, Bathing, Fishing, Water Sports. Daily concerts and dances. American plan, also a la carte grill. Excellent cuisine, own farms and dairy. Write for booklet, auto maps and special 1923 rates for season. Families and tourists. JOHN PURDY COPE.

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Cap. 400. Moderate. Golf, tennis, water sports, Garage. Booklet. Hitt Brothers, Lessees-Mgrs.

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Spend the Summer amidst cooling ocean breezes 30 minutes from Broadway.
$17.50 per week and up—
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Fronting the Ocean; surf bathing; 100 rooms; 75 private baths; Ned Wayburn's "Demi-Tasse" Revue in Ballroom; Dancing; Meyer Davis' White House Band.
At the entrance of new Boardwalk.
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Golf, Bathing, Tennis, Saddle Horses.
SPECIAL SEASON RATES.
Music by Yale University Dance Orchestra.

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For new ADIRONDACK booklet address Geo. W. Ryan, Sec'y, Plattsburg, N. Y. For MONTREAL-QUEBEC TOUR booklet address Tourists' Bureau of Montreal, New Birks Building, Montreal, Canada.

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Royal Muskoka Hotel, P. O., Lake Rosseau, Ontario.
Royal Muskoka

BUSINESS RECORDS

BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS.

Petitions Filed—Against

MAGER & NEWMAN CO., INC., 160 Monroe Street, by Stroler Bros., Inc. on a claim of $508. Samuel J. Joseph was appointed receiver, under $7,500 bond, by Judge Goddard. Liabilities, about $40,000; assets, about $15,000.

SAMUEL E. GOLDBERG, jobber of dresses, 218 West 37th Street, by Lavinia Markham for $500; R. B. Schiff, $200; Lowenstein & Son., $100. Ernest W. Bradbury was appointed receiver, under $5,000 bond, by Judge Goddard. Liabilities, about $30,000; assets about $20,000.

MORRIS LOTZKAR furniture, 796 East Tremont Avenue, by Crescent Show Case Co. for $500; L. Lorberbaum & Co., $485; Manual Feldman & Co., $674. Albert E. Schwartz was appointed receiver, under $5,000 bond, by Judge Goddard. Liabilities, about $25,000; assets, about $10,000.

HARRY ROSENTHAL, doing business as Rosenfeld Raincoat Co., manufacturers and retailers, 104 Fifth Avenue, 216 Washington Street, Mt. Vernon and 412 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh, by Jacob J. Abrams for $1,800; Robert Goldfarb, $950; Louis E. Blumenerans, $250. Joseph Spencer was appointed receiver under $2,000 bond, by Judge Goddard. Liabilities, about $30,000; assets, about $10,000.

Petitions Filed—By

CHARLES L. PEABODY, broker, 105 West Fortieth Street. Liabilities, $187,258; assets, $28,300, consisting of 17,000 shares of Ranger Petroleum and 6,300 shares of Great Northern Mines Syndicate. Principal creditors are Bank of America, $50,000; Greenwich Trust Co. of Greenwich, Conn., $25,000; Harvey Fisk & Sons, $25,000; F. S. Smithers & Co., $16,000; Clark Williams, $16,000; Mechanics & Metals National Bank, $12,000; Arnold Dorr, $10,000; Dean Emery, $10,000. The petitioner states that his liabilities were incurred jointly with R. E. Jordan and Mason Young, care of Prince Whitley & Co., 52 Broadway, and George Young, 95 Liberty Street. The creditors mentioned sold some securities, as collateral but value of same is not listed.

THE NEW YORK ROTOGRAPH CO., INC., display advertising, 512 West Forty-first Street. Liabilities $32,243, assets $37,954, main items being accounts, $16,131, machinery and fixtures $12,000, stock $5,920. Principal creditors are Malcid Co. $2,151, Whitaker Paper Co. $5,464, Frybill Realty Corp. $2,835, U. S. Government $1,141, State of New York $1,068. William F. Carell was appointed receiver under $5,000 bond by Judge Goddard.

CHILDREN'S CLEVER CLOTHES, INC., 14 East Thirty-second Street. Liabilities $6,182, assets $2,705, main items being fixtures $2,000, stock $1,000. Richard Welling was appointed receiver under $1,500 bond by Judge Goddard.

MENDEL SCHWARTZ, 2,976 Perry Avenue. Liabilities $3,377, no assets.

Assignment.

MEYER LEVIN, trading as Mandel Talking Machine Co., dealer in phonographs, records and sporting goods, at 53 East Twenty-third Street, to Ralph Honig, 2,480 Davidson Avenue.

Receivers Appointed.

THE LONG DOCK COAL CO., 178 Main Street, Beacon, N. Y. Charles E. Rice Jr. appointed under $7,500 bond by Judge Goddard. Liabilities not stated, assets about $15,000.

Bankruptcy Discharges.

Fred R. Jones, Oceanside, Nassau County; David Parsteck, fancy feather manufacturer, 564 East Fourth Street, Brooklyn; Abraham Brander, retail shoe store, 97 Moore Street, Brooklyn.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, Aug. 9.—George E. Metcalf, live stock d

THE NATIONAL CITY COMPANY
NATIONAL CITY BANK BUILDING
NEW YORK

Equipment Trust Certificates

Yielding from

5.10% to 6.30%

Maturities to 1938

—meeting to an exceptional degree demands of careful investors as to security, marketability and income.

A diversified list of Equipment Trusts, included in our current offerings, sent on request.

The National City Company

Main Office: National City Bank Building
Uptown Office: 42nd St. & Madison Ave.

Hydro-Electric First Mortgage Bond

To Yield Over 6%

Secured by direct mortgage on all properties, privileges and franchises of

Yadkin River Power Company

which operates under Electric Bond & Share management.

Circular on Request

Bonbright & Co.
Incorporated
25 Nassau Street, New York

Bonds

Davidge, Heald & Co.

Telephone Rector 6960
100 Broadway, New York

Railroad Earnings in 1923

We have prepared estimates of the earnings of 25 prominent railroads, based on operating results and traffic conditions in the six months ended June 30.

A copy will be sent on request for Circular T-7

F. S. Smithers & Co.
Established 1857
19 Nassau St. New York

Kean, Taylor & Co.
Five Nassau Street
New York

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Dullness and Irregularity Prevail in Stocks and Commodities —All Markets Closed Today.

In view of the fact that all markets will be closed today, out of respect for President Harding, the expectation that yesterday's fluctuations would not be of very great importance and wholly without significance was entirely borne out. The stock market, in point of turnover, was well under the half-million-share mark, and a considerable amount of irregularity prevailed. There continued to be quite a good deal of professional pressure on some of the specialty stocks, but the losses established in these shares were just about offset by gains in other directions. In the cotton market, futures lost part of their recent gains, while wheat and other grains were higher.

The day was not without its interesting and important industrial developments, even though the markets paid scant attention to them. Possibly the most important was the announcement of carloading figures for the week ended July 28, showing a total of 1,041,055 cars loaded in that week, constituting a record in the history of the railroad industry and establishing the eighth week out of the last ten in which the loadings have exceeded the one million mark. As compared with last year, the carloadings for this period were greater by 192,186 cars. As compared with two years ago, the increase was 245,612 cars. The increases were built up mainly through heavier loadings of grain and grain products, coal, forest products, merchandise and miscellaneous freight.

On the other hand, an equally good barometer of the industrial future—bookings of the United States Steel Corporation—were more or less of a disappointment and reflected quite sharply the hesitancy shown by buyers in committing themselves to forward bookings. The decline in forward business for the month of July was placed at 475,489 tons, bringing the amount of unfinished business on the Corporation's books, as of Aug. 1, to 5,910,760 tons, the smallest reported in a year, but still slightly above last July. It is to be noted that the bookings for forward delivery of the United States Steel Corporation represent a total sufficient to maintain operations at the present rate for approximately five months. Another news development of constructive nature, which also was glossed over in the narrow market, was the fact that there has been a slight decrease in the daily average crude oil production in the United States, and that it now is at the rate of 2,240,900 barrels per day, as compared with 2,274,000 barrels per day for the preceding week. Possibly, under any other circumstances, the markets would have at least given attention to these industrial developments, but on the eve of a day's cessation of trading there was no disposition by any but professional operators to take a stand on either side.

The foreign situation, growing daily more acute, no doubt had a great effect in slowing down trading in all markets. It is fully realized that no accurate measure is to be had of what the next day will bring forth in Europe. It is realized, at the same time, that the European situation has taken a turn which has caused a great deal of international anxiety, particularly in view of the evident rebuff to France implied in Chancellor Cuno's speech. Doubtless this uncertainty as to the immediate future was reflected once more in the weakness evidenced in the Continental exchanges. Francs of France and Belgium sold at new low records for all time, and this was quite evidently due to the very uncertainties of the situation rather than to any developments which might be gleaned from the bank statements. The statement by the Bank of France showed a return from the State of 300,000,000 francs, a reduction of the borrowings of 700,000,000 francs recorded in the previous week. The moderate decrease in sterling circulation permitted an advance in the Bank of England ratio to 17.94 per cent., as compared with 17.52 per cent. in the previous week. The Reichsbank statement becomes more ludicrous each week. The current statement, for instance, shows an increase of more than 12,769,916,000,000 marks in the circulation, and at the same time a shrinkage in gold reserve from 616,300,000 marks to 596,300,000 marks. In other words, Germany has released her grip on almost one-half of her gold reserve in the senseless and impossible task of trying to bolster a tremendously inflated currency.

MONEY.

THURSDAY, AUG. 9, 1923.

Little change was reported in the money market yesterday, business again being dull, as was to have been expected in view of the suspension of activity resulting from the general observation of a week of mourning in respect to the late President Harding. Call money opened and renewed at 4½ per cent., and then eased to 4½ per cent., at which figure it closed. Time money continued at 5¼ per cent. The rate on commercial paper was also 5¼ per cent. with a few transactions at 5 per cent.

Call Loans.

Renewals.	High.	Low.	Wednesday's Last.	Last.
4½	4½	4½	4½	4½

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60-90 days	5¼
4, 5 and 6 months	5¼
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days	5¼
4, 5 and 6 months	5¼

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 4 to 6 months	5@5¼
Other names, 4 to 6 months	5½

Rediscount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 4½; 60 to 90 days	4½
Liberty bonds, Victory notes and Treasury certificates of indebtedness, 15 days	4½
60 to 90 days	4½

Bankers' Acceptances.

Call loans against acceptances	4¼
Prime bankers' acceptances, eligible for purchase or rediscount by Federal Reserve Banks. Rates quoted are for discount at purchase:	
	Bid. Asked.
30 days	4¼ 4
60 days	4¼ 4¼
90 days	4¼ 4¼
Four months	4¼ 4¼
Six months	4¼ 4¼
Nonmember and private bankers, 60-90 days	4¼ 4¼

London Market.

Money in London unchanged at 2¼ per cent.; short bills unchanged at 3¼ per cent.; three months' bills unchanged at 3 5-16 per cent.

Gold bullion 90s 4d per fine ounce. Taking the British Mint standard price of 85s per fine ounce as par, the market quotation of gold would represent a price of 106¼ at London. On the same basis the highest London price for gold for the year to date was 106¼ on July 5. The highest price since open trading in gold was resumed at London in September, 1919, was 140¾, on Feb. 6, 1920; the lowest, 102⅝, on Feb. 21. Highest price last year, 136, on Jan. 3.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House, $566,000,000; balances, $66,000,000; Federal Reserve credit balance, $56,000,000; exchanges this day a year ago, $515,200,000.

TRADE GENERALLY SLOWEST OF YEAR

Natural Midsummer Dullness Accentuated by the Nation's Period of Mourning.

Business and industry in most lines have been conducted at the slowest pace of the year, according to the weekly reviews of Dun's and Bradstreet's, both of which point to the death of President Harding and the period of mourning as a factor which accentuated the natural midsummer dullness. Some emphasis is placed also on the effects of drought and heat on the crops of the Southwest.

Commenting on the situation, Bradstreet's says:

"Still, there have been some developments in trade and crop lines deserving of attention. The effects of heat and drought in the section hitherto promising best cotton crop results, the Southwest, has been such as to injure that crop, and also corn, further to the northward. This was reflected in modification of estimates in Texas, and on several days sharp advances from the low of early August were made in raw cotton, this in turn giving an aspect of liveliness, long absent, to the cotton goods trade, with some stiffening of values, but with dealings restricted by unwillingness of manufacturers to sell far beyond the immediate future. In another branch of the textile trade, woolens, buying of women's wear has been active enough to fill books of certain mills, but men's wear goods have not sold so well. Aside from these factors and a reasonably steady tone to the stock market, with, however, marked unsettlement and weakness in the continental exchanges, German, Belgian and French currencies making new low records for all time, wholesale trade and speculation have been without special note, the latter, especially in stocks and grain, being at a low level.

"In the country at large, seasonal influences have ruled new buying, and, as above intimated, trade has been little better than fair. Rains denied to the Southwest have aided corn in large surplus States, and put that crop in a fair way to be a larger crop than last year, though not a record one."

Dun's weekly review says:

"Despite the recent decrease in employment of labor at different manufacturing centres, the public purchasing power remains large and successive statements of car loadings testify to the continued heavy distribution of merchandise. While the official August crop report indicates a smaller prospective wheat harvest than had been expected, rising prices for grain and cotton have improved sentiment in the farming sections and have encouraged a more favorable view of the agricultural situation. The price trend in most commodities, however, is still in the direction of decline, as Dun's list of wholesale quotations demonstrates, and evidence is not lacking of sharper competition for orders in some quarters. Instead of the feverish demand of the early months this year, which was largely to replenish depleted supplies, current buying is mainly along conservative lines and more hesitation is shown. Exceptions to this condition are not absent, but the second half of the year thus far has been marked by an abatement of activity, and seasonal factors apparently do not wholly explain the change."

MINING CO. SHOWS DEFICIT.

Butte and Superior Reports Loss of $60,085.

The Butte & Superior Mining Company, for the quarter ended June 30, 1923, reports a deficit of $60,085 after expenses, taxes and depreciation, but before depletion. This compares with a surplus of $102,827 or 35 cents a share, earned on the $2,901,977 capital stock in the previous quarter and deficit of $66,845 in the corresponding period of 1922. The statement for the quarter compares as follows:

Net value metal in concentrates	$806,992	$651,077
Miscellaneous income	20,043	32,002
Total income	$919,035	$683,079
Exp., deprec., taxes, &c.	979,120	749,924
Deficit	$60,085	$66,845

ROADS EARN 5.47% ON I. C. C. VALUATION

Decreased Returns on Western Lines Put June Figures Below Those of May.

The Class 1 railroads of the country earned during June a return of 5.47 per cent. on their minimum tentative valuation as fixed by the Interstate Commerce Commission. This rate is lower than in May, when the earning return was 6.33 per cent. The falling off was due principally to a decrease in earnings of the Western railroads, the Eastern group having again earned above the 6 per cent. figure. The report by groups showed a return of 6.39 per cent. for the Eastern roads, against 4.20 per cent. for the Western group.

With the June figures in, the Bureau of Railway Economics and the Car Service Division of the American Railway Association were able to report on railroad operation for the first half of this year. These figures show a return for the period at the annual rate of 5.64 per cent., which is only .11 below the return set by the Interstate Commerce Commission as "fair."

This is the best half year that the railroads have experienced sihce before the war, and the showing was regarded by railroad men as particularly impressive in view of troubles growing out of strikes by shopmen and coal miners last year, and the consequent impairment of equipment. In addition, the Western and Eastern roads encountered severe weather conditions during the first three months of this year.

For June the report shows an aggregate of net earnings for 194 roads having a mileage of 235,400 miles, amounting to $87,742,000, against $76,271,000 in June, 1922. Thirty-one Class 1 railroads in June operated at a loss Nine of these roads were in the East, two in the South and twenty in the West.

For the first six months the net operating income of the Class 1 roads is cited as $443,912,000, against $349,069,000 for the same period a year ago. By geographical divisions, the profits of railroads are shown as follows, the New York district being in the group designated as the Ohio-Indiana-Allegheny districts:

	Earnings.	Per Cent.
New England district	$4,901,000	1.25
Great Lakes district	96,063,000	6.53
Ohio-Indiana-Allegheny dist.	115,747,000	6.35
Pocahontas district	23,990,000	6.11
Southern district	69,916,000	5.82
Northwestern district	29,264,000	2.30
Central Western district	75,785,000	4.71
Southwestern district	28,216,000	3.53

From Sept. 1, 1920, when the roads were returned to private operation, the average annual return to and including the June figures of this year has been 3.94 per cent., according to the report. For the Eastern district the return has been 4.02 per cent., the southern, 4.05 per cent. and the Western, 3.82 per cent.

PLANS BIG POWER PLANT.

North American Company Tells of $30,000,000 Project in the Ozarks.

The North American Company announced yesterday that it has under consideration a hydro-electric project on the White River, in the heart of the Ozark Mountains, in Arkansas and Missouri, expected to cost from $25,000,000 to $30,000,000.

Hugh L. Cooper & Co., who hold options on all the rights and holdings of the Dixie Power Company for development of water power on the river under contract with the North American Company, have begun a survey of the site, which, it is believed, will be completed in the early Fall and construction started early in 1924.

Equitable Using Fuel Oil.

Progress is being made by the Equitable Building in converting its boilers to burn fuel oil in place of coal. Two of the seven boilers in the building have already been converted and are now burning 1,200 gallons of oil daily. In addition to the Equitable Building, the Singer Building and the building at 43 Exchange Place now burn fuel oil, besides several uptown hotels.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Dull and Uninteresting Stock Market.

While a steady tone prevailed on the Stock Exchange yesterday, the market as a whole can be characterized as dull and uninteresting. Trading was on a less active scale than on Wednesday, when business was suspended for one and one-half hours during the time of President Harding's funeral services in Washington. At the start of business price changes were irregular, but were mainly confined to small fractions. As the morning progressed the professionals who are still operating on the short side of the market endeavored to force the weak spots, in which operation they were partly successful, as was evidenced by the reactions in such stocks as Famous Players, General Asphalt, Maracaibo Oil, Burns Brothers and several other specialties. The drop in these stocks, however, caused only temporary heaviness in the balance of the list during the forenoon. In the afternoon the general market again started to recover, and at the close most active stocks were fractionally above the closing levels of the previous day. Much of the dullness in the market was attributed to the fact that the Exchanges will be closed today, and with Saturday being a short day, traders were inclined to hold off making new commitments until next week.

***

Banks and Exchanges Closed Today.

Business will be suspended in the financial district today, all the banks and the security commodity exchanges being closed in observance of the President's proclamation naming today a national day of mourning in respect to the memory of the late President Harding. Business will be resumed tomorrow as usual.

***

The Drop in Steel Orders.

The United States Steel Corporation yesterday made public figures showing the amount of unfilled orders carried on its books as of the close of July. The statement showed a reduction of 475,498 tons from the close of June, which was about as expected in the financial district. Recent conservative estimates called for a reduction of about 400,000 tons, while other estimates ran as high as 500,000 tons decrease. Despite the further decline in forward business last month, which carries the total on hand down to 5,910,763 tons, against this year's peak of 7,403,332 tons established at the close of March. Steel common held firm on the Stock Exchange. This was due in part to the prediction made in the Street that, based upon operations of 90 per cent. of capacity, the corporation has enough business to operate at that level until Jan. 1, 1924. Operations at present are slightly below the 90 per cent. level. The total orders now on the books is the lowest reported in exactly a year.

***

A Reckoning in Marks.

The sharp rally in mark quotations reported in late dealings yesterday attracted considerable attention, but was explained by foreign exchange dealers as merely a manifestation of covering operations and consequently of no particular value in its relation to actual industrial and political conditions. With the latest German bank statement now issued speculation is being done by the mathematically inclined with a view to determining when the figure for note circulation might reach the quadrillion mark, thus placing the mark in the same category as the ruble. According to one estimate, the total doubles—at the present rate of increase—in each succeeding month. Then, to use round figures, the present circulation of 40 trillions would in September reach 80 trillions; in October, 160 trillions; in November, 320 trillions; in December, 640 trillions, and at the start of the next new year something above the quadrillion mark. But before that time, it is believed in many quarters, the present paper mark will have been repudiated as a currency altogether, or some method worked out for the conversion of the present money medium into a more solid medium backed by gold.

***

Testing the Bond Market.

New York bankers have conducted a quiet test of the bond market with respect to the placing of new issues by asking dealers how they feel toward trying to sell new offerings. The response, according to the statement of one banker yesterday, indicated an improvement in demand, but dealers are still desirous of holding back operations of this character for at least two or three weeks more. The vacation season at this time is at its height and more Wall Street folk and investors are now on their vacations than at any other time, possibly, in the financial district's history. As a consequence a very substantial part of the buying public is removed from the scene, and until this part comes back it is not considered advisable to try to float any of the larger amounts of bonds.

***

West Still Behind in Car Loadings.

Car loadings for the week ended July 28 established another high record with 1,041,044 cars loaded, and also revealed that the West is still behind the remainder of the country in the amount of traffic it originates. While the increase for the United States as a whole was 22.6 per cent. over the corresponding week of last year, the Western district showed only a 16 per cent. increase, while the Southern district reported 17.7 per cent. and the Eastern district 30.5 per cent. A large part of the increase in the Eastern district was due doubtless to the recovery from the miners' strike last year, but interest in the railroad district centred about the percentage for the Western district. The time is at hand when the business from this section of the country should be increasing, it is declared, and some railroad men say that the reports since the first of August indicate that grain loadings will show a decided gain.

***

June Railroad Earnings.

June railroad earnings of 5.47 per cent. for the railroads throughout the United States, as announced by the American Railway Association, was a disappointment in railroad circles. They were not, however, what might be termed a surprise, because, while the first estimates of earnings were a little above 6 per cent. for the month, they have been gradually scaled down until of recent weeks railroad men were expecting something below 5¾ per cent., and hinted that the total earnings for the month probably would be around $90,000,000. But even now, railroad men point out, the $87,742,000 earned in June, while lower in percentage figured on an annual basis than the 6.50 in April, or the 6.33 in May, was not out of line from the dollars and cents angle. What it does demonstrate, they say, is that railroads are not going to be able to maintain the record earnings for the remainder of the year in proportion to those reported in April and May.

***

Improving Farmers' Credits.

A leading Wall Street economist in sizing up the agricultural situation, expressed the view that farming has become an over-expanded industry primarily because of the contracted condition of the world's manufacturing activity, and that it would be a mistake to cause a new flow of capital into the farming business. The unliquidated agricultural loans and increased mortgage indebtedness of many farmers are pointed to as indicating the over-expansion so far as credits are concerned. A safe remedy, according to this view, would be an improvement in the credit machinery whereby the farmer could replace old mortgages or loans made at high rates, with new ones at easier rates, the way to which would lie in refunding, to get the benefit of the lower interest rates.

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Vital to the Success of Your Business is made practical by our new plan of creating a substantial income-bearing surplus fund without draining the business of any material percentage of profit.

We have issued a pamphlet which explains this plan in detail. Every business man should get and read a copy.

Ask for Pamphlet C. 16

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Changes in Economic Conditions

are certain to affect either favorably or unfavorably almost every security.

We take pleasure in offering to supply the latest available information regarding the earnings, property and business of any well established corporation.

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Baltes & Co

Bethlehem Steel Corporation

We have prepared an analysis of this, the second largest producer of commercial steel in the United States, showing the statistical position of the

NEW 7% PREFERRED STOCK

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Chas. D. Barney & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
Members Philadelphia Stock Exchange
15 Broad St. New York — 1428 Walnut St. Philadelphia

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

THURSDAY, AUG. 9, 1923.

Day's Sales.	Wednesday.	Tuesday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.	Year to Date.	Same Period 1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.
374,942	413,725	455,325	567,685	541,200	147,549,385	158,024,383	105,553,732	142,621,946½	187,775,529

1923 High.	1923 Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rate.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.
19½	9½	100	Advance Rumley	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛	9½	9⅝
14⅞	6	500	Ajax Rubber	6¾	6¾	6½	6½	— ⅛	6⅝	6⅞
80	59¼	3,700	Allied Chem. & Dye (4)	59⅝	61½	59¼	61½	+ 1¼	61	61½
112	103½	200	Allied Chem. & Dye pf. (7)	106½	106½	106½	106½	— 1½	105	106
51¼	37⅝	200	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. (4)	41¼	41¼	41¼	41¼	+ ⅛	41	41½
36⅞	10⅛	100	American Agricul. Chem.	12	12	12	12	+ ⅛	11½	12½
68⅝	29	100	Amer. Agricul. Chem. pf.	31¼	31¼	31¼	32¼	— ¾	30	31⅝
60	29½	300	Amer. Bosch Magneto	31½	31⅝	31½	31⅝	— ¼	31½	31⅞
108	73½	5,000	American Can (5)	87⅝	88⅝	87½	88⅛	+ ⅜	88	88½
25	20⅜	100	American Chain A (50c)	21	21	21	21		20½	21¾
20⅜	3¾	400	American Cotton Oil	4¾	4⅞	4¾	4¾	— ⅛	4¾	5
38¾	14	200	American Cotton Oil pf.	15½	15½	15¼	15¼	— ⅛	15	15¼
133⅝	63⅛	300	American Hide & Leather	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛	6¼	7¼
74⅝	29¾	1,500	Amer. Hide & Leather pf.	30¼	31¼	29⅝	31¼	+ ½	31	32
89	78	100	American Ice pf. (6)	82	82	82	82	+ 1½	81	85
33½	16½	900	American International	16½	17	16½	17	+ ½	17	18½
13	10⅝	300	Am. LaF. Fire Engine (1)	10⅞	10⅞	10⅝	10⅞	+ ⅛	10½	11
59	34	100	American Linseed pf	34	34	34	34	— 4	33	37
74⅜	64⅜	19,700	American Locomotive (6)	72⅛	73½	71½	72½	+ ⅝	72½	72⅝
9⅛	4⅞	400	Amer. Safety Razor (25c)	5⅜	5½	5⅜	5⅜		5⅜	5⅝
69½	53	600	Amer. Smelt. & Refin. (5)	55½	56¼	55½	56¼	+ ⅜	56½	57
152¼	130	200	American Snuff (12)	134	134	133⅞	133⅞	+ ⅝	132	137
40⅞	31⅝	500	Amer. Steel Fdries. (3)	34	34¼	34	34¼		34	34¾
85	57	700	Amer. Sugar Refining	59	60	57⅝	60	+ ½	59¾	60
108¾	100⅛	100	Amer. Sugar Refin. pf. (7)	100	100	100	100	— 1	101	104
125½	119⅛	700	Amer. Tel. & Tel. (9)	122½	122⅞	122½	122⅞	+ ⅛	122½	122⅝
161¾	140¼	100	Amer. Tobacco (12) x d.	144¾	144¾	144¾	144¾	+ 1¾	142	144½
159¾	140	400	Amer. Tobacco B (12) x d	144	144	141¼	141¼	—	141	143
105⅞	101	100	American Tobacco pf. (6)	102½	102½	102½	102½	— ⅛	102	102½
109⅝	80½	900	American Woolen (7)	83⅜	84	83½	84	+ ⅛	84⅜	85
111⅞	93⅝	200	Amer. Woolen pf. (7)	101	101	100⅞	100⅞	— ⅛	100½	101½
34	7	100	Amer. Writ. Paper pf.	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼	— ⅛	7½	7¾
58¼	30½	500	American Zinc L. & S. pf.	31	31	31	31	— 3	30½	35
53½	38	2,100	Anaconda Copper (3)	38¼	39¼	38¼	39½	+ ½	39	39¼
1	⅛	100	Assets Realization	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞		⅞	1
134	103	100	Associated Oil (6)	104	104	104	104	+ 1	103	105
105½	94¼	500	Atch., Top., & San. Fe (6)	95⅞	96¼	95⅞	96¼	+ ⅜	96	96½
90⅝	86⅞	300	Atch., Top., & S. Fe pf (5)	88	88⅛	88	88⅛		87½	88½
3¼	1⅛	100	Atlanta, Birm. & At.	1⅛	1⅛				1⅛	1⅜
34	9¼	100	Atlantic Gulf & W. Indies	12¼	12⅞	12¼	12⅞	— ⅜	12	12½
120	115	100	Atlantic Refining pf (7)	117	117	117	117	+ 1	113	117
14,700	104¼	100	Baldwin Locomotive (7)	112	113½	111½	112½	+ ⅝	112½	113
2,900	56¼	100	Baltimore & Ohio	47½	48⅝	47½	48¼	+ ⅛	48¼	48⅝
	60⅞	100	Baltimore & Ohio pf (4)	56¼	56¾	56¼	56½	+ ⅛	56½	57
35	10	100	Barnsdall Class A	10	10	10	10	— ⅛	10¼	11
1,900	70	100	Bethlehem Steel (5)	47	48⅜	47	48⅜	+ ⅛	48¼	48½
	87⅛	300	Beth. Steel cum. pf (7)	90	90	89⅜	89⅜	+ ⅛	89	90½
	102½	200	Bethlehem Steel pf (8)	102½	103	102½	103	+ ½	102½	103
3,600	109¼	300	Bklyn Edison Electric (8)	109	109	108⅝	108⅝	— ⅜	108¼	109½
		200	Bklyn. Rap. T. cfs of dep.	⅞	⅞				⅞	½
		700	Brown Shoe (1)	49	49	49	49	— 1	47½	50
2,100	112¼	100	Burns Brothers (10)	112	112	108	108¼	— 5⅜	108½	110
2,000	23	200	Burns Bros. Class B (2)	23	23	22	22½	— ⅜	22½	23
		400	Butte Cop. & Zinc (50c)	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜		5⅜	6
1,500	18½	100	Butte & Superior (2)	18½	18½	18	18	— ⅜	17⅝	18
	17	300	Butterick Co.	17	17	16	16	— 1	16	17
4,800	15¼	100	California Petroleum (1⅝)	18¼	18½	17⅝	18½	+ ¼	15¼	18½
	5½	300	Callahan Zinc Lead	5½	5½	5½	5½	+ ¼	5½	6
1,000	145	100	Canadian Pacific (10)	145	145¼	144¼	145½	+ ¾	145	145¾
3,100	14¼	100	Central Leather Co.	14	14¼	13½	14½		14⅜	14½
1,600	41¼	100	Central Leather Co. pf.	41¼	42⅜	41¼	42⅜	— ⅛	42	42½
	38⅝	400	Cerro de Pasco Copper (4)	38⅝	38⅝	38⅛	38½	— ¼	38¼	38⅞
	47⅜	400	Chandler Motor (6)	47⅜	48⅝	47⅜	48¼		48¼	49½
	59	200	Chesapeake & Ohio (4)	59	59	58⅝	58⅝	— ⅝	58⅝	59½
	20½	100	Chicago & Eastern Illinois	20½	20½	20½	20½	+ ½	20½	22
	4½	300	Chicago Great Western	4½	4½	4½	4½	— ⅛	4½	4½
	9⅞	100	Chicago Great Western pf.	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	— ⅛	9⅞	10
4,500	15½	100	Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	15½	15½	14½	15	— ¼	15	15½
6,500	22¾	100	Chicago, Mil. & St. P. pf.	22¾	26	24⅜	25	— ½	24⅜	25
	65	800	Chicago & Northwn. (5)	65	65	64½	64¾	+ ¼	64½	65
1,400	20¼	100	Chicago, R. I. & Pacific	20¼	21	20¼	20¾		20½	21
7,300	73	100	Chicago, R. I. & P. pf. (7)	73	73¼	73	73	— 1	73½	74
	63¾	300	Chicago R. I. & P. pf. (6)	63¾	63¾	63¾	63½	— ½	63½	64
1,500	25⅞	100	Chile Copper (2½)	25⅞	26⅛	25⅞	26⅛	+ ⅛	26	26⅛
	16⅜	800	Chino Copper	16⅜	17	16⅜	17	+ ⅛	16⅜	17
	87	100	Clev., C., C. & St. L. (4)	87	87	87	87		82	87
	65¼	200	Cluett, Peabody (5)	65¼	65¼	65¼	65¼	+ 1¾	64½	65½
	26¼	100	Colorado Fuel & Iron	26¼	26¾	26¼	26¾	+ ⅜	26	26½
	25	600	Colorado Southern (3)	25	25½	25	25½	+ ⅜	24	26
	33¼	400	Columbia Gas & El. (2.60)	33¼	34	33¼	34	+ ½	33¾	33¾
		1,900	Columbia Graphophone	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞		⅞	⅞
	44	300	Columbia Carbon (4)	44	44	44	44		44½	45
	31	400	Commercial Solvents A	31	31	31	31	— 1	30	32
	71½	500	Comput. Tab. Record. (6)	71½	72	71½	71½	+ ⅛	71¼	72½
	19	300	Consolidated Cigar	19	19	19	19	— ⅛	19¼	20
1,900	60½	100	Consolidated Gas (5) x. d.	60½	60⅝	60½	60½	+ ⅜	60½	61
	6⅞	900	Consolidated Textile	6⅞	7⅜	6¾	7		7¼	7½
	46¼	600	Continental Can (4)	46¼	46⅝	46	46⅜	+ ⅜	46	46½
	90	200	Continental Insurance (6)	90	90¾	90	90	— ½	89	90½
	¾	200	Continental Motors	¾	¾	¾	¾		¾	17
1,200	119	100	Corn Products Ref. (7½)	119	120¼	119	120¼	+ ¼	120¼	120¾
5,800	32	100	Cosden Co. (4)	32	32¾	31¼	32¼	+ ¼	32¼	32⅝
1,300	60	100	Crucible Steel (4)	60	61½	60	61½	+ 1¼	61¼	61½
1,300	36¼	300	Cuban Cane Sugar pf	36¼	37	36¼	37	— ⅛	36	37
	25	500	Cuban American Sugar	25	25	25	25	+ ⅛	24½	25
	60⅜	500	Cuyamel Fruit (1)	60⅜	61	59½	61	+ 1	60½	61
	27½	300	Davison Chemical	27½	28¼	27½	28¼	+ ½	28	28⅜
	23¼	100	De Beers Mines	23¼	23¾	23¼	23¾		23¼	24
	103⅜	100	Delaware & Hudson (9)	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	— ¼	103⅜	104½
	113	300	Del., Lack. & Western (6)	113	113	112½	112½	— ½	112	113
	13¼	100	Douglas-Pectin (1)	13¼	13¼	13¼	13½		13¼	13⅝
	3⅜	100	Dul. So. Shore & Atl. pf.	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	+ ⅛	3¼	4½
4,600	115	100	Dupont de Nemours (8)	115	117½	115	116½	+ 3	116	116½
3,400	101	100	Eastman Kodak (17½)	101	102	100⅝	101½	— 1½	101½	101⅝
	24	200	Eaton Axle & Spr. (65c)	24	24¾	24	24	— ¼	23½	24¼
	55⅝	100	Elec. Storage Bat. (14⅜)	55⅝	55⅝	55⅜	55⅝	— ⅛	55	57
	2	100	Emerson Brantingham	2	2	2	2	— ⅛	2	2
	65¼	300	Endicott-Johnson (5)	65¼	65⅞	65¼	65¼	— ⅛	65¼	
2,300	12½	100	Erie	12½	12⅝	12½	12⅝	+ ⅛	12⅜	12⅞
4,900	21⅛	200	Erie 1st pf	20¼	21⅝	20¼	21⅝	+ 1⅝	21⅛	21⅝
1,300	14¾	100	Erie 2d pf	14¾	15¼	14¾	15¼	+ ⅝	15⅜	15½
17,400	67¼

A Survey of Your Investments

To derive maximum returns from your investments, you should not fail to give proper attention to changing conditions, sinking fund provisions, or other factors affecting any of your holdings.

Without obligation on your part, we shall be pleased to make a careful and thorough survey of your investments.

Correspondence and personal interviews invited

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New York
NEW YORK CHICAGO

In Memoriam

Warren Gamaliel Harding

RAILROADS IN FIGHT OVER COAL FEEDER

Both Atlantic Coast Line and Seaboard Seek Control of Clinchfield Route.

TO GO BEFORE THE I. C. C.

Seaboard Contends That L. & N. Subsidiary Can Gets Its Coal From Parent Road.

A fight for sources of coal supply between the Atlantic Coast Line and the Seaboard Air Line, competitors for business down the Eastern coast of the United States, and particularly in Florida, is threatened, it was learned yesterday.

In official quarters it was stated that the Seaboard is planning to enter objections before the Interstate Commerce Commission at its September meeting to the lease of the Carolina, Clinchfield & Ohio by the Atlantic Coast Line.

The objections will be entered on the grounds that the Carolina, Clinchfield & Ohio originally was constructed to furnish coal for the Seaboard Air Line and that the Seaboard is more in need of the coal supply from the Clinchfield district than the Atlantic Coast Line, which, it is declared, can obtain its coal from the Louisville & Nashville.

The first intimation of the fight was made public yesterday in an announcement that the Georgia Railway Commission had disapproved the lease of the Clinchfield to the Atlantic Coast Line. Until that time the officials of the Atlantic Coast Line were uncertain of the action that might be taken by any group opposed to the lease.

Under the provisions of the lease, which was drawn up tentatively several months ago, the Louisville & Nashville, one of the subsidiaries of the Atlantic Coast Line, was to take over the Carolina, Clinchfield & Ohio for a period of 999 years. At that time, it was stated by the officials of the Louisville & Nashville that the lease on the Clinchfield route was obtained primarily for the purpose of obtaining coal, as the coal feeders they had were not sufficient.

This announcement, it was learned yesterday, came as a complete surprise to the officials of the Seaboard Air Line, who learned about it for the first time in the newspapers. Until that time they had believed that the Carolina, Clinchfield & Ohio would some day be a part of the property of the Seaboard Air Line.

Men in close touch with the railroad said that when the group now in control of the Seaboard purchased Seaboard stock from the Clinchfield Company, they were told that the same company held the controlling stock in the Clinchfield Coal Company and the Carolina, Clinchfield & Ohio Railway Company. It was intimated at this time, they declare, that the Clinchfield railway originally had been constructed to furnish coal for the Seaboard Air Line, and that it would be sold to the Seaboard Air Line at some future time. Instead of this, they claim, it was turned over to their competitor.

Representatives of the Atlantic Coast Line stated yesterday that the disapproval of the Georgia Railway Commission to the lease and the objections that might come from the Seaboard were being considered seriously and that the road would be prepared to answer them at the hearing. There the claim was advanced that the Atlantic Coast Line had great need for the coal fields on the road it proposed to lease. It was also stated that the Atlantic Coast Line proposed to operate the road the same as it had been operated in the past—using it as a common carrier—to handle the freight of any other railroad without discrimination.

According to representatives of the Carolina, Clinchfield & Ohio, the Seaboard Air Line had an opportunity to purchase the line in 1911, but had failed to do so. For that reason the officials of the road felt free to act in making the lease with the Louisville & Nashville.

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

Firm Tone at London—Prices Heavy on Paris Bourse.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—Prices were firm on the Stock Exchange today. Consols were unchanged at 53¼, British 5 per cent. war loan 100¾, and British 4½ per cent. war loan 96¾, both unchanged. De Beers and Rand Mines also unchanged at 13¼ and 2¾, respectively.

PARIS, Aug. 9.—Prices were heavy on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes were quoted at 56 francs 80 centimes, a drop of 5 centimes from Wednesday's close. French 5 per cent. war loan 75 francs 60 centimes, unchanged.

Exchange on London was quoted at 80 francs, against 79 francs 72 centimes on Wednesday, while the American dollar was quoted at 17 francs 48¼ centimes, unchanged from the previous day.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

(Quoted on a percentage basis.)

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Asked.
Atl. Coast Line	1924-35	6	5.65	5.35
Do	1924-36	6½	5.50	5.30
Balt. & Ohio	1923-38	4½-5	5.60	5.35
Do	1924-36	6	5.80	5.40
Bethlehem Steel	1924-32	7	6.25	6.15
Boston & Albany	1923-37	4½	5.50	5.25
Buff., R. & P.	1923-38	4½-5.6	5.45	5.30
Can. Northern	1923-39	6	5.90	5.50
Canadian Pacific	1924-43	4½-6	5.50	5.25
C. R. of N. J.	1924-36	6	5.60	5.30
Ches. & Ohio	1923-38	5.5½-6½	5.60	5.30
Do	1924-36	6	5.70	5.40
Chic., Bur. & Q.	1924-35	6	5.65	5.35
Chi., M. & St. P.	1924-36	6	5.65	5.35
Do	1924-36	6	5.70	5.40
Chic. & N. W.	1924-35	6	5.70	5.40
Do	1924-36	6	5.80	5.40
Chic. R. I. & P.	1923-38	5-6	5.65	5.40
Do	1924-36	6	5.75	5.40
C., St. P., M. & O.	1924-31	6	5.85	5.50
C., G., C. & St. L.	1924-39	5	5.55	5.25
Do	1924-36	6	5.70	5.40
Colo. Southern	1924-35	6	5.75	5.45
Del. & Hudson	1924-38	6	5.85	5.55
Erie Railroad	1923-38	4½-5.6	6.25	5.75
Great North. Ry.	1924-35	6	5.85	5.50
Hocking Valley	1924-35	6	5.85	5.50
Illinois Central	1923-38	4½-5.5½	5.45	5.20
Do	1925-36	6½-7	5.50	5.25
Do	1924-36	6	5.65	5.35
Kan. City South.	1924-35	6	5.75	5.45
Long Island	1924-33	5.6	5.90	5.50
Louis. & Nash.	1924-37	4½-6½	5.80	5.25
Do	1924-35	6	5.65	5.35
Michigan Central	1923-32	5.6	5.50	5.25
Do	1924-35	6	5.70	5.40
M., St.P.&S. S. M.	1923-38	4½-5	5.75	5.40
Do	1924-35	6	5.85	5.45
M., K. & T.	1924-35	6	6.00	5.50
Missouri Pacific	1924-38	5-6	5.95	5.50
Do	1924-36	6½	5.80	5.40
Nat. St. Car L.	1923-32	6	7.75	6.75
N. Y. Central	1923-37	4½-5	5.55	5.25
Do	1924-35	6	5.70	5.40
Do	1924-35	7	5.85	5.50
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1923-35	4½-5.6.7	7.00	6.00
Norfolk & West	1924-35	6	5.75	5.50
Northern Pacific	1924-33	6	5.80	5.45
Pacific Fruit Ex.	1924-35	6	5.90	5.50
Pennsylvania R. R.	1923-38	5	5.85	5.20
Do	1924-36	6	5.85	5.35
Pere Marquette	1924-35	6	5.90	5.25
Pitts. & L. E.	1923-35	6½	6.50	5.35
Reading Co.	1923-38	4½-5.6	5.85	5.10
Seaboard Air L.	1923-37	4½-5.6½.6	6.50	5.10
Southern Pacific	1923-38	4½	5.35	5.10
Do	1924-35	6	5.60	5.30
Do	1924-36	6	5.80	5.55
Southern Railway	1922-37	4½-5.6½	5.85	5.35
Do	1924-36	6	5.90	5.55
St. L.-San Fran.	1923-37	5	5.80	5.45
Do	1924-35	6	5.90	5.50
St. Louis S. W.	1923-38	4½-5.6½	5.75	5.45
Union Pacific	1924-38	6	5.85	5.20
Virginian Ry.	1924-35	6	5.70	5.40
Do	1924-36	6	5.80	5.50
Wabash Railroad	1924-35	6	6.10	5.75
West. Maryland	1923-37	5.6.7	6.50	5.85
Western Pacific	1923-38	5½	6.10	5.75
Wheeling & L. E.	1924-37	5	6.05	5.70
Do	1924-35	6	6.15	5.75

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London unchanged at 30 15-16d per ounce; New York price 3c higher at 63¾c.

Range for 1923:

	Highest	Lowest
London	32 5-16 Jan. 29	30 5-16d Feb. 9
New York	65¼c Mar. 27	62¾c July 30

Range for 1922:

London	31 7-16d Dec. 29	27 5-16d June 22
New York	66¾c Dec. 29	57¾c June 22

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

French and Belgian Francs Again Decline — Sterling Unchanged.

The continued decline of both French and Belgian francs was again the feature of the foreign exchange market. During their period of heaviness, however, other European exchanges, except the Spanish peseta, were relatively steady. Sterling opened and closed unchanged and during the day this quotation moved within a narrow range of nearly ½ cent.

The new low quotation on French francs was 6.64¼ cents, off 2¾ points, but the closing price was 6.66¾ cents, which was 1½ points below the previous close. Belgian francs broke fairly sharply to 4.21½ cents, off 10 points. The break in Belgian francs further widened the spread between the value of francs of those two countries. On July 1 the spread was less than 1 cent. At the current quotation the difference is approximately 1 1-8 cents.

This widening of the difference between their values is accounted for by bankers with the explanation that the French Government is possibly supporting the franc while the Belgian Government is not. It is also suggested that Belgium's franc is more dependent upon the quotation of the mark than is the French franc.

The mark figured in an unexpected rise yesterday, due, however, to no political development of significance but to short covering, according to dealers. The mark closed at 50 cents for a million marks, as against 30 cents for a million marks the day before, a net gain of 67 per cent.

In South American dealings there was a further decline in the Argentine peso, which broke 50 points to 32.75 cents. Other South American exchanges showed little change.

In the subjoined table the quotation on sterling represents dollars and decimals of a dollar; all others represent cents and decimals of a cent. Quotations preceded by the decimal mark indicate a price measured in fractions of a cent.

THURSDAY, AUG. 9, 1923.

Range of Rates, Sight Exchange.

	High.	Low.	Wednesday's Final.	Final.
LONDON	$4.56⅝	$4.56⅜	$4.56⅝	$4.56⅜
PARIS	5.73	5.64½	5.66¾	5.68
ROME	4.30	4.25¾	4.28	4.28¾
AMSTERDAM	39.42	39.27	39.38	39.36
BERLIN	.000065	.000020	.000050	.000030
MADRID	15.42	15.16	13.79	13.92
STOCKHOLM	26.60	26.53	26.57	26.55

CLOSING RATES.

Parity of exchange is given as reported by the United States Mint, except in countries with a silver standard, where parity fluctuates with the price of silver.

Europe.

	Thurs.	Wed.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.86⅝ per sovereign.				
Demand	4.56⅜	4.56⅝	4.86⅝	4.45⅜
Cables	4.57	4.56⅝	4.86⅞	4.46
Com., 60 days	4.53⅛	4.53⅛	4.83⅞	4.43⅞
Com., 90 days	4.52⅛	4.52⅛	4.82⅞	4.43
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	5.66¼	5.68	5.76¼	8.05¼
Cables	5.67	5.68¼	5.77	8.06
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lire.				
Demand	4.26	4.28¼	4.33¼	4.55¼
Cables	4.26¼	4.29½	4.34	4.56
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	4.21½	4.41½	4.60¼	7.64½
Cables	4.32	4.42	4.61	7.65
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand	.000650	.000036	.000083	.12⅜
Cables	.000650	.000036	.000083	.12⅜
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.00144	.00144	.00145	.0621
Cables	.00144	.00144	.00145	.0066
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	2.93¼	2.93¼	2.94	2.48¼
Cables	2.93¼	2.93¾	2.94	2.49¼
DENMARK—Par. 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	18.37	18.23	18.15	21.53
Cables	18.39	18.26	18.18	21.55
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.				
Demand	2.77	2.77¼	1.73	2.15
Cables	2.77	2.77¼	1.78	2.16
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.				
Demand	2.00	1.85	1.90	3.33
Cables	2.03	1.83	1.93	3.35
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	39.58	39.36	39.28	38.78
Cables	39.43	39.40	39.32	38.82
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.0058	.0060	.0055	.0714
Cables	.0058	.0060	.0055	.0714
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	16.27	16.17	15.97	17.30
Cables	16.30	16.20	16.00	17.32
POLAND—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand	.00045	.00045	.0045	.015
Cables	.00045	.00045	.0045	.017
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.				
Demand	.5074	.5074	.5614	.96
Cables	.5074	.5074	.5614	.9614
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.				
Demand	13.78	13.92	14.09	15.51
Cables	13.78	13.94	14.11	15.52
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krona.				
Demand	26.57	26.55	26.58	26.17
Cables	26.60	26.57	26.61	26.20
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	18.27	18.25	17.85	19.08
Cables	18.30	18.28	17.88	19.04
YUGOSLAVIA—Par 19.3 cents per dinar.				
Demand	1.06	1.06	1.06¼	1.33
Cables	1.06	1.08	1.06¾	1.34

FAR EAST.

CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking.

Hongkong:				
Demand	52.60	52.60	51.875	57.56
Cables	52.125	53.125	52.00	57.75
Peking:				
Demand	73.75	73.375	72.375	79.375
Shanghai:				
Demand	69.75	69.75	69.63	76.50
Cables	69.875	69.875	69.75	76.75

INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee, nominally stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.

Demand	30.56	30.43	30.50	29.06
Cables	30.68	30.60	30.63	29.18

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—Manila: Par 50 cents per silver peso.

Demand	49.37	49.25	49.25	50.00
Cables	49.625	49.50	49.50	50.25

JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.

Demand	38.75	38.625	38.625	38.75

JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.

Demand	48.79	48.79	48.73	47.66
Cables	48.91	48.91	48.85	47.78

SOUTH AMERICA.

ARGENTINA—Par 43.44 cents per Argentine paper dollar.

Demand	32.75	33.25	33.75	36.00
Cables	32.88	33.35	33.85	36.10

BRAZIL—Par 32.45 cents per paper milreis.

Demand	10.15	10.15	10.15	13.50
Cables	10.20	10.20	10.30	13.55

CHILE—Par 36.5 cents per paper peso.

Demand	12.30	12.35	12.20	12.52
Cables	12.35	12.40	12.25	12.55

PERU—Par 94.8666 per pound.

Checks	4.22	4.20	4.23	4.00
Cables	4.24	4.21	4.24	4.10

URUGUAY—Par $1.0342 per gold peso.

Demand	75.11	75.15	76.62	$1.46
Cables	75.43	75.53	76.97	81.75

CANADA.

MONTREAL—Par 100 cents per Canadian dollar.

Demand	97.69	97.69	97.69	98.7

RUSSIAN CURRENCY.

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows:

Par, 51.20 cents per ruble.

	Bid.	Asked.
*100 ruble notes, per ruble	.05	.07½
500 ruble notes, per ruble	.99	.00¾

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Arg. (unlisted)	5	Sep., 1947	77¾	78¼
Arg. (restr'n)	4	1945	68	69
Belgian Prem.	6	1925	42	47
Belgian (restr'n)	8	Sep., 1934	41	44
Brazil	5	1913	69	71
Brazil	5	1889	48	49
Brazil	4	1910	39	40
British Victory	4	Sep., 1919	81	83
British Pub'c	6	Mar., 1960	90	92
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	Oct., 1927	97	100
Brit. Nat. M. B.	5	1947-29	91	93
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	1939	86	88
Brit. Exchequer	5½	1929	93	97
Canada	5	1937	95¾	100¼
Canada	5½	Nov., 1938	102¾	103
Chile 1st	6	1911	83	72
City of Pelotas	5	1911	51	54
Colombia	6	1918	86	88
Costa Rica	5	1917	57	59
Cuba	5	1949	96	98
French Govt. Vic.	4	Jan., 1917	43	47
French Loan	4	1917	43	47
French Loan	5	May, 1920	58	62
French Loan	5	1920	55½	59½
Italian War Loan	5	1935	57	59
Mex. R.	6	1899	39½	41½
Paris-Orleans R. R.	6	1905	89½	91½
Paris-Orleans R. R.	6	1906	89½	91½
Russ. (External)	5½	Dec., 1919	10½	11½
Do (Nat. City Bank stfs)		1921	10	11
Russ. (External)	6½	Dec., 1919	10½	11½
Do (Nat. City Bank stfs)		1921	10	11
Russ. ruble bonds	5½	Feb., 1926	11	11½
Russ. cons. 6s		1884	11½	12½
Russ. Ry. Ctfs.			11	12
Servian	6	June, 1895	10½	11½
Switzerland	5½	Aug., 1918	97	98
Uruguay	6	1919	94	96

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, AUG. 9, 1923.

	1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.
Day's Sales:					
United States Government bonds	$1,543,150	$4,865,673	$6,025,700	$6,732,800	$9,835,500
Other domestic bonds	3,234,500	5,438,000	2,990,000	1,767,500	1,644,000
Foreign bonds	832,500	1,656,000	907,500	525,500	402,000
Total all bonds	$5,610,150	$11,659,673	$9,923,200	$9,025,800	$11,881,500
Year to date:					
United States Government bonds	$507,221,240	$1,147,789,000	$1,160,979,730	$1,802,831,250	$1,466,368,200
Other domestic bonds	989,508,900	1,205,267,200	524,389,200	353,914,500	337,722,489
Foreign bonds	297,701,900	396,143,800	189,457,700	178,574,300	191,292,100
Total all bonds	$1,794,432,040	$2,748,170,000	$1,874,826,630	$2,335,320,050	$1,995,382,789

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LOANS.

Range Since Date of Issue. High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Range for '23. High.	Low.	Sales.	Issues	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Asked.	Yield.
102.1	Oct. 19,'22	99.3	June 2,'21	101.30	100.00	34	Liberty 3½s, 1932-47	100.2	100.3	100.1	100.1	—.2	100.1	100.3	3.50
102.30	Oct. 19,'22	99.4	July 1,'21	101.30	99.31	...	Liberty 3½s, registered	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
101.25	July 24,'23	93.00	May 10,'20	97.5	97.5	...	Lib. 1st cv. 4s, '32-47	...	...	...	...	...	98.2	...	4.12
101.10	July 24,'23	93.00	May 10,'20	97.3	...	...	Lib. 1st cv. 4s, reg.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
100.25	July 24,'23	93.00	May 10,'20	96.18	...	...	Lib. 2d 4s, '27-42	...	...	...	...	...	98.3	98.7	4.14
100.18	July 24,'23	91.12	May 10,'20	96.18	...	...	Lib. 2d 4s, registered	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
100.00	July 14,'23	90.00	June 1,'20	96.18	...	...	Lib. 1st 2d cv. 4¼s, '32-47	...	...	...	...	...	97.10	98.10	...
100.00	July 14,'23	90.00	June 1,'20	97.8	...	...	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, 1932-47	98.11	98.11	98.8	98.10	+.3	98.8	98.10	4.27
97.25	July 14,'23	84.00	May 31,'20	96.22	50	...	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, reg.	98.3	98.3	98.3	98.3	...	...	...	...
101.10	July 24,'23	94.00	July 24,'22	96.20	10	...	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, 1927-42	98.7	98.9	98.6	98.6	—.1	98.6	98.8	4.27
101.00	July 24,'23	93.20	Dec., 1920	96.21	8	...	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, reg.	98.5	98.5	98.5	98.5	...	...	...	...
100.27	July 24,'23	92.12	Dec., 1920	97.26	621	...	Lib. 3d 4½s, 1928	98.30	99.00	98.30	98.30	...	98.30	98.31	4.46
101.27	July 24,'23	92.12	May 10,'20	97.17	9	...	Lib. 3d 4½s, reg.	98.27	98.27	98.27	98.27	—.3	...	...	...
101.00	July 24,'23	92.12	May 10,'20	96.8	334	...	Lib. 4th 4¼s, 1933-38	98.8	98.11	98.8	98.9	+.1	98.8	98.9	4.41
100.4	Oct. 19,'22	98.18	May 10,'20	96.28	1	...	Lib. 4th 4¼s, reg.	98.6	98.8	98.6	98.6	—.5	...	...	...
100.06	Feb. 14,'23	98.30	Apr. 22,'20	100.00	98.30	18	Treasury 4¼s, 1947-52	99.19	99.20	99.19	99.19	+.1	99.17	99.20	4.27
							Treasury 4¼s, registered	99.20	99.20	99.20	99.20	+.6	...	...	...

Beginning March 22, the Stock Exchange officially quotes Liberty bonds in units and fractions, the fractions being 32ds of a unit, and the quotations after the decimal point representing one or more 32ds. In the above table, therefore, the figures of highest and lowest prices during 1923 and since date of issue are reduced to the form now used in the Stock Exchange quotations.

FOREIGN BONDS.

Argentine Ism 7s, 1927 1..... 102 2nd... 101¾ 3..... 102 1st... 101¾ 5..... 102 1st... 101¾ 20..... 102 30..... 102 19..... 102¼ Chinese Ry 5s, 1951 1..... 42½ City of Bergen 6s, 1945 1..... 106¾ 1st... 106¾ City of Berne 5s, 1945 1..... 100¼ 2..... 100¼ City Bordeaux 6s, 1934 1..... 76¼ Cy Copenhgn 5½s, 1944 1..... 89½ 2..... 89½ 3..... 89½ Austrian Govt gld s f 7s, 1943, int rcts 6..... 20 5..... 20¼ 2..... 20¼ 1st... 20 2..... 20¼ 1..... 20¼ 1st... 20¼ conv 6s, 1924 1..... 97¾ 3..... 97¾ 1..... 97¾ 1..... 97¾ 1..... 97¾ 1..... 97¾ 12..... 97¼ conv deb 7s, 1938 2..... 100¼ 1..... 100¼ 18..... 100¼ 1st... 100¼ 12..... 100¼ 3..... 100¼ Armour & Co 4½s, 1939 9..... 84½ 2..... 85 Atch Top & S F gen 4s, 1995 2..... 91 25..... 91½ 7..... 91 6..... 91¾ 1..... 91¾ adjustment 4s, 1995 1..... 79¾ 1..... 80¼ stamped 4s, 1995 4st... 80¼ conv 4s, issue 1909-'55 3..... 83¼ Easts Chile 4s, 1928 2..... 94¾ Trans S L 4s, 1958 1..... 84¼ Atl Coast L 5s, 1950 7..... 97¾ 5..... 97¾ 1st... 97¾ 1..... 97¾ 1st... 97¾ 15..... 97¼ conv 6s, 1928 2..... 115¼ 6..... 115¼ Am Watr Wks & Elec col 5s, 1934 1..... 84¼ Anaconda Mg 1st s f 6s, ser A, 1953 7..... 97¾ 5..... 97¾ 1st... 97¾ 3st... 97¾ 1..... 97¾ 1st... 97¼ 15..... 97¼ 3..... 97¼ 1..... 97¼ 1..... 97¼ 1..... 97¼ 12..... 97¼ conv deb 7s, 1938 2..... 100¼ 18..... 100¼ 6..

NEW RECORD MADE IN CAR LOADINGS

Total of 1,041,044 in Week Ended July 28 the Largest in Railroad History.

192,186 ABOVE A YEAR AGO

Heavy Increase in Merchandise and Miscellaneous Freight Considered an Index of Manufactures.

Cars loaded with freight during the week ended July 28 on railroads throughout the United States totaled 1,041,044. This exceeds the loadings of the previous week by 12,117 cars, or 1.2 per cent., and makes a new record.

The loadings exceeded the corresponding week of last year by 192,186 cars, and the corresponding week in 1921 by 245,612 cars.

The total loadings of merchandise and miscellaneous freight, considered as an index of the manufacturing conditions, were 585,783 cars, an increase of 1,376 over the previous week. Compared with the same week of last year, this was an increase of 30,110 cars.

The car loadings for the past four weeks as compared with the corresponding weeks of the past four years follow:

	1923	1922	1921	1920
July 28	1,041,044	848,858	796,570	986,366
July 21	1,028,927	835,548	790,348	928,418
July 14	1,019,927	850,666	776,252	942,851
July 7	854,748	707,025	639,698	796,191

The record car loadings until this year were made in the week of Oct. 15, 1920, with a total of 1,018,539, while the high for 1922 was 1,014,480 cars on Oct. 28. The previous high for this year was made for the week ended July 21, with 1,028,927 cars.

For the week ended July 28 the loadings of grain and grain products totaled 83,160, an increase of 6,885 over the week before, but 5,486 under the same week of last year.

Coal showed an increase with a total of 194,546 cars, 3,758 more than for the previous week. Due to the miners' strike which was in progress at this time last year the coal loadings were 118,251 greater this year than last. They also showed an increase of 45,107 over the corresponding week of 1921.

With loadings of forest products at 77,779 cars, they were 1,991 cars above the week before. This was an increase of 20,182 cars over the same week of last year and 32,037 more than two years ago. Live stock amounted to 31,849 cars, a decrease of 605 cars under the week before. This was, however, an increase of 5,181 over the same week last year. Ore loadings of 83,633 were 674 less than the previous week, but 5,181 greater than the same week of last year.

Live Stock Up on Short Supplies.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 9.—A new high for the year was made for steers with a top of $12.45, with long-fed yearlings up to $12.10. In the last two weeks most cattle have advanced 50 cents@$1. Decreased country loadings have been the main influence.

CRUDE OIL PRODUCTION OFF.

Daily Average Production Last Week 2,240,900 Barrels.

The production of crude oil in the United States last week registered another decline, the daily average production being 2,240,900 barrels, according to the estimate of the American Petroleum Institute. This compares with an output of 2,274,000 barrels in the previous week and with 1,449,100 barrels in the same week last year. The daily average production east of the Rocky Mountains was 1,389,900 barrels, against 1, 424,400 barrels the week before, a decrease of 34,500 barrels. In California production increased 1,000 barrels.

The daily average production of the more important fields, according to the Institute, follows:

	Barrels, 1923. Aug. 4.	Barrels, 1922. Aug. 5.
Oklahoma	474,450	465,500
Kansas	82,350	88,200
North Texas	74,000	49,550
Central Texas	195,300	144,900
North Louisiana	62,350	93,300
Arkansas	126,200	32,100
Gulf Coast	108,750	106,850
Eastern	113,500	120,500
Wyoming and Montana	153,000	85,200
California	851,000	375,000
Total	2,240,900	1,499,100

Receipts of California crude oil at Atlantic and Gulf ports in the week of Aug. 4 averaged 146,429 barrels daily, against 157,143 barrels in the previous week. Total receipts in July aggregated 5,212,000 barrels, against 5,702,000 barrels in June.

CHAIN DRUG CO. BANKRUPT.

Receivers for Concern Operating in Pennsylvania and New York.

BUFFALO, Aug. 9.—On application of the Erie County Milk Association of Eerie, Pa., Federal Judge John R. Hazel today named John C. Krieger of Buffalo and Robert E. Powers of Armor as receivers for the Miller Strong Drug Company, which operates stores in Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Jamestown, Oneonta, Hornell and Watertown, N. Y., and Erie and Warren, Pa.

The receivers gave joint bond of $50,000. It was understood that other creditors were associated in the request for receivership.

The complaint stated that on Jan. 1, 1923, the Miller Strong Company had assets of $79,763, and liabilities of $2225, 548, and that the situation had remained unchanged.

PLANS NEW OWNERSHIP.

Rosin and Turpentine Export Co. Announces Liquidation of Stocks.

The Rosin and Turpentine Export Company, a subsidiary of the American International Corporation, yesterday announced that it has completed the liquidation of its stocks and will cease to function under its present management on Aug. 15. E. S. Nash, President, is formulating plans for the continuance of the company under new ownership, in view of its standing in the naval stores industry.

During its six years of life, under the management of the American International Corporation, it has paid the parent company $500,000 in cash dividends, and is turning back $700,000 in cash, together with other assets that make up substantially the paid in capital of $800,000, according to the statement.

INCREASES DIVIDEND ON COMMON STOCK

American Locomotive Co. Announces Quarterly Payment of $1.50 a Share.

DISTRIBUTION ON SEPT. 29

General Motors Also Declares Disbursements on Common and Preferred.

Directors of the American Locomotive Company yesterday declared a quarterly dividend of $1.50 a share on the new capital common stock, thus placing the shares on a $6 annual dividend basis. The dividend is payable Sept. 29 to stockholders of record Sept. 13. This is equivalent to $12 a share on the old common stock of $100 par value, upon which dividends at the rate of $5 annually had been paid.

Last May, when the company readjusted its capital structure by splitting up the $25,000,000 capital stock of $100 a share par value into 500,000 shares of no par value, dividends at the rate of $2.50 a share quarterly were paid upon the old stock, which was at the rate of $5 a share annually on the new stock with no par value. The regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. also was declared on the preferred stock yesterday, payable Sept. 29 to stockholders of record Sept. 13.

Directors of the General Motors Corporation declared the regular dividends on all classes of stock. The dividend of 30 cents a share quarterly on the common is payable Sept. 12 to stockholders of record Aug. 20. The dividend of $1.75 on the 7 per cent. debentures, $1.50 on the 6 per cent. debentures and $1.50 on the 6 per cent. preferred stock are payable Nov. 1 to stockholders of record Oct. 8.

BANK OF ENGLAND REDUCES CIRCULATION

State Cuts Debt to French Bank —Grotesque Issue of Marks Continues.

Yesterday's statement of the Bank of England showed the following changes for the last week:

Gold coin and bullion	Increase £4,983
Reserve in banking department, gold and notes	Increase 536,000
Notes in circulation	Decrease 531,000
Loans on Government securities,	Increase 885,000
Loans on other securities	Decrease 1,197,000
Notes in reserve	Increase 532,000
Public deposits	Decrease 2,357,000
Other deposits	Increase 2,559,000

Proportion of the Bank's reserve to deposit liabilities this week is 17.9¾ per cent.; last week it was 17.52 per cent.; two weeks ago it was 18.08 per cent. The highest reserve percentage of 1923 to date was the 20.27 per cent. of May 24, which is also the highest since March 24, 1920; the lowest this year was 13.88 per cent., on Jan. 3. The highest percentage since the war began was 23.33 on March 17, 1920; the lowest, 7.30 on Dec. 30, 1920.

The statement compares as follows with the corresponding week one and two years ago:

	1923.	1922.	1921.
Total gold holdings	£127,645,821	£127,399,880	£128,380,654
Res. in bkg. dept., gold and notes	21,304,000	20,307,670	19,268,384
Notes in circulation	125,091,000	125,542,210	127,654,270
Public deposits	12,428,000	16,238,919	18,258,625
Other deposits	108,316,000	104,560,212	114,196,547
Govt. securities	26,784,000	43,032,505	50,115,365
Other securities	70,724,000	75,450,390	81,107,097
Ratio of reserve	17.94	16.88	14.50

The Bank of England's official minimum discount rate remained unchanged at 4 per cent., to which it was advanced from 3 per cent. on July 5. At this date of 1922 the rate stood at 3 per cent., 5½ in 1921, at 7 in 1920, 5 in 1919, 1918 and 1917; at 6 in 1916, 5 in 1915 and 1514.

The Bank of France.

The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes, in francs:

Gold in hand	Increase 11,000
Silver in hand	Increase 155,000
Notes in circulation	Increase 86,881,000
Treasury deposits	Increase 415,000
General deposits	Decrease 251,382,000
Bills discounted	Decrease 565,351,000
Advances	Increase 63,326,000

The State repaid to the bank 300,000,000 francs during the week. Advances to the State now stand 23,400,000,000 francs, as against 23,700,000,000 a year ago this week. Largest amount ever reached by these advances, 26,700,000,000 in May, 1921, smallest during the last three years, 21,200,000,000 in March, 1922.

The principal items in the statement compare as follows with the same date one and two years ago, in francs:

	1923	1922	1921
Gold	5,537,892,075	5,530,290,075	5,521,596,772
Silver	296,736,400	285,409,495	275,948,692
Circulation	37,239,284,000	36,449,878,000	37,223,799,880

The highest point which the Bank of France's outstanding note circulation has ever reached was 39,645,896,000 francs, on Nov. 8, 1920. The lowest point, in 1922, was 35,281,890,295, on March 23, which was the lowest of any week since Aug. 28, 1919. Highest this year was the 37,824,852,000 francs of April 5, the lowest the 36,388,138,000 of May 24.

The bank's official discount rate remains unchanged at 5 per cent., to which it was reduced on March 11, 1922.

The Bank of Germany.

BERLIN, Aug. 9.—The weekly statement of the Bank of Germany as of July 31 shows the following changes, in marks:

Total coin & bullion	decreased 118,284,000
Gold	decreased 20,000,000
Treas. and loan assn. notes	increased 542,670,468,000
Notes of other banks	decreased 874,232,000
Bills of exch. and checks	increased 4,383,879,594,000
Disc. and Treas. bills	increased 14,635,286,962,000
Advances	increased 2,287,680,154,000
Investments	increased 151,656,000
Other assets	increased 1,409,179,139,000
Notes in circ	increased 11,769,916,991,000
Deposits	increased 7,464,915,410,000
Other liabilities	increased 4,053,003,126,000

The total gold holdings of 596,351,000 marks compare with 616,351,000 on July 23, with 656,911,000 on July 14, with 706,911,000 on July 7, with 1,004,860,000 in the same week of 1922 and with 1,091,557,000 in 1921.

Total reserve of coin and bullion, including token money recently coined, was 24,412,315,000 marks, as compared with 24,530,549,000 on July 23, with 22,071,107,000 on July 14, with 20,949,235,000 on July 7 and with 1,074,341,000 in the first week of March, before the inclusion of token money on a large scale had begun.

The following table gives the total of German note circulation over a period of weeks, figures in thousands of marks:

	1923.	1922.	1921.
July 31	43,594,704,387	180,309,975	77,390,853
July 23	31,824,787,000	176,443,277	74,997,125
July 14	25,491,705,270	172,941,000	75,352,000
July 7	20,241,749,949	172,737,886	75,820,225
June 30	17,291,627,878	169,411,792	75,821,093
June 23	13,091,705,109	167,830,233	75,321,095
June 15	10,905,058,328	153,983,718	71,883,043
June 7	9,309,533,113	153,983,339	72,154,340
May 31	8,563,716,000	150,567,620	71,836,866
May 23	7,586,612,040	142,756,767	69,724,433
May 15	7,112,749,946	141,522,094	70,984,179
May 7	6,723,069,525	141,082,962	71,114,577
April 30	6,545,961,355	139,068,498	70,839,763
Apr. 23	6,096,019,788	131,216,990	68,397,100
Apr. 15	5,837,961,907	132,682,054	68,786,168
Apr. 7	5,624,109,982	130,455,890	69,235,239
Mar. 29	5,517,916,951	13,289,793	63,982,183
Mar. 23	4,865,634,881	121,738,812	67,484,755
Mar. 15	4,472,511,423	120,726,812	67,464,750
Mar. 7	3,871,256,168	120,518,607	67,907,628

On July 31, 1914, at the outbreak of the war, the note circulation was 2,000,422,000 marks; in the wee kof the armistice on Nov. 7, 1918, it was 10,933,262,000.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	56.01	55.61	55.85	— .09
25 industrials	101.41	100.36	101.04	— .28
50 stocks	78.71	77.98	78.44	— .19

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Aug. 8	79.84	78.52	78.63	— .64
Aug. 7	79.41	78.59	79.27	+ .74
Aug. 6	78.95	77.77	78.53	+ .77
Aug. 4	78.05	77.28	77.76	— .70
Aug. 3	Exchange closed			

MONTHLY RANGE OF STOCKS.

	High		Low		Last.
*1923.	79.64	Aug. 8	77.28	Aug. 4	78.44
1922.	88.91	Aug. 31	82.84	Aug. 2	88.56
1921.	85.37	Aug. 3	58.57	Aug. 25	61.93
1920.	78.14	Oct. 21	65.87	May 21	68.68
1919.	80.46	Aug. 1	79.62	Aug. 21	85.96

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

*1923.	92.52	Mar. 6	77.27	July 31	78.44
†1922.	85.41	Aug. 31	66.21	Jan. 10	84.61
Full Years.					
1922.	93.66	Oct. 18	66.21	Jan. 10	86.58
1921.	73.13	May 6	58.35	June 21	68.50
1920.	94.07	Apr. 8	67.20	Dec. 22	67.90
1919.	98.47	Oct. 31	80.62	Jan. 31	80.62
1918.	80.16	Nov. 12	64.12	Jan. 15	78.39

DOMESTIC BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	76.39	+.18	—5.29	

DAILY RANGE OF DOMESTIC BONDS.

Aug. 8	76.39	+.10	Aug. 1	76.27	+.21	
Aug. 7	76.29	+.25	July 31	76.06	—.17	
Aug. 6	76.04	—.04	July 30	76.23	—.26	
Aug. 4	76.08	—.15	July 28	76.49	—.13	
Aug. 3	Ex. closed		July 27	76.62	—.24	
Aug. 2	76.23	—.04	July 26	76.86	+.02	

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

*1923.	79.43	Jan. 3	75.95	July 5	76.26
†1922.	81.63	Aug. 9	75.01	Jan. 3	81.55
Full Years.					
1922.	82.54	Aug. 22	75.01	Jan. 3	79.12
1921.	76.81	Nov. 29	61.56	June 20	75.27
1920.	81.14	Aug. 2	75.04	Aug. 9	79.86
1919.	79.05	June 3	71.06	Dec. 7	72.00
1918.	82.36	Nov. 12	75.65	Sep. 27	78.78

Directors of the General Motors Corporation declared the regular dividends on all classes of stock. The dividend of 30 cents a share quarterly on the common is payable Sept. 12 to stockholders of record Aug. 20. The dividend of $1.75 on the 7 per cent. debentures, $1.50 on the 6 per cent. debentures and $1.50 on the 6 per cent. preferred stock are payable Nov. 1 to stockholders of record Oct. 8.

FOREIGN BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change. Day.	Week.	Month.
10 Govt issues	99.90	—.11	+.28	

DAILY RANGE 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

Aug. 8	99.90	—.02	Aug. 1	100.01	+.09	
Aug. 7	99.92	+.18	July 31	99.92	—.03	
Aug. 6	99.74	—.12	July 30	99.97	—.26	
Aug. 4	99.86	—.10	July 28	100.23	—.10	
Aug. 3	Ex. Closed		July 27	100.33	—.02	
Aug. 2	100.01	+.09	July 26	100.35	—.07	

YEARLY RANGE 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
1923	101.14	June 7	96.92	Jan. 30	99.90

*To date.
†To corresponding date last year.

PUBLIC UTILITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Power & Light	20½	21½
Adirondack Power & Light pf	96	98
American Gas & Electric	34½	35½
American Gas & Electric pf	41¾	42
American Light & Traction	114	116
American Light & Traction pf	92	93
American Power & Light	163	166
American Power & Light pf	84	83
American Public Utilities	40	45
American Public Utilities pf	65	70
Appalachian Power	29	30
Appalachian Power, pref	82	85
Arkansas Light & Power	23	27
Carolina Power & Light	64	67
Cities Service	135	140
Cities Service pf	65	66
Cities Service pf, B	¾	1¼
Cities Service, bankers' shares	13	14
Colorado Power	18	19¼
Columbus Elec. & Power	106	...
Columbus Elec. & Power 1st pf	104	...
Columbus Elec. & Power 2d pf	92	...
Commonwealth Power Corp. pf	68	68
Commonwealth Pow., Ry. & L	27	28½
Consumers' Power pf	84	87
Connecticut Power pf	94	...
Eastern Texas Electric	104	108
Eastern Texas Electric pf	81	84
El Paso Electric	122	...
Electric Bond & Share	95½	96½
Federal Light & Traction	58	60
Federal Light & Traction pf	69	73
Empire Gas & Fuel pf	88	91
General Gas & Electric pf A	89	93
Galveston-Houston Electric	4	8
Galveston-Houston Electric pf	35	45
Lehigh Power Sec	19½	20
Mississippi River Power	19	21
Mississippi River Power pf	80	83
National Power & Light	49	51
National Power & Light pf	85	87
Northern Ohio Electric	10	12
Northern Ohio Electric pf	23	26
Northern Ontario L. & P	14	17
Northern Ontario L. & P. pf	63	65½
Northern States Power	91	95
Northern States Power pf	95	96
Northern Texas Electric	67	72
Northern Texas Electric pf	70	75
Oklahoma Gas & Electric pf	88	91
Pacific Gas & Electric pf	89	90
Pennsylvania Edison pf	98	102
Puget Sound Power & Light	49	51
Puget Sound Power & Light 6% pf	80	83
Republic Railway & Light	14	16
Republic Railway & Light pf	40	44
Southern California Edison	103	106
Southern California Edison pf	115	117
Standard Gas & Electric	26	28
Standard Gas & Electric pf	47¾	48¾
Tampa Electric Power	140	1403¼
Tennessee Electric Power	11½	12½
Tennessee Electric Power 7% pf	86	90
Tennessee Electric Power pf	2	5
Tennessee Electric Power 2d pf	41	43
United Light & Railway	135	140
United Light & Railway pf	79	81
Western Power	24	26
Western Power pf	76	78

BONDS

Adirondack P. & L. 6s, 1950	99	100¼	
American Gas & Elec., 6s, 2014	91½	92¼	
American Pow. & L. 6s	91½	93	
Appalachian Pow. 1st 5s, 1941	87	88½	
Cities Service deb C	108	...	
Cities Service deb D	88	90	
City Light & Traction 5s, 1952	68½	70	
Columbus Elec. & Pow. 6s, 1947	99	102	
Col. Power 1st 5s, 1963	86½	88½	
Connecticut Power 5s, 1963	87	89	
Cons. Cities E., P. & L. 5s, 1962	65	69	
East Texas Elec. 5s, 1942	86	...	
El Paso Electric 5s, 1932	90	93	
Galveston-Houston 5s, 1954	80	83	
General Gas & Elec. 7s, 1952	92	95	
Houston Electric 1st 5s, 1925	96	98	
Lehigh Power Sec. 6s, 1927	92½	93½	
Mississippi River Power 5s, 1951	92½	93½	
Mississippi River Power 5s, 1935	100	102	
Nebraska Power 1st 5s, 1947	90½	92½	
N. News & Hp. Ry., G. & E. 5s, '41	76	79	
Northern States Power 6s, 1926	99½	100	
Northern Texas Elec. 5s, 1940	82	85	
Puget Sound P. & L. 7½s, 1941	.04	10½	
Savannah Elec. & P. 7½s, 1941	103	105	
Seattle Electric 5s, 1929	93	96	
So. California Edison 5s, 1939	95½	...	
So. California Edison 6s, 1944	100½	101¾	
Standard Gas & Electric 6s, 1935	85	89	
Standard Gas & Electric 6s, 1928	97	90½	
Tampa Electric 5s, 1933	92	95	
Utah Light & Traction 5s, 1934	104	107	
Western States G. & E. 5s, 1941	89	92	

EARNINGS.

PUBLIC UTILITIES.

Brooklyn Rapid Transit System—

	1923.	1922.	1921.
June gross	$3,510,274	$3,017,255	$2,888,135
Net aft. tax	1,031,614	839,755	812,681
Total inc	1,142,771	1,013,548	942,391
Sur. aft. chgs.	445,380	272,036	184,857
12 mos. gross	36,899,295	34,544,093	30,972,085
Net aft. tax	10,460,912	10,296,972	2,657,174
Total inc	12,416,081	11,953,041	4,317,765
Sur. aft. chgs.	3,387,753	3,087,419	*4,880,934

*Deficit.

Carolina P ower & Light—

	1923.	1922.	Increase.
June gross	178,489	154,958	23,531
Bal. aft. chgs.	82,215	74,844	7,371
12 mos. gross	2,134,772	1,791,710	343,062
Bal. aft. chgs.	653,989	483,541	170,448

Forth Worth Power & Light—

June gross	227,147	193,458	33,689
Bal. aft. chgs.	78,490	83,006	*4,516
12 mos. gross	2,891,521	2,484,365	327,156
Bal. aft. chgs.	1,116,973	1,008,942	28,031

*Decrease.

Kansas Gas & Electric Co.—

June gross	407,165	358,167	48,998
Bal. aft. chgs.	11,618	40,373	*28,755
12 mos. gross	5,382,139	4,930,963	451,176
Bal. aft. chgs.	947,630	888,478	59,152

*Decrease.

Kentucky Traction & Terminal—

June gross	158,669	145,834	12,835
Bal. aft. chgs.	47,985	36,674	11,311
12 mos. gross	1,669,763	1,578,128	91,635
Bal. aft. chgs.	372,243	340,903	31,340

Nashville Power & Light—

June gross	79,924	74,765	5,159
Bal. aft. chgs.	28,543	22,847	*2,606
12 mos. gross	982,341	871,360	60,981
Bal. aft. chgs.	289,568	280,120	9,748

*Decrease.

Nebraska Power Co.—

June gross	307,474	280,540	26,934
Bal. aft. chgs.	71,223	44,161	27,062
12 mos. gross	3,706,487	3,224,204	482,283
Bal. aft. chgs.	818,100	707,034	111,066

Pacific Power & Light Co.—

June gross	260,464	249,259	11,205
Bal. aft. chgs.	69,758	61,087	8,671
12 mos. gross	3,043,388	2,925,894	117,344
Bal. aft. chgs.	803,022	670,582	132,440

Texas Power & Light—

June gross	$95,539	$56,579	38,960
Bal. aft. chgs.	38,008	64,992	23,016
12 mos. gross	5,231,055	4,771,469	459,586
Bal. aft. chgs.	1,397,563	1,160,374	237,189

Yadkin River Power—

June gross	158,603	97,079	61,614
Bal. aft. chgs.	42,340	25,850	16,800
12 mos. gross	1,564,076	1,160,389	403,707
Bal. aft. chgs.	512,871	312,631	200,840

MISCELLANEOUS.

National Department Stores—

July	2,220,348	2,039,231	181,117
Six months	17,814,975	15,088,465	2,726,510

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Y'ld.
Alum Co. Am.	7	Nov., 1925	103¼	103¾	5.30
Alum Co. Am.	7	Oct., 1933	105¼	105¾	6.20
Am. Cot. Oil.	6	Sep. 2,1924	91	93¼	
Am. Sum. Tob.	7½	June, 1925	98	97	8.60
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1924	105¼	100¼	4.90
Am. Thread.	6	Dec., 1923	101¾	102¾	5.52
Anac. Cop. Co.	6	Jan., 1929	101¼	101¾	5.80
Anglo-American Oil Co., Ltd.	7½	Apr., 1925	102¼	102¾	5.80
B. & O. R. R.	6	Apr., 1924	100⅝	100⅝	5.20
Bell Tel. Can.	7	Apr., 1925	101¾	102¾	5.65
Braden Cop. M.	6	Feb., 1931	99¼	99⅝	6.25
Can. Nor. Ry.	6½	Dec., 1924	100	100⅛	5.20
Cen. Argentine	6	Feb., 1927	97⅜	98⅛	6.40
Cent. Leather 1st lien	5	Apr., 1925	97	97¾	5.75
Empire G. & E. (Emp. Coke)	7	May, 1925	98½	98⅜	7.10
Federal Sugar	6	May, 1933	97½	97¾	6.30
Hocking Val.	5	Mar., 1924	100¼	100⅛	5.15
Humb. O. & R.	5½	July15,'22	97	97½	5.90
K. C. Term.	6	Nov.15,'23	100⅛	100⅞	4.80
Ken. Cop. Co.	7	Feb., 1930	103⅜	104	6.25
Lehigh Leather	7	Nov., 1923	98	100	8.00
Sears, R. Co.	7	Oct.15,'23	100¼	100⅛	4.16
Sloss-S. S. & I.	6	Aug.19,'29	96	97	6.80
Solvay Co.	5	Oct., 1927	104½	105	6.65
St. Paul U. & D.	5½	Dec.15,'23	100	100¼	4.75
Swift & Co.	5	Oct., 1925	99¾	99¼	6.15
U. N. Y.	7	May 1, 1933	106¾	107	6.30
Sun Oil	6	June, 1925	98¾	99¼	5.25
Vacuum Oil Co.		Apr., 1936	105⅜	106¼	6.25
Westinghouse El. Mfg.	7	May, 1931	107¼	107¾	5.80

Short-Term Government Obligations

Following are the prices paid in the open market for United States Treasury certificates of indebtedness and notes of the different issues:

Month.	Year.	P.C. Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
March	1924	4½	100¼	100½	4.15
March	1926	4¾	100¾	101¼	4.60
March	1925	4¾	100¼	100½	4.56
March	1927	4¾	100¼	100½	4.59
June	1924	5¾	101¼	101½	4.22
June	1925	4¾	99½	100	4.48
September	1923	3¾	99½	100	3.69
December	1927	4½	99½	100	4.50
September	1923	4	100	100¼	3.59
December	1925	4¾	99¾	99¾	4.48
September	1924	5½	101½	101¾	4.38
September	1926	4¾	99¾	99¾	4.51
December	1923	4	99½	100¼	3.89

Will Vote to Increase Stock.

Stockholders of the International Combustion Engineering Corporation will vote Sept. 7 on a proposition to increase the capital stock from 350,000 shares of no par value to 450,000 shares. Of the proposed additional capital an amount not exceeding 100,000 shares will be issued for the acquisition of the entire capital stock of Raymond Brothers' Impact Pulverizer Company and its affiliated companies.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds issued in this country and in American currency values:

	Bid.	Asked.
Argentine 5s, 1945	M. & S. 80½	81
Argentine 7s, 1927	F. & A. 101¾	102
Austrian Gov. 7s, 1943	J. & D. 89¼	89½
Belgium 6s, 1925	J. & J. 95¾	96
Belgium 7½s, 1945	J. & D. 99½	99⅝
Belgium 8s, 1941	F. & A. 99½	99½
Brazil Cent. Rys. 7s, 1952	J. & D. 81¼	82
Can. Steamship 7s, 1942	M. & N. 93¾	94
City of Bergen 8s, 1945	M. & N. 108¾	109
City of Berne 8s, 1945	M. & N. 109¾	110
City of Bordeaux 6s, 1934	M. & N. 75¼	76½
City of Gt. Prague 7½s, '52	M. & N. 75	75¾
City of P. Alegre 8s, 1961	J. & D. 95	96
U. S. of Brazil 8s, 1941	J. & D. 96½	96¾
U. S. of Brazil 7½s, 1952	A. & O. 99¾	100
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	A. & O. 99¾	99½
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1929	F. & A. 101¼	101¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	A. & O. 99½	100
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1952	M. & N. 99	99¼
Holland-Am. Line 6s, 1947	M. & N. 81	82
Rep. of Col. 6½s, 1927	A. & O. 93	93¼
Rep. of Chile 7s, 1942	M. & N. 94½	94¾
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1941	F. & A. 103	103¼
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1928	A. & O. 102¾	103
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1946	M. & N. 103	103¼
Rep. of Haiti 6s, 1952	A. & O. 92	93
Chinese Gov. 5s, 1951	J. & D. 42½	43½
City of Christiania 8s, '45	A. & O. 109	110½
City of Copen. 5½s, 1944	J. & J. 89¾	90
City of Montevideo 7s, '52	M. & N. 86	87
Czechoslovak Rep. 8s, '51	A. & O. 92	92½
Rep. of Bol. s. f. 8s, 1947	M. & N. 87¾	88¾
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	M. & S. 98	...
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	F. & A. 90	92
Rep. Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	F. A. 84½	...
Rep. of Cuba 5½s, 1953	J. & J. 99¼	99½
Denmark 8s, 1945	A. & O. 109¾	110¼
Denmark 6s, 1942	J. & J. 96¼	97
Dan. Mun. 8s, Ser. A, '46	F. & A. 107¾	108½
Dan. Mun. 8s, Ser. B, '46	F. & A. 107¾	...
Dutch East Indies 6s, 1947	J. & J. 97	97¼
Dutch East Indies 6s, 1962	M. & S. 96¾	96⅞
Dutch East Indies 5½s, '53	M. & S. 92	92¾
Fram. Ind. & Dev. 7½s, '42	J. & J. 88	88¾
French Gov. 7½s, 1941	J. & D. 93	93½
French Gov. 8s, 1945	M. & S. 96	96¾
Italy 6½s, 1925	F. & A

UNFILLED ORDERS FOR STEEL DECLINE

Total of 5,910,763 Tons on Books July 31, the Smallest in Year.

NO EFFECT ON MARKET

Plants of United States Corporation Operating at Better Than 90 Per Cent. Capacity.

The United States Steel Corporation yesterday reported a reduction of 475,498 tons in the amount of forward business on its books as of July 31, 1923. This reduction was about as expected in the Wall Street district as estimates recently called for a decrease of from 400,000 to 500,000 tons. The reduction reported yesterday makes a total of 5,910,763 tons carried on the books of the corporation at the close of last month, the smallest total reported in exactly a year. It compares with a total of 6,386,261 tons at the close of June and with 7,403,332 tons at the close of March, the record total for the current year to date.

The reduction had virtually no effect on the market action of the company's shares yesterday. This was due, in part, to recent official statements issued by executives of the company that new orders during the last few weeks were sufficient to cover shipments and that if this continued the plants of the company were assured of near capacity operations "for a long time to come." The company's plants are now operating at slightly better than 90 per cent. of capacity. It is calculated that on this basis the company has sufficient orders to keep its plants active until Jan. 1, 1924, even though no new business is taken between now and the close of the year, which is not likely, of course, to be the case.

The following table shows the unfilled tonnage on the books of the corporation at the close of each month for the last three years:

	1923.	1922.	1921.
July	5,910,763	5,776,161	$4,830,324
June	6,386,261	5,685,531	5,117,885
May	7,403,332	5,494,221	5,492,981
April	7,288,800	5,096,917	5,845,224
March	7,403,332	4,494,148	6,284,795
February	7,283,980	4,141,060	6,983,567
January	6,910,778	4,241,678	7,573,764
	1922.	1921.	1920.
December	6,748,708	4,241,414	8,148,122
November	6,840,242	4,260,542	9,021,471
October	6,902,297	4,256,829	9,888,852
September	6,691,607	4,560,070	10,374,804
August	5,950,105	4,531,026	10,805,068

The corporation's high record of unfilled tonnage was 12,183,083 at the end of April, 1917, just after the United States entered the World War.

'MONEYED CAPITAL' QUERY.

Secretary Asks Exchange Members If They Have Been Assessed.

Members of the New York Stock Exchange yesterday received instructions from E. V. D. Cox, Secretary, to ascertain immediately whether they have been assessed under the so-called Walker-Donohue bill, levying taxes on what is termed 'moneyed capital" and to consult their attorneys to take the proper action in the event that the assessment is considered exorbitant.

The bill was passed by the Legislature near its close and was adopted for the purpose of offsetting the loss in revenue which New York City had expected to raise by the levying of an assessment of 1 per cent. on National Bank shares, which was declared unconstitutional. It could not be levied at the Stock Exchange yesterday whether any of the members had actually been assessed under the new law, and the notice sent out by the Secretary was looked upon more as a "notice" that such assessments may be expected.

316,000 Autos Built in July.

The National Automobile Chamber of Commerce reports 318,000 motor cars and trucks produced in the United States during July. This total represents a drop of 10 per cent. from the June total, but is the largest reported for any July in the history of the industry. Compared with July, 1922, a gain of 29 per cent. is reported. From Jan. 1, to July 31, 1923, there were produced 2,343,000 cars and trucks in the country, while the total for the twelve months ended July 31, 1923, aggregated 3,525,000 cars and trucks.

Order $500,000 Electric Equipment.

The Public Service Electric Power Company, a subsidiary of the Public Service Corporation of New Jersey, yesterday announced the placing of new orders aggregating $500,000 to provide equipment for the new power plant to be erected in Kearny. The latest order provides for fifteen retort Riley stokers, to be manufactured by the Sanford-Riley Stoker Company of Worcester, Mass., and sixteen retort Taylor stokers from the American Engineering Company of Philadelphia.

Alberta to Help Wheat Pool.

EDMONTON, Alta., Aug. 8.—Premier Herbert Greenfield today announced that the Provincial Government would advance necessary organization expenses to the Wheat Pool. The Premier, in response to a question from the Preliminary Committee of the Pool, meeting in Calgary, said he had asked all members of the Provincial Legislature to come here tomorrow to meet the committee.

Edward Wise Joins Park & Tilford.

Edward Wise has been elected a Director of Park & Tilford, Inc., which was recently acquired by the Schulte interests, according to announcement made yesterday. While still a member of the Wall Street firm of J. S. Bache & Co., Mr. Wise expects to devote considerable time to the development of the Park & Tilford organization, according to the statement.

Interstate Electric Report.

Net earnings of the Interstate Electric Corporation for the twelve months ended May 31, were $460,525, leaving a balance of $202,814 after meeting interest requirements, the company announced yesterday.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

COTTONSEED OIL.

	Sales.	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.
Spot				9.80	9.76
Aug.	400	10.10	10.00	9.90	9.90
Sept.	2,800	9.63	9.53	9.55	9.65
Oct.	5,800	9.23	9.18	9.21	9.35
Nov.	2,000	8.60	8.57	8.61	8.61
Dec.	800	8.50	8.45	8.50	8.48
Jan.	2,200	8.57	8.49	8.53	8.50
Feb.				8.55	8.50
March				8.75	8.70
Total, 13,600.					

COFFEE.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	7.67	7.50	7.55	7.60	4.37
Dec.	7.75	7.54	7.74	7.68	4.34
March	7.85	7.25	7.39	7.36	4.40
May	7.25	7.10	7.24	7.16	4.35

SUGAR.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	4.48	4.41	4.45	4.39	4.22
Dec.	4.00	3.91	4.05	3.99	4.15
March	3.50	3.43	3.45	3.38	3.98
May	3.34	3.30	3.32	...	...

*Closing bid.

CANADA INCREASES HER WHEAT EXPORTS

Ships 215,074,566 Bushels Valued at $252,145,805 in Year Ending March 31.

Exports of wheat and wheat flour from Canadian ports have shown a decided increase in volume over the last three years. Trade returns of the Dominion show that wheat flour last year was sold direct to fifty-one countries and wheat to fourteen countries, the markets expanding as the country's capacity to produce expands.

According to Canadian advices, "there do not appear to be any factors which would justify the conclusion that the limit of expansion has been reached. At no time during the war, when for patriotic and economic reasons the inducement to produce and to export were strongest," did the exports of cereal products from Canada approximate in volume those of the year ended March 31, 1923.

Shipments of wheat from Canada in the year ended March 31, 1923, were 215,074,566 bushels valued at $252,145,805, against 136,489,238 bushels valued at $179,990,730 in 1922 and 129,216,157 bushels valued at $310,952,158 in 1921. Wheat flour shipments in the last fiscal year totaled 10,227,060 barrels valued at $60,075,428, against 7,414,282 barrels valued at $53,478,150 in 1922 and 6,017,082 barrels valued at $66,520,490 in 1921.

Exports of Canadian wheat in bushels and wheat flour in barrels, together with the names of the countries to which such shipments were made in the years ended March 31, 1923 and 1922, follow:

Wheat Exported to:	1923. Bushels.	1922. Bushels.
United Kingdom	166,846,060	92,488,351
United States	16,313,829	16,502,797
Belgium	5,348,388	4,069,245
France	3,188,274	1,111,752
Germany	1,185,064	1,219,257
Greece	4,053,703	5,794,535
Italy	8,192,537	10,226,424
Japan	2,610,012	2,425,915
Netherlands	4,448,610	2,585,885
Sweden	889,714	360,396
Other countries	2,004,755	1,532,681
Total	215,074,566	136,489,238

Wheat Flour Exported to:	Barrels.	Barrels.
United Kingdom	4,723,527	4,737,020
United States	612,564	570,567
Newfoundland	373,745	551,783
British Guiana	161,162	141,103
Jamaica	169,544	80,630
Trinidad and Tobago	264,818	282,390
Cuba	225,457	92,278
Denmark	276,641	182,454
Finland	281,740	85,580
Germany	675,599	51,843
Greece	219,420	14,218
Turkey	262,481	109,574
Poland and Danzig	197,825	18,991
Other countries	1,812,577	718,545
Total	10,227,060	7,414,282

Export Values.

The value of the shipments of wheat and wheat flour to the respective countries in the respective years follows:

WHEAT, VALUES.	1923.	1922.
United Kingdom	$102,602,548	$119,974,127
United States	18,828,604	23,355,277
Belgium	7,177,344	5,537,373
France	4,265,861	1,276,852
Germany	1,517,978	1,580,933
Greece	5,363,880	5,074,561
Italy	10,471,367	14,152,380
Japan	3,211,159	3,116,121
Netherlands	5,424,469	3,433,141
Sweden	1,283,662	600,573
Other countries	2,596,242	1,878,711
Total	$263,145,805	$179,990,730

WHEAT FLOUR, VALUES.	1923.	1922.
United Kingdom	$27,174,526	$33,913,408
United States	3,883,424	3,824,832
Newfoundland	2,625,778	3,241,567
British Guiana	1,076,752	1,161,564
Jamaica	1,052,283	581,783
Trinidad and Tobago	1,686,268	2,320,123
Cuba	1,401,700	627,188
Denmark	1,472,826	1,059,822
Finland	1,520,971	566,641
Germany	3,965,400	319,289
Greece	1,209,685	89,433
Turkey	1,402,045	824,000
Poland and Danzig	1,031,423	91,326
Other countries	10,542,866	5,027,253
Total	$60,075,428	$53,478,150

"With the fodder crop equal in volume to that of any previous year and every assurance of a cereal crop even greater than ever before, unusual interest is being taken in the markets for agricultural products," says the review. "The size of the prospective wheat crop, estimated at between 450,000,000 and 500,000,000 bushels, creates not only a problem of markets but also one of transportation and storage.

"Last year's crop taxed to the utmost the capacity of the railways and led them to add to their rolling stock, which will be of considerable assistance in moving this year's crop from the country elevators. Fort William and Port Arthur will have storage space for an additional six million bushels, bringing the total capacity at these points up to sixty-two millions. The grain companies also plan to complete the erection of approximately 200 elevators at country points before the crop begins to move."

Cloak and Suit Trade Booming.

The National Cloak and Suit Company reports for the half year ended last June 30 total orders of 4,486,177 and net sales of $23,306,096, the highest figure on record for any six-month period in the company's history and 10 per cent. above the figure for 1920, when prices were higher. A comparison of orders for the last four years shows 4,486,177 in the first half of 1923, against 3,713,903 in the same period of 1922; 2,872,106 in 1921, and 3,106,739 in 1920. In terms of net sales the figures were, respectivaly, $23,306,096, $19,540,385, $18,570,649 and $21,129,923.

Freeport Texas Co. Nets $544,056.

A surplus of $544,056, after interest charges, taxes and depreciation, the equivalent of 74 cents a share earned on the no par value capital stock, is reported by the Freeport Texas Company for the six months ended May 31, 1923. The company reported a deficit of $35,980 in the same period of 1922.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Asked.	Wednesday Bid.	Wednesday Asked.
Copper std. spot	13.87½	..	14.00	..
Copper electrolytic	14.12½	..	14.25	..
Tin, std. spot	38.37½	..	39.25	..
Lead, N. Y. spot	6.60	..	6.80	..
Zinc, N. Y. spot	6.47½	..	6.50	..
Antimony	7.75	7.85	7.62½	7.75
Quicksilver	67.00	..	67.00	..
Aluminum	25.00	26.00	26.50	26.50
Iron 2X silicion	27.25	..	27.25	..

London quotations were:

	Yesterday £	s.	d.	Wednesday £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	64	12	6	64	17	6
Copper, futures	65	5	..	65	7	6
Tin, spot	184	15	..	184	10	..
Tin, futures	185	10	..	184	..	..
Spelter, spot	31	12	6	31	12	6
Spelter, futures	31	..	6	31	..	6
Lead, spot	24	..	6	24	2	6
Lead, futures	23	17	6	23	7	6

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCKS.			
Andes	.06	Ben Hur	.02
Best & Belcher	.06	Div. Tonopah	.51
Challar	.06	Extension	.06
Concordia	.06	Harmill	.03
Con. Virginia	.10	Marie	.03
Gould & Curry	.06	Myra	.06
Hale & Norcross	.10	Operator	.04
Justice	.18	Silver King	.03
Mexican	.16	Smuggler	.04
Ophir	.07	Sutherland	.06
Potosi	.06	Wedge	.03
Savage	.06	GOLDFIELD. Booth	.02
Sierra Nevada	.07	Consolidated	.06
Union	.18	Development	.08
TONOPAH.		Florence	.48
Belmont	.65	Jumbo Ext.	.03
Cashbey	.06	Kewanaa	.03
Halifax	.31	Lone Star	.04
MacNamara	.02	Red Hill	.02
Midway	.03	Silver Pick	.04
Monarch	.02	Spearhead	.11
Rescue	.09	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Tonopah Ext.	2.05	Boundary Mt.	.11
Tonopah Trk	.05	Gold Key	.02
West End	.02	Manhattan Cons.	.03
DIVIDE.		Rawhide	.04
Aladdin	.02	Round Mountain	.20
Annex	.09	Simon	.06
Belcher Ext.	.05	White Caps	.03

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	8¾	9¼	Mary McK.	1¼	3½
Elkton	..	2	Portland	33¼	40
El Paso	16	25	U. Gold M.	12	14¼
Empire Lee	2	3	Vindicator	4	..
Golden C.	10	12½	Work Mines	2¾	3¼
Granite	3	6			

COTTON LOWER ON RAINFALL IN TEXAS

First Signs of Break in Drought an Unsettling Influence in Market.

Three inches of rain at Alice, Texas, and more scattered showers than had occurred in that State in some time, caused heavy liquidation of cotton yesterday. While there was still considerable doubt about the extent of relief afforded, the fact that some moisture already had been received and predictions favored additional showers with lower temperatures, exerted an influence on sentiment. So large a quantity of contracts was thrown on the market by a few operators that prices broke over half a cent, making a loss of a cent and a quarter in two days. A decline in French exchange to new low figures with unsettled domestic and foreign news, proved additional factors in the market. Prices lost 35 to 45 points on the day.

Private reports of the most general showers in Texas since the drought started had a very disturbing effect on early trading. Several lines of cotton accumulated during the advance were liquidated, the rush of selling on the opening breaking October through 23 cents, or a half a cent from Wednesday's closing. Both on the call and immediately following, liquidation occurred along lines not witnessed in some weeks. It was estimated that concentrated selling exceeded 50,000 bales of October and December, attributed to one group of operators. This was in part believed to be contracts previously purchased and in part to sales against the early movement of cotton in Texas. Whenever possible, these lines were distributed and it was not until the Exchange had been open an hour that selling pressure lifted and prices recovered a quarter of a cent. Throughout the entire session prices fluctuated nervously within a 20-point range, cotton coming out whenever the market rallied, but meeting sufficient resistance on declines to hold quotations not far from opening figures. Uncertainty over weather developments in the near future and the Exchange being closed today, left the tone feverish throughout. Both Liverpool and New Orleans broke with New York, buying power in all three markets failing to reach proportions necessary to absorb contracts without a decline in price.

State details showed a three-inch precipitation at Alice in Southwest Texas and showers at a dozen or more points in other sections of the State. This was hardly sufficient for confidence that the drought had been definitely broken, but predictions of further showers and lower temperatures relieved tension heretofore existing in many quarters. In Eastern States quite general rains occurred where not wanted, heavy in many regions. With reports of insect damage still coming from Atlantic States, much seemed to depend upon the extent of relief afforded the Texas and Oklahoma crop. Outside influences, however, remained disturbing, so that there was little change in the attitude of the general public on cotton. While apprehension over diminished crop prospects had created a feeling of anxiety among those who sold at lower levels and proved instrumental in bringing about a sharp upturn the past week, a feature of the situation has been the limited trade demand. Dry goods conditions are such as to restrict forward purchases from mills and in this respect the position is the reverse of last year at this time.

Quotations at Southern spot markets were reduced quarter to half a cent, bringing prices from 23¼ cents to 23¾ cents at the various points.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
Oct.	22.10	23.17	22.85	23.00@23.08	23.35
Dec.	22.90	23.14	22.80	22.85@22.96	23.84
Jan.	22.70	22.93	22.61	22.72@22.74	23.17
March	22.70	23.01	22.68	22.78@22.80	23.17
May	22.66	22.92	22.66	22.75	23.18

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 40 points decline, 24.25c for middling upland.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston 23.65c, 40 points decline; New Orleans 23.50c, 50 points decline; Savannah 23.75c, 11 points decline; Augusta 23.50c, 38 points decline; Memphis 23.50c, 25 points decline; Houston 23.55c, 35 points decline; Little Rock 23.50c, 50 points decline.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	5,056	1,578	2,283
Exports	4,916	5,769	1,650
Exports season	44,729	9,178	40,584
New York stocks	27,492	36,789	91,453
Ports stocks	171,843	181,173	403,450
New York arrivals	3,977	1,803	41

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton, a fair business doing, 7 points decline at 14.65d for middling. Sales 5,000 bales, of which American 3,000; imports 4,000, none American. Futures opened barely steady 20 to 27 points decline and closed barely steady 35 to 38 points decline. Prices: Oct. 12.94d, Dec. 12.68d, Jan. 12.62d, March, 12.50d, May 12.39d. Manchester—Yarns were dull; cloths were quiet.

COMMODITY PRICES.

Wheat Advances One Cent a Bushel—Copper at New Low Record for the Year.

The movement of prices in the local cash commodity markets yesterday was again irregular, with the trend downward. Wheat advanced one cent a bushel, this being the only advance of importance in the entire list. Copper dropped ⅛ cent a pound to 14¼ cents, a new low record for the year to date. Spot cotton reacted another 40 points, or almost ½ cent a pound, thus cancelling part of the advance which was registered during the past week, as a result of the unfavorable crop report. Corn, coffee, lard and tin were down fractionally, while other products were unchanged.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business yesterday, a week before and a year ago:

	Aug. 9, 1923.	Aug. 2, 1923.	Aug. 9, 1922.
FOODSTUFFS:			
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.13	$1.14½	$1.22¾
Corn, No. 2 yellow	1.05¾	1.06¾	.78¼
Oats, No. 2 white	.53	.53	.46
Flour, Minn. patent	6.00	6.00	7.50
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.10¾	.10¾	.06½
Sugar, granulated	.0790	.0790	.07
Butter, cream, 92 score	.42	.42½	.38¼
Eggs, fresh-gathered firsts, per dozen	.30	.26@.27	.25
Lard, Mid. W.	11.10@.20	10.90@.50	11.40
Pork, mess	25.00	25.50	28.00
Beef, family	16.50	17.00	16.00
METALS:			
Iron, 2X, Philadelphia	26.75	26.75	29.75
Steel billets, Pittsburgh	42.50	42.50	35.00
Lead	6.60	6.70	5.80
Copper	14.12½	14.50	13.75
Tin	38.65	38.90	32.00
TEXTILES:			
Cotton, mid. upland	24.25	23.50	20.45
Printcloths	.06¾	.06¾	.06¼

Range of prices year to date:

	Highest.		Lowest.	
Wheat	$1.54	Feb. 15	$1.12¾	Aug. 6
Corn	1.09¼	July 24	.59	Jan. 3
Oats	.57¼	Feb. 15	.43½	July 13
Flour	7.90	Jan. 2	5.50	July 24
Coffee	.13¾	Feb. 15	.10¾	July 24
Sugar	.10¼	Apr. 26	.06	Jan. 27
Butter	.54	Jan. 11	.37¼	July 2
Eggs	.46	Jan. 3	.23¼	June 22
Lard	13.75	Mar. 14	10.80	July 26
Pork	28.50	Jan. 3	24.50	Aug. 7
Beef	22.00	Apr. 13	17.50	Jan. 26
Iron	28.75	Apr. 7	22.75	Aug. 2
Steel	48.00	Mar. 16	36.50	Jan. 3
Lead	8.75	Mar. 8	6.00	July 10
Copper	17.25	Mar. 19	14.12½	Aug. 9
Tin	41.50	Mar. 15	37.37½	July 5
Cotton	31.30	Mar. 17	22.45	July 23
Printcloths	.06¾	Mar. 8	.06¾	July 31

National Department Stores Sales.

The National Department Stores, Inc., reports net sales of $2,220,848 for July, against $2,039,221 for the same month last year. Net sales for the six months ended July 31, 1923, aggregated $17,874,075, against $15,068,465 last year.

HARD-WHEAT FAMINE FEARED BY TRADERS

Millers Pressing the Markets for Breadstuff Grain, Likely to Be Scarce.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 9.—The unusual statistical position in wheat east of the Rockies, with estimates now being made that either hard wheats will have to be secured on the Pacific Coast or from intermountain territory or else imported from Canada, before the 1924 crop is harvested in this country, attracted more attention from traders today than anything else. Kansas City led the advance and closed 1½@2½ higher, with September there only 3½ under Chicago at the last, against 4½ cents the previous day.

Chicago gained 1@1¼ cents, and, were it not for the light speculative interest, many interests now claim that the September would advance above a dollar and stay there. There is a fair sized short interest still outstanding, and with the States east of the Rockies on nearly a domestic basis, after excluding the durum in the Northwest, it is felt that a still higher level is likely to be witnessed, although prices today are the highest in over two weeks, with September within a fraction of the dollar mark.

As a reflection of the apprehension over the possibility of a scarcity of hard wheat, premiums on No. 1 hard Winter here were a shade firmer for the day at 1¼@2 cents over September, with mills good buyers. Ever since the Southwestern crop started to move a Buffalo mill has been buying in the Southwest and shipping to Chicago for clearance via the lake.

A New York statistician figures that Northwestern mills will have to buy 60,000,000 to 70,000,000 bushels hard Winter or Spring wheat somewhere, as Kansas and Nebraska apparently have only sufficient grain for actual milling requirements, after allowing for seed.

The big drop in the Kansas yield in the August report was due to threshing returns showing one to two bushels per acre less than suggested by the July conditional figures, while in Nebraska the chief cause of the damage was due to the shallow root growth being unable to supply the big amount of foliage and stalk with moisture when hot and dry weather came.

A Western Canadian milling concern with branches throughout the three Provinces estimates the yield there at 250,000,000 to 275,000,000 bushels this year, the lowest guess so far and materially less than harvested in 1922.

No export business was put through during the day, but the trade was in no mood to consider bearish news of any character. Some spreaders who sold wheat in Winnipeg yesterday took in their lines today, although further buying here and selling in that market were noted. The belief was that Winnipeg October will ultimately go to 10 cents under Chicago.

Country offerings are very small, with no hedging of consequence.

Course grains showed a firmer undertone, corn gaining ⅝@¾ cent and oats ½@⅝ cent, the latter being affected by continued rains over the belt. In the last few days local handlers have reported around 1,000,000 bushels cash corn sold for shipment, and it is said that there is a good-sized line of corn sold for August shipment which has still to be covered. Cash corn and oats premiums were firm.

All American grain exchanges will be closed tomorrow, with Liverpool and Winnipeg open as usual.

Primary arrivals of wheat today were 2,580,000 bushels; week ago, 2,289,000; last year, 2,439,000. Shipments were 915,000 bushels; week ago, 812,000; last year 2,453,000.

Corn receipts were 705,000 bushels; week ago, 810,000; last year, 956,000. Shipments were 326,000 bushels; week ago, 557,000; last year 485,000.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	1.03¾	1.01¾	1.02¾	1.01¾	1.24¼
Dec.	1.02¾	1.01¼	1.02¼	1.01¼	1.07½
May	1.07½	1.06½	1.07¾	1.06¾	1.09¾

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	.77	.73½	.77	.76¾	.61¼	
Dec.	.63¾	.62¾	.63½	.62¾	.64¼	
May	.65¾	.64¾	.65¾	.64¾	.62¼	

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	.35¾	.35½	.35¾	.35¾	.37¼	
Dec.	.37¼	.37¼	.37¾	.37¼	.42¾	
May	.40¾	.39¾	.40	.40	.38¾	

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	.64¾	.63¾	.64¾	.64	.65¾	
Dec.	.67¾	.67	.67¾	.67	.73¼	
May	.71¼	.71	.71¼	.71	.81¾	

PROVISIONS.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	10.77	10.65	10.65	10.72	11.20	
Oct.	10.90	10.80	10.80	10.82	11.30	
Ribs—						
Sept.	8.15	8.10	8.10	8.15	..	
Oct.	..	..	..	8.12	10.25	

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts (Aug. 8) 11,886 packages. Prices without material change. Creamery, higher than extras, lb, 44@44½c; extras, 92 score, 46½c; firsts, 39½@43c; seconds, 37½@38½c; lower grades, 34@37c; centralized carlots, 90 score, 41½c; 89 score, 40½@41c; 88 score, 39½@40c; 85 to 87 score, 38½@39c; unsalted, higher than extras, 46@46½c; extras, 92 score, 45@45½c; firsts, 40@44½c; seconds, 38½@39½c; State dairy tubs, finest, 42@43c; good to prime, 39½@41¼c; common to fair, 35@39c; ladles, current make, extras, 35c; firsts, 33@33½c; seconds, 32c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 32c; No. 2, 31c; lower grades, 29@30c.

EGGS—Receipts (Aug. 8) 15,415 cases. Market steady to firm. Fresh gathered, extra fancy, dozen, 34@36c; extra firsts, 31@33c; firsts, 28@30c; seconds and poorer, 25@27½c; trade eggs, 24@26½c; dirties, No. 1, regular packed, 24½@25c; No. 2, 22@24c; checks, fair to choice, dry, 22@24c; New Jersey, hennery whites, closely selected, extras, 50@52c; other nearby hennery whites, closely selected, extras, 48@50c; nearby and near-by Western hennery whites, average extras, 44@47c; extra firsts, 41@43c; firsts, 38@40c; nearby gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 38@42c; nearby whites, under grades, 34@37c; Jersey, 38@42c; other nearby whites, mediums, 36@40c; nearby whites, under grades, 33@36c; mediums, 30@34c; Pacific Coast whites, extras, 44@46c; extra firsts, 41@43c; firsts, 37@40c; under grades, 33@36c; mediums, 30@34c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 30@35c; New Jersey hennery browns, extra fancy, light yolks, 44@48c; other nearby and nearby Western hennery browns, extras, 38@43c.

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.
Amalgamated Leather	14	15	14
Do. pf	45	60	45
American Type Founders	70	73	70
Do pf	97	99½	97
Archer Daniels Midland	25	26	25
Do pf	90	93	90
Babcock & Wilcox	103¼	..	103
E. W. Bliss	19	21	18
Borden	111	113	111
Campbell Soup pf	106	107	106¾
Celluloid Corp.	85	90	83
Do pf	105	111	105
Childs Co.	182	186	184
Do pf	107	108	107
Congoleum Co.	206	210	204
Do. pf	97	101	97
Cushman Sons	40	43	40
Do. 7% pf	97	101	97
Gillette Safety Razor	245	247	245
Hercules	101	103	101
Do pf	100	103	103
Ingersoll-Rand	120	138	120
Do pf	100	106	100
B. Kuppenheimer	25	29	25
Do pf	85	93	85
McCall	37	42	37
Merck pf	77	82	77
Munsingwear, Inc	34	35	34
New Jersey Zinc	145	150	149
Niles-Bement-Pond	80	83	80
Royal Baking Powder	122	130	122
Safety C. H. & L.	80	83	82
Sonvill Mfg. Co., new	164	169	164
Singer Mfg. Co.	111	115	119
Standard Screw Co.	140	155	149
United Bakeries Corp.	27	29	27
Victor Talking Machine	149	153	149
Yale & Towne	61	62¼	61

CLEVELAND STOCKS.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Firestone	84	84	84	84
Goodyear	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾
Peerless	37	38¾	37	38¾
Sherwin-Williams	28½	28¾	28¼	28¼
Stearns	19	19	19	19

	Bid.	Asked.
Fisher Cbge	..	100
Glidden	..	63

NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, AUG. 9, 1923.

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Am Cot Fab 7% cum pf	100½	100½	100½
200	Am Dr Stores Class A	1¼	1¼	1¼
100	Am G&E pf	40¼	40¼	40¼
20	Am P&L pf	84	84	84
100	Arch Daniels Midland	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞
100	Armi'r of Del 7% gtd pf	86	86	86
100	Atl Fruit, w i	1½	1½	1½
10	Border	115	115	115
200	Brit-Am Tob, reg	23	23	23
5,200	Do coupon	23½	23¼	23½
100	BklynCityRR	9¼	9¼	9¼
100	Car Lt & P pf	14	14	14
25	Celluloid pf	107¼	107¼	107¼
300	Cent C I	16	15½	15⅝
100	Chi Nipple B cl's	2¾	2¾	2¾
10	Col Power	18¾	18¾	18¾
600	Dubilier C&R	8¾	8¾	8¾
1,500	Durant Mot	41	39	39
100	Do of Ind	10¼	10¼	10¼
100	Federal Tel	6¼	6¼	6¼
50	Gillette S R	244	244	244

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

100	Anglo-AmOil	14¾	14¾	14¾
100	Continental	34	34	34
10	Eureka P L pf	101	101	101
65	Illinois Pipe Line Co. of Can, coupon	96¼	96	96¼
100	Humble	30¾	30½	30½
1,500	Internat Pet	15½	15	15
20	N Y Transit	97	96	97
700	Ohio Oil	55	54	54½
50	Prairie P L	69¾	67¾	68¾
200	Do pf	85½	84¾	85
100	Solar Ref	174	170	174
100	Southern Pipe Line Co	96	96	96
100	Southwest Pa. Pipe Lines	80	80	80
100	Standard Oil Co. (Cal.)	49¾	49¾	49¾
100	Standard Oil Co. (Ind.)	53¾	53¾	53¾
100	Standard Oil Co. (Kan.)	40	40	40
100	Standard Oil Co. (Ky.)	88½	88½	88½
100	Standard Oil Co. (Neb.)	220	220	220
100	Standard Oil Co. (N. J.)	32¾	32¾	32
100	Do. pf	116¼	116	116¼
100	Standard Oil Co. (N. Y.)	38¾	38¾

LATEST DEALINGS IN REALTY FIELD

Builders Buy Site for Big Apartment House on East Eightieth Street.

SOLD BY BRADY ESTATE

Resale of Part of Grand Opera House Property—Investors Buy Heights Taxpayer.

As a site for a nine-story apartment house, Louis Cowan and A. M. Daly, operators, have purchased from Mrs. Jennie Brady, 109 to 115 East Eightieth Street.

The property consists of four old fashioned private dwellings on the north side of the street, forming a plot with a frontage of 66 feet and a depth of 100 feet.

Possession of the property has been obtained by the buyers and plans for the new structure are being prepared by Sugarman, Hess & Barger, architects. Douglas L. Elliman & Co. negotiated the transaction.

Operator Buys Part of Grand Opera House Property.

Maximilian Zipkes, an operator, has purchased the six three-story buildings at 302 to 314 West Twenty-fourth Street, with a total frontage of 171 feet. The houses are immediately west of Eighth Avenue and form part of the Grand Opera House property, which was sold by the Gould Estate to Frederick Brown, who in turn resold it to Mr. Glazer, the present seller.

The buyer has no definite plans for the improvement of the site.

Estate Sells Taxpayer.

The Bedford Leasing Company has purchased the two-story taxpayer, with stores and offices, occupying the triangular block bounded by Amsterdam and St. Nicholas Avenues, 162d and 163d Streets, from the Robert E. Westcott Estate.

The property is known as 2,068-2,082 Amsterdam Avenue and 1,040 to 1,050 St. Nicholas Avenue. It has a frontage of 164.6 feet on Amsterdam Avenue, 208.8 feet on St. Nicholas Avenue and 28.5 feet on 163d Street, coming to a point at 162d Street.

The property was conveyed by Stephen C. Millet and the Equitable Trust Company as executors and trustees for a stated consideration of $210,000. The sellers allowed $155,000 in mortgages to remain.

INVESTORS BUY GARAGE.

Six-Story Structure, Held at $500,000, Sold by Builders

Charles and Jacob Greenberg have purchased for investment the six-story garage covering a plot 125 by 100 at 630 West 160th Street, east of Broadway, from the Concourse Improvement Company, Albert J. Schwarzler, President, which erected the structure about four years ago.

The garage, having a capacity of 350 cars, was valued by the seller at $500,000.

The sellers give back a purchase money mortgage for $275,000, it being the first financial encumbrance against the property. The sellers were represented by Edward J. King Jr.

Suburban Buyers.

J. Albert Johntra has sold for Grace Stafford the plot 76 by 100 feet on the corner of Myrtle Avenue and Hicks Place, Flushing, to Peter McDonald.

The four-family frame dwelling at 521 and 523 Prospect Street, East Orange, on plot 50 by 140 feet, was sold by Harry J. Stevens for Isidor and Samuel Abramovitz of New York to Alice Biedalski of Newark. The Stevens agency also sold the dwelling for John P. Holland Jr. at 23 Kesington Terrace, Maplewood, to George S. Taylor.

The frame apartment structure at 2 Carlisle Place, Yonkers, has been sold by Max Cohen to Herman Kohn. Thomas S. Burke was the broker.

Prince & Ripley have sold a plot in Harvard Court, Buena Vista Park, White Plains, to Amelia Osterhoudt.

Manhattan Casino at Auction.

The old Manhattan Casino property at the southeast corner of Eighth Avenue and 155th Street was sold at auction yesterday by Henry Brady. It has long been owned by Edward S. Waldron. The property has a frontage of twenty-five feet on the avenue and 500 feet on the street, with a depth of 100 feet to the street frontage, excepting the corner. It was sold in parcels in foreclosure proceedings for judgments totaling about $90,000, in favor of the Dollar Savings Bank, John W. Goff and Amy Warren Plant. The parcels were bought by the three plaintiffs for a total of $89,500.

House and Apartment Leases.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co., have leased, in conjunction with Pease & Elliman, 36 East Sixty-fifth Street, four-story dwelling, on a lot 20 by 100.5, to Walter B. Weidler.

Hamilton, Iselin & Co., leased for J. E. R. Carpenter an apartment at 1,148 Fifth Avenue to Walter C. Stokes.

Albert B. Ashforth, Inc., has leased apartments at 124 West Fifty-fifth Street to Mrs. Margaret Hurt and Dr. Elliott C. Burrows, and at 162 West Seventy-fifth Street to Mrs. Junette Munz.

Purchased by N. Y. University.

The New York University has purchased the five-story apartment house at the southwest corner of University Avenue and 180th Street, valued at about $250,000. The structure stands on a site 169.2 by 109.7 by irregular. It will be occupied by students who have been finding it difficult to obtain living quarters near the college. Recently the property was conveyed by the Nov-Nov Realty Company to the City Real Estate Company, which has transferred it to the university.

Leases St. Margaret Hotel.

The nine-story St. Margaret Hotel at 129 West Forty-seventh Street has been leased by Elois M. Van Horn to the Greater Hotels of America, Inc., with F. C. Joyce, J. M. Saypol and Martin Van Blarcom as directors. The hotel has been leased for a period of twenty years

Eighteenth Street Loft Deal.

The twelve-story loft building at 6 and 8 West Eighteenth Street, on plot 52 by 92, has been sold by Alexander Bernstein to Nathan Goldstein. It was conveyed subject to mortgages for $220,000.

Greenwich Village Deal.

J. Lemle & Sons, sold for James Coyle the four-story apartment at 13 Charles Street, on a lot 22 by 74, between Greenwich Avenue and Waverley Place. It was held at $50,000.

ACTIVE BRONX MARKET.

Bedford Park and Morris Avenue Apartments Are Sold.

The apartment house accommodating forty-eight families on the northeast corner of Morris Avenue and 179th Street, plot 95 by 100, has been sold for the Amorel Constructing Company, George Roberts, President. It was held at $260,000. Harry H. Cohen was the broker. He also sold the three-family houses at 1,064-1,066 Brook Avenue, held at $25,000, to an investor.

Harry T. F. Johnson has sold for the Marion-Decatur Corporation, Joseph Lese, President, the 5½-story apartment house at the northeast corner of Marion Avenue and Bedford Park Boulevard, 126 by 102 by 150. It was held at $350,000.

Joseph Sager has resold to Abraham Gootblatt the five-story apartment at 1,001 Kelly Street, on plot 50 by 100, accommodating thirty families. It was held at $80,000. S. J. Siegel and Jacob Berg were the brokers.

A. P. Sweet sold for J. Wortheimer the taxpayer building at 808-818 Cauldwell Avenue, containing nine stores, on a plot 100 by 54. It was held at $40,000.

Pomarici & Merlino have sold for Max Lipschitz the five-story apartment house at 978 Union Avenue, on lot of 40 by 173. It was held at $55,000.

Theodore Kriloff sold the five-story flat at 915 Elsemere Place, on plot 100 by 105 feet.

Elizabeth Wagner purchased from Mary Farrelly the property at 375 East 156th Street.

H. J. Junemann sold for Pauline Ott the apartment house at 1,069 Clay Avenue. The purchaser was represented by Frederick E. Yung, as attorney.

Joseph P. Day, Inc., represented by Douglas V. Eskell, in conjunction with William A. Cokeley, sold for the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, the plot 122 by 95, at the northwest corner of Westchester and St. Peters Avenues; also for the Tyson estate through John H. Judge, trustee, the plot 145 by 95, at the southwest corner of St. Peters and Pratman Avenues.

TENEMENT INVESTMENTS.

Yorkville Section an Active Centre —Lenox Avenue Corner Deal.

A. P. Sweet sold for Abram Golub the six-story tenement at 113 East 105th Street, 25 by 100, held at $36,000, and also for Abraham Zauderer the six-story flat at 203 West 111th Street, 50 by 100, held at $110,000.

Kliot & Co. sold 10 East 110th Street, 26 by 100, a five-story flat, for Henry Neithhammer. It was held at $31,000.

J. Lemle & Sons sold the five-story tenement at 408 East Fifty-fourth Street on lot 25 by 100, also for Jodwega Grunert the five-story flat at 535 East Eighty-first Street, on lot 25 by 100, held at $21,000; for the estate of Simon Baer the five-story flat at 328 East Ninety-first Street, 25 by 100; for Abraham Schloss the five-story tenement at 203 East Ninety-seventh Street, 25 by 100, to Arthur A. Oldham, and for Albert Blum the five-story apartment at 73 West 102d Street, on lot 27 by 100, to Leopold Loeb.

The five-story flat with stores on the southwest corner of Lenox Avenue and 115th Street, 25 by 100, has been purchased by Samuel Stein, operator, from Jacob Gordon. It was held at $100,000.

James E. Taylor has sold to the Franklin and Walsh Realty Corporation for Addie R. Boyd the southwest corner of Seventh Avenue and 149th Street, a five-story apartment on lot 25 by 100.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

S. W. Straus & Co. Finance Addition to St. George Hotel.

S. W. Straus & Co. have underwritten an issue of $2,750,000 first mortgage of the Clark-Henry Corporation, secured by the land and St. George Hotel, Brooklyn. Bing & Bing, who recently acquired the property, have begun the erection of a twelve-story addition to the hotel which, upon completion, will give the St. George a ground area of 72,462 square feet.

Brooks & Momand placed a first mortgage loan of $400,000, covering the large apartment house on the east side of Ocean Avenue and west side of Kenmore Place, 203 feet south of Church Avenue, Brooklyn.

Quinlan & Leland have placed a first mortgage loan of $150,000 on 528 and 530 Manhattan Avenue, occupied by a six-story apartment house, for the Hancock Construction Company, Philip Meirowitz, President.

Commercial Leases.

The Cross & Brown Co. leased the building at 109-111 West Twenty-fourth Street to the Regent Construction Company, Albert Herskovitz, President.

Brown Wheelock, Harris Vought & Co. leased the store at 380-82 Park Avenue to Ann Crosby, and the store at 1,120 Madison Avenue to May Conway Hintze.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. leased the basement store at 61 West Fiftieth Street to Charles Hamburger, as a tea room.

The westerly store in the building at 104 Delancey Street has been leased to Schwartz & Blankenstein, through the Finkelstein Company.

Buyers in Brooklyn.

Buckley & Horton Co. sold the two-family house at 548 East Twenty-ninth Street, between Foster Avenue and Farragut Road, to C. L. Gesell.

William Liss, Inc., sold for Simon J. Harding to the Ansorge Realty Corporation twenty-one lots on the north side of Louisa Street, about 100 feet west of West Street, who will build two-family brick houses on the plot.

The Charles Partridge Real Estate Company leased the two-story building at 715 Lincoln Place, to the Bon Ton Cake Company.

Buyers in Newark.

A plot 59 by 119 feet at 23 Johnson Avenue just south of Clinton Avenue, Newark, has been purchased by Joseph C. Bell for improvement with an apartment house. The property was sold by the estate of Sarah C. Joralemon through the office of Louis Schlesinger. The latter also sold the three-story building at 20 Nelson Place, on lot 25 by 100, for Arthur A. Mayer and Leonard J. Jacoby to Harry Scher.

Results at Auction.

By Henry Brady.

8th Av, s e corner of 135th St, 25x325x99.11x irregular, three and two story casino; Dollar Savings Bank of New York against Edward S. Waldron et al.; Mackellar & Gerbracht, attorneys; amount due, $64,980.00; taxes, &c., $6,252.90; to the plaintiff for $65,000.

135th St, s s, 325 ft e of 8th Av, 100x99.11; John W. Goff against same; Francis W. Pollock, attorney; amount due, $14,054.53; taxes, &c., $1,396.20; to the plaintiff for $15,000.

135th St, s s, 425 ft e of 8th Av, 75x99.11x irregular; Amy Warren Plant against same; same attorney; amount due, $10,401.85; taxes, &c., $1,020.28; to the plaintiff for $9,500.

30th St, 413 to 417 West, n s, 175 ft w of 9th Av, 75x120.5x irregular, three five-story stone tenements; Sheriff's sale of all right, title, &c., which Thomas A. Maitland had on July 17, 1922, or since; Sanders & Selenko, attorneys; adjourned sine die.

By Joseph P. Day.

93d St, 29, n s, 16.9 ft w of Madison Av, 17x68.8, three-story dwellings; Josephine P. Burghard against Lucille Pugh et al.; Louis V. Ebert, attorney; amount due, $26,283.51; taxes, &c., $1,650, adjourned to Aug. 17.

Amsterdam Av, 2,024 and 2,026, w s, 50 ft n of 160th St, 49.11x125; Frank P. Schimpf against Daniel F. Mahoney et al.; Edward C. O. Thomas, attorney; amount due, $8,804.56; taxes, &c., $859; adjourned sine die.

150th St, n s, 400 ft e of Courtlandt Av, 35x118.5, two-story building; Meta Youngling et al. against James F. Keelan et al.; Clarence A. Sparks, attorneys; amount due, $9,760.40; taxes, &c., $933.31; to the plaintiff for $9,000.

By James J. Donovan.

Fordham St, s s, 155 ft e of Fordham Av, City Island, 230x86.6; also adjoining property, 84x44, on Banta Lane; P. E. W., Inc., against Kyle & Purdy, Inc., et al.; Curtis, Mallet-Prevost & Colt, attorneys; amount due $29,884.89; to the plaintiff for $12,000.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

TOMORROW at 2 P. M.
Absolute Auction Sale
375 New York City LOTS
On Hillside Ave. and 213th St.

Bellaire, Jamaica

FREE BUSSES Will meet you at Jamaica Sta., L. I. R.R., and take you direct to the property

TERMS OF SALE 10% Tomorrow — 10% 30 Days — 2% per Month—50% on Mortgage

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EDWIN H. HESS
Business Building Management
A Highly Specialized Service
250 - 5th Ave. Mad. Sq. 8398

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Sea Gate
Seashore Residence Park
Easy Housekeeping Home
For Summer & Winter

Planned like an apartment, 3 bedrooms, living room, enclosed porch, dining room, kitchen with extension, steam heated; instantaneous hot water heater; extra fine plumbing and electrical fixtures; hardwood floors; space for garage; lot 30x100; best of materials and workmanship; only $10,500, on easy payment plan.

William P. Rae Company
Sea Gate Office, Surf Av and W. 37th St.
Phone Coney Island 1039.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Long Island. Just Beyond Jamaica.
30 minutes from Broadway.
L. I. R. R. Station on property.
Where
A LITTLE BUYS A LOT
Write To-day for Particulars

MORGENTHAU JR & CO.
Sales Agents
130 W. 42d St. Bryant 7490
Telephone and our representative will call and take you to see the property any day this week.

ELMHURST TWO-FAMILY TAX EXEMPT

Brick houses, 13 rooms, 2 tile baths, electric light, parquet floors throughout, hot water heating system; situated in 35th St., between Polk and Fillmore Aves., Elmhurst. 2 blocks east of Elmhurst Ave. Interboro and B. M. T. subway station. Apply

THOS. DALY Roosevelt Ave., Cor. Owner & Builder Vorhees Place, Elmhurst.
2 Blocks West of Junction Av. "L" Station

ELMHURST One-Family House. 8 Rooms and Bath.
Electric light, hot water heater system, parquet flooring throughout, enclosed porch; 2 blocks from subway station. Apply

THOS. DALY Roosevelt Ave., Cor. Voorhees Place, ELMHURST
2 Blocks West of Junction Ave., "L" Station.

ELMHURST Floors To Let in New 2-Family Brick Houses
6 and 7 rooms, electric lights, parquet flooring throughout, tiled bath and kitchen; heat furnished. Apply

THOS. DALY Roosevelt Ave., Cor. Vorhees Place, Elmhurst.
2 Blocks West of Junction Av. "L" Station

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

RYE
$10,000 For a Home

Six rooms, tiled bath, hot water heat, oak floors, shades, copper leaders, water, sewer, gas, on plot 50x125, landscaped; in best residential section; $2,000 cash; balance on easy monthly payments.

WARNER L. CHURCHILL,
102 Purchase St. Tel. Rye 176

WHITE PLAINS
GEDNEY FARM SECTION
For Sale or Rent
Adjacent to Golf Clubs and Hotel. New Stucco house, 8 rooms, 3 baths; sleeping porch, sun porch; garage; attached and heated; attractive plot.
FRANK N. GOBLE,
49 Brookfield St., White Plains. Tel. 3480

NEW ROCHELLE, N.Y. FOREST HEIGHTS
8 rooms, sun porch, 3 baths, double garage, plot 100x150, exceptional location; house was built to order; price $35,000. Owner on premises, 240 Elk Av.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

65-67 Madison Av.
THROUGH TO
27 East 27th St.
New 7-Story Loft Building. Absolutely Fireproof. 100% sprinklered.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
Store & Basement
Floors & Show Rooms
FRED'K FOX & CO., Inc.
297 Madison Ave. Tel. 0540 Vanderbilt

OFFICES
42nd St.
110-112-114 WEST
THE JAMES McCREERY REALTY CORPORATION

394 GREENWICH ST.
Cor. of Beach St. 25x80.
Will Build to Suit Tenant.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO.
149 Broadway. Tel. Cortlandt 1755.

Business Properties **HESS** 1500 Ashland

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Furnished—West Side.

Duplex 7 Rooms 257 W. 86 North skylight. Bath. Extra lavatories. Elevator. Excellent service. $5,000 per year.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

747-751 FIFTH AVE.
Overlooking Central Park Plaza
Bachelor Apartments to Let
1, 2, 3 Rooms and Bath.
Or 4 Rooms and 2 Baths.
Possession at once. Moderate Rent.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 B'way

Unfurnished—East Side.

47 E. 57 2 Rooms, Bath, Kitchenette
Thoroughly Modern, $1600-$2000
HUBERTH & HUBERTH
2 Columbus Circle. Phone Circle 5748

Unfurnished—West Side.

Excelling
IN EQUIPMENT
IN SERVICE
IN LOCATION
Renting from Oct. 1

260 West 72nd St.
Near West End Av.
5 Rooms, 2 Baths, $2,400

530 West End Av.
Southeast Corner 86th St.
7 Rooms, 3 Baths, $5,500
9 Rooms, 3 Baths, $6,000
(Corner Apartment)

310 West 86th St.
Bet. West End Av. & Riv. Dr.
7 Rooms, 3 Baths, $4,200

330 West 95th St.
Bet. West End Av. & Riv. Dr.
5 Rooms, $1,600
7 Rooms, $1,800

315 West 97th St.
Corner Riverside Drive
3-5-6 Rooms, $1,450 to $2,000

431 Riverside Dr.
Corner 115th St.
7-8 Rooms, 2 Baths
$2,000 to $2,700

15 Claremont Av.
Near 116th St.
6 Rooms, $2,200

Earle & Calhoun
212 W. 72nd St.
Endicott 5116.

Strathmore
404 Riverside Drive
at 113th Street

Attractively situated behind grass and trees in the most beautiful part of the Drive, this house has unusual view and light. Perfect floor plan, with rooms of unusual size and finish. Plenty of large closets. Apartments 10 rooms and 3 baths. $5,500 to $6,500.
Ownership Management

1 WEST 30th ST.
CORNER 5th AV.
5th AVENUE APARTMENTS
Apartments of
2-4 ROOMS
or More
Very large, light rooms, abundance of closet space; maid, valet (meals) and laundry if desired. Superintendent on premises.
Rental $90 upwards
Fred'k Fox & Co., Inc.
297 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 0540.

229 West 97th St.
Northeast Corner of Broadway.
Most conveniently located; exceptionally large rooms; modern and high class.
8 Rooms, 2 Baths.. $3,300
9 Rooms, 2 Baths.. 3,200
9 Rooms, 3 Baths.. 4,000
Corner Apartment
Apply on Premises, or
EARLE & CALHOUN
212 West 72d St. Endicott 5116

101 West 52d St.
Convenient to Shopping, Theatre and Business District.
2-3 Rooms
Kitchenette Apartments
$900 to $1,200
Immediate Possession or Oct. 1.
Apply on Premises or
EARLE & CALHOUN
212 W. 72d St. Endicott 5116

58 W. 57 IN THE FAMOUS SHERWOOD STUDIOS
3 Rooms and Bath, $1,800 to $2,000. Immediate possession or October 1st. Premises or
Huberth & Huberth
2 Columbus Circle. Phone Circle 5748

137 Riv'side Dr. AT 86TH STREET
8-11 rooms, 3 and 4 baths, $4,500 to $7,500. Immediate possession. Apply on premises or
Huberth & Huberth
2 Columbus Circle. Phone Circle 5746.

36 W. 59th St. Central Park South.
2, 3, 4 and 5 rooms and baths, $1,500 to $6,000. Splendidly appointed; superior service. Immediate possession, or Oct. 1.
Residential Manager, or Huberth & Huberth
2 Columbus Circle. Phone Circle 5746.

MORTGAGE LOANS.
1ST, 2D, 3D MORTGAGES; MONEY IN ANY AMOUNT; LARGEST LOANS, QUICKEST DECISIONS. SAFE DEED COMPANY, 152 West 42d St., cor. Broadway, 4th Floor. Bryant 0282-0283.

FIRST MORTGAGE LOANS, large, small. Quick action. REASONABLE FEES. SPOTTS & STARR, INC., Times Bldg., 42d St. & B'way. Bryant 4000.

MONEYS, immediately available for second mortgages covering improved Brooklyn property; also building loans for responsible builders; brokers protected. N. D. Shapiro, 50 Court St., Brooklyn.

MONEY to loan on second mortgages on improved property New York City; $5,000 to $25,000; very low charges. 15 Park Row, Room 532.

FIRST and second mortgage money to loan, any amount, on all types of property; reasonable charges. Alliger & Buck, 160 Broadway. Cortlandt 3191.

$1,000 TO $10,000 LOANED, second mortgages or heirs anywhere. Call Waldorf, Room 203, 15 Park Row, New York.

SECOND and third mortgages; quick action. MORRIS MORTGAGE CORPORATION, 51 CHAMBERS ST. WORTH 3450.

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HOUSES AND ESTATES.
Manhattan For Sale.

13TH ST (near 1st Av.)—5 stories; close estate. Ford, 5,071 Lexington.

150TH, 513 WEST—2 or 4 family house; all improvements; sacrifice; inspection 10-5. Murray Hill 8451.

GREENWICH VILLAGE (1 block Sheridan Square and 8th St. station)—Three-story and basement brick; 20x90; for alterations; possession August; price $17,500. R. Telfair Smith, 11 East 10th St. Stuyvesant 6542.

GREENWICH VILLAGE—4-story remodeled house, 18x100, 5 baths, steam, electricity; possession; $27,000. Vaughn, 51 Greenwich Av. Chelsea 8339.

GREENWICH Village; two 3-story and basement brick houses; on a long lease at $4,200 net per year. Vaughn, 57 Greenwich Av. Chelsea 8839.

589 WEST END AV.—3-story dwelling; bargain. Rosenthal, 50 East 42d.

A DOUBLE ADVANTAGE.
We have for sale a 3-story and basement dwelling in East 66th St., which is next door to a very attractive residential development with gardens, and close enough to a business thoroughfare to permit its use for business. The owners are anxious to sell, and we will be glad to furnish full particulars upon request. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

TWO-FAMILY house, semi-detached, 13 rooms, full lot, steam, panelled walls, electric laundry; select, near Concourse; convenient to subway. 2,010 Morris Av., between 179th St. and Burnside Av., $15,800; small amount cash; balance easy terms.

FOURTEEN rooms, 4 baths, beautifully furnished rooming house for sale at sacrifice; easy terms. Burchard-Putney & Marck, 500 6th Av., Astoria, L. I. Phone Astoria 3194.

NEW HOUSE, 6 rooms, bath and garage, 42 Adrian Av., near Broadway and 225th St. subway station.

Manhattan For Rent.

HAVE number of unfurnished houses for lease, $2,400-$5,000. Schuyler 7981.

Bronx For Rent.

ELEGANT seven-room detached house and studio; northern light; private neighborhood; three minutes 6th and 9th Av. "L" and Lexington Av. subway. 981 Woodycrest Av., West Bronx Heights, at 164th St.

Brooklyn For Sale.

RIDGE BOULEVARD, 9,122 (Riverside Drive of Bay Ridge)—One-family house, 8 rooms, hot water heating; up to the minute; $13,000. Phone 9927 Shore Road or 8344 Shore Road.

Staten Island For Rent.

STUYVESANT PLACE, 23, ST. GEORGE—5 minutes from ferry; 18 rooms, 3 baths, all improvements; $2,000. Endicott 2013.

Queens County For Sale.

B'WAY, FLUSHING—6 rooms, bath, enclosed porch; a home to be proud of; $12,500. Clyde W. Funderburk, 24th St. and B'way, Flushing. Phone 4240.

Long Island For Sale.

EAYSIDE—Colonial houses and apartments, sale, rent, exchanged, built. Hargrave, Chamber St.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING.
Price $12,500, cash $2,000, beautiful new stucco homes, tax exempt, modern improvements; plot 40x100; finest restricted residential section; 6 rooms, tiled bath; sewer, open fireplace, driveway, asbestos roof, copper leaders, gutters; parquet floors, fully decorated. Parado Homes Corp., builders, 28th St., cor. Cypress Av. Tel. Flushing 5020

COMPLETELY furnished cottage, 5 rooms, bath and attic; large enclosed porch; modern plumbing; gas; price $3,500. Address H. A. B., Saltaire, Fire Island Beach, L. I.

FAR ROCKAWAY, L. I.—For sale, English style two-family house; 6-8-room apartments; private porch and entrance; convenient to school and station; plot 88½x119 ft. L. C. Friend, 2,544 Ocean Av.

FLORAL PARK—35 minutes out; builders sacrifice new house; 6 large rooms, enclosed porch, all modern improvements; corner plot, garage; bargain; $8,500; immediate possession. Wetzel, 25 West 42d. Longacre 9719.

FLUSHING, LONG ISLAND—New houses, 6, 7, 8 or 9 rooms, 1 or 2 baths; garage, best material; all improvements; fully decorated; large plots; sewered; excellent location; close to station. S 964 Times Downtown.

FLUSHING—For sale, attractive white Dutch Colonial one-family house, 6 rooms, sun parlor; lot 80x100; price $15,000; easy terms. Phone Flushing 4533, or call L. Barnes, North 35th St.

FOREST HILLS, L. I., 67 Livingston St.—Modern house, seven rooms; garage; excellent location; plot 75x100. Boulevard 8085.

FREEPORT—Bungalows, four rooms and bath, $3,000; others, four to eight rooms, $4,000 to $12,000. John J. Randall Co., Freeport, N. Y.

GARDEN CITY, Hempstead, L. I. (133 Cathedral Av.)—Handsome residence of the highest type. Just completed; 68-foot front; artistically decorated; furnished or unfurnished; ten rooms, unusually large; three baths; large foyer hall, lavatory and butler's pantry; three open fireplaces, sun parlar and breakfast room; plot 100x250; cement driveway; garage; Spencer boiler; Pittsburgh hot water heater; three-car garage; steam heat; grounds laid out and shrubbery. X 2072 Times Annex.

HUNTINGTON—Nine acres, partly wooded; ideal for chicken farm; one-quarter mile from Jericho Turnpike; good six-room house; variety of fruit and berries; price $6,700; $3,000 cash. Chas. E. Sammis Jr., Huntington, L. I. Tel. Hunt. 435.

LONG BEACH.
Lots, heart city, $1,000; $3,000 cash buys all-year 9-room, 2 baths, double garage, 60x100; just completed; easy terms; 6-room bungalow, furnished, $8,500. Long Beach City Realty, 416 Park Place. Phone 696.

LYNBROOK—Best section, seven rooms and bath, finished attic; large enclosed porch; parquet floors; heated; instantaneous hot water heater; beautiful shrubbery; 75x$150; close to depot; price $12,750. Executor, 158 Sherman St., Lynbrook.

LYNBROOK—Eight rooms and two baths; all improvements; large plot; garage; $18,000; terms arranged. H 200 Times.

MALBA OPPORTUNITY OF APPEAL.
"Sunset View," artistic villa, 6 bedrooms, 3 bathrooms, spacious verandas, perfect condition, occupied 5 months. Sacrifice, all extras included. High-terraced landscaped grounds, 2 minutes R. R. station. Golf, tennis and bathing one block. Own terms to qualified purchaser. Overhead $100 monthly. Immediate possession. 22 minutes Penn. station. Keys with steward, Malba Country Club. For details phone M. R. Drew, Whitehall 6064.

NORTH SHORE—30 minutes Pennsylvania Station; unique miniature estate; classic bungalow; every modern appointment; set in beautifully landscaped garden; old trees, lawns, shrubbery, flowers; corner property; 300-foot front; nearly half an acre ground; unmatched on Long Island. Endicott 1651.

WESTBURY (Just beyond city line)—Beautiful new dwellings, exclusive section, near depot; $9,500 to $12,500; look like $12,500 to $13,000; investigate. Pierson, owner, Maple, corner Manor Av. Tel. 268W Westbury.

PERFECT LITTLE HOME.
One of the most attractive little homes we have ever listed, built and occupied by the owner; Colonial type, centre hall, tiled bath and kitchen, finest fixtures, decorations, six rooms, sun parlor, fireplace; garage; dainty in all appointments; corner plot 60x100; beautiful garden; complete in every detail; only $12,500.

F. W. SCUTT & CO.,
300 Fulton St., Jamaica. Phone 0079.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Unfurnished—West Side.

31-33 West 12th Near 5th Av.
"ARDEA" elevator apartment; an unusual suite of 7 large rooms and 2 baths; modern; excellent service; $3,500; immediate possession.
Superintendent on premises.

Duplex 7 Rooms 257 W. 86 North skylight. Bath. Extra lavatories. Elevator. Excellent service. $4,000 per year.

7 ROOMS $85
All modern improvements; one flight up.
407 WEST 145TH ST.

8 ROOMS $115.
All modern improvements, including elevator and telephone service; exceptionally light.
409 WEST 145TH ST

HOUSES AND ESTATES.
Long Island For Sale.

ADDRESSED only to actual, not imaginative, lovers of lots of breathing space, particularly parents whose one great desire of bringing up their children in the country, within easy commuting distance of the city, has so far remained unfulfilled. To such family I offer for sale my well-built eight-room residence, prewar construction, with all modern conveniences, two baths, porch, garage, gas, electricity, hot water heating system, sewer, large corner plot, splendid location, near station, schools and churches, at a figure so low and terms so reasonable that responsible people of even moderate income can well afford the investment. And think, this is in Garden City, the safe, orderly, clean home community. There are sidewalks, street lights and good roads not crowded with traffic. Write Box 123, 1,367 Broadway.

GENUINE LONG BEACH BARGAIN.
Will sell this house completely furnished at a sacrifice; has 12 rooms (7 bedrooms) and 3 baths, two porches and sleeping porch, electricity and gas, heat, front and back stairways, 3 open fireplaces, hardwood floors, every modern improvement; house is stucco on hollow tile, with Spanish tile roof, plot 60x100, beautiful location, two blocks from the ocean; will sacrifice for $30,000; cash $10,000, balance on easy terms to suit the purchaser. Owner on premises, 35 West Olive St., Long Beach, Long Island, or see George C. Johnston, at Elmhurst Av. subway station, Elmhurst, L. I. Call at either place daily and Sunday.

100 ACRES surveyed, platted and subdivided, free of incumbrances, near station, established commuting town, Long Island, one hour from Manhattan; opportunity for selling organization with clientele of foreign-born or others desiring cheap, accessible home sites; commission basis; owners will assist building cheap homes. A. S., 112 Times.

$500 CASH, VALLEY STREAM, LYNBROOK buys detached home on 2 lots; balance less than rent; 6 large rooms, tiled bath, porch, all improvements; sidewalks, curbs, water, gas, electricity installed and paid for. Price $5,900. LUNDGREN, Rockaway Av., Valley Stream, one block south of station. Phone Valley Stream 2300.

HOME AND SALABLE INVESTMENT.
Broadway-Flushing; midst trees; new Colonial, centre hall, 7 large rooms; latest improvements; enclosed and open porches; best construction; reasonable, cash; term mortgages; worth investigating. Parker Jess Freeman, 95 Liberty St., New York. Telephone Cortlandt 0212.

BEAUTIFUL country home at Center Moriches, Long Island; 12-room house, also outbuildings; electric lights, steam heat, all modern improvements; about 5 acres of land, with water at rear of property; house faces main road. Address Box 454, 206 Fitzgerald Building, New York City.

BARGAIN; quick sale; beautiful California bungalow; new, 5 rooms and bath; good commuting service; few minutes from golfing, boating and fishing; beautiful all year round home; $475 cash; monthly payments to suit purchaser; price reasonable. Address "O. C.," 183 Times.

LIVE IN FLUSHING—WE WILL supply the home. THEODORE M. LAY, INC., 357 Madison Av., Flushing.

REMARKABLE offering, six-room house; all superior improvements; garage; large plot; very desirable location; 35 minutes Pennsylvania Station; $6,950, $1,000 down. Owner, Russell, New Hyde Park. Phone Floral Park 205W.

CHEAP—Four rooms, bath, fully plumbed; large lot; near station, commuting distance; $350 cash gets possession; $30 monthly; price $3,150. C. H., 116 Times.

MUST sacrifice attractive home; cost $22,000 to duplicate; 40 minutes out; bargain; easy terms; near station. Stringham, Roslyn.

Long Island For Rent.

FOR RENT, 451 Clinton Av., Jamaica, an unusually beautiful residence, 9 rooms and 2 baths, sun parlor, open fireplaces, large veranda; beautiful grounds; 10 tons coal in cellar; $125 month. Phone Owner, Jamaica 1356R.

Westchester County For Sale.

LARCHMONT.
A house to be proud of, best stucco construction, 7 spacious rooms, tiled bath, perfect hot water heater, gas, electricity; very fine fixtures; large living room with fireplace, paneled dining room; beautifully terraced plot; 5 minutes to station; you will buy it when you see it; terms arranged.
DRUMMOND REALTY CORP.,
83 Boston Post Road, Larchmont. Phone 584.
17 East 42d St. Murray Hill 7323.

MOUNT VERNON—Must be sold, 244 Westchester Av., stucco with tile roof; instantaneous hot water, electricity, gas, parquet floors, 11 rooms, 2 baths, up-to-date; 2-car garage; a beautiful home in every respect. Hillcrest 3212 or Cortlandt 7842.

NEW ROCHELLE—YOUR OPPORTUNITY: $12,500 buys lovely country home, 8 rooms and bath, gas and electricity, hot water heat; garage; park location; corner lot 60 feet front; near station, trolley and schools. Terms, half cash. Don't miss seeing this! Other homes, sale or rent.
LESLIE P. HARRIS, sole agent,
10 North Av. Tel. 1,186 New Rochelle. N. Y.

NEW ROCHELLE.
Best bargain in New Rochelle today, on beautiful plot 60x120, artistic Colonial house, 7 rooms, 2 baths, hot water heat, gas, electricity, attractive sleeping porch, storeroom, garage; inspect today and make your offer.
DRUMMOND REALTY CORP.,
228 Huguenot St., New Rochelle. Phone 3242.
17 East 42d St. Murray Hill 7323.

PELHAM MANOR.
Exceptional opportunity to purchase new Colonial frame house on desirable plot in best section; 7 cheerful rooms, 3 all-tiled baths, open porch, sleeping porch, fireplace, maid's room ground floor; steam heat; oak floors, copper leaders; garage; inspect today.
DRUMMOND REALTY CORP.,
4,708 Boston Post Road, Pelham. Phone 5109.
17 East 42d St. Murray Hill 7323.

PELHAM—Speculator's opportunity; charming wooded corner, new Colonial home, 8 huge rooms, 3 baths, sun parlor, breakfast room, centre hall; price cheap. Thos. J. Good, Pelham Manor, N. Y. 5845 Pelham.

PELHAM MANOR—New home, on Suburban Av., highly restricted section; 8 large rooms, 3 baths; built-in garage; hardwood floors; hot water heat; large sunporch; lot 60x100; asking $27,500. Joseph P. Ryan, owner, 510 River Av., Pelham. Phone Pelham 1497.

PELHAM WOOD—New 7-room Colonial house, heated garage; 5 minutes from 2 stations; plot 50x150; restricted section. 378 Washington Av. Telephone 1726-M, Pelham.

PHILIPSE MANOR—English Colonial house, 7 rooms, bath, sun parlor, open fireplace; garage; wonderful view of Hudson; 5-minute walk station. E. B. Morris, Palmer Av. Tarrytown 787; or 507 5th Av., Murray Hill 5022.

PHILIPSE MANOR—Desirable building plot, approximately 80x150; sewer, water, gas; offered for $1,500, $200 cash and balance $25 a month. X 2123 Times Annex.

SCARSDALE.
Closing an estate, $10,000 up, 10 rooms, 4 tiled baths, service quarters, garage; also 2 smaller houses, excellent location; immediate possession; open to offers; will be sold on terms; might rent. Owner, P. O. Box 522, Scarsdale, or E. J.

LOFTS AND FLOORS.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

MFG. LOFTS—OWNER, CHICKERING 4000. 15 West 20th St., sprinklered.....56x 92
133 West 24th 25x110
128 Bleecker St. 25x100
343 West 26th (semi-basement).....63x100

ADJACENT 30th and Broadway—Fine large light fireproof loft; passenger and freight elevators. Address Owner, 44 Times.

LARGE manufacturing loft, 75x100; extra good light. Inquire Engineer, 315 East 94th.

Other Sections For Rent.

SAHWAY, N. J.—5,000 square feet, light 4 sides; sprinkler, brick building, steam heat, watchman service; directly at Pennsylvania Railroad Station. Monte Christi Corp., Sahway 700.

LOFT to let in Mt. Vernon; corner, 5,000 square feet, light all around; steam heat; sprinkler; suitable for any manufacturing; low rent. Bersin Bros., 625 Broadway. Spring 8134.

STORE, 1,210 Washington St., Hoboken; rooms in rear; renovated; rent $75.

STORES

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

32D ST., 302 (near 2d Av.)—Stores, $40 each. Ford, 5.071 Lexington.

50TH, 265 WEST—Light loft, $50; also store for $100; wonderful location.

34TH, 252 WEST—Store, large glass front, next to Pennsylvania Station; any business. Seidenberg, 254 West 34th St.

52D ST., 228 WEST (near Broadway)—Large store, temporary or long lease. Bryant 4144.

OGDEN AND UNIVERSITY AVS.
Stores to let, moderate rent.
Apply 1,454 University Av., or
John J. Meenan, Inc., 153 West 72d.

STORE TO LEASE,
LEXINGTON AV., 65TH ST.,
suitable any high-class retail trade.
LEWIS ISRAELSON,
Vanderbilt 9546. 565 5th Av.

COMMODORE HOTEL BLOCK.
Attractive street store, 14x33; wonderful opportunity ladies' wear, milliner, beauty parlor, &c.; early possession.
MAURICE WERTHEIM,
408 Lexington Av. Phone Murray Hill 0083.

STORES, LOFTS, OFFICES
FOR RENT.
SLAWSON & HOBBS,
162 West 72d St. Tel. Endicott 7240.

Brooklyn-Long Island For Rent.

CORONA, Long Island—Unusual opportunity to lease large, new corner store and one apartment above if desired, 42d St. and Polk Av.; ready for occupancy Aug. 15; excellent neighborhood. Raptis, 277 Broadway, Manhattan. Phone Worth 2498.

Other Sections For Rent.

JERSEY CITY (253 Jackson Av.)—Large corner store; steam heated; immediate possession; reasonable rent. Call Bergen 6251.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Orange St., centre of women's shopping district; large, newly built store. S. Stovin & Son, 47 Orange St., New Haven, Conn.

OFFICES

Manhattan—Bronx For Rent.

57TH AV. (between 47th and 48th Sts.)—Completely furnished office, with two private rooms and large outer office; all mahogany furniture; low rent; unusual location. For complete information write T 475 Times.

57TH AV. (42D ST.)—Attractive; sublease 600-foot building, fully rented; August and September rent free. Baumeister & Baumeister, 11 East 45th St. Vanderbilt 10328.

57TH AV., 43D ST.—Attractive sublease, 600 feet; building 100% rented; August and September rent free. Baumeister-Baumeister, 11 East 45th St. Vanderbilt 10328.

57TH AV. (Madison Square District)—To sublet for balance of lease to May, 1925, about 666 square feet in high-class building; reasonable rent. Phone Gramercy 1540.

57TH AV. AND 42D ST.—Three furnished offices can be sublet on first floor; rent $50 per month for each; telephone installations. Apply 500 5th Av., Suite 1101.

57TH AV., 286. (NEAR 30TH ST.)—OFFICE TO SUBLET. W. A. LAWRENCE CO.

58TH, 118 EAST—Large, small, light offices; fireproof building; high-class service.

47TH ST., 245 WEST (Romax Building)—Light office with partition, $40.

118TH ST., 210 WEST.
(HOTEL CECIL).
2 rooms and bath on ground floor; street and lobby entrances; suitable doctor's or chiropodist's office; will alter to suit tenant.

AEOLIAN BUILDING, furnished, two connecting rooms; own entrance; telephone; $125. Room 1534.

BROADWAY, 2,000-2,010 (northeast corner 68th St.)—Beautiful sunny offices, 1,200 sq. ft.; very cheap rental. Apply Joseph & Zeaman's, 1,834 Broadway. Columbus 5240.

BROADWAY, 1,123—Office, sublet reasonable. Call Room 815 after 12 noon.

CHAMBERS ST., 51—Light offices, 15 windows, 1,600 sq. ft.; will sublease at low rental. Murray Hill 8518.

LEXINGTON AV. (corner 38d St.)—New, modern parlor floor; stores now being completed in heart of growing high-class apartment section; ideal for dentist, chiropodist or beauty parlor; favorable rentals and leases. R. & P. Realty Corp., 33 West 42d. Vanderbilt 1057.

LEXINGTON AV., 370 (COR. 41ST ST.)
Large and small corner offices; north light; possession; reasonable rents.
MAURICE WERTHEIM,
408 Lexington Av. Phone Murray Hill 0083.

OFFICES.
Low rents.
236 West 55th Street,
at Broadway.
Also a few completely furnished.

FOR RENT—Desirable office 33 ft. x 20 ft., overlooking Hudson River; downtown section. Call Cortlandt 1297. S 854 Times Downtown.

OFFICES, desirable location; telephone accommodation; messages received; $20 up. 39 East 27th.

FURNISHED offices, desk room; mail, telephone privilege; $5 monthly. Duane, 296 Broadway.

JUST off 5th Av., furnished offices, large and small, to sublet for executive purposes only. 12th floor, 16 West 46th St.

OFFICES, desk room and mailing space. Seneca Co., 145 West 45th St.

SUITE OF OFFICES to sublet, 600 square feet, 512 6th Av. (43d St.) Apply Supt.

DESK ROOM

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

5TH AV., 500 (corner 42d St.)—Desk space private office; rent reasonable. Room 450.

5TH AV., 65—Desk space, private office; telephone, stenographic service. Room 16.

WOOLWORTH BUILDING—Rent part or entire office; reasonable. L. Palmer, Whitehall 6589.

DESK room in private office, partitioned off, with phone and typewriter. Times Building, 1,475 Broadway. Phone Bryant 9200.

AT 500 5TH AV., CORNER 42D ST.
Desks, with full service, $7 up.
Mail and telephone service, $4. Room 405.

DESK ROOM, 16 Hudson St., Room 204; part office, telephone service; reasonable.

DESK ROOM, $10; office furnished, $30; mail privilege, $2. Nelles, 27 Warren.

DESK, mail privileges, stenographer, $5, $7.50, $15. Suite 201, 15 Park Row.

BUSINESS PLACES (Miscellaneous)

All Sections For Rent.

81ST, 324 WEST—House, 4 story, cellar; lease. Owner, 167 West 29th.

TIMES SQUARE (255 West 44th St.)—Large front parlor; all improvements. Bryant 1460.

BRICK building, one story, India, corner Oakland St., with established retail lumber yard; to rent or sell; good for woodworking purposes; rent $200 per month. Apply Louis Brook, Inc., 148 India St., Brooklyn.

BUSINESS PLACES WANTED.

AN ORGANIZATION IS DESIROUS OF PURCHASING A BUILDING WHICH CAN BE REMODELED INTO BUSINESS OFFICES; BUILDING SHOULD BE ON PLOT 50x100 FEET AND MUST BE LOCATED BETWEEN 14TH AND 42D STS., WEST SIDE. S 890 TIMES.

WANTED—Part of office, between 20th and 25th Sts. Pedigree Dress Co., 56 Beerum St., Brooklyn.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

81TH, 149 EAST—Business woman will share with third business woman modern elevator apartment; maid service provided Apt. 23.

1ST (Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished 4 rooms, kitchenette, bath; $65. Stuyvesant 6736.

3RD, 11 EAST (Hotel Stratford), just east of 5th Av.—Newly decorated, furnished, 1 2, 3 outside rooms; private bath; complete hotel service; restaurant; $17.50, $25, $40 weekly.

120 ST., Y EAST—Two rooms, bath, entirely redecorated, refurnished; hotel service.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

37TH ST., 12 EAST.
Apartments, furnished or unfurnished; newly decorated, all modern conveniences; central location; reasonable.

37TH ST., 12 EAST.
Newly decorated, all modern conveniences; central location; reasonable.

40TH, 140 EAST—Beautiful three-room outside apartment (kitchen); 9th floor, elevator; sacrifice, $125; inspected afternoons. Apartment 94.

49TH, 19 EAST—Two rooms, nicely furnished, bath, kitchenette. Babcock.

51ST ST., 40 EAST.
To sublet, 2 rooms, $100; 3 rooms, $175; also apartments for Fall.

59TH ST. AND 5TH AV. (NETHERLAND HOTEL)—PARLOR, BEDROOM., BATH TO SUBLET; $45 PER WEEK.

60TH ST., 18 EAST—Single, double, 2 rooms, bath; day, week, month, year; special rates. San Jacinto Hotel.

PARK AV., 440, (56TH).
Beautifully furnished three-room corner apartment; balcony, kitchen; baby grand piano; orientals; 7 south; inspection 2 to 5.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
Choice localities; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

HOTEL NEW WESTON,
49TH ST. AND MADISON AV.
DOUBLE ROOM AND BATH
AT RATE OF $75 PER MONTH,
TO OCT. 1 ONLY.
Knott Management. W. J. Hodges, Manager.

Furnished—West Side.

22D, 256 WEST—Two, three and four room, nicely furnished apartments; private bath; rent reduced.

24TH, 450 WEST—Attractive three rooms; kitchenette, bath; beautifully furnished; cool and quiet; refined surroundings; references. Watkins 1916.

27TH, 39 WEST (Hotel Beverwyck)—1, 2, 3 rooms, bath; maid service.

31ST ST., 4 WEST (WOLCOTT HOTEL)—PARLOR, BEDROOM, BATH, TO SUBLET $35 PER WEEK.

37TH ST., 39 WEST—Two-room furnished apartment, bath, kitchenette; all improvements; maid service; moderate rent. Hageman, 67 West 36th St. Fitzroy 0430.

39TH, 49 WEST—Large studio, kitchenette; private bath; piano; $10. Libby.

44TH, 236 WEST—Three light, attractive rooms, completely furnished; modern. Inquire Superintendent.

45TH, 341 WEST (HILDONA COURT).
Elevator apartments, 1, 2 and 3 rooms and bath, showers, kitchen, kitchenette; all newly furnished and decorated; $20 to $50 weekly. Longacre 3560.

46TH ST., 71 WEST—2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; beautifully furnished; modern. Kelly.

49TH ST., 69 WEST—Living room, bedroom, kitchenette, bath; large room, kitchenette.

54TH, 203 WEST (HOTEL HARDING).
SUMMER RATES, room and bath, $21 week up; 2-room suites, consisting parlor, bedroom and bath, $35 week; also subrent 4-room suite, $200 month; restaurant. Circle 2500.

55TH ST., CORNER 7TH AV.
THE REGAL. MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE. NEWLY FURNISHED: MAID, VALET SERVICE; ONE ROOM AND BATH, $80 UP; TWO ROOMS, BATH, $100 UP; REFERENCES.

55TH (Broadway, 1,730)—Five rooms, all all outside; double, single beds; piano. Aldrich.

56TH ST., 208 WEST.
HOTEL THORNDYKE.
VERY ATTRACTIVE TWO-ROOM SUITE WITH PRIVATE BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

57TH ST., $40 WEST—1, 2 and 3 rooms and bath; maid and valet service; $17.50 weekly up; special monthly rates; references.

57TH ST., 118 WEST (GREAT NORTHERN HOTEL)—PARLOR, BEDROOM, BATH; TO SUBLET; $40 PER WEEK.

59TH, 38 WEST—Sublet, overlooking Park; 3 and 4 room kitchenette apartments; special rates; 1 month or year.

60TH, 41 WEST—Four rooms and bath; improvements; $75. Meikis.

61ST, 10 WEST (corner of Broadway, Hotel Pasadena)—Beautifully furnished one and two room suites with private bath; overlooking Central Park; $25 to $50 weekly; $100 to $200 monthly. Phone Columbus 7127.

63TH, 33 WEST—Attractive, front, living room, bedroom, kitchen, private bath; 2 or 4 people; $18 to $20. Wallace.

66TH, 56 WEST—Exceptional front basement, private bath, kitchenette; newly decorated; $60.

68TH, 58 WEST—Large front studio with balcony; private bath; kitchenette; $75.

69TH ST., 245 WEST—2-3 ROOMS, BATH AND KITCHENETTE; $70 UP; REFERENCES.

71ST, 28 WEST — Exceptional one-room apartment, bath; all conveniences; smaller room.

71ST, 102 WEST—Two 3-room apartments; just completed; new furniture; reasonable.

71ST, 70 WEST—Cool second floor private house; heat, light, service, telephone.

72D, 42 WEST (Royalton Apartment Hotel)—Attractively furnished 2-room suites, bath; hotel service; restaurant; by month or year, from $100 per month up. Endicott 7941.

72D, 118 WEST (HOTEL EARLTON)—VERY DESIRABLE TWO ROOMS, BATH; FULL HOTEL SERVICE; RESTAURANT; WEEKLY, MONTHLY; SUMMER RATES.

72D, 20 WEST — LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED 1-2 ROOMS, KITCHENETTE SUITE; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; SUMMER RATES.

72D, 135 WEST (NEAR BROADWAY).
Very attractive 2-room kitchenette apartment, suitable for 3; immaculate. Endicott 3739.

72D, 28 WEST—Parlor floor suite, living, light, high-class business, professional.

72D, 210 WEST—Three rooms, real kitchen; exquisitely furnished; sacrifice until Oct. 1.

73D ST., 126 WEST (Hotel Nobleton)—Newly decorated, luxuriously furnished one, two, three outside rooms, private bath; elevated, surface cars, subway; from $25 to $40 weekly; full hotel service, restaurant.

74TH, 103 WEST—Two rooms with kitchen, bath; other rooms; Summer rates.

75TH, 226 WEST (corner B'way)—Sublet; 2-room apartment; kitchenette, bath, electric elevator; phone; $25-$30 per week.

76TH, 25 WEST—Magnificent sunny south front; entire floor; beautifully furnished.

77TH, 10 WEST—VERY LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED 1-2-3 ROOMS, PRIVATE BATH, KITCHENETTE SUITES; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; WEEKLY OR MONTHLY; REASONABLE.

77TH, 335 WEST (near Drive)—Beautifully furnished apartment, every improvement; very low rates.

80S (Broadway-West End)—Attractively furnished second floor, bath, kitchenette. Schuyler 1282.

80TH, 102 WEST—HOTEL ANDERSON, 1, 2 ROOM SUITES; HOMELIKE, REFINED.

80TH ST., 249 WEST—One and two room and bath apartments; furnished.

81ST ST. AND COLUMBUS AV. (HOTEL ENDICOTT)—PARLOR BEDROOM, BATH TO SUBLET; $35 PER WEEK.

82D, 22 WEST—Luxuriously furnished, parlor floor suite; kitchenette; bachelors; owner's home.

86TH, 49 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED TWO-ROOM SUITE, PRIVATE BATH, SEPARATE KITCHEN; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; SUMMER RATES.

87TH, 323 WEST (Riverside)—Parlor suites, bath, kitchenette; $75; large rooms, $55.

88TH ST., 338 WEST—Magnificent front studio; library, kitchenette, bath, grand piano; August; $20.

88TH, 178 WEST—Entire parlor floor; beautifully furnished, private bath, kitchenette, service.

88TH, 19 WEST—Spacious room, bath, kitchen; private family; maid service; $22.

88TH ST.—4-room Apt., Sept. $100; longer lease if desired. Schuyler 7915.

90TH, 54 WEST—Exceptionally nice 2 rooms, bath; high class references.

92D, 60 WEST—NEWLY FURNISHED TWO ROOMS; MAID AND VALET SERVICE; $75 UP.

94TH, 250 WEST (overlooking Hudson)—Park of apartment (independent), unusually large living-room; kitchen, bath, airy, quiet; beautifully furnished; references. 7 West Cathedral 7812.

95TH (2,534 BROADWAY)—"Ordway," 1, 2, 3, rooms; baths; service. Riverside 4753.

96TH, 21 WEST—Parlor floor, suitable physician; twin beds; private bath; reasonable.

98TH, 305 WEST (RIVERSIDE DRIVE).
Two rooms, kitchenette.....$25 week
Three rooms, kitchenette.....$30 week
Four rooms, regular kitchen.$35 week
Monthly rate proportionately, including maid, linen, gas and electricity; well furnished, bright, clean, cool, comfortable. Phone Riverside 6100.

101ST, 211 WEST—Beautiful five rooms, complete; immediate possession; reasonable. Apt. 21.

101ST, 311 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED TWO-ROOM SUITE, PRIVATE BATH, KITCHENETTE; $90.

107TH, 247 WEST—Seven nicely furnished rooms, front; elevator apartment; Summer; $100.

107TH, 328 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED ENTIRE FLOOR; PRIVATE BATH; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE; MONTHLY.

108TH, 235 WEST—Elevator apartment, six rooms, nicely furnished; clean, light; reasonable.

109TH ST. (315 Manhattan Av.)—2, 3, 4, 5, 6 room housekeeping apartments, elevator and non-elevator, $20 up; references essential. Main office 215 Manhattan Av. Open evenings, all day Sunday. Academy 1947.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

109TH, 107 WEST.
SUMMER RATES
Large, high-class two and three room apartments, $80 up; references essential. Academy 1611. Supt. on premises.

109TH, 304 WEST—Large, elegantly furnished apartment, room, bath, kitchenette; private house.

110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
THE CATHEDRAL PLAZA.
High-class furnished apartments of 1, 2 and 3 rooms, with kitchenette and bath, from $50 to $100; references essential. Academy 0613. Open eevnings and Sunday. Superintendent, on premises.

170TH, 629 WEST—Comfortable, furnished 3-room apartments; permanent. Siegel, Wadsworth 4000.

110TH, 127 WEST, Apt. 9—Living, bedroom, kitchen; elevator apartment; $70.

119TH, (off Broadway)—Five rooms and bath; must sell furniture at sacrifice; leaving town; rent $65. Phone Cathedral 5006. Now.

118TH, 210 WEST (HOTEL CECIL)—ATTRACTIVE ONE, TWO ROOM SUITES WITH, WITHOUT BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATE; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

118TH, 405 WEST (near Columbia)—Five rooms, bath; beautifully furnished; immediate. $110.

140TH, 506 WEST—Well-furnished 5 rooms, complete, suitable couples; immediate. 38.

140TH, 510 WEST—Well-appointed 2 rooms, kitchen; clean couple only. Wessel.

150TH ST.—Elegantly furnished 4 outside rooms; elevator; permanent. Billings 0474.

191ST, 603-7 WEST—3 well-furnished rooms, front; new house; long lease.

207TH ST. and Broadway (near subway station)—Lady wishes to share apartment with business couple; references required. Phone all day, Stuyvesant 9790.

GREENWICH VILLAGE—Artistic complete two rooms; real kitchen, bath, fireplace; reliable people; $75. Apartment 10, 144 West 16th.

HOTEL CHELSEA.
In the old Chelsea section.
22d St., at 7th Av.
Subway at the door.

A few suites at attractive Summer rates, parlor, bedroom and bath, $100 per month; parlor, two bedrooms and bath, $140 per month.

Under Knott Management.
A. R. Walty, Resident Manager.
Phone Watkins 6200.

HOTEL JUDSON (facing Washington Square Park)—Will rent up to Oct. 1 at special Summer rates, with full hotel service, suites of 2 rooms and bath, $75 per month for two people (without meals); suites of 2 rooms and bath, $100 per month for two people, including breakfast. Call or phone Spring 5860.

WEST END AV., 674 (93d)—One and two beautiful, large, cool roms, bath; complete kitchenette; furnished, unfurnished; immediate or Fall occupancy; artist's studio; maid.

ROOF apartment overlooking Hudson River; 2 living, 2 bed and 2 bath rooms; furnished, $200 per month, or will sell furniture and lease at $150; ideal for two bachelors. Call Schuyler 8120.

BEAUTIFULLY furnished private home; 14 rooms, 4 baths; owner leaving town; must sacrifice; good lease; suitable for furnished room house. Buchard, Putney & Marek, 500 6th Av., Astoria, L. I. Phone Astoria 3194.

AN ELDERLY LADY would like to share her apartment with another lady who would take part in the housekeeping. H 252 Times.

APARTMENT SPECIALIST.
HUNTING UNNECESSARY. CONSULT
Mrs. Dingleman, 138 W. 72d. Endicott 0636.

SACRIFICE furniture and lease (2 years); 7 rooms; elevator apartment. Schuyler 7981.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
Choice localities; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

PERSONALLY inspected apartments, all sizes. Smith-Gibbons, 503 5th Av. Vanderbilt 0420.

Furnished—Queens.

JACKSON HEIGHTS.
One of the most delightful apartments imaginable can be rented, fully furnished for occupancy, to October 1; it contains 4 rooms and model bathroom; a delightful outlook and environment, overlooking splendid landscaped gardens, with a frontage on wide parked street; perfect light and ventilation; within 22 minutes of Times Square; tenant-owner will lease to October 1, $125 monthly. QUEENSBORO CORPORATION, Resale and Rental Dept., Jackson Heights. Phone 2360 Havemeyer.

Furnished—Staten Island.

UPPER HALF high-class new 2-family house, 6 rooms, bath, shower; garage; every modern convenience; attractively furnished; select neighborhood; easy commuting distance city; would rent until May 1 or longer; rental reasonable. Tel. Murray Hill 4564 or Dongan Hills 078W.

Furnished—Long Island.

SMALL FAMILY, country resident, 20 miles from New York, offers free rent beautiful 2-room apartment with bath and all improvements to good couple willing to give a little aid; references required. R. Serli & Sons, 60 Worth St.

Furnished—Westchester County.

BEAUTIFUL three-room apartment, private residence, Hudson; Glenwood station; $75. Yonkers 8121.

Unfurnished—East Side.

27TH, 39 EAST—3-4 room elevator apartments; all improvements. Superintendent.

31ST, 112 EAST—3 large, light rooms and bath; $1,750. Owner resident.

34TH, 144 EAST—2 or 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette. Ford, 5,071 Lexington.

36TH ST., 163 EAST—Exclusive Murray Hill duplex bungalow, built in Italian garden, large studio living room, tile kitchen, 2 bedrooms, 2 baths, roof and garden, $5,000; also doctor's 2-room apartment, $1,600.

37TH, 142 EAST—October; entire floor; two large rooms, bath, kitchenette, fireplace.

38TH, 15 EAST—Single, non-housekeeping; ideal restaurant on premises; $55, $100; Vanderbilt studios; no elevator. Vanderbilt 6098.

48TH, 138-138 EAST—Five, six, seven rooms; all improvements; immediate possession. Inquire elevator attendant, 515 Lexington Av.

51ST ST., 329 EAST—Parlor floor, basement, electric light; renovated; heat, parquet floors.

52D, 18 EAST—Spacious studio in private house; suitable for interior decorator, musician or any high-class business. Plaza 10168.

52D, 18 EAST—Doctor's suite, including operating room, in high-class private house; previously occupied by prominent physician. Plaza 10168.

76TH ST., 48 EAST—2-room suite, kitchenette, private bathroom; also hall room.

88TH, 120 EAST— (near Park Av.)—5-room apartment, newly decorated, ground floor, front; suitable private family or physician or dentist. Inquire superintendent.

124 EAST 81ST ST.
PARK AND LEXINGTON AVS.
$2,200 a year for 7 outside, sunny rooms; only two families to a floor; elevators; immediate possession; long lease; ready for inspection.

81ST, 171 EAST—Parlor floor and basement heated, electric; all improvements; $85.

102D, 53 EAST—Scotch-English own 6 rooms, electricity; all improvements; $43.

118TH, 247 EAST—3 large rooms, bath, private house; call after 10.

176TH ST., 1,017 EAST—4 large light outside rooms; all improvements. Apply superintendent. Phone Fordham 7730.

GRAMERCY PARK SECTION.
8 ROOMS AND TWO BATHS.
Rarely attractive corner apartment, occupying entire floor, with 3 frontages; park privileges procurable from October. S 512 Times.

LEXINGTON AV., 677.
Corner 56th St., attractive apartments, 3 rooms, bath and kitchenette; now ready for occupancy; only $125 per month.
MAURICE WERTHEIM,
408 Lexington Av. Phone Murray Hill 0083.

LEXINGTON AV., 784 (near 30th St.)—Parlor floor apartment in attractive house; large rooms; especially desirable for doctor; $135. Mme. Anna.

MADISON AV., 1,992 (corner 127th)—Two large light rooms, bath, kitchenette; modern improvements; $45; sell furniture reasonable. Horen.

MADISON AV., 1,335 (CORNER 94TH)—MODERN APARTMENTS OF 3 AND 4 BEAUTIFUL ROOMS AND BATH; $140.

MADISON AV., 1,013 (78th)—Large attractive studio; suitable business, professional, private use.

PARK AV., 1,126—Apartment; 4 rooms, bath; electricity, steam heat, hot water; good location for clear store.

Unfurnished—West Side.

15TH, 158 WEST—3 rooms and bath, modern, southern exposure; refined, quiet surroundings; immediate possession; $65.

15TH, 352 WEST—Handsome, choice 3, 4, 5 room apartments; telephone; reasonable.

18TH, 51 WEST—Spacious, cool rooms (3), $30 monthly; lease; steam, electricity, maid and telephone service included.

16TH, 140 WEST—six, seven rooms, electricity, parquet floor, telephone; immediate possession.

22D, 235 WEST—High-class 1-2 rooms, non-housekeeping apartments, all modern improvements; $60-$85. Janitor.

49TH, 31 WEST—Three rooms, bath, kitchen, high-class walk-up apartment; unusually attractive. Agent, 3 West 50th.

60TH, 3 WEST — BUNGALOW ON ROOF OVERLOOKING 57TH AV.; 4 ROOMS, BATH, ROOF GARDEN, LARGE WATER FOUNTAIN, SLEEPING PORCH; UNUSUALLY ATTRACTIVE; AVAILABLE OCT. 1; $4,800 PER ANNUM.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

50TH, 3 WEST—Studio apartment, with glass-enclosed conservatory, 14x21; large living room with northern light and bedroom; elevator; exceptional apartment.

50TH, 3 WEST—Two-room apartments, bath, kitchenette; unusually attractive; exclusive elevator apartment.

50TH ST., 17 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; open fireplace; $1,500; lease.

54TH ST., 30 WEST—2 rooms, bath and kitchenette. Telephone Circle 3497 or 9710 Murray Hill.

54TH ST., 30 WEST—2 rooms, bath and kitchenette. Telephone Circle 3497 or 9710 Murray Hill.

54TH, 40 WEST—Four and five rooms, bath and kitchenette; private house.

56TH, 43-45 WEST—Large and small apartments; private elevator; all conveniences.

58TH ST., 120 WEST.
A new fireproof apartment house adjacent to the theatre and shopping districts.
Unusually large, light rooms of 3 AND 4 ROOMS AND BATH, WITH REAL KITCHENS.
Extra maids' lavatory in 4-room apartment.
Just completed—immediate possession.
Lease now being arranged to.
SPOTTS & STARR, INC.,
Times Building. Bryant 4000.

58TH ST., 158 WEST.
High Class Elevator Apartments.
4 AND 7 VERY LARGE ROOMS.
Two master baths, extra maids' lavatory.
Immediate possession; concessions to Oct. 1.
For information apply on premises or
SPOTTS & STARR, INC.,
Times Building. Bryant 4000.

58TH ST., 166 WEST.
MUSIC STUDIO.
Floor of 3 large rooms, bath and kitchenette. Casey.

64TH, 152 WEST—Desirable 7 rooms, bath; steam heat; newly decorated; moderate rental; splendid transit facilities. Inquire janitor.

65TH, 136-138 WEST.
Studio apartments of two rooms, tiled bath; good closets; in a very accessible location in a high-class building, just west of Broadway.
One apartment with kitchen, furnished. Others, non-housekeeping, unfurnished.
Rent $75 to $100 monthly on lease.
THE SHROPSHIRE.

71ST, 167 WEST.
Two rooms and bath; new elevator building; references required; $75 up.

72D ST., 305 (adjoining Riverside Drive)—4 large room housekeeping apartment; 9 outside windows; $106; immediate possession; apt. 43. Phone owner, Endicott 2381, or apply Superintendent.

73D, 302 WEST (opposite Schwab's)—Three exceptionally large rooms, bath, kitchenette; $150.

74TH ST., 242 WEST (Corner Broadway)—Six and seven rooms; light, corner apartment; $125 up. Phone Endicott 8747.

75TH ST., 15 TO 23RD ST.
Let us know your requirements; we secure apartments; no charge.
GREATER N. Y. APT. EXCHANGE,
Endicott 2126, 5339. 2,025 Broadway.

75TH, 46 WEST—2 rooms, bath and kitchen. Apply premises.

76TH, 328 WEST—Floor in high class house, furnished or unfurnished; also parlor floor suitable doctor or resident.

76TH, 317 WEST.
Elegant parlor floor; suitable doctor, dentist.

78TH ST., 204 WEST.
Eight, room and bath. Apply premises.

80TH, 160 WEST—Parlor floor, suitable doctor, dentist, refined business; furnished, unfurnished.

80TH ST., 249 WEST—One and 2-room and bath apartments; unfurnished.

81ST, 158 WEST—3, 4, 5 large, light rooms; also physician's apartment; modern, fireproof building.

84TH, 288 WEST—Large attractive rooms, bath, elevator; entire floor; immediate.

85TH, 77 WEST—For rent, 6 and 8 rooms; elevator apartment; every modern improvement.

87TH, 116 WEST—Two wonderful modern rooms, bath, kitchenette privilege; $75, $85.

88TH, 107 WEST—Modern, attractive entire parlor and second floor, 3 rooms, beautiful bath each floor, make ideal duplex apartment, $2,800; single, $1,300-$1,600.

88TH, 61 WEST—3 rooms, bath, $1,100; 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, $780.

90TH, 49 WEST—Two, four large rooms, entire floors, bath, kitchenette; $100.

91ST, 31 WEST (near, Central Park)—Entire floor, very conveniently arranged with private bath, kitchenette; exceptionally desirable; reasonable.

91ST, 20 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath; side lights; panelled walls; $70.

93D, 4 WEST (at Central Park)—Four and eight unusually large, light rooms; elevator building; $100-$175.

93D, 316 WEST—Seven-room elevator apartment; near Riverside Drive. Inquire premises.

93D, 137 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette privilege, gas, electricity included; $75.

94TH, 1 WEST—Apartment of 8 and 9 rooms and 3 baths; magnificently trimmed, large rooms, ample closets, superb exposure over Central Park; all light rooms; rent $3,500 to $4,500. Apply to owner, Room 23, 200 West 72d, after 12 o'clock. Endicott 2112.

95TH, WEST—Two, three and four room apartments, with equipped kitchenettes and tile baths; ready for occupancy or October renting; new buildings; all modern improvements. Rembaur Walk. Apply Thomas Healy, 2,525 Broadway, Office 3. Riverside 9083.

102D ST., 315 WEST (cor. of Riverside Drive)—3 rooms and bath, front, specially suited for doctor or dentist. Apply Superintendent or Worth 3483.

102D, 1 WEST—Seven and eight rooms and bath; sunny; rent $2,000, $2,200. Fred'k Zittell & Sons, 2,211 Broadway.

103D, 104TH—2,731 BROADWAY.
Six nice rooms, elevator building, at subway express station: $105.

104TH, 25 WEST—Five all-light rooms; newly renovated; parquet floors; $85.

106TH, 65 WEST (Central Park)—Modern single 6-8 room apartments; $85-$100.

107TH, 210-220-230 WEST (near Broadway)—6-7-12 rooms, all improvements, in high-class elevator apartment; moderate rent. Superintendent on premises.

107TH, 12 WEST (Park)—Six rooms, beautifully decorated, latest improvements, electricity; $65.

107TH, 306 WEST—Beautiful, desirable, large 2 room, kitchenette. Inquire 2,640 Broadway.

106TH ST., 15 WEST.
NEAR CENTRAL PARK.
High-class 5 and 6 room apartments; white enamel woodwork, stippled walls; all latest improvements; near 110th St. "L" subway and bus; $65 up. Supt.

109TH, 212 WEST (Broadway)—Five rooms, front, latest improvements, beautifully decorated; $80.

109TH, 114 WEST—Five large, light rooms, bath, hot water, steam heat, electric light; newly decorated; rent $70.

110TH, 527 WEST (Broadway)—Fireproof, modern 3-4-6-7 large sunny rooms, baths, ample closets; $1,500-$2,400.

111TH, 501 WEST—Four very choice outside rooms, elevator apartment; $80. Supt.

122D, 515 WEST—Four-room elevator apartments; desirable; possession; $90 up. Supt.

134TH ST., 519 WEST—Modern 4, 5 room apartments; 2d floor front; $50-$60; one block from 135th St. Broadway subway station. Morningside 1588.

140TH, 477 WEST.
High-class elevator apartment, 6 rooms; ready for occupancy; $100. Apply on premises or phone Audubon 2340.

141ST, 620 WEST (Adjoining Riverside Drive)—Just completed, an unusual high-grade elevator house, 3, 4, 5 rooms. Inquire premises or telephone Vanderbilt 8661.

144TH ST., 550 WEST—Modern four-room elevator apartment; newly decorated; one block from 145th St. Broadway subway station; $75-$85. Audubon 3615.

144TH, 510 WEST—Six-room large elevator apartment; full service; $110. Supt.

151ST ST., 556 WEST (between Broadway and Amsterdam Av.)—5 rooms, steam heat, electric light, $50. Inquire on premises, or J. Arthur Fischer, 690 6th Av. Longacre 7176.

153D, 640 WEST—Just completed elevator apartment, facing Riverside Drive; every possible improvement; exclusive four-room apartments; $106.

155TH (335 EDGECOMBE AV.).
Three rooms, $65; 5 rooms, $110; beautiful apartments, high class, elevator house; must see to appreciate; immediate possession.

156TH, 515 WEST (Cor. B'way).
4 rooms, all modern improvements; ready for immediate occupancy; $72. Apply on premises or phone Billings 1890.

160TH ST. (southeast corner St. Nicholas Av.)—New building, 3, 4 and 5 rooms; just ready for tenants; representative on premises or Norman Denser, agent. Telephone Billings 0277.

163D ST., 606 WEST (adjoining Drive)—Four rooms; unusually large, well planned; moderate rentals. Apply on premises or Realty Supervision Co., 45 West 34th St. Tel. Fitzroy 3800.

163D, 600 WEST (corner B'way)—High-class elevator apartment, 4 desirable light rooms and 2 baths, facing B'way, $155; ALSO 4 rooms, $82.50; 3 rooms with kitchenette, $75.

164TH, 851 WEST—5 rooms, every improvement; elevator apartment. Telephone Wadsworth 5454.

17.TH, 587 WEST—3 rooms and bath, $53; all improvements; immediate possession.

178TH, 711 WEST—4 rooms and bath, $80; all improvements; immediate possession.

174TH, 649 WEST—3-5-6 rooms, modern; new law. Wadsworth 5433.

180TH ST., 554 WEST—6 and 8-room apartments with every modern improvement; 3 baths; rent reasonable; October rental. Inquire Superintendent.

180TH, 707 WEST—3 rooms and bath, $75; all improvements; immediate possession.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

184ST (21-49 Bennett Av., west of Broadway)—4-5 rooms, bath; elevator; all improvements; newly decorated; $85-$90. Supt. or phone Circle 2097.

181ST, 525 WEST—6, 7, 8 rooms, large, airy, light, elevator in apartment, 2 baths; low rentals; concession.

180TH, 540 WEST (corner Audubon Av.)—High-class house, 5 rooms and bath, $90; all open; immediate possession.

180TH, 568 WEST—3 rooms, bath, $80-$85; all improvements; immediate possession.

190TH, 551 WEST—3-4-5 rooms, well kept house; telephone, showers; rent reasonable. Call office, 500 Audubon Av. (190th).

191ST (Broadway subway), 9a Wadsworth Terrace—Four-room apartments, new building; every improvement; five closets; living room 18x21; fine view; now or October.

601 WEST 191ST ST. & 600 WEST 192D ST. Three, four and five rooms, corner, elevator. Superintendent or Warren & Skillin, 38 Park Row.

196TH, 235-245 EAST—Three-four rooms; block east Concourse; rents reasonable.

204TH, 623 W. (near Broadway)—Apartment 4 rooms, bath, $60.50; all improvements.

BROADWAY, 2,612 (99th St.)—The Marion, 6 rooms, 2 baths; $1,800.
BYRNE & BOWMAN,
30 East 42d St. Vanderbilt 2871.

BRO

Closing Hours for Advertisements
Sunday Edition

THURSDAY, NOON—Schools, Steamships, Hotels, Resorts, Amusements.

THURSDAY, MIDNIGHT—Display Apartments and Real Estate, with cuts, photographs, matrices or drawings.

TODAY, FRIDAY, 2 P. M.—Undisplay classifications of Real Estate.

TODAY, FRIDAY, 6 P. M.—Advertisements, for Editorial Section.

TOMORROW, SATURDAY, 1 P. M.—Undisplay classified advertisements. (Business Opportunities 10 A. M. tomorrow, Saturday).

Daily Edition

If received after 4 P. M. on date preceding publication, classified announcements for daily edition are subject to omission. Final closing time 6 P. M.

Classified Advertising Rates

Count six words to an Agate Line.

(Minimum space two lines.)	Agate Line
Situations Wanted	40c
Furnished Rooms, Rooms Wanted	45c
Boarders and Board Wanted	45c
Help Wanted	50c
Real Estate, &c.	55c
Lost and Found	55c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	55c
Country Board	60c
Mortgage Loans	65c
For Sale	65c
Automobile Exchange	65c
Agents Wanted	65c
Employment Agencies	75c

	Per Word
Business Opportunities (Caps 20c)	15c
Buyers' Wants—Offerings to Buyers	15c
Book Exchange (Sundays)	15c

Lost and Found, Deaths, Marriages and Births accepted up to midnight.

Errors avoided by delivering advertisements in advance of closing time.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Continued From Preceding Page.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, 12 years' experience driving private cars; Pierce, Cadillac, Packard; honest, careful, neat; best references; desires position anywhere; city, country. Richard. Audubon 2161.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, experienced; obliging; private references. Johnson. Phone Audubon 2270, Apt. 3.

CHAUFFEUR, Swede, 16 years' experience; any car; long references. Lind. Underhill 0348.

CHECKER, cashier, produce exchange restaurant, National Cash system, desires dinner, supper, position. H 233 Times.

CHEMICAL ENGINEER, graduate, desires position. A 790 Times Downtown.

COUPLE, reliable and trustworthy, would like care large estate; best references. Decatur 3121.

COUPLE wish positions half or part time; chauffeur, porter, elevator. Bradhurst 1170.

DRAFTSMAN, young man, well educated, desires position. A 1183 Times Harlem.

EXECUTIVE.

YOUNG MAN desires position with individual investor or firm where he can assume full executive responsibility; I am a High School graduate and have had many years of experience with commercial firms, and in the private financing of individuals and corporations; have thorough knowledge of accounting, credits, finance, management of real estate and mortgage business, and of the underlying principles of general business and investments. B 992 Times Downtown.

FOREMAN—Ladies' hats; 7 years with New York firm producing high grade hand blocked hats; understand business thoroughly; big Parisian shop experience; wishes change and connect same capacity with reliable, progressive firm. L 368 Times.

HERDSMAN, dairyman open for position on private estate, life experience in all branches; best of reference; married, no family; state wages in first letter, no boarders. X 2100 Times Annex.

JAPANESE, young, experienced gardener, wants a position. Sasaki, 96 Madison St., City.

PURCHASING AGENT, 20 years Canada, principally commissary supplies, desires similar position U. S. A.; references. E 293 Times.

RADIO MECHANIC, repair man, desires connection with reliable concern on installation, repair or construction of receiving or low-power transmission apparatus, either spark or tube sets. Three years on exclusive radio work as instructor in theory and on construction; holder of second grade license; make offer. L 371 Times.

SALESMAN OR SALESMANAGER.
I am looking for a connection with real possibilities; college graduate, age 30; accustomed to earning $6,000 yearly. F 450 Times.

SALESMAN (29), married, nine years' specialty experience, desires connection with reputable concern. M 869 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, acquainted with trade, wants line of juvenile boys' clothing; city or road. F 445 Times.

STOCK CLERK, inside salesman, energetic, desires position with fast-growing house. S 1015 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, American, general business experience, speaks Italian, French, German, seeks permanent position with established firm; salary and working hours secondary. L 421 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 27, married, wishes position cashier, salesman for fine electrical or mechanical line; good personality; 11 years' business experience; references. H 237 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 27, neat appearance, desires position with good firm with opportunity for advancement; salary secondary. 458 Times.

YOUNG MAN, college education, continuing studies, desires position mornings, evenings or both; best references. Gordon Samstag (Cathedral 10202) 535 West 111th St.

YOUNG MAN, age 21, well educated, employed but dissatisfied, desires position with future. B 1159 Times Harlem.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

ADDRESSOGRAPH and graphotype operator with experience wanted; capable of assisting in mailing list and general office work; state age, experience and salary desired. M 299 Times.

ASSISTANT HOUSEKEEPER, must be familiar with institutional dining-room and kitchen work. Apply, Bonnie Burn Sanatorium, Scotch Plains, N. J. Tel. Fanwood 1435.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant and billing clerk, to operate Underwood typewriter; give experience and salary expected. S 967 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER for printing office; state experience and salary wanted. S 980 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, must state full details, including initial salary. S 984 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, EXPERIENCED; STATE AGE, SALARY, REFERENCES. M 245 TIMES.

ELLIOTT-FISHER BILLING MACHINE OPERATOR, LARGE MANUFACTURING AND IMPORTING HOUSE; MUST BE THOROUGHLY COMPETENT; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY DESIRED. BOX 615 REALSERVICE, 15 EAST 40TH ST.

ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATOR and bookkeeping machine; temporary position. Apply in person, Callan's, 3d Av. and 121st St.

MILLINERY COPYIST, THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED ON HIGH-GRADE HATS. HOLLAND HATS, 19 WEST 36TH ST.

MODEL wanted, size 16, for cloak and suit house; experienced in selling; steady position. Write to Box H. D. 1111, St. Paul Bldg.

MODEL, size 16, for dresses; experienced. Call Pauline Frocks, 9 West 31st.

NURSERY governess, French or French speaking, for children 2 and 5 years; country until October, then South; personal city references required. Phone Plaza 3700, Ext. 711, between 9-10:30, Friday.

NURSERY GOVERNESS, capable, references required. Rubinstein, 1,955 Grand Concourse. Bingham 9632W.

NURSES, graduate, for general duty in 285-bed hospital; must be registered in New York State; vacancies for both night and day duty; salary for charge nurses, $100 per month and maintenance; salary for general duty, $85 per month and maintenance. Apply to A. L. Goldbeck, Supt. of Nurses, Jewish Hospital, Classon and St. Marks Av., Brooklyn.

NURSES, registered, for night duty; ideal nurses' home; near ocean; 30 minutes New York. Apply Director Nurses, New Rochelle Hospital. Phone 3400.

NURSE, undergraduate. Apply House of the Holy Comforter, 196th St. and Grand Concourse.

NURSE, graduate, for general duty. Apply St. Bartholomew's Hospital, 217 East 42d.

NURSES, graduate, day floor duty. Bronx Maternity Hospital, 166th St. and Grand Concourse.

SALESWOMEN.

We have been engaged in the motion picture industry for about 14 years and need a few ladies of refinement and neat appearance to sell our securities for expansion purposes. If you follow our method you will have no trouble making a good big income for yourself. No selling experience necessary. Commission compensation to start, but unlimited possibilities for a permanent connection at a handsome remuneration. Call at 1,319 Broadway, Room 1612, from 10 to 12 or 1 to 3 and ask for Mr. Dyas.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

SALESLADIES, experience unnecessary; extra, $2.50 day. Call Saturday, 8 A. M. Weisbecker, 270 West 125th St.

SECRETARY.
LARGE UPTOWN OFFICE HAS OPENING FOR COMPETENT SECRETARY TO EXECUTIVE; MUST BE RAPID AND ACCURATE STENOGRAPHER WITH INITIATIVE AND INTELLIGENCE; REPLY STATING AGE, RELIGION, EXPERIENCE AND TELEPHONE NUMBER; SALARY TO START $110 A MONTH. M 306 TIMES.

SECRETARY
If there is a girl in New York who really desires a permanent position with future advancement that is willing to show a little heart in her work and surroundings state telephone, age and other reasons why she should have the position. Box C 424 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER wanted. Must be reliable, accurate worker, speedy typist, acquainted with statistical work, able to compose letters and take care of office routine; knowledge of German desirable; salary to start $27.50. H 251 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER for doctor's office; one with knowledge of Italian preferred. Call between 9 and 12 A. M. Dr. Previtali, 123 E. 57th.

SPANISH stenographer for large manufacturing concern in New Britain, Conn. Knowledge of English desirable. State experience. X 2113 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.
PERMANENT POSITION WITH LARGE UPTOWN FIRM; MUST BE RAPID AND ACCURATE; REPLY, STATING AGE, RELIGION, EXPERIENCE AND TELEPHONE NUMBER; SALARY TO START, $108 A MONTH; WITH OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. M 307 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER wanted by mechanical equipment manufacturing concern; must be thoroughly experienced; position permanent; in reply state age, experience and salary expected. K. S., 417 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHERS, responsible, to manage branches, introducing Universcript "Shorthand in one lesson," the system which made BIRDIE REEVE, world's fastest public stenographer and highest paid demonstrator; salary commensurate. Reeve, Times Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER, COMPETENT AND EXPERIENCED, OFFICE LARGE MERCANTILE CONCERN. REPLY, STATING AGE AND SALARY EXPECTED, P. O. BOX 27 MADISON SQUARE STATION.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, young lady of experience, accurate and willing to assist in office; pleasant surroundings and splendid opportunity. Reply with full details as to salary, &c., R. T., 144 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Young lady, with one year's business training, experienced with Monitor switchboard; state age, references, experience and salary desired. Box Good Opportunity, 620 St. James Building.

STENOGRAPHER and switchboard operator in motor truck agency; state experience, age and salary desired; must furnish references. M. M., 605 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER with knowledge of bookkeeping; state experience, reference and salary desired. Address C. T. Co., L 390 Times.

STENOGRAPHER or typist and office assistant, 1-2 years' experience. Apply 10 to 12, Mack & Mack, Room 221, 103 Park Av., New York.

STENOGRAPHER with some experience, for secretarial position in large office; apply, stating experience and salary requirements. P. O. Box 192, Jamaica, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY—Salary $80 monthly and bonus; state age, religion, references and telephone. Box 451, 206 Fitzgerald Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER, WITH COMMERCIAL EXPERIENCE; STATE AGE AND SALARY EXPECTED; PERMANENT POSITION. S. T., 107 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER, junior, real estate office; state education, salary. G 729 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, capable, executive ability. City Real Estate Improvement Corp., 107 West 71st St.

STENOGRAPHER, capable managing office. Apply Saturday morning. Eastern Trading Agency, 101 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, women's wear buying office; ambitious girl; initiative; excellent opportunity. M 294 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; must be rapid and accurate; steady position; state qualifications and salary. L 357 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, with knowledge law and bookkeeping. Call Saturday, Room 517, 1,674 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER—Experienced; call with references. Bernstein & Meyers, 10 W. 33d.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, preferably one who has had substantial central office experience for private commercial four-position board; good hours and permanent position with advancement if satisfactory; salary to start, $18-$20. In reply state age, experience and education. T 466 Times.

TOILET GOODS
HEAD OF STOCK
FOR THIS DEPARTMENT.
SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY.
UPTOWN DEPARTMENT STORE.
"T. G." 610 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

TYPIST, in office large publishing house, salary $60 monthly and bonus; good opportunity for bright girl; state age, religion, reference and telephone. Box 450, 206 Fitzgerald Building.

TYPIST for general clerical work in large publishing house; ability to learn more essential than experience; state age, education, religion; salary to start, $14. X 2129 Times Annex.

TYPIST
in billing department of large manufacturing concern; give full particulars. M 310 Times.

TYPIST, experienced addressing envelopes and fill in work; $2.50 per day. Room 710, 30 Church St.

YOUNG LADY, experienced, good penman, to assist in showroom. Apply by letter, stating age, experience, salary, Krueger, 395 4th Av.

YOUNG LADY wanted for, photographic studio, to call patrons over phone; 5th Av. studio; salary and commission. Gallo Studio, 749 5th Av.

YOUNG WOMAN, about 25, large financial institution has a vacancy in its clerical force for an experienced clerk; must be accurate at figures; high school graduate preferred; no application will be considered unless it contains full detail of age, education, experience and salary expected. T 465 Times.

STOP! LOOK! LISTEN!
Stenographer desired who will fit agreeably into office conditions and take a real interest toward splendid future; good salary to start; give your telephone, age and all other qualifications. C 425 Times.

ITALIAN—Young lady, secretary and bookkeeper; good position for refined respectable girl. Address Ebelt, 333 East 50th St., from 4 to 6 P. M.

Employment Agencies.

AMERICAN
EMPLOYMENT
EXCHANGE, INC.

Uptown Office,
30 EAST 42D STREET.

Downtown Office,
115 BROADWAY.

In respectful tribute to our late President, Warren G. Harding, our both offices will be closed today. Open tomorrow as usual.

MISS C. L. McGUINESS,
CARE NEW YORK BAR ASSOCIATION,
42 WEST 44TH ST.
Temporary and permanent positions available for competent stenographers in high-class law offices.

STENOGRAPHERS for firm downtown; 25 years or under, 8 to 4; experience; $25-$30; also temporary position; one, law experience: Call Friday, 9941 Melrose.

Instruction.

DRAKE BUSINESS SCHOOLS, INC.

New York: Tribune Bldg., 154 Nassau St. Tel. Beekman 2723.
Brooklyn: Bedford Av. at Fulton St. Tel. Prospect 7486.
Bronx: Keith's Bldg., Fordham Road and Grand Concourse. Tel. Kellog 5515.

THE CANDY INSTITUTE.
COMMERCIAL CANDY-MAKING COURSE.
Elinor Hanna, Principal (formerly with Page & Shaw). ORIGINAL School; SCIENTIFIC Instruction. 60 West 50th St., New York. Phone Circle 6086. Send for Book T.

DESIGNING, dressmaking, pattern-cutting, draping and millinery thoroughly taught; individual instruction; OPEN ALL SUMMER; established 1876. McDowell School, 58 West 40th St. Longacre 7232. Call or write.

Shorthand and typewriting in one MONTH. MILLER INSTITUTE OF SHORTHAND, 1,416 Broadway, near 39th St. Penn. 5314. Prof. Miller taught at Columbia Univ. 5 yrs. Open all year. Fan-cooled. Position assured.

MALE HELP WANTED.

ACETYLENE WELDERS, experienced. Greenpoint Metallic Bed Co., 119 Freeman St., Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT, with public and preferably hotel experience, must be willing to leave the city permanently if necessary; only applicants giving details of experience, education and salary expected will be considered. H 468 Times.

ADVERTISING AGENCY wants experienced, reliable copy-writer and contact man for mail order and retail store advertising; commissions or piece work, plus free office; only experienced, with samples, need answer; give phone number. V 770 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER; apply in own handwriting; references required. M 281 Times.

MALE HELP WANTED.

AUTOMOBILE DRIVERS,
CHAUFFEURS,
25 YEARS OF AGE OR OVER,
IN PERFECT HEALTH.
MARRIED MEN PREFERRED.
MEN NOW HOLDING STATE DRIVERS' OR OPERATORS' LICENSES, WHO CAN OTHERWISE QUALIFY, DESIRED.
WE WILL TEACH YOU HOW TO DRIVE A TAXICAB IN NEW YORK CITY.
WE WILL TRAIN YOU TO GET YOUR HACKING LICENSE.
ALL OUR DRIVERS MAKE GOOD MONEY; MONTHLY BONUSES, FREE MEDICAL AND DENTAL ATTENTION, INSURANCE, SICK BENEFITS.
APPLY DAILY AT
EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT,
155 EAST 44TH ST.,
NEW YORK CITY.
YELLOW TAXI CORPORATION.
LENOX 2300.

AUTOMATIC TELEPHONE ENGINEER, must be capable of original and practical circuit design of all automatic telephone apparatus; position permanent, for an experienced development engineer affording opportunity for valuable work in a broad electric field. X 2077 Times Annex.

AUTOMOBILE MECHANICS, five, and two helpers; bring references and tools ready for work; only capable men with good references need apply. See Service Manager, 620 West 57th St.

AUTOMOBILE MECHANICS, first-class; steady employment; good wages. Apply Mr. Brown, 614 West 131st St.

BILL CLERK AND ESTIMATOR; PREFERABLY A MAN WHO IS PHYSICALLY DISQUALIFIED FOR OTHER WORK; GOOD POSITION FOR A RIGHT THINKING MAN IN THE ALLIED PRINTING TRADE; GIVE FULL DETAILS IN YOUR FIRST LETTER. M 300 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER, competent, to take full charge of books, manufacturing corporation; salary $30-$35; give past experience and references; permanent; good opportunity for advancement. S 978 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, competent to take full charge of books; manufacturing corporation; salary $30-$35; give past experience and references; permanent; good opportunity for advancement. S 991 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, take full charge double entry books; cleaning and dyeing experience preferred. Wohl, 542 Eighth Avenue, Long Island City.

BOOKKEEPER—Young man, experienced, with general knowledge of bookkeeping. Apply A. Goldberg, 19 West 34th, 6th floor.

BOOKKEEPER, young man, experienced, with general knowledge of bookkeeping. Apply A. Goldberg, 19 West 34th, 6th floor.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, accurate, reliable; no others need apply. X 2103 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, knowledge of typewriter preferred. For interview call Juniper 9519.

BOY, 15-17 years, in office of large import and manufacturing house; splendid opportunity for promotion and training; no experience necessary. Apply, stating age, education and salary desired. Accounting Dept. P. O. Box 780 City Hall Station.

BOY
about 16 years of age, by leading importing house; unusual opportunity for bright, ambitious, well-educated boy. Write Box 501, 12 Union Square.

BOYS wanted in stock and shipping room of lace importing house; good opportunity for willing, industrious boys. M 258 Times.

BOY, neat appearance, wide awake, for office work and errands. Ka-Lo Service, Inc., 152 West 42d, Room 915.

CHAUFFEUR, capable, operating an Essex car, to take trips to New England, New Jersey and New York States; traveling expenses paid; reply by mail, giving age, experience and salary desired. Ball Gear & Machine Co., 50 Greenpoint Av., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, licensed driver, light delivery wagon; no night or Sunday work; salary $25 weekly; references required. P. O. Box 211, Times Square Station.

CLERK—Young man with knowledge of bookkeeping; one who is acquainted with club work; competent to do controlling and accurate at figures; hours 8 to 12 P. M.; give full particulars and references. M 293 Times.

CLERK—COMPETENT YOUNG MAN TO ASSIST IN SALES ACCOUNTING IN OFFICE OF LARGE CONCERN; ADDRESS IN OWN HANDWRITING, STATING AGE, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY DESIRED. M 316 TIMES.

CYLINDER GRINDER, first class; no other need apply. 678 Montgomery St., Jersey City.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, expert typist; young man; good opportunity for advancement; salary $28. Call Room 306, 52 Vanderbilt Av., New York City.

DRAFTSMAN, MECHANICAL, EXPERIENCE ON PIPING LAYOUT AND GENERAL DRAFTING. M 276 TIMES.

DRAFTSMAN, experienced heating and ventilating; state age, salary and experience in first letter, Permanent, M 209 Times.

DRUGGIST, registered junior, temporary relief. Call Academy 2580. Apt. 16, Friday evening, 7 to 9:30.

EDITOR, building trade journal; state age, salary, qualifications. T 443 Times.

ELLIOTT FISHER OPERATOR and booking machine; temporary position. Apply in person, Callan's, Third Av. and 121st St.

ENGINEER-TRANSLATOR,
with publishing experience; must be a graduate of a Spanish language university. Write Box 455, 206 Fitzgerald Bldg.

ERRAND BOY; must have working papers. New Progress Co., 34 New Bowery, N. Y. C.

FOLDING BOX
GLUING MACHINE OPERATOR OF THE HIGHEST WORKING EFFICIENCY; THE HIGHEST SALARY FOR 100 PER CENT. MAN ON S. & A., INTERNATIONAL AND STAUDE MACHINES; ANSWER BY LETTER ONLY, GIVING FULL PARTICULARS; ONLY THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED AND 100 PER CENT. EFFICIENT MEN NEED REPLY OR WILL BE CONSIDERED. NEVINS CHURCH PRESS, BLOOMFIELD, N. J.

HEALTH LECTURERS WANTED.
Bernard Macfadden requires competent lecturers on health problems at his boardwalk lecture bureau, Coney Island. Here is an opportunity for the right kind of men to make good connections; only competent and intelligent lecturers will be considered; just "talkers" are not wanted. Call in person at Coney Island lecture bureau near Iron Steamboat pier, and see Mr. Wilson.

INSPECTOR—SAFETY.
One who has had industrial plant experience. Answer in own handwriting, giving age and salary expected. V. S., 720 Times Downtown.

INSPECTOR—ELEVATOR.
Give age, education, general and elevator experience and salary expected in own handwriting. E. S., 744 Times Downtown.

LAUNDRY MARKER and assorter. Wilkening's Liberty Laundry, 3 Liberty St., near 168th St., Jamaica.

LEDGER CLERKS
and
INVENTORY CLERKS.
Opportunity is offered young man who can qualify as above for permanent positions; salary $20 start; high school boys preferred; state age, experience, references in own handwriting. M 232 Times.

MANAGER and buyer, bargain basement; Anderson-Newcomb Company, Huntington, W. Va.; none but experienced women's ready-to-wear basement men need apply. Write Chas. N. Anderson, Hotel Vanderbilt.

OFFICE BOY over 16 years of age, for auditing department of large organization; must be quick and accurate at figures; high school graduate preferred; salary $12, with excellent opportunity for development. Write fully, S 1063 Times Annex.

SHIPPING CLERK with experience in furniture trade; resident of Jersey City preferred; good wages and permanent position. Address L 419 Times.

SILK wholesale firm requires young man experienced in dyeing, converting domestic and Jap. silk; keep records accurately. M 249 Times.

SILK—Head of stock wanted capable taking entire charge; experience in Japs and domestic; state salary and references. M 262 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, who has had experience in the arms and ammunition business. X 2068 Times Annex.

MALE HELP WANTED.

STENOGRAPHER and Billing Clerk—Young man with knowledge of bookkeeping; prefer one able to make up owners' bills for large construction company; must be reliable and accurate; state age, experience and references; salary $125 to $150 a month. T 474 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, as assistant to busy executive; knowledge German, Spanish essential; English dictation only; excellent future; old-established export house; starting salary $30; state age, experience. S 972 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, young man, must be thoroughly experienced and possess initiative; opportunity for advancement to one willing to work hard, state age, experience and salary. G 711 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wanted by mechanical equipment manufacturing concern; must be thoroughly experienced; position permanent; in reply state age, experience and salary expected. K. S., 417 Arbuckle Bldg., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER and bookkeeper; Christian firm; salary $35. Apply E. W. Lewis Construction Co., 2,961 Eastern Boulevard (near Tremont St.), Bronx.

STOCK CLERK, experienced in Ford parts department. J. J. Hart, 1,029 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn, near Classon Av.

TELEPHONE operator for night and late day hours; $60 and meals. Apply Mt. Sinai Hospital, 1 East 100th.

ROUTE MAN and shipping clerk wanted, who can handle men on wagons. Apply after 3 P. M., Wilkening's Liberty Laundry, 3 Liberty St., near 168th St., Jamaica.

SHIPPING CLERK, experienced, must have full knowledge of shipping and receiving. Apply in person Knapp Van Nostrand & Scully, 507 West 16th. Ask for Mr. Sild.

STOCK CLERK—Silk firm requires sturdy, accurate boy; experience domestic and Jap. silk essential; give references and salary. M 244 Times.

WINDOW TRIMMER
AND TICKET WRITER
in uptown department store; splendid opportunity for one who is now assistant. "W. T." 611 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN WANTED, BRIGHT, ABOUT 19 YEARS OF AGE, IN NEW YORK OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE OF LARGE NEW ENGLAND MANUFACTURING COMPANY; AN EXCELLENT CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. M 242 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN, with technical education or experience, capable of learning the drawing material and engineering line, to eventually become traveling salesman; state age, education, experience and salary expected while learning. F 833 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN between ages 20 and 22 wanted for clerical position by large commercial house operating in northern part of Manhattan; accurate at figures and a good typist. W 1178 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN Wanted, to sell coated nails and wire products in New York City, Brooklyn, Jersey City, &c.; salary and commission. American Steel Co., Park Bldg., Pittsburgh, Pa.

YOUNG MAN as stenographer and typewriter for factory office, near Rutherford, N. J.; knowledge of bookkeeping desirable; references required; apply by letter. Z 2460 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, stenographer, office assistant, subsidiary large steamship corporation; advancement; state age, salary, religion. 89 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

YOUNG MAN as assistant, intelligent, some stenography and typewriting; salary $20-$22, bonus. W 1177 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 18, for clerical work in cotton goods house; state religion and salary. S 957 Times Downtown.

A LARGE, electrical manufacturer, employing automatic telephone equipment for entirely new purposes, requires the services of competent, automatic telephone engineers. The field is new, permanent and rapidly growing. Applications from high-class technically trained engineers, capable of original and practical circuit design of automatic telephone apparatus desired. Work both development and commercial. X 2076 Times Annex.

Salesmen.

AUTOMOBILE salesmen with experience; attractive line with plenty of good leads; only men really in earnest and can sell automobiles need apply; drawing account against commission. Salesmanager, 1,713 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE ACCESSORIES SALESMAN—Experienced, to cover developed territory for established jobbing house; salary and commission. Greenberg Bros., 721 86th St., Brooklyn.

FURNITURE SALESMEN, must be thoroughly experienced, retail; good proposition for right salesman; call or write executive office, daily, 10 A. M. to noon. Ulman Furniture Co., 543 Union St., Brooklyn.

SALESMEN.

A few live-wire salesmen, with or without experience, to sell a limited block of stock in our company. We have been engaged for a number of years in the manufacturing of our own patented machinery, used extensively by motion picture laboratories. The tremendous growth of our business makes it necessary for us to enlarge our plant. After our expansion program is completed a permanent connection with a handsome remuneration will be a certainty, providing you make good, as we will need a number of district managers. Commission basis to start. Call at 1,819 Broadway, Room 1612, from 10 to 12 or 1 to 3.

SALESMEN.

HERE'S YOUR OPPORTUNITY TO CONNECT WITH LARGE UTILITY CORPORATION SELLING ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS; RIGHT NOW MEN WANTED FOR MANHATTAN, BRONX, LONG ISLAND AND CONTIGUOUS TERRITORY.
SALARY AND BONUS.
APPLY C. S. BIGSBY,
ROOM 1007, KNICKERBOCKER BLDG.,
42D ST. AND BROADWAY.

SALESMEN, druggists' sundries. We are building up a sales force of experienced salesmen to sell advertised brand of druggists' sundries; we need men who successfully sold for wholesale sundry houses; only men with experience and following among the retail druggists in metropolitan district will be considered; salary and commission. Apply by mail, giving all particulars, confidential. John Cluett, 59 Pearl St.

SALESMAN for men's leather belts, to cover the jobbing trade in Middle West or Pacific territories; excellent opportunity for experienced man of proven merits to be connected with long established house of A1 reputation; only one of many years' experience in the above territories need apply; strictly confidential; commission. S 976 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced to sell bond issue of New England industrial concern established 100 years; investment offers high yield through profit-sharing certificates; excellent leads; substantial compensation on commission basis; no drawing account. In reply give telephone number. S 981 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.

Can you sell real estate to interested men and women who have answered our advertisement? Sales help freely given; our average commission $112.50 per sale; leads furnished.
SEE SALES MANAGER, SUITE 1303,
350 MADISON AV.

SALESMEN.

Unusual, direct by mail, advertising service, entirely new; small contracts that sell quickly; 75 per cent. renewals; big money maker; liberal commission. 1,235 Broadway, Room 406.

SALESMAN to represent a large out-of-town paper jobbing house in New York City; one familiar with enamel and book papers; commission basis. Z 2395 Times Annex.

SALESMAN wanted in a large, up-to-the-minute printing plant; commission; drawing account given to men bringing in business; will offer very attractive inducement to right party. S 962 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN—Live wire, have wonderful proposition to offer selling custom shirts; commission basis to start; apply by letter; experience not necessary. Burton Shirt Co., 135 West 52d St.

FOOD PRODUCTS—Salesman thoroughly acquainted with retail grocers in Brooklyn to carry side line for packer; wonderful opportunity for good man; commission basis with drawing account. M 280 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced infants' and children's sweaters; Pennsylvania, Virginia, West Virginia will look over active account to party calling on this trade; commission, drawing account. X 2130 Times Annex.

SALESMEN for manufacturer of men's leather belts, to carry side line to jobber; all territories open; commission basis; only man with following in allied lines need apply. S 975 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN to sell Reo and Overland passenger and commercial cars in Westchester county; commission basis. Dorchester Motor Co., Inc., South Broadway at New Main Street, Yonkers, N. Y.

SALESMEN, experienced on canvas covers. Columbus Supply & Manufacturing Co., 610 8th Av.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

BUICK	1923	Sport Roadster.
BUICK	1923	Roadster.
CADILLAC	1923	Phaeton.
CADILLAC	"61"	Victoria.
CADILLAC	"61"	Imperial.
CADILLAC	"59"	Victoria.
CUNNINGHAM	1923	Suburban Sedan.
MARMON	1923	4-Pass. Sport.
WILLYS ST. CLAIRE	1923	Sedan.
LAFAYETTE	Spec.	Holbrook Suburban.

L. F. JACOD & CO.,
1,860 Broadway. Columbus 7341.

BUICK 1922 coupe, 6 cylinder, 4 passenger; original paint; excellent condition; storage 8 months; guaranteed 3 months; easy payments. 904 Southern Boulevard. Intervale 5811.

BUICK 1922 sedan, 6 cylinder, 5 passenger; original paint; excellent condition; guaranteed 3 months; easy payments if desired. 904 Southern Boulevard, Intervale 5811.

BUICK 1919 touring, $300; excellent condition; time payments. Reo Co., Broadway and 54th St. Circle 1271.

BUICK 1921 5-pass. sedan, $950; excellent condition; time payments. Reo Co., Broadway and 54th St. Circle 1271.

BUICK 1923 5-pass. touring; excellent condition; six good shoes, many extras; sacrifice $675. Phone 167M Port Washington.

BUICK sedan, 1922, like new; sacrifice. Oberweiger, 136 West 52d. Circle 0618.

BUICK 1923, 6-cylinder, 5-passenger touring; 3,500 miles. J. G. Bell, Bingham 2130.

BUICK, late 1922 roadster; perfect condition; driven by owner only. Bradhurst 0639.

BUICK, 1923, 6-cylinder sport sedan, original, very reasonable 235 West 58th.

CADILLAC 51DD Town Brougham.
CADILLAC 55 and 57 Limousine.
LANCIA 1920 Town Brougham.
LANCIA 1916 Limousine.
MARMON 1920 Landaulet.
PACKARD 1917 2-35 Touring.

PIERCE-ARROW DISTRIBUTORS,
Used Car Depts., 233 West 54th St.,
Also 230 West 59th St.,
Just East of Broadway.

CADILLAC	Town Car.
LINCOLN	Touring.
LOCOMOBILE	4-pass. Sport Sedan
LOCOMOBILE	Limousine Landau.
WINTON	1923 Town Car.
LANCIA	Town Cabriolet.
REO	Touring.

LINCOLN USED CAR DEPT.
216 West 58th St. Circle 6363.

CADILLAC	1923 Amesbury Limousine.
CADILLAC	1919 Roadster.
CUNNINGHAM	1922 6-Pass. Touring.
LINCOLN	1923 5-Pass. Sedan.
LOCOMOBILE	1921 Suburban Sedan.
LOCOMOBILE	1921 4-Pass. Sport.

GEORGE LAMBERTY,
1,866 Broadway. Columbus 9810.

CADILLAC, imperial sedan; 59; 7-passenger, like new; make offer. New Amsterdam Storage Warehouse, 19 West 67th. Open today.

CADILLAC USED CARS—ALL MODELS.
Uptown Cadillac Corporation,
7 West 61st St. (Used Car Dept.)
PHONE COLUMBUS 7700.

CADILLAC ("61") Sport Touring, $1,000; balance $1,100 easy terms. Jandorf, 1,739 Broadway.

CADILLAC, 4 passenger sport, like new; sacrifice. Alexander, 801 Riverside. Wadsworth 0311.

CADILLAC 1923 suburban sedan, almost new; small mileage; excellent condition; many extras; no dealers. E 294 Times.

CADILLAC, sedan, 1923, like new; sacrifice. Scott, 136 West 52d, Circle 3222.

CADILLAC 1920 CARRIOLET, SACRIFICE. Like new; make offer 240 West 59th St.

CHANDLER Coupe, 1922, condition splendid, $975. New Amsterdam Storage Warehouse, 19 West 67th St. Open today.

CHEVROLET, new, 1923, touring and sedan; small cash payment; balance small notes; free instructions. Bronx Chevrolet Sales, 361 East Fordham Road. Tremont 0311.

CLEVELAND SEDAN, SERIES '22,
choice of several; repainted, reconditioned in our own shops and guaranteed; $459.80 cash and $88.97 monthly for 10 months.
HULETT MOTOR CAR CO., INC.,
1888 Broadway. Columbus 1011.

COLE '21 SPORT, $595.
Smart, snappy 8 cylinder; special paint; custom made top; guaranteed 6 months; terms. 806 Southern Boulevard. Intervale 6045.

CRANE Simplex touring body for sale, practically new; complete with slip covers. Minerva Auto, Inc., 133 West 72d. Endicott 5539-5405.

CRANE SIMPLEX, LATEST TYPE touring; make offer. 240 West 59th.

DAVIS 1922, 4-passenger sport; like new; make offer. New Amsterdam Storage Warehouse, 19 West 67th St. Open today.

DODGE 1922 TOURING, $575.
Just like new throughout; terms; trades considered. 806 Southern Boulevard. 6045 Intervale.

FORD 1922 coupe; self-starter, spare tire, other extras, $335. 361 East Fordham Road. Tremont 0311. Open evenings.

FRANKLIN TOURING, $328.50 CASH
and $66 monthly; looks almost like a new car and runs like one; equipped with automatic windshield wiper, spare tire and other extras.
ALSO AN OAKLAND TOURING CHEAP.
WARREN-NASH MOTOR CORPORATION,
1,787 Broadway, at 58th St.
Open Evenings. Columbus 7200.
CLOSED ALL DAY FRIDAY
IN HONOR OF PRESIDENT HARDING.

HAYNES.

HAYNES 1921	tour. 5 pass; extra good.
HAYNES 1922	tour. 5 pass.; like new.
HAYNES 1921	brougham 5 pass.; new car.
HAYNES 1923	speedster 2 pass.; like new.
HAYNES 1923	sedan 5 pass.; like new.

Special low prices for quick sale.
HAYNES AUTOMOBILE CO., of N. Y., Inc.
1715 Broadway.

HUDSON and Essex, open and closed models, some overhauled and repainted; ready for immediate delivery; also fine bargains in other makes of cars. Hudson Exchange Car Dept., 1,771 Broadway. Circle 6830. Open evenings.

HUDSON Coupe, 1921; 4-passenger, practically new; make offer. New Amsterdam Storage Warehouse, 19 West 67th St. Open today.

JORDAN 1923 brougham, absolutely perfect throughout; sacrifice. Bronx-Jordan Co., Kellogg 10002.

KISSEL De Lux

LOST AND FOUND

Advertisements for tomorrow received to midnight. Bryant 1000.

LOST.

BAG, brown leather, initials K. M., between McAlpin and Pennsylvania Station, Thursday afternoon, containing papers and passport; liberal reward. K. Suzeki, 50 Church St., Room 356.

BAG, black silk, money, season tickets for Brighton Beach Baths; signature Virginia Robinson; West End Express; reward. Phone Circle 4317.

BANK BOOK—No. 223,152, East River Savings Institution. Finder kindly return to bank or to Charles E. Stuart, 122 West 78th St., New York.

BANK book, No. 235, lost; Commonwealth Bank, main office; special deposit dept.; payment stopped; return to bank.

BANK BOOK, Chelsea Exchange, Harlem Branch, 13044; return to Chelsea Exchange Bank.

BRIEF CASE containing Dalton adding machine catalogue, between Christopher and 34th Sts., from 9th Av. "L"; suitable reward. Worth 1012

HANDBAG, blue leather, containing money, keys, Lexington Av. subway, 68th St., yesterday; liberal reward. Hoffmann, 291 Riverside Drive.

HANDBAG—Brown; 50th St. "L" station, Aug. 8; liberal reward. Circle 5575.

PACKAGE wrapped in blue paper, containing lady's comb and hairpiece, lost on Wednesday in the Strand Theatre or in taxicab. Finder will receive reward by returning to F. E. May, 347 Madison Av., 11th floor.

POCKETBOOK containing sum of money; owner can have by writing description to H 249 Times.

PORTFOLIO—Lost on train between Washington and New York, containing papers of value only to owner; $25 reward. Nicholas, 102 Greenwich St., Room 6.

Jewelry.

BARPIN—Lost, diamond and platinum barpin in McCreery's or in taxi from McCreery's to Cadillac Hotel. Finder return same to Mrs. Mayme Mulholand, 1 West 94th St. Liberal reward.

BAR PIN, diamond, platinum, 181st St. or Riverside Bus; liberal reward. Main 3148.

BRACELET with diamond and sapphires, in Bronx Park; reward. L 410 Times.

BROOCH—Ladies' diamond, platinum, Aug. 6, about 3:30 P. M., between Happiness Store, 43d St. and Stern Bros.; liberal reward. M 238 Times.

DIAMOND, small, pear-shaped, from ring, valued heirloom; reward. R. W. Smith, 35 West 45th., 5th floor.

GOLD WATCH and chain, marked "J. O'C. to M. O'C., 1901." Return to Room 2866, Woolworth Building, New York.

HANDBAG, containing diamond earrings, watch, bracelet, other items; liberal reward. Apply, phone Wing, 607 West 133d. Morningside 7427.

LADY'S GOLD WATCH with short chain, in New York or Montclair; reward. 43 Highland Av., Montclair, N. J.

LAVALLIERE, diamond, 56 stones; lost 24th-33d Sts.; $200 reward; no questions asked. Apply Assistant Manager, Pennsylvania Hotel.

LORGNETTE, gold, on Broadway car early Thursday evening; reward. Stern, 645 West 255th St.

PIN, pearl, crescent; Sunday, Aug. 5; liberal reward. Apt. 51, 506 West 122d.

PIN, circular, turquoise and pearl, lost Tuesday; reward. M 315 Times.

PURSE, gold vanity case, Westchester-Biltmore, Rye, N. Y., July 28; reward to finder. B 1196 Times Harlem.

RING, lady's, one large, four small diamonds, set in platinum; reward.- Phone Bryant 3566.

RING, diamond, 3 stones, lost 32d, 6th to 5th Av., Riverside 7383.

SCARFPIN, diamond, sapphire, pear-shaped; liberal reward. Cashier, Vanderbilt Hotel.

WATCH—Reward for return of gentleman's Waltham; monogram outside, name inside case; valued as presentation by associates. Phone Vanderbilt 0150.

$1,000 REWARD

will be paid for the return of large beaded hand bag, gold frame, and contents intact, consisting of 2 pearl necklaces, pearl tassel diamond top, 2 diamond rings and diamond and sapphire bracelet, lost in United States Hotel, Saratoga Springs, N. Y., or immediate vicinity, Tuesday, Aug. 7. Communicate C. J. Cunningham, Manager United States Hotel, or J. A. Williams, 23 Beaver St., N. Y. City. Broad 1233.

REWARD.

A reward of $1,500 will be paid to any person who can bring about the recovery of the undermentioned objects which are missing from my apartment located in Pacific Av., Atlantic City, N. J., since Saturday, Aug. 4, 5:30 P. M. NO QUESTIONS ASKED.

LIST OF OBJECTS.

1 necklace, 5 bracelets, 2 rings, 1 pin.

Write to P. O. B. 91, Trinity Station, New York City.

Wearing Apparel.

CAPE—Black silk, fur-trimmed, blue lining; Central Park, Tuesday evening; reward. Apt. 614, 1 West 67th.

SABLE NECK PIECE—Lost, heavy gold chain attached; probably 5th Av. Bus; suitable reward. Telephone Butterfield 8885.

STONE MARTEN, two-skin, probably Pennsylvania Station or taxi from Pennsylvania Station to Grand Central; Monday night; reward. R. A. Van Alst Jr., 46 Cedar St. Phone 3662 John.

Cats, Dogs and Birds.

COLLIE DOG, black, ruff and feet white, license tag number 28670-R; liberal reward if returned to Duschnes, 355 West End Av. Endicott 2541.

DOG lost, July 31, German Schnauzer Airedale type dog, pepper and salt color, large tooth in lower jaw broken, close cut pointed ears and short tail; liberal reward. D. Bedford. East Norwich, L. I.

POMERANIAN DOG, brown, on Aug. 4; liberal reward. N. Becher, 136 Coleridge St., Manhattan Beach.

$500 REWARD.

Collie Shepherd dog, black and white, male, named Jack; license No. 2024, Los Angeles, Cal.; strayed away July 4th, 1922; any information communicate with J. P. Doneelan, 140 Nassau St., City. Phone Beekman 5522.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

MY WIFE, BETSY HOVELL, HAVING left my bed and board, I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by her. Edgar T. Hovell, 2431 Grand St., Maspeth, L. I.

LOUIS GLASSBERG BOUGHT STORE from Abr. Davidson at 1,817 Crotona Av., Bronx. All creditors will please present claims. LOUIS GLASSBERG.

I WILL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY debts made by my wife. Frank Brew, 385 West 45th St.

INSTRUCTION

Business Schools.

Evening study at Pace Institute—technical study of Business and Accountancy—increases ability and earning power. Call or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for new Bulletin. New Evening class in Accountancy and Business Administration forms on Wednesday, August 15, at 6 P. M. Pace Institute, 30 Church St., N. Y.

PRATT SCHOOL, 62 West 45th St. Secretarial Training. Individual Instruction. Open all Summer.

Law Schools.

New York Law School Afternoon and Evening Schools. A student can finish in three years' course. "Dwight Method" of instruction, making Pre-eminent the Study of Legal Principles and the Reasons therefor. Record of graduates notable. Send for catalogue to GEORGE CHASE, Dean, 215 W. 23d St., N. Y. City.

Dancing.

ALBERT H. HARRIS, 637 Madison Av. real instruction ballroom dancing; no freakishness; private and class lessons; investigate. Phone Plaza 1258.

Swimming.

LEARN TO SWIM

Six (6) Lessons for $5.00

largest Swimming Pool in U. S.

Phone Mad. Sq. 5178-9686; or come right over.

M. MacLavy, Director

Madison Square Garden Gymnasium.

(Entrance 26th Street)

SWIMMING INSTRUCTOR, graduate of training school, experience and references. Agnes Hall, 600 Lexington Av., New York City.

Miscellaneous.

INSTRUCTION WANTED, TENOR BANJO —Must be professional in well-known dance orchestra or working on disks, willing to instruct amateur who knows a good player; by teachers. P 621 Times.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—The principal barometric disturbance Thursday night was centred over the Canadian Maritime Provinces, while a second area of low pressure covered much of the Rocky Mountain region. Over most of the eastern third of the United States, as well as from the South Atlantic Coast eastward over the ocean, the pressure was relatively high. The principal areas covered by precipitation since Wednesday night include portions of the South Atlantic and Gulf States, Tennessee, the lower Ohio Valley and the Middle Plains States and the central middle Rocky Mountain region. Temperature changes have been irregular. In general, however, lower readings have prevailed in the Middle States and portions of the Rocky Mountain region, and higher readings over most of the Middle West.

The outlook is for generally fair weather during the next two days in the North Atlantic and Middle Atlantic States, the lower lake region and most of the Ohio Valley, while in Tennessee and the East Gulf and South Atlantic States the weather will be mostly partly cloudy with scattered thunder showers. Temperatures will be somewhat higher Friday in northern New England and the lower lake region. Elsewhere in the Washington forecast district changes will be slight with readings close to the seasonal normal.

COUNTRY-WIDE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Observations at United States Weather Bureau stations during the twenty-four hours preceding 8 P. M. yesterday:

Station.	Temperature High.	Low.	Barom-eter.	Rain-fall.	Weather.
Abilene	90	74	29.90	..	Clear
Albany	80	54	30.06	..	Clear
Atlanta	84	72	30.06	.06	Cloudy
Atlantic City	74	70	30.08	..	Clear
Baltimore	80	68	30.06	..	Clear
Bismarck	78	56	30.02	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Boston	81	58	30. 04	..	Clear
Buffalo	80	58	30.06	..	Clear
Charleston	92	78	30.04	.12	Cloudy
Chicago	76	68	30.08	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Cincinnati	86	68	29.98	..	Cloudy
Cleveland	74	60	30.06	..	Clear
Denver	78	58	29.92	..	Rain
Detroit	78	56	30.06	..	Clear
Galveston	86	76	30.04	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Helena	80	50	27.78	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Jacksonville	94	78	30.04	.14	Rain
Kansas City	86	70	29.98	..	Cloudy
Los Angeles	76	60	29.82	..	Clear
Milwaukee	74	64	30.06	..	Clear
Minneapolis-St Paul	80	60	29.98	..	Cloudy
New Orleans	88	76	30.04	.38	Cloudy
New York	77	65	30.08	..	Clear
Oklahoma	98	74	29.92	..	Clear
Philadelphia	80	64	30.06	..	Clear
Pittsburgh	84	62	30.02	..	Clear
Portland, Me.	78	54	30.02	..	Clear
Portland, Ore.	78	60	29.92	..	Clear
Salt Lake City	90	62	29.72	..	Cloudy
San Antonio	90	70	29.94	..	Clear
San Diego	72	62	29.84	..	Clear
San Francisco	64	54	29.86	..	Clear
Seattle	74	56	29.96	..	Clear
St. Louis	94	70	29.92	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Washington	80	68	30.06	..	Cloudy

Northern New England—Generally fair Friday and probably Saturday; warmer Friday in interior.

Southern New England—Fair Friday and Saturday; little change in temperature.

Eastern New York, New Jersey, Eastern Pennsylvania, District of Columbia, Delaware and Maryland—Fair Friday and probably Saturday; little change in temperature.

Western Pennsylvania—Fair Friday and probably Saturday; slightly warmer Friday near Lake Erie.

Western New York—Generally fair Friday and Saturday; somewhat warmer Friday in western portion.

NEW YORK CITY WEATHER RECORDS.

Official Temperature.

3 AM	72	12 M	73	6 PM	75
6 AM	66	1 PM	73	7 PM	68
8 AM	66	2 PM	74	8 PM	69
9 AM	68	3 PM	71	9 PM	67
10 AM	71	4 PM	74	10 PM	67
11 AM	72	5 PM	75	11 PM	67

Average temperature yesterday, 71.

Average same date last year, 68.

Average same date for 48 years, 74.

Barometer, 30.14 at 8 A. M.; 30.08 at 8 P. M.

Humidity, 57 at 8 A. M.; 68 at 8 P. M.

Wind at 8 A. M., northeast, velocity 10 miles; at 8 P. M., south, velocity 18 miles.

Weather, clear at 8 A. M.; clear at 8 P. M.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—Forecast:

Illinois and Indiana—Partly cloudy Friday and Saturday, possibly unsettled; slightly warmer extreme north Friday.

Lower Michigan—Partly cloudy Friday and Saturday, probably unsettled; slightly warmer Friday.

Upper Michigan—Unsettled Friday; Saturday generally fair; moderate temperature.

Wisconsin, Missouri, Iowa and Kansas—Partly cloudy, somewhat unsettled Friday and Saturday; not much change in temperature.

Minnesota—Partly cloudy Friday; cooler near Lake Superior; Saturday mostly cloudy, probably showers west.

Fire Record.

A. M.		Loss.
12:20	304 Fifth Av.; William McLaughlin	Slight
2:55	28 East 10 St.; Sarger & Co.	Not given
6:45	8 Macdougal St.; Day's Express Co.	Not given
8:30	1,811 Amsterdam Av.; Irving Rosen	Slight
8:50	42 Fulton St.; Max Low	Not given
11:05	248 East 14 St.; John Enger	Not given
11:30	2,290 Broadway; rubbish in lot.	Not given
11:43	1,423 Edwards Av., the Bronx; Charles Eraciano	Not given
P. M.		
12:20	162 Lewis St.; Philip Rosenberg	None
1:15	185 St. and Bronx River, The Bronx; William Snyder	Not given
1:30	248 W. 105 St.; J. A. Cofferty.	Not given
1:30	74 W. 46 St.; A. Fuskey	Not given
2:30	516 W. 27 St.; International Milk Co.	Not given
3:00	646 6 Av.; Bennett & Co.	Not given
3:45	540 W. 24 St.; Arthur Cuchel.	Not given
4:40	1,565 3 Av.; Schimel & Docher.	Not given
5:10	67 5 Av.; not given	Not given
6:45	30 Goerck St.	Not given
7:00	344 Allen St.; Philip Plank	Not given
7:45	134 St. and Willis Av., the Bronx	Not given
7:50	395 Water St.; not given	Slight
8:15	409 E. Houston St.; Abe Goldsinger and East River	Not given
9:00	4 St. and East River	Not given
9:10	104 W. 121 St.; Sam Lebo	Not given
9:25	1,316 Southern Boulevard, the Bronx	Not given
11:00	Lafayette and Kenmare Sts.; auto; Salvadore Danainto	Slight
11:10	235 Wooster St; Jacob Kasshis	Slight
11:15	301 W 59 St; not given	Slight
11:25	110 St and Broadway; auto, Thomas Klein	Not given

Estates Appraised.

New York.

KOBURGER, GEORGE (Feb. 22, 1922). Irene B. Colburg, niece, is executrix and was named as sole beneficiary, but, while the assets were $16,917, deductions were $12,129.

MEYER, ANNA C. (Aug. 20, 1922). Charles G. Meyer and other executors of estate of $1,500,189. She gave a third of the estate, valued at $441,678, to her brother, Christian H. Meyer and also left him an interest in trust funds. She gave the rest to nephews, nieces, grandnephews and grandnieces. She owned securities valued at $1,228,913, including 1,250 shares of the Cord Meyer Company, worth $355,245, and 749 shares of the Home Insurance Company, appraised at $326,840.

RAVN, CHRISTOPHER (Feb. 24). Hans Fay administrator of estate of $38,831, left to relatives in Norway.

ROCKEFELLER, WILLIAM (June 24, 1922). Percy A. Rockefeller and John A. Garver executors of estate of $102,584,438 gross and $67,649,660 net. He had real estate worth $2,941,550, securities appraised at $73,009,108 and mortgages and notes worth $24,791,801. He divided the estate among his four children, who got $14,372,149 each.

Kings.

DAVIS, WILLIAM FREDERICK (Jan. 21). Estate of $4,990. To Order of St. Anne, $949; St. Martin's Church, $2,020; William B. Duckham, $550; Edna Frances Davis, sister, $3,670.

NISH, MARA (May 15, 1922)—Gross estate, $31,283; net, $31,235. Assets include money in banks, $11,611; bonds and mortgages, $2,601; 24 United States Treasury notes, $24,190. To Flatbush Boys' Club, $1,000; Beekman Street Hospital, $50,233.

PITTALADDO, JAMES B. (June 2, 1921)—Gross estate, $31,634; net, $23,895. The assets include equity in lot southeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Twenty-fifth Street, Brooklyn, $1,063; southeast corner Fort Hamilton Avenue and West Street, Brooklyn, $3,603; Fort Hamilton Avenue, near Gravesend Avenues, $1,118; land in the Town of Hope, Hamilton County, N. Y., $286; interest in the Thomas Pitbladdo Monumental Works, Brooklyn, $10,740; other property $6,713. To Anna M. Pitbladdo, wife, $8,140; to six children, in equal amounts, $3,434.

REILLY, ELIZABETH M. (March 29, 1923)—Estate, $7,939, to Agnes Virginia Reilly, daughter.

SMITH, LAVINIA A. (Nov. 23, 1922).—Gross estate, $27,861; net, $22,102. To Naomi Sheffield Lawrence, daughter, $11,104; Agnes Blair Reed, daughter, $10,423; Samuel E. Vechell, $20.

STEG, ELIZABETH (June 8, 1923)—Gross estate, $32,797; net, $21,988. Assets include premises 362 Central Avenue, Brooklyn, $4,000, and 31 Kilsey Street, Brooklyn, $4,800; banks, $9,437. To Charles Steg, grandson, $4,300; four of decedent's children in shares of less than $3,000 each, $17,682.

Westchester.

OTTMULLER, FREDERICK (Feb. 27). Theresa, widow, is executrix of estate of $13,361 and gets it.

SMITH, HARRIET J. (Jan. 19). Edna Acton Cornish executrix of $6,499, left to husband and daughter.

SMITH, KATHERINE S. (Sept. 16, 1922). Frank H. MacIntosh executor of $27,943, left to mother, Charlotte W. Scott.

STEVENS, GERTRUDE LECOUNT (Jan. 7). New Rochelle Trust Company executor of $60,760, left to Dr. C. P. Stevens, husband, and two daughters.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

[All the times indicated are under Daylight Saving.]

	Sandy Hook. A. M.	P. M.	Governors Island. A. M.	P. M.	Hell Gate. A. M.	P. M.	THE SUN. Rises. A. M.	Sets. P. M.
High water	6:49	7:11	7:21	7:36	9:08	9:15	6:00	8:03
Low water	12:59	....	1:25	1:35	3:34	3:29		

Incoming Steamships Carrying Mail

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Essequibo	Colon	Aug. 1
Bogota	Savannah	July 29
Camoens	Pernambuco	July 10
Rosalind	St. Johns, N.F.	Aug. 4
Cameronia	Glasgow	Aug. 1
Limon	Puerto Barrios	July 29
Ft. Victoria	Bermuda	Aug. 7
Vika	Port Antonio	July 31

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Berengaria	Southampton	Aug. 4
Zeeland	Antwerp	July 31
President Harding	Bremen	Aug. 1

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Giulio Cesare	Naples	Aug. 1

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Veendam	Southampton	Aug. 2
Paris	Havre	Aug. 5
Guiana	Barbados	July 30
Iroquois	San Domingo	Aug. 4

DUE SUNDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Baltic	Liverpool	Aug. 4
Pastores	Port Limon	Aug. 4
Benedict	Para	July 25
Venezuela	Cristobal	July 31

DUE MONDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Ft. St. George	Bermuda	Aug. 10
Leviathan	Southampton	Aug. 7
Orbita	Hamburg	Aug. 3
Oscar II	Copenhagen	Aug. 3
Zulia	Mayaguez	Aug. 7

Other Incoming Steamships

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Norfolk Range	Dundee	July 25
Fort Morgan	Cananova	Aug. 6

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Dacre Castle	Gibraltar	July 13
Mincio	Genoa	July 19
Strombolli	Buenos Aires	July 13
Yenchurch	Malaga	July 22
Toluma	Tocopilla	July 18

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
H. H. Rogers	Colon	Aug. 2
Lehigh	Colon	July 30

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Munrio	Colon	July 30
Nuria	Gibraltar	July 24

DUE SUNDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Floridian	San Francisco	July 19
Pipestone County	Havre	July 19
Stanley	San Pedro	July 14

DUE MONDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Bonny	Sierra Leone	July 24
Agwisimth	San Pedro	July 20
Milazzo	Genoa	July 10
Ranoxie	St. Nazaire	July 25

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer.	Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
West Mohamet, Port Said		9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Egypt. (Specially addressed.)
Nordstjernen, Nassau		8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Bahamas, Inagua and Fortune Islands.
City of Madrid, Cape Lisnell, Buenos Aires		9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Argentina, Uruguay and Paraguay specially addressed.
City of Madrid, Cape Town		9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	South Africa. (Specially addressed.)
Bergenafjord, Bergen		9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Finland.
Commodore Rollins, Kingston		12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.	Jamaica.
Roma, Alexandria		11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Syria and Palestine. (Egypt specially addressed.)
Munamar, Nuevitas		9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	City of Nuevitas. (Other parts Cuba specially addressed.)

SAIL TOMORROW.

Majestic, Southampton		7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia. (Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, South Africa, Cape Verde and Sierra Leone specially addressed.)
President Roosevelt, Bremen		9:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia. (Canaries specially addressed.)
Savoie, Havre		7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia.
Nieuw Amsterdam, Rotterdam		7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia (specially addressed).
Carmania, Liverpool		8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Irish Free State. (Other countries specially addressed.)
Celtic, Liverpool		8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia (specially addressed).
Constantinople, Piraeus		12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.	Greece (specially addressed).
Assyria, Glasgow			12:00 M.	No mails.
Ohio, Hamburg			10:00 A.M.	No mails.
Rosalind, St. John's		7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Newfoundland.
Ft. Victoria, Hamilton		7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Bermuda.
Vestris, Buenos Aires		7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	South Brazil, Argentina, Uruguay and Paraguay. (Bermuda specially addressed.)
Calamares, Pt. Limon		8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Costa Rica. (Cuba, Colombia, Ecuador and Honduras specially addressed.)
Sibonay, Havana		8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Cuba (specially addressed).
Philadelphia, La Guayra		8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Curacao, Venezuela, Porto Rico, Virgin Islands, Macoris and San Domingo City.
Polycarp, Natal		11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	North Brazil and Iquitos. (Other parts of Brazil specially addressed.)

SAIL MONDAY.

Muenchen, Bremen		7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Germany (specially addressed).
Limon, Tela		9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Jamaica, Guatemala, Salvador and British Honduras. (Cuba and other parts Honduras specially addressed.)

SAIL TUESDAY.

Berengaria, Southampton		6:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia. (Norway and Canary Islands, specially addressed.)
Frederik VIII, Copenhagen		10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Finland.
President Fillmore, Bremen		10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Germany (specially addressed).
Bogota, Cartagena		1:30 P.M.	4:00 P.M.	Colombia, except Cartagena, Cauca, Marino and Magdalena departments.

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer and Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.	Steamer and Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
Tarantia, London	Aug. 11	9:00 A.M.	Maracaibo, Hull	Aug. 25	10:00 A.M.
Djambi, Batavia	Aug. 11	1:00 P.M.	Norfolk Range, London	Aug. 25	1:00 P.M.
Pt. Bowen, Sydney, N.S.W.	Aug. 15	12:00 M.	Muncaster Castle, Manila	Aug. 25	9:00 A.M.
Clan Mathison, Auckland	Aug. 22	1:00 P.M.	Endicott, Kobe	Aug. 25	10:00 A.M.
Menominee, London	Aug. 25	9:00 A.M.	Sutton Hall, Adelaide	Aug. 25	10:00 A.M.

Reported by Radio

SS Berengaria (Cunard Line), incoming from Southampton, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 54, North River, Friday afternoon.

SS Zeeland (Red Star Line), incoming from Antwerp, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 61, North River, Friday afternoon.

SS Paris (French Line), incoming from Havre, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 57, North River, Saturday forenoon.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At	Date.
George Washington	Plymouth	Aug. 9
Volendam	Rotterdam	Aug. 7
Pan America	Buenos Aires	Aug. 8
Wekiki	Avonmouth	Aug. 8
Watneys	Cape Town	Aug. 8
Cape Ortegal	Santander	Aug. 3
McKeesport	Rotterdam	Aug. 4
Seydlitz	Bremen	Aug. 4
Marengo	Antwerp	Aug. 5
Tuscania	Jaffe	Aug. 8

SAILED.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Rotterdam	Southampton	Aug. 9
Scythia	Liverpool	Aug. 9
Dorothy Luckenbach	Cristobal	Aug. 8
Mystic	Cristobal	Aug. 8
Huguenot	Cristobal	Aug. 8
Orcan	Hamburg	Aug. 8
Presidente Wilson	Naples	Aug. 4
Lapland	Antwerp	Aug. 8

Transpacific Mails

The connecting mails close at the G. P. O. and City Hall P. O. Stations, New York, at 6:00 P. M., daily, except Sundays and holidays, and 5 P. M., Sundays and holidays, as follows:

Hawaii, via San Francisco	Manoa	Aug. 10
Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed correspondence only), via Seattle	Philocteles	Aug. 10
Tahiti, Society Islands, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand and Australia, via San Francisco; also parcel-post mails for Society Islands, New Zealand and Australia	Maunganui	Aug. 12
Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Siberia, French Indochina, Netherlands East Indies, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Philippine Islands, via Seattle; also parcel-post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indochina, Brunei, Labuan, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Straits Settlements	President Madison	Aug. 13
Hawaii, Guam and prints and parcel post for Philippine Islands, via San Francisco	A. T. Grant	Aug. 17
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Siberia, French Indochina, Netherlands, East Indies, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States North Borneo and Sarawak; also prints and parcel-post mails for Philippine Islands, via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indochina, Brunei, Labuan, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Straits Settlements	President Lincoln	Aug. 18
Philippine Islands (letter mail only), also specially addressed correspondence for Japan, Korea and China, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.	Empress of Canada	Aug. 18
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia and New Zealand, via San Francisco; also parcel-post mails for Samoan Islands and Australia. (Note—Letter mails for New Zealand will be disembarked at Honolulu for connection with S. S. Makura due there Sept. 1)	Sonoma	Aug. 22

Post Office Notice

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates: Shanghai, July 21; Mukden, July 22; Yokohama, July 26, which arrived per steamer Arizona Maru, were dispatched East from Seattle on Aug. 8, and mails dated Mukden, July 21; Yokohama, July 25, which arrived per steamer Toyooka Maru, were dispatched East from Seattle on Aug. 8. These mails are due in New York on the morning of Sunday, Aug. 12.

Second Army Corps Orders.

At Headquarters Second Corps Area, Governors Island, orders were issued yesterday directing the following named civilians to proceed at once to the Citizens' Military Training camps indicated for duty as candidates:

TO PLATTSBURG BARRACKS—Farris, Edmund J.; Bander, Al. L.; Frank, Samuel E.; Gerbman, Sol. C.

TO CAMP DIX, N. J.—Blackmer, Gilbert C.

TO CAMP ALFRED VAIL, N. J.—Bailey, Foster K.

National Guard Orders.

ALBANY, Aug. 9.—These National Guard orders were bulletined in the office of the Adjutant General today:

Petzoldt, 2d Lt. Robert W., 14th Inf., commissioned for assignment to Hdqrs. Co., 3d Bn.

In accordance with authority from headquarters, Second Corps Area, Col. Edward J. Westcott, Jr., Gen. Dept., and Lt. Col. Burton H. Mull, 1st Lt. Alfred F. Anderson and Sergt. Andrew De Rouvil, Qm. Corps, will receive their field training at the State camp of instruction, Peekskill, from Aug. 12 to 26, inclusive.

Capt. Joseph M. Schater, Qm. Corps, and Capt. Charles R. Morrison, 13th Coast Defense Command, will proceed to Tobyhanna, Pa., on or about Aug. 10 for the purpose of paying National Guard troops receiving field training at that place.

Marine Corps Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—The Marine Corps headquarters published the following orders today:

AUG. 2.

Thrasher, Maj. T. E. Jr., to Quantico, Va.

Mitchell, Capt. R. J., to Hdqrs. Mar. Corps.

Price, Capt. R. B., to 2d Brig., Santo Domingo.

AUG. 3.

Davis, Capt. L. S., resignation accepted.

AUG. 4.

Cols. Davis, H. C.; Moses, L. H., to Army War Coll., Washington.

Campbell, Lt. Col. C., to Ft. Benning.

Hanley, Maj. J. R., to Ft. Leavenworth.

Kincaide, Maj. G. M., to Ft. Benning.

Price, Capt. R. B., to Sig. School, Camp Alfred Vail.

Hall, 1st Lt. E. E., to Quantico, Va.

AUG. 6.

Rixey, Lt. Col. P. M., to Paris, Idaho.

Dyer, Maj. J. F., to 1st Brig., Haiti.

Passmore, Capt. L., and Kilby, Capt. W. E., to Quantico.

The Civil Service.

United States.

JUNIOR LABORATORY AID—There will be an examination on Sept. 19 for junior laboratory aid (plant of pathology) for a vacancy in the Bureau of Plant Industry, Department of Agriculture, Washington, at $840 a year, and positions elsewhere. The duties will consist of assisting in the plant pathology laboratory by making culture media, making simple chemical analyses and care of laboratory glassware and apparatus. The subjects are: Spelling, 10; arithmetic, 15; letter writing, 15; copying and correcting manuscript, 10, and practical questions in plant pathology, 50. Applicants must have reached their eighteenth, but not their forty-fifth birthday. The position of aid in the various branches of the Bureau of Plant Industry offers many advantages to young persons desirous of taking up certain lines of special or scientific work. The preliminary training (practical, theoretic and scientific) to be obtained will be valuable to any young person who has a taste for scientific work in agriculture or who contemplates taking a course at some agricultural college. Opportunities will be afforded for advancement to more responsible positions.

Examinations in New York State will be held at Binghamton, Buffalo, Elmira, Ithaca, Jamestown, New York City, Oddensburg, Plattsburg, Poughkeepsie, Rochester, Syracuse, Troy and Utica, and in New Jersey at Atlantic City, Camden, Newark and Trenton.

MEDICAL ASSISTANT—Applications will be received up to Sept. 11 for an examination for medical assistant (pharmacology) for a vacancy in the Bureau of Chemistry, Department of Agriculture, Washington, at $2,000 to $2,600, and others elsewhere. The duties will be to carry on pharmacological and toxicological investigations and research in connection with the standardization and physiological assay of certain drugs, such as digitalis, strophanthus, ergot pituitary, &c., as required by the United States Pharmacopoeia. Competitors will be rated upon their sworn and corroborated statements. Applicants must hold the degree of M. D. and their undergraduate course must have included a full course in pharmacology and a thorough training in physiological chemistry or have an education equivalent to an M. D. degree; must have had at least two years' experience or postgraduate training in toxicology, pharmacology or experimental medicine. The subjects are: General education and medical training, 50; practical or professional experience and fitness, 30, and publication of thesis, 20. Applicants must not have reached their fiftieth birthday.

NORWEGIAN-AMERICA LINE
NORWAY—SWEDEN—DENMARK
Hamburg Calls

To England and the Continent
The Giant Express "Paris"
Wednesday, August 15th
Sailing 11 A. M.
Splendid accommodations available.
Reduced Winter rates now in effect.
French Line
Local French Line Agts. or Company's Office
19 State Street, New York City

N.Y.—Plymouth—Havre—Paris
FRANCE ....Aug. 22 Sept. 19 Oct. 10
LAFAYETTE..Sept. 1 Sept. 29 Nov. 10
PARIS .....Sept. 12 Oct. 3 Oct. 24
New York—Havre—Paris
Rochambeau ..Sept. 15 Oct. 13 Nov. 17
La Savoie.....Sept. 8 Oct. 20 Nov. 24
Rochambeau ..Sept. 15 Oct. 18 Dec. 8
Suffren .....Sept. 18 Nov.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Bank and business references required under this classification.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

CAPITAL FURNISHED.

I have an organization of trained security salesmen who have had years of experience; their record of successful campaigns is an enviable one.

To corporations in need of financing, who can stand rigid investigatio, who have a satisfied list of stockholders, this organization is available.

No promotions considered.

References of highest class furnished and expected. M 44 Times.

BUSINESS MAN desires to purchase either outright or a substantial active interest in a going manufacturing business; give full details as to nature of business, capital required and proposition offered, which will be kept strictly confidential; no agents. L 435 Times.

YOUNG MAN, Gentile, desires to associate himself with a live manufacturing concern; is in a position to purchase substantial interest; no schemes or experiments, no agents; state facts in first communication. L 436 Times.

GENTLEMAN, 42, American, broad business experience, will invest several thousand with services in established business. T., Box 26, Nyack, N. Y.

WILL invest $5,000 with services legitimate business; particulars. 136 140th, Rockaway Park.

CAPITAL WANTED.

CAPITAL WANTED

$10,000 to $25,000 additional capital required by manufacturer of highly profitable automoblie accessory for expanding business; last year's profits were large; a real legitimate opportunity for a man with money to invest. B 985 Times Downtown.

OPENING for active man with $5,000 in old-established office business showing substantial profits. Jas. J. Crowe, Suite 610 Times Building.

CORPORATION offers half or controlling stock in profitable business, storage batteries and electrical equipment. D 1214 Times Bronx.

MAN, with $2,500, act as secretary mortgage corporation; splendid opportunity; experience unnecessary. S 990 Times Downtown.

CORPORATION requires additional capital for expansion; half or controlling stock to reliable parties; open to investigation. D 1215 Times Bronx.

ELEGANT wholesale trimming and metal novelty business desires partner with $10,000; real opportunity. A. E., 88 Times.

FINANCING AND LOANS.

BUSINESS AND PERSONAL LOANS.
Loans to $5,000, one year or less, weekly or monthly payment plan; no chattels, no pawns, no salary assignment; call or write for booklet.
THE MORRIS PLAN COMPANY,
Resources over $16,000,000.
Main office, 261 Broadway.
268 Grand St. 26 Court St., Brooklyn.
361 East 149th St. 1,668 Pitkin Av., B'klyn.
3 Union Square. 804 Manhattan Av., B'klyn.
Under Supervision State Banking Dept.

LOANS TO AUTOMOBILE OWNERS, CAR REMAINING IN YOUR POSSESSION; LOANS GRANTED WITHIN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS; STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. PEERLESS SALES CORPORATION, 136 WEST 52D. CIRCLE 5743.

ADVANCES ON NOTES, ACCEPTANCES, CUSTOMERS' ACCOUNTS, RENT ASSIGNMENTS, OTHER GOOD COLLATERALS, LIBERAL TERMS; CONFIDENTIAL. K. KORONES, 299 BROADWAY. WORTH 7392.

MONEY! MONEY MAKES MONEY!
Money loaned in any amount on diamonds, jewelry, silverware; safe deposit vaults; special rate for short-time loans.
EQUITABLE PLEDGE SOCIETY, INC.,
3 EAST 14TH ST.

OUTSTANDING accounts financed on liberal terms and at lowest rates; confidential, quick service assured. Mercantile Factors Corporation, 212 5th Av. Madison Square 8857.

AUTOMOBILE OWNERS obtain loans while using car; quick answers; confidential. Bryant 2885.

AUTOMOBILE loans made quickly and confidentially, lowest rates; representative calls. Longacre 5138.

UNLISTED securities accepted as collateral on loans. Z 2861 Times Annex.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

ART NOVELTY and cardboard cut-out manufacturer seeks new partner with sufficient capital to buy half interest and provide for necessary expansion; fine opportunity for sales manager. X 2097 Times Annex.

SALESMEN, of securities, advertising, &c., desiring a business for themselves with large profits. Ask for Mr. Hall, Room 1010 A, Knickerbocker Building. Telephone Bryant 0641.

FOR SALE.

SHOE FACTORY FOR SALE.
Complete up-to-date factory in operation, fully equipped, production 250 pairs daily; sold with or without machinery; located centre of Brooklyn's shoe district; very favorable labor facilities; 5-year lease; very moderate rent; moving to larger quarters. 92 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

FURNISHED house, upper west side, near Broadway; 21 rooms, 6 baths, steam; long lease; $2,500 required; $500 guaranteed monthly profits; leaving city, must sell. Hines. 5 Columbus Circle.

APARTMENT HOTEL—100 ROOMS, near Broadway; income $50,000 yearly; long lease; only $15,000 required. Jas. Crowe, Suite 610, Times Building.

INTERIOR decoration business; good clientele; highest standing; prosperous Middle Western city; owner retiring. 419A, 47 West 42d.

HAIR DRYERS, immersion heaters, sewing machine motors, water heaters, reflector heaters, first-class merchandise; low prices. V 771 Times Downtown.

ARCHITECT'S office, suburban, established, for sale; wonderful opportunity. Tel. Belle Harbor 0560. 237 Beach 116th St., Rockaway Park, N. Y.

LUNCH ROOM, established 10 years, must sell on account of sickness, good buy for right party; $2,000 required; in downtown business section. M 885 Times Downtown.

GARAGE—West 55th St.; filled; unusual opportunity; good reasons; $3,200; no agents. Columbus 3759.

INFANTS and children's shop, Main St., New Rochelle, N. Y.; must sell at once. Tel. 2451 or write 405 Main St.

LADIES' SPECIALTY AND DRESS SHOP—Desirable neighborhood; will sell reasonable. M 2 Times.

RESTAURANT, 35-year stand; owner retiring; reasonable. Particulars, Box 753, Monroe, N. Y.

GARAGE; Long Island; established; direct owner; security only; no opposition; $8,000. Francis J. Phillips, 47 West 42d.

FOR SALE.

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MY SALES LETTERS bring results because they are scientifically written. Durant, 161 Water St. John 4194.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BEST retail store location in Philadelphia now available; suitable for a $2,000,000 business in wearing apparel and kindred lines; three selling floors of 44x112 each. Communicate with Apartment Realty Co., 308 Guarantee Trust Bldg., Atlantic City, N. J.

APPELLATE DIVISION TO GET WARD FIGHT

Court Will Assemble Monday to Hear State's Motion to Bar Justice Seeger.

DEFENSE PLANS BLOCKED

Plea for Inspection of Minutes of the Indicting Grand Jury Must Wait.

The preliminary legal battle in the case of Walter S. Ward, indicted for murder in the first degree in the shooting of Clarence M. Peters, took a new turn yesterday when Justice William J. Kelly, presiding over the Appellate Division of the Second Department, in Brooklyn, announced he would convene that court next Monday morning for the special purpose of hearing a motion of Special Deputy Attorney General Thomas J. O'Neill.

O'Neill will move that a writ of prohibition be directed against Supreme Court Justice Arthur H. F. Seeger, sitting in Newburgh, preventing him from hearing application of counsel for Ward for inspection of the minutes of the Westchester County Extraordinary Grand Jury, which indicted Ward.

Justice Kelly, who is on a vacation in Maplewood, N. H., in the White Mountains, telegraphed O'Neill acquiescence to his request for a special session of the Appellate Division to hear the State's argument. For that purpose, Justice Kelly yesterday telegraphed the members of the court, asking that they hasten to Brooklyn to hear the argument. Meanwhile, he wired Justice Walter H. Jaycox, who is at Southampton, L. I., asking that he issue an order to Justice Seeger and the Ward attorneys, returnable at Monday's session, to show cause why Justice Seeger should not be prohibited from hearing motions in the case and why the Ward lawyers should not be prohibited from presenting motions before him. A similar writ was issued by Justice Jaycox several days ago, but he reversed himself in a telephone conversation the next morning with Justice Seeger. His writ, returnable Oct. 1, did not act as a stay, because a stay can be issued only by the court as a whole.

O'Neill's move forestalled the schedule set for noon next Monday by Justice Seeger. He decided last Tuesday that he had jurisdiction to hear a motion in the case for inspection of the minutes and set that hour for argument on the motion. Because of Justice Kelly's action, Justice Seeger must await the action of the Appellate Division as to whether he is possessed of jurisdiction.

Justice Seeger last Tuesday overruled O'Neill's contention that motions in the case could be heard only by Justice Robert F. Wagner, who presided over the extraordinary terms and who has since kept that term open for the purpose of hearing motions by either side. O'Neill charged the defense with attempting to pick its judges and asserted it was hopeful of a favorable attitude by Justice Seeger in the present instance because Justice Seeger in the first case admitted Ward to bail and later dismissed the indictment.

In a letter to Justice Kelly written last Wednesday O'Neill detailed the legal bases for the State's contentions that Justice Wagner only could have jurisdiction.

LOSES GEMS AT SARATOGA.

New York Woman Uncertain Whether They Were Stolen.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., Aug. 9.—A reecnt woman guest of the United States Hotel here is puzzled by the loss of a small fortune in jewels. Whether she was robbed or whether her own absent-mindedness is responsible for the sudden disappearance of a beaded handbag containing the gems, worth about $11,000, she is unable to say.

The woman, a Mrs. Rosener, missed her jewels last Tuesday, just after she had made a purchase in the lobby. She does not know whether she left them in her room and a sneak thief got them, or whether she took the hand bag along and left it lying some place. Today she is offering a reward of $1,000 for the return of the gems.

The missing property is listed as "two pearl necklaces, pearl tassel diamond top, two diamond rings and diamond and sapphire bracelet."

TO HONOR GOURAUD.

Negro Soldiers Who Served Under Him Plan Reception.

General Gouraud, Military Governor of Paris, will be entertained at the Seventh Regiment Armory by the 369th Infantry on Monday afternoon. It will be a welcome to New York to General Gouraud in behalf of the negro citizens of this city. The old Fifteenth Regiment which served in France as the 369th Infantry, was under the direct command of General Gouraud for nine months as a combat unit of the Fourth French Army in the Champagne Sector.

Colonel Arthur Little, commanding the regiment, will entertain the French commander at a luncheon at his residence, 1 East Fifty-sixth Street, before the reception. Following this General Gouraud will be escorted to the armory by a detachment of the National Guard Regiment.

FIND $5,000 TISBO ASSETS.

Unofficial Bankers Having Fled, Creditors Will No Longer Meet.

There will be no further meetings of creditors of Tisbo Brothers, the east side unofficial bankers who failed and fled the country several months ago, David Kahn, attorney for Bertha Rembaugh, the receiver, announced yesterday.

Mr. Kahn said further meetings would be useless, since the Tisbos are out of the country, one being under arrest in Italy. He said assets of $5,000 had been discovered. Liabilities were believed to be $200,000.

The brothers, according to Mr. Kahn, attempted to establish a laundry business in Brooklyn with money of depositors. When the laundry venture failed, they fled.

MISSING PERSONS.

The following persons were reported to the police yesterday as missing:

JACOB BREMER, 16, 422 Hopkins Av., Brooklyn; Aug. 8; 5 feet 5 inches; 130 pounds; black striped trousers, cream-colored shirt and collar, silk cap, black low shoes, black stockings.

HARRY SOLOMAN, 26, 359 East Tenth St.; Aug. 6; 5 feet 6 inches; 130 pounds; blue striped suit, black shoes and stockings, straw hat, tan shirt, black necktie.

VICTOR LYONS, 34, 11 Stanhope St., Brooklyn; Aug. 8; 5 feet 10 inches; 105 pounds; blue coat and trousers, tan lace shoes, black stockings, straw hat, yellow shirt, white collar, blue tie.

WALTER TRELLIE, 15, 2,453 Eighth Av.; 4 feet; 80 pounds; brown trousers, white shirt, white collar, tan lace shoes, black stockings, blue cap.

SAM BOTWINICK, 10, 109 Monroe Street, Aug. 7; 4 feet 4 inches, 80 pounds; blue eyes, brown hair, fair complexion; white and blue shirt, brown pants, black shoes, white stockings, white cap.

RITA BOWNES, 17, negress, 333 West Fifty-fourth Street, Aug. 8; 5 feet, 105 pounds; black eyes and hair; plaid dress, tan low shoes, black stockings, red straw hat.

HITS BUREAU PLAN FOR STORING WHEAT

President of Chicago Board of Trade Also Says the Tariff Hurts American Farmer.

CHICAGO, Aug. 9.—The plan advanced by the American Farm Bureau Federation to store 200,000,000 bushels of wheat on the farms in the hope of raising prices, was declared today to be unsound, impractical and of no permanent benefit to the farmer by John J. Stream, President of the Chicago Board of Trade.

Farmers in distress are not those with storage facilities, nor are they financially able to construct such containers, Mr. Stream said. If storage space was available and if farmers were a unit in following the plan it would still be far from a solution, he added.

"Keeping wheat off the market never has and never will change the supply and demand status," he declared. "It would simply add to the confusion that has resulted from agitation and ridiculous public pronouncements by ill-advised politicians. We must get rid of the surplus. If held until next year it would have to compete with the new crop.

"Under the Quixotic plan, farmers simply become incompetent speculators, who, in search of a possible temporary improvement, would risk creating a far greater burden later on. The farmer's real problem is finding a market, not finding a way to keep his wheat on his own farm.

"Wheat prices are not ruinously low," he said, "but the things the farmer must buy are unreasonably high, due to the high tariff and unprecedented high wages and short hours in most industries."

While the farmer must sell in the world market, he is not given the privilege of buying in the world market because of the tariff and labor restriction, he asserted.

Mr. Stream declared that political agitators have destroyed the farmers' credit with flaring tales of his insolvency. He predicted, however, that the crest of the radical wave has passed.

"When the farmer fires the politicians and again begins thinking for himself, a new period of prosperity will open up," Mr. Stream predicted.

FIGHT $1,000,000 WILL.

Relatives of W. P. Talbot File Suit, Charging Undue Influence.

Relatives of the late William P. Talbot of Brooklyn, head of Benjamin Moore & Co., who died Feb. 18 and left a will disposing of an estate estimated at $1,000,000, started an action in the Brooklyn Supreme Court yesterday to set aside the will on the grounds of undue influences and testamental incapacity by the decedent requisite to the legal distribution of his property.

The contestants are Alfred Talbot of Seattle, a brother of the decedent, to whom was left a trust fund of $50,000 in a will made on Aug. 15, 1919, but revoked by a codicil on Dec. 29, 1922, reducing his legacy to $5,000; Mrs. Edith van Saun, a niece, of 273 Clermont Avenue, Brooklyn, who got nothing; Herbert Dillon, a half-brother, whose legacy of a $50,000 trust fund also was revoked in the codicil; Loretta Pierce, a niece; John Dillon, a nephew, and Alice Weer, a niece, 31 Fort Greene Place.

A decision in favor of the contestants would affect charitable bequests as follows: $10,000 to the Brooklyn Orphan Asylum; $5,000 each to the Bedford Branch of the Y. M. C. A., Brooklyn Home for Aged Men and the Brooklyn Home for Aged Colored Men. Talbot also gave $5,000 each to five of his employes, Elton M. Bolton, Donald E. Turner, Leo Silverstein, Harold S. Bowne and Charles H. Messerve Jr.

According to the will, Jacob H. Schaffer of 61 Henry Street, coexecutor with the Brooklyn Trust Company, is to receive 200 shares of the stock of Benjamin Moore & Co. The residue was left to Richard Gilbert Jackson of 9,146 Hollis Court Boulevard, Queens.

Schaffer and Jackson filed an answer denying undue influence on their part. Justice Carswell signed an order placing the case on trial at the October term of the court.

TEACHER SEEKS OLD JOB.

Benjamin Glassberg, Removed During the War, May Be Reinstated.

The case of another public school teacher whose loyalty to the country during the war period was questioned and who was subsequently dismissed may be reopened by the Board of Education. At a meeting of the board yesterday afternoon a letter from Benjamin Glassberg, formerly a teacher in the Commercial High School, Brooklyn, dismissed in 1919, was read and referred to Mr. Somers of the Law Committee and President Ryan.

A month ago another teacher, Miss Mary S. McDowell, a Quakeress, dismissed in 1918 because she refused unqualifiedly to sign the loyalty pledge, was reinstated by the board. In calling the attention of the members of the board to the case, Commissioner Somers said that he now believed Glassberg "as thoroughly American as any man teaching in the public schools."

Glassberg stated in his letter that he no longer was active in political matters, which, he believed, had complicated his case. Glassberg praised American liberties and stated that he "yielded to no one in fundamental American ideas." Two years ago Glassberg resigned from the Socialist Party, pledging himself "to aid in the effort to establish a Socialist Soviet republic in the United States," with "unconditional affiliation with the Third International."

"This case came up at a time when we were all upset over the war," Mr. Somers said. "I think the least thing that we can do is to give it reconsideration. I have recently talked with him several times and am convinced that he is not as black as he has been painted. I think that he has been punished enough."

FIST FIGHT PROVES FATAL.

Real Estate Operator in Bronx Held on Homicide Charge.

Arthur Weyrauch, 30 years old, a real estate operator in the Bronx, who has a home and office at 1,966 Valentine Avenue, was held without bail on a homicide charge in West Farms Court yesterday by Magistrate William A. Sweetser for examination on Monday. Weyrauch was arrested following a fist fight at 178th Street and Valentine Avenue in which it is alleged Jurriaan Baggelaar, 34 years old of 2,208 Light Street, the Bronx, received such injuries from a blow on the chin which dropped him to the pavement that he died a few hours later in Fordham Hospital.

According to the police, Mrs. Emily Weyrauch, Mrs. Henry Stiehl, her sister, of 149 Clinton Avenue, New Rochelle, and Mrs. Ethel Parker of 361 East 178th Street, were returning from a picture show late last night. Baggelaar, who has an office at 644 Greenwich Street, drove past them in his car. He stopped at the curb and stepped out toward the three women. Weyrauch, who was waiting with Stiehl in an automobile in front of his home, saw this episode and ran over to his wife. In the fracas which started he struck Baggelaar on the chin, the police say, and the man dropped to the sidewalk, striking his head on the pavement.

Train Kills Crossing Patrolman.

Anthony Ristoli, 25 years old, of Glen Cove, L. I., a crossing patrolman of the Long Island Railroad, was killed by an express train at the Woodhaven station yesterday. It is said by the police that Ristoli stepped from behind an eastbound train and was struck by one westbound.

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